Report and Financial Statements

Year ended

31 December 2014

Company Number 2656967

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

Contents

Page:

4	~· ·	
1	Strategic	ronort
	Otrategic	Tepoit

- 3 Report of the directors
- 5 Independent auditor's report
- 7 Income statement
- 8 Balance sheet
- 9 Statement of changes in equity
- Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

C Cammoile J D Hobbs G P B Veal

Secretary and registered office

Prima Secretary Limited, St.Ann's Wharf, 112 Quayside, Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 3DX

Company number

2656967

Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Business review and principal activities

The principal activity of the business continues to be the manufacture, sale and aftermarket support of commercial catering and food service equipment, including equipment brought in from other members of the worldwide Manitowoc Foodservice Group.

The income statement is set out in page 7 and shows a profit before tax of £8.0m (2013 - £6.7m).

Turnover fell, slightly, in line with expectations (2014 - £72.0m; 2013 - £73.4m), due to timing of roll outs at major customers offset by organic growth and continued investment in new products.

The business and financial climate remain uncertain in certain sectors and regions but the directors, having reviewed their business plan, are confident of continued progress.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Throughout the year, the company identifies and reviews potential risks and uncertainties that could have a material impact on performance and has put in place internal processes and controls designed to mitigate these risks. Detailed planning processes and contingency plans are in place for adverse changes to macro-economic conditions. Appropriate review and development processes are followed for all employees including for succession. The principal risks the company is exposed to are as follows:

Liquidity risk

The company is a participant in the group treasury function which has the objective of maintaining a balance between continuity of funding and appropriately investing in the money markets. All cash management is performed centrally and the company's cash position is monitored weekly.

Credit risk

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. Credit risk is managed by running credit checks on new customers and by monitoring payments against contractual agreements.

Price risk/competitive market risk

The company is exposed to commodity price risk. The company does not manage locally its exposure to commodity price risk due to cost benefit considerations but benefits from such hedges as may from time to time be taken out at group level.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is mitigated by taking forward cover through the corporate treasury function based in USA for any potential exposures.

Group risks are dealt with in the Annual Report of The Manitowoc Company Inc, the ultimate parent organisation.

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

Going concern

The directors, having considered the uncertainties of the economic environment, the availability of finance, the restructuring of the balance sheet during the year together with their business plan have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

Key performance indicators

Financial key performance indicators are employed and the directors are satisfied that the following KPI's reflect the progress of the business:

	2014	2013
Growth of sales Gross margin % Operating margin Inventory turns	(2%) 24% 11% 7.6	67% 22% 9% 9.1
·····	· · · •	

Approval

his strategic report was approved on behalf of the Board on 307 wy 2015

Director

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and to date were as follows:

M Behle

(resigned 29 May 2015)

C Cammoile

M Hicks

(resigned 10 November 2014)

J D Hobbs G P B Veal

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and exist at the date of this report.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

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behalf of the Board

Director

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Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBER OF MANITOWOC FOODSERVICE UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Manitowoc Foodservice UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprises the Income Statement, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Marc Reinecke (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

London

United Kingdom

31/7/2015

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Turnover	3	71,966	73,410
Cost of sales	·	(54,502)	(57,370)
Gross profit		17,464	16,040
Distribution costs		(7,342)	(7,116)
Administrative expenses		(2,124)	(2,093)
Operating profit	4	7,998	6,831
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(44)	(154)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		7,954	6,677
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	. 8	(338)	1,048
Profit for the financial year		7,616	7,725

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There are no other recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2014

Company number: 2656967	Note	2014 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2013 £'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		1,933		2,015
Current assets					
Stocks	11	5,203		5,122	
Debtors	12	16,837		14,044	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		8,274	
		22,040		27,440	
Creditors: amounts falling due	40	(40.047)		(45 544)	
vithin one year	13	(12,647)		(15,541)	
Net current assets			9,393		11,899
otal assets less current labilities			11,326		13,914
Creditors: amounts falling due fter more than one year	13		(76)		(114)
Provision for liabilities	15		(1,692)	·	(1,858)
let assets			9,558		11,942
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	18		1,500		1,500
Profit and loss account			8,058		10,442
			9,558		11,942

e financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 July 2015

C Cammoile **Director**

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2014

	Share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total equity £'000
1 January 2014	1,500	10,442	11,942
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year		7,616 	7,616
Contributions by and distributions to owners Dividends		(10,000)	(10,000)
31 December 2014	1,500	8,058	9,558
1 January 2013	1,500	(6,522)	(5,022)
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year		7,725	7,725
Contributions by and distributions to owners Dividends Capital contribution	- -	(19,706) 28,945	(19,706) . 28,945
Total contributions by and distributions to owners		9,239	9,239
31 December 2013	1,500	10,442	11,942

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

FRS 102 is mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015 but may be applied early to periods ending on or after 31 December 2013. Manitowoc Foodservice UK Limited has taken the option to apply the standard early in the preparation of these financial statements. The directors have considered the requirements of FRS 102 compared to former UK GAAP and have identified no material adjustments. Consequently no reconciliation of equity under former UK GAAP to FRS 102 has been presented.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Tumover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales. Turnover is recognised when the risks and rewards of owning the goods has passed to the customer which is generally on delivery

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Plant and machinery

10-20% per annum

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

10-33% per annum

Motor vehicles

- 25-33% per annum

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other operating income' in the income statement.

Grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to the profit and loss account at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Finished stocks include manufacturing overheads but exclude selling, distribution and administrative overheads.

At each reporting date, inventories are assessed for impairment. If inventory is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the group entity's functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted by the reporting date. .

Deferred balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Leased assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pension costs

Contributions to the group's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the year in which they become payable.

Holiday pay accrual

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which has accrued at the balance sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the balance sheet date.

Onerous leases

Where the unavoidable costs of a lease exceed the economic benefit expected to be received from it, a provision is made for the present value of future obligations under the lease.

Dilapidations

Provision for dilapidations is made in respect of the contractual requirement to restore properties at the end of their period of lease to their original state.

Warranty

A provision is made for the anticipated costs of meeting warranty obligations from the point of sale to the end of the warranty period.

Statement of cashflows

The company wishes to take the exemption from preparing a statement of cashflows afforded under FRS102 on the basis that publicly available consolidated financial statements, in which it is included, are prepared by the ultimate parent company, The Manitowoc Company, Inc. Copies of the financial statements of The Manitowoc Company, Inc. can be obtained from the Secretary at 2400 South 44th Street, PO Box 66, Manitowoc, WI 54221-0066.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

2 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have applied the following judgements, where uncertainty over the amounts recognised exists.

Stock provision (note 11)

Management has judged that historic sales and usage of products will reflect their future demand, and that the provisions applied are sufficient to write the products down to the fair value.

Warranty provision (note 15)

In calculating the provision for warranty costs management has judged that future failure rates will be no worse or better than prevailed during the year, and that the cost of these repairs will not differ to the historic cost of similar repairs.

3	Analysis of turnover		
		2014	2013
	Analysis of turnover by country of destination:	£'000	£'000
	United Kingdom Europe, Middle East and Africa Asia Pacific Americas and Rest of the World	44,054 8,740 2,137 17,035	48,173 7,770 1,768 15,699
	·	71,966	73,410
4	Operating profit	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	This is arrived at after charging/(crediting): Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates	546	594
	for the audit of the company's annual accounts Taxation compliance services Exchange differences Defined contribution pension cost Plant and machinery - operating lease rentals payable Land and buildings - operating lease rentals payable Profit on disposal of fixed assets	53 14 9 319 670 878	48 14 (26) 377 591 780 (6)
			=

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

5	Interest payable	2044	0040
	•	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Analysis of interest paid:		2 000
	Group companies Bank and other interest	34 10	154
	Sum and suits morest		
		44	154
6	Employees		
J	Limployees	2014	2013
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of:	£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries	9,354	9,188
	Social security costs Cost of defined contribution scheme	1,024 319	992 377
		10,697	10,557
	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year	was as follows:	
	γ	2014	2013
		Number	Number
	Management and administration	21	18
	Production and service Selling and distribution	160 92	152 91
		273	261
			
7	Directors' remuneration	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	523 9	510 9
		532	 519

There was 1 (2013 - 1) director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme during the year.

During the year, there were 2 (2013 - 2) directors in a defined benefit pension scheme operated by another Group company to whom the contributions were paid.

Emoluments of the highest paid director were £203,125 (2013 - £201,929) and pension contributions of £83,326 (2013 - £60,911).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 *(continued)*

8	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	UK corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year Adjustment in respect of previous periods	- -	- - -
	Total current tax	-	-
	Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustments in respect of prior years	478 (140)	831 217
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	338	1,048
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation to before tax. The differences are explained below:	ax in the UK ap	olied to profit
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	7,954	6,677
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.5% (2013 - 23.25%)	1,710	1,552
	Effects of:	o.	
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Profits on disposal of fixed assets Group relief claimed Adjustments in respect of prior years Difference in deferred tax and current tax rates used	57 - (1,253) (140) (36)	1 (1) (721) 217
	Total tax charge for year	338	1,048
	For further information on deferred tax balances see note 16.		
9	Dividends	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	£6.66 (2013 - £Nil) per ordinary share	10,000	-

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

10	Tai	ngible	fixed	assets
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		Leaseholds improvements £'000	Construction in progress £'000	Plant, machinery and motor vehicles £'000	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total . £'000
	Cost At 1 January 2014 Reclassification Disposals	1,208	-	2,768	4,359 (1,208)	7,127 - (3)
	Additions	-	369	38	57	464
	At 31 December 2014	1,208	369	2,803	3,208	7,588
	Depreciation At 1 January 2014 Reclassification	511	-	1,884	3,228 (511)	5,112
	Disposals Charge for the year	90	-	(3) 248	- 208	(3) 546
	At 31 December 2014	601	-	2,129	2,925	5,655
	Net book value At 31 December 2014	607	369	674	283	1,933
	At 31 December 2013	-	-	884	1,131	2,015
11	Stocks					
					2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Raw materials and co				2,778 2,425	3,261 1,861
					5,203	5,122

In the opinion of the directors, there is no material difference between the balance sheet value of stocks and their replacement value.

Stocks recognised as an expense in the year were £41,727,000 (2013 - £46,074,000).

The charge recognised in the income statement for the period in respect of stock provisions was £125,207 (2013 - £155,408 credit).

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

12	Debtors	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax asset (note 16)	222 13,884 13 858 1,860	6,016 4,736 127 967 2,198
		16,837	14,044

All amounts shown under debtors are due or recoverable under one year except the deferred tax asset which is recoverable after more than one year.

The charge recognised in the income statement for the period in respect of bad and doubtful trade debtors was £126,701 (2013 - £49,672 credit).

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2014	2013
	,	£'000	£'000
	Bank overdraft	853	-
	Trade creditors	6,257	5,142
	Amounts owed to parent and subsidiary undertakings	3,011	8,054
	Other taxes and social security	441	368
	Accruals and deferred income	2,085	1,977
		12,647	15,541
			
14	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	0044	2042
		2014	2013
_		£'000	£'000
	Deferred income	76	114

Included within creditors: amounts falling due within one year and creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year is deferred government grant income of £114,002 (2013 - £161,137). This relates to government grants for capital expenditure. Amounts recognised in the income statement during the year total £47,135 (2013 - £47,135).

Operation

15 Provisions for liabilities

	Warranty £'000	Dilapidations £'000	lease £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2014 Charged/(credited) to income	1,379	142	337	1,858
statement	1,550 ·	-	(204)	1,811
Utilised in year	. (1,379)	-	(133)	(1,977)
At 31 December 2014	1,550	142		1,692

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

16 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in independently administered funds. The pension charge represents contributions payable to the funds and amounted to £318,976 in the year (2013 - £377,222). At 31 December 2014 outstanding contributions amounted to £51,078; there were no outstanding contributions at 31 December 2013.

In the UK, the Manitowoc Group operates a defined benefit scheme, the Berisford (1948) Pension Scheme ("the scheme"). The scheme provides retirement benefits based on final pensionable salary and years of service. The assets of the scheme are held in separable trustee administered funds.

The Directors, having taken actuarial advice, believe that it is not possible for each member of the group pension scheme to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities in the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and have therefore opted to account for the purposes of FRS 102 as though the scheme was a defined contribution scheme. Consequently the financial implications of any future surplus or deficit will be recognised as an asset or liability only in the balance sheet of Enodis Group Limited.

The financial statements of Enodis Group Limited show a net pension liability for this scheme of £14.6m (2013 - £11.5m) under FRS 102. As an associated employer the company may become liable for part or the whole of the deficit in the scheme in the event of a winding up of the principal employer or other associated employer.

The latest full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 March 2011 and was updated at 31 December 2013 by a qualified independent actuary on the basis of existing UK GAAP, being FRS 17. The contributions paid to Enodis Group Limited for the year were £165,364 (2013 -£132,000).

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17 Deferred taxation asset

				£'000
At 1 January 2014 Credited to profit and loss		^	_	2,198 (338)
At 31 December 2014			_	1,860
•	Recogn 2014 £'000	nised 2013 £'000	Unrecognised 2014 £'000	2013 £'000
The deferred tax asset is as follows:				
Losses carried forward Depreciation in excess of capital	635	2,198	-	-
allowances	1,225	-	-	-
	1,860	2,198		

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

18	Share capital		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,500,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,500	1,500

19 Commitments under operating leases

The company had minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and buildings 2014 £'000	Other 2014 £'000	Land and buildings 2013 £'000	Other 2013 £'000
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later	774	477	1,039	577
than 5 years Later than 5 years	2,370 578	523 -	2,682 1,040	601 -
				
	3,722	1,000	4,761	1,179

20 Related party disclosures

The company has taken the available exemption under FRS 102 not to disclose transactions with any wholly owned members of the group.

Key management personnel comprise the directors of this company, with no other members of management having the authority, responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company. Their total remuneration has been disclosed within note 7. No directors were remunerated by means not disclosed within that note.

21 Ultimate parent company

The company's immediate parent is Manitowoc Beverage Systems Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The Directors regard The Manitowoc Company Inc, a company incorporated in Wisconsin, USA, as the ultimate parent company and controlling entity. Enodis Group Limited is the smallest group which prepares consolidated results and of which the company forms a part.

The Manitowoc Company, Inc. is the largest group which prepares consolidated results and of which the company forms a part. Copies of the financial statements of The Manitowoc Company, Inc. can be obtained from the Secretary at 2400 South 44th Street, PO Box 66, Manitowoc, WI 54221-0066.