The Insolvency Act 1986

#### Administrator's progress report

2.24B

Name of Company

**Groundwork South West** 

Company Number

02632905

In the

The High Court of Justice

[full name of court]

Court case number (For court use only) 8242 of 2012

Insert full name(s) and address(es) of the administrator(s)

(b) Insert dates

We<sup>(a)</sup>

Ian J Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster of BDO LLP, New Guild House, 45 Great Charles Street, Queensway, Birmingham, B3 2LX

administrators of the above company attach a progress report for the period

From

28 November 2012

To

10 April 2013

Signed

Ian Gould For the Joint Administrators

Dated 11 April 2013

1 J Gould

w Guild House, 45 Great Charles Street, Queensway, Birmingham

0121 212 2222

Number

DX Exchange

QIQ

31/05/2013

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

18/05/2013 #247 **COMPANIES HOUSE** 

r kamanan rung higay milata mala magan kumin dimah di kumi 'A26J4AHK'

18/04/2013

#340

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

When you have completed and signed this form please send it to the Registrar of Companies at

Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ

DX 33050 Cardiff

CURE S SANDERS

#### CASE NO 8242 of 2012

IN THE MATTER OF THE INSOLVENCY ACT 1986
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
CHANCERY DIVISION
BIRMINGHAM DISTRICT REGISTRY
IN THE MATTER OF GROUNDWORK SOUTH WEST (In administration)
COMPANY NUMBER 02632905

# GROUNDWORK SOUTH WEST - IN ADMINISTRATION IN THE MATTER OF THE INSOLVENCY ACT 1986 IAN JAMES GOULD AND JAMES STEWART-KOSTER (JOINT ADMINISTRATORS OF GROUNDWORK SOUTH WEST)

Applicants

ORDER

UPON the Application of the joint administrators ("the Administrators") of the above named company dated 12 April 2013

AND UPON READING the first witness statement of Ian James Gould dated 12 April 2013 and the documents referred to in that statement

AND UPON THE COURT deciding to determine the said application without a hearing

IT IS ORDERED THAT:

BETWEEN:

- The Administrators' term of office be extended to 27 May 2014 in accordance with paragraph 76(2)(a) of Schedule B1 of the Insolvency Act 1986
- The costs of the application shall be treated as an expense of the administration

Dated

,22.4.13 M

Before

District Judge Griffith



TO ALL KNOWN CREDITORS AND MEMBERS THE HIGH COURT THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES



Our ref. 4022052/IJG/SDK/RDT/IM/ADME2404

11 April 2013

Dear Sirs

Groundwork South West In Administration ("the Company")

Report to creditors on the progress of the administration pursuant to Rules 2.47 and 2.112 of the Insolvency Rules 1986

We refer to our appointment on 28 May 2012 as Joint Administrators of the Company.

Please note that on 29 March 2013, the business of PKF (UK) LLP was transferred to BDO LLP. There has been no change to the insolvency practitioners appointed to deal with this matter.

The following schedules are attached to this report

- 1 Statutory information.
- 2 Form 2 24B Administrators' progress report.
- 3 A summary of the Joint Administrators' receipts and payments account for the period of the report
- 4 An analysis of the Joint Administrators' time charged to the Administration.
- 5 A creditors guide to administrators' fees.

#### 1. General overview

- 1.1 This is our second progress report on the Administration of the Company, prepared and distributed in accordance with Rules 2 47 and 2 112 of The Insolvency Rules 1986 (the "Rules").
- 1.2 This report covers the period 28 November 2012 (being the day after the period covered by our first progress report) to 10 April 2013 ("the Period").
- 1.3 This report should be read in conjunction with the Administrators' Proposals ("the Proposals") issued in July 2012 and our first progress report issued in December 2012.

Direct tel 0115 962 9241 | Fax 0121 212 2300

Email richard tonks@bdo co uk | www bdo co uk

BDO LLP | New Guild House | 45 Great Charles St | Queensway | Birmingham | B3 2LX | DX 712080 Birm 29

Details of the authorising bodies of the insolvency appointment takers of BDO LLP are available at <a href="https://www.bdo.uk.com/services/advisory/business restructuring/authorising-bodies-insolvency-appointment-takers">www.bdo.uk.com/services/advisory/business restructuring/authorising-bodies-insolvency-appointment-takers</a>

