GUINNESS MAHON HOLDINGS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

NEDNESDAY



19/12/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE #54

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors B Johnson

K McKenna

C Dyson (Appointed 30 May 2018)

Secretary D Miller

Company number 02685988

Registered office 30 Gresham Street

London EC2V 7QP

Auditor Ernst & Young LLP

25 Churchill Place

London E14 5EY

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Principal activities

Guinness Mahon Holdings Limited ("the company") had a commitment in respect of a non-cancellable operating lease relating to the annual rental payable on the premises at 2 Gresham Street. Investec Bank plc ("IBP"), a fellow subsidiary company, assumed responsibility from the on-set of the lease to meet the annual obligations under the lease and ensure that all liabilities in respect of the lease were satisfied as and when they fell due. During the year the company exercised the break clause in the operating lease and exited the lease in September 2018. IBP have confirmed that they met the remaining financial commitment when the lease was exited. Subsequent to year end, a dilapidation cost of £2.2m was agreed with the landlord. IBP has confirmed that this cost has been paid post year end.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

Other than arranging for the operating lease relating to the annual rental payable on the premises at 2 Gresham Street to be paid the company did not trade during the year under review.

The directors do not recommend payment of an ordinary dividend (2017: £nil).

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

C Heyworth

(Resigned 30 May 2018)

B Johnson

K McKenna

C Dyson

(Appointed 30 May 2018)

No director holding office at 31 March 2018 had any direct beneficial interest in the shares of the company during the year.

Directors' insurance

The company maintains a Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance Policy. In accordance with the company's Articles of Association, the board may also indemnify a director from the assets of the company against any costs or liability incurred as a result of their office, to the extent permitted by law. Neither the insurance policy nor any indemnities that may be provided by the company provide cover for fraudulent or dishonest actions by the directors. However, costs may be advanced to directors for their defence in investigations or legal actions.

Auditor

The auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Strategic Report Exemption

The directors have taken advantage of the exemptions available in section 414B, Companies Act 2006 from preparing a strategic report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

Each director in office at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

B Johnson **Director**

13 December 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF GUINNESS MAHON HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Guinness Mahon Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Profit And Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 13, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF GUINNESS MAHON HOLDINGS LIMITED

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have identified no material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF GUINNESS MAHON HOLDINGS LIMITED

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

James Billingham (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Enesta Young LlP

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

London

14/12/2018

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Revenue	2	7,492,825	7,492,825
Gross profit		7,492,825	7,492,825
Administrative expenses		(7,492,825)	(7,492,825)
Operating result	4	•	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	-	-
Result for the financial year			-
		=	

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	2018	2017
Notes	£	£
8	75,333,000	75,333,000
		
es	75,333,000	75,333,000
	75,333,000	75,333,000
9	22,120,090	22,120,090
	53,212,910	53,212,910
	75 222 000	75 222 000
	73,333,000	75,333,000
	8 es	Notes £ 8

The financial statements were approved by the Board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 December 2018

Signed on its behalf by:

C Dyson

Company Registration No. 02685988

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2016	22,120,090	53,212,910		75,333,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-		
Balance at 31 March 2017	22,120,090	53,212,910	-	75,333,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2018	22,120,090	53,212,910	-	75,333,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Guinness Mahon Holdings Limited is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Sterling and all values are rounded to the nearest pound except otherwise when indicated.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101 where applicable to the company:

- the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46-52 of IFRS 2 Share based Payment;
- the requirements of paragraphs 62, B64(d), B64(e), B64(g), B64(h), B64(j) to B64(m), B64(n)(ii), B64 (o)(ii), B64(p), B64(q)(ii), B66 and B67of IFRS 3 Business Combinations.
- the requirements of paragraph 33 (c) of IFRS 5 Non current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations;
- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement;
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of: (i) paragraph 79(a) (iv) of IAS 1, (ii) paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property Plant and Equipment (iii) paragraph 118 (e) of IAS 38 Intangibles Assets, (iv) paragraphs 76 and 79(d) of IAS 40 Investment Property and (v) paragraph 50 of IAS 41 Agriculture;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A to 38D, 40A to 40D ,111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- · the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member; and
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii) and 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of Investec plc. The group accounts of Investec plc are available to the public and can be obtained as set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

Guinness Mahon Holdings Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Investec Group (UK) Limited. The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Investec plc and the results of Guinness Mahon Holdings Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Investec plc which are available from 30 Gresham Street, London, EC2V 7QP.