#### 2. The Proposals

- 2 1 Under paragraph 52(1) (b) of Schedule B1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 (the "Act"), a meeting of creditors was not convened due to there being insufficient property to enable a distribution to unsecured creditors.
- The Administrators' Proposals were deemed to have been approved without modification on 27 July 2012 as no creditor(s) by value of more than 10% of the Company's total creditors requested a meeting (of creditors). The Administrators' Proposals were:
  - (1) the Joint Administrators do all such things and generally exercise all of their powers as administrators contained in Schedule 1 of the Act, as they in their discretion consider desirable or expedient in order to achieve the purposes of the administration, to protect and preserve the assets of the Company or maximise the realisation of those assets or for any purpose incidental to these proposals.
  - (11) If thought appropriate, a creditors' committee be formed. (No committee was formed.)
  - (111) the Joint Administrators be discharged from liability in accordance with Paragraph 98 of Schedule B1 of the Act, 28 days after filing their final progress report in the Administration
  - (iv) the Joint Administrators at their sole discretion and at a time they feel is appropriate, either
    - File the necessary returns at Court and with the Registrar of Companies to place
      the Company into creditors' voluntary liquidation pursuant to Paragraph 83 of
      Schedule B1 of the Act 1986 and that Ian James Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster of
      PKF (UK) LLP (the Joint Administrators) be appointed Joint Liquidators, or any
      other person(s) be appointed liquidator(s) of the Company in accordance with
      Paragraph 83(7) of the same,

OR

 make application to Court to end the Administration pursuant to Paragraph 79 of Schedule B1 of the Act, following which, the Joint Administrators request that the Company be compulsorily wound-up and Ian James Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster (the Joint Administrators) may be appointed Joint Liquidators, if they so desire,

OR

• file the necessary return at Court and with the Registrar of Companies to dissolve the Company pursuant to Paragraph 84 of Schedule B1 of the Act.

#### 3. Statutory objectives

- Pursuant to Paragraph 3(1) of Schedule B1 of the Act, the Joint Administrators are required to perform our functions with the objective of
  - a) rescuing the Company as a going concern, or
  - b) achieving a better result for the Company's creditors as a whole than would be likely if the Company were wound up (without first being in Administration), or
  - c) realising property in order to make a distribution to one or more secured or preferential creditors
- 3.2 The first statutory objective, 3(1) (a) of Schedule B1 of the Act, cannot be achieved as the level of creditors liabilities meant that it would not be possible to rescue the Company as a going concern.
- 3.3 The second statutory objective, 3(1) (b) of Schedule B1 of the Act, will be achieved as there will be a better result for the Company's creditors as a whole than would be likely if the Company were wound up (without first being in Administration).
- We consider that the third statutory objective, 3(1) (c) of Schedule B1 of the Act, will be accomplished in that property will be realised in order to make a distribution to the secured and preferential creditors

#### 4. Exit from Administration

- Based on present information, it appears likely that there will be sufficient funds available to enable a distribution to the Company's preferential creditors. However, there is no prospect of a return the Company's unsecured creditors.
- There are a number of matters which are not capable of being finalised within the period of twelve months from the date of Administration. These issues are discussed in more detail below but can be summarised as follows.
  - To afford time to dispose of a long leasehold property worth an estimated £400,000.
  - To further investigate and pursue amounts which may be due to the Company in the region of £55,000.
  - The Company cannot be placed into creditors voluntary liquidation by virtue of Paragraph 83 of Schedule B1 of the Act.
  - The Company could be placed into Compulsory liquidation but the costs associated with this course of action will reduce the amounts otherwise available to preferential creditors.
- 4.3 Previously, we had indicated to creditors that one option available was to seek to place the Company into compulsory liquidation. However, we now consider that such action will be detrimental to the amounts which would otherwise be realised for creditors and so we are now seeking to extend the administration for a period of twelve months. Such a period should enable us to conclude all outstanding matters, following which, we will then seek to dissolve the Company.

#### 5. Asset realisations

The following assets were realised in the Period or have otherwise yet to be realised. We have not made reference to assets realised prior to the Period as these matters have been referred to in our previous reports to creditors

#### Long leasehold property known as Sandon Court

- As advised in previous reports, this property is being marketed by Colliers and offers are requested in the region of £400,000. Colliers have advised us that there has been minimal interest registered in the property and no offers have ultimately been received to date.
- One of the reasons for seeking an extension of the Administration is to afford us further time for dealing with the disposal of the property
- 5.4 A portion of the property is occupied by a tenant under the terms of a lease which is due to expire in September 2021 although the lease contains a break clause dated June 2013 which the tenant is seeking to exercise.
- 5 5 Since the date of our appointment, the sum of £28,135 has been received from the tenant under the terms of the lease which includes the sum of £14,291 received during the Period.

#### Chattel assets

5.6 During the Period, it was necessary for us to pay the sum of £968 to a secured creditor in respect of the Company's chattel assets, reducing realisation in this regard to £46,007

#### Book debts and on-going contracts

- 5 7 During the Period, it was identified that an amount of £30,000 which had been received prior to the Period, whilst due to the Company, was not in respect of a book debt. This receipt was therefore reallocated accordingly.
- As indicated in previous reports, at the date of our appointment, the Company's accounting records indicated amounts due to the Company totalling £224,116. Of this sum, an amount of £68,988 was shown as being due from Prospects Services Limited, for which £50,000 was accepted in full and final settlement. This is discussed in detail in the Administrators' Proposals. Excluding the Prospects debt, this leaves debts due to the Company of some £150,000.
- 5 9 Since the date of our appointment, amounts totalling £95,789 have been received from debtors (including the £50,000 received from Prospects). However, no amounts have been received in the Period.
- We are continuing to pursue the amounts shown in the Company's books and records as being due to the Company and (for the purposes of this report only) estimate that further receipts totalling some £55,000 will be received. It may be necessary for us to commence legal action in the pursuit of some or all of the amounts due to the Company, which is a further reason for seeking an extension of the Administration period.

#### Post administration trading

5 11 During the Period, all outstanding trading matters were finalised and a trading surplus of £33,599 has ultimately been achieved.

#### Other realisations

- 5.12 During the Period, the following sundry assets were received
  - bank interest of £55
  - a refund of £180 was received in respect of an marketing event (held by the Company prior to our appointment)
  - a refund of £192 was received in respect of a utility overpayment

#### 6. Pre-appointment costs

- As advised in the Proposals, our time costs up to the date of our appointment on 28 May 2012 amount to £31,430 which represents 101 hours at an average hourly rate of £311. To date, no fees have been charged in respect of our pre-appointment costs.
- The payment of unpaid pre-administration costs as an expense of the administration is subject to approval in accordance with Rule 2.67(A) of the Rules. A request was put to the relevant creditors with a proposal to cap our pre-appointment fees to the sum of £25,000 as opposed to the value of our time costs. However, this proposal was rejected.
- 6.3 As a result of the aforementioned rejection, we will not be drawing any pre-appointment costs.
- 7. Costs incurred other than administrator expenses
- 7.1 During the Period, the following costs were incurred (in relation to floating charge realisations unless otherwise stated):
  - Fixed charge property agents fees of £1,549
  - Fixed charge property insurance and management costs of £6,393
  - Fixed charge other property expenses of £443
  - Insolvency bond of £120
  - Legal fees of £5,373
  - Postage costs of £10
  - Travelling expenses of £657
  - Storage costs of £308
  - Statutory advertising of £75
  - Other property expenses of £95

#### 8. Secured Creditors

- 8.1 According to the records maintained by the Registrar of Companies, the Company's bankers, National Westminster Bank Plc ("NatWest"), has the benefit of a debenture conferring fixed and floating charges over the whole of the Company and its undertaking, created on 11 August 2011 and registered at Companies House on 13 August 2011.
- 8 2 Our legal advisors have confirmed that NatWest hold a valid debenture against the Company.
- 8.3 According to Company records, NatWest are owed the sum of approximately £840,000. Daily interest continues to accrue against this sum
- 8.4 Based on current information, it is anticipated that there will be a shortfall to NatWest.

#### 9. Preferential Creditors

9.1 As advised in the Proposals, the majority of the Company's employees were made redundant on 16 May 2012. Further redundancies were made on the day of our appointment and during the trading period. The claims of the Company's employees are estimated as follows:

	£
Preferential creditor claims	
Employees	11,164
Redundancy Payments Office	96,737
	107,901

9.2 Based on current information, we anticipate that preferential creditors will suffer a shortfall in this matter.

#### 10. Unsecured Creditors

- 10.1 According to the directors' statement of affairs the Company's liabilities to non preferential creditors as at the date of appointment totalled £715,103 Claims received to date equate to £460,228.
- 10.2 Based on present information, it appears unlikely that there will be sufficient funds available to enable a distribution to unsecured creditors of the Company.