1.2 Going concern

On the basis of current financial projections the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. There has been no formal decision to wind up the company in the next 12 months and therefore the going concern basis is adopted in the preparation of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.3 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

1.4 Fair value measurement

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for all fair value measurements. IFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted. The company is exempt under FRS 101 from the disclosure requirements of IFRS 13. There was no impact on the company from the adoption of IFRS 13.

1.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is provided using the balance sheet method on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base, except where such temporary differences arise from:

- The initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction has no effect on the income statement or taxable profit.
- In respect of temporary timing differences associated with the investments in subsidiaries or interests in associated undertakings, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets or liabilities are measured using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Items recognised directly in other comprehensive income are net of related current and deferred taxation.

1.6 Operating leases

The annual rental payable on non cancellable operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2	Revenue		
	An analysis of the company's revenue is as follows:	2018 £	2017 £
	Income from group undertaking	7,492,825	7,492,825
		7,492,825	7,492,825
	Geographical market	2018	2017
	UK	£ 7,492,825	£ 7,492,825
3	Directors' emoluments		
	The directors were employed and remunerated as directors of Invested "Group") in respect of their services to the Group as a whole and their remuneration for their service totalled £6,000 (2017: £6,500).	neration has been	paid by other
4	Result for the year	2018 £	2017 £
	Result for the year is stated after charging/(crediting): Operating lease expenses	7,492,825	7,492,825 ======
5	Auditors' remuneration		
	The analysis of auditor's remuneration is as follows:	2018 £	2017 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's	4.445	

The audit of the company's financial statements has been borne by another group entity.

6 Employees

annual accounts

The company has no employees (2017: nil).

4,418

4,418

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

7	Income tax expense	2018	2017
		£	£
	Total tax charge	-	
	The charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss per the profit and loss	account as follow	/s:
		2018 £	2017 £
	Loss before taxation on continued operations	-	-
	Taxation impact of factors affecting tax charge:		
	UK-UK transfer pricing adjustment	206,994	193,682
	Free group relief	(206,994)	(193,682)
	Total adjustments		
	Tax charge for the year		
	The Finance Act 2015 reduced the main rate of corporate taxation to 19% On 16 March 2016, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced a further rerate to 17% effective from 1 April 2020.		
8	Debtors		
U	Debitors	2018	2017
		£	£
	Amount due from parent undertaking	75,333,000	75,333,000 ————
	The amounts receivable from the immediate parent undertaking currently be repayable on demand at request of the company.	ear no interest and	d are
9	Share capital	2018 £	2017 £
	Ordinary share capital Authorised	.~	_
	100,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100,000,000	100,000,000
	Issued and fully paid		
	22,120,090 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	22,120,090	22,120,090

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

10 Operating leases commitments

Lessee

The company had a commitment in respect of a non-cancellable operating lease relating to the annual rental payable on the premises at 2 Gresham Street. Investec Bank plc ("IBP"), a fellow subsidiary company, assumed responsibility from the on-set of the lease to meet the annual obligations under the lease and ensure that all liabilities in respect of the lease are satisfied as and when they fell due. During the year the company has exercised a break clause in the operating lease and will exit the lease in September 2018.

Amounts recognised in profit or loss as an expense during the period in respect of operating lease arrangements are as follows:

	2018	2017
·	£	£
Minimum lease payments under operating leases	7,492,825	7,492,825

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Land and bu	ildings
	2018	2017
	£	£
Within one year	3,746,412	7,492,825
Between one and two years	-	3,746,412
	3,746,412	11,239,237

IBP have confirmed their intention to continue to meet this financial commitment up to the exit of the lease. A dilapidation cost of £2.2m has been agreed with the landlord. This cost will be payable by IBP.

11 Events after the reporting date

Subsequent to year end, the company exercised the break clause in the operating lease and existed the lease in September 2018. IBP have confirmed that they met the remaining financial commitment when the lease was exited. Subsequent to year end, a dilapidation cost of £2.2m was agreed with the landlord. IBP has confirmed that this cost has been paid post year end.

12 Risk management

As a wholly-owned subsidiary of Investec plc, the company falls under Investec plc Group's Risk Management Framework which is set out in the combined Investec plc and Investec Limited 2018 financial statements, Risk Management and Corporate Governance report. The company's principal activity is that of an investment holding company. The company's investment in its subsidiaries has been funded by equity and borrowings from its parent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

13 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's ultimate parent and controlling party is Investec plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The consolidated financial statements of Investec plc are available to the public and may be obtained from Investec plc at 30 Gresham Street, London, EC2V 7QP.