#### 11. Prescribed Part

- 11 1 Section 176A of the Act requires administrators to set aside a prescribed amount of the Company's "net property" towards the satisfaction of unsecured debts. Net property is the amount of property that would otherwise be available for satisfaction of holders of debentures secured by, or holders of, any floating charge created by the Company on or after 15 September 2003.
- 11.2 Based on current information, a prescribed part calculation will not be required as the amount of net property will be £nil. However, in the event that the level of realisations exceeds those suggested in this report, a prescribed part calculation may be required.

#### 12. Remuneration and disbursements

- In the first progress report, we advised that there would be insufficient funds available to enable a distribution to the unsecured non-preferential creditors of the Company. Therefore, our remuneration has been approved in accordance with Rule 2 106(5A) of the Rules
- 12.2 During the Period, the sum of £77,406 has been drawn
- 12.3 Our time costs during the Period amount to £8,766 which represents 62 hours at an average hourly rate of £141.
- Out total time costs from the date of our appointment to 10 April 2013 amount to £103,865 which represents 600 hours at an average hourly rate of £173

12 5 A detailed analysis of the time costs incurred is enclosed and the charge-out rates for the period are summarised as follows:

Staff grade	Average rate (£ per hour)
Partner / Director	405
Senior Manager / Manager	198 - 291
Supervisor / Senior Administrator	160 - 175
Administrator / Support Staff	46 - 150

- 12.6 These amounts are derived by reference to BDO LLP's normal rates for time properly given by me and my staff in attending to matters arising in this insolvency. Where members of our staff have been employed on this insolvency they have been so based on their experience and abilities in dealing with a case of this nature. Where appropriate, certain staff dealt with a specific area of the Administration due to their specialist skills in that area. We should advise you that our scale rates increase from time to time over the period of the administration of each insolvency.
- 12.7 All staff who have worked on this assignment, including cashiers and secretarial staff, have charged time directly to the assignment and are included in the analysis of time spent. The cost of staff employed in central administration functions is not charged directly to the assignment but is reflected in the general level of charge out rates.
- 12.8 A creditors' guide to fees is attached as an Appendix to this report.
- 12.9 Expenses paid in the Administration are shown on the attached Receipts and Payments account.
- 12.10 For the avoidance of doubt, we do not propose to charge internal disbursements, known as Category 2 disbursements to the Administration estate.
- 12.11 Any secured creditor or unsecured creditor with the concurrence of at least 5% in value of the total unsecured creditors, including the value of their own claim, or with the permission of the Court, may make a formal request in writing to the Administrators for further information about the remuneration or expenses (other than pre-administration costs) set out in this report, pursuant to Rule 2 48A of the Rules as amended. Such request must be made within 21 days of receipt of the progress report.
- 12.12 Any secured creditor, or unsecured creditor with either the concurrence of at least 10% in value of the total unsecured creditors, including the value of their own claim or the permission of the Court, may make an application to the Court to challenge the Administrators' remuneration or other expenses pursuant to Rule 2 109 of the Rules as amended. Such an application must be made within 8 weeks of receipt of the progress report which first reports the charging of remuneration or the incurring of expenses in question. Formal notification of the application must be sent to the Administrators at least 14 days before the hearing.

#### 13. Final remarks

We trust the above provides you with sufficient information, but if you require more or have any questions please contact Ilyas Multani on 0121 609 3311.

Yours faithfully

lan J Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster

Joint Administrators

#### APPENDIX A - STATUTORY INFORMATION

Company name

**Groundwork South West** 

Registration number

02632905

Registered office address

New Guild House, 45 Great Charles Street, Birmingham, B3 2LX

Court details

High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, Machester District Registry

No 8242 of 2012

Administrator(s) details

Ian J Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster

**BDO LLP** 

New Guild House, 45 Great Charles Street, Queensway, Birmingham

Appointed 28/05/2012

Resigned:N/A

Function (Schedule B1 para

100(2))

The Joint Administrators are to act jointly and severally in all matters relating

to the administration.

Details of administration

extension

An application for an extension of the period of the Administrations is being made to the High Court *If approved*, the Administration will terminate on 27

May 2014.

The Insolvency Act 1986

#### Administrator's progress report

2.24B

Name of Company Groundwork South West	Company Number 02632905
In the The High Court of Justice	Court case number (For court use only) 8242 of 2012

Insert full name(s) and address(es) of the administrator(s)

We<sup>(a)</sup>

lan J Gould and Jim Stewart-Koster of BDO LLP, New Guild House, 45 Great Charles Street, Queensway, Birmingham, B3 2LX

administrators of the above company attach a progress report for the period

(b) Insert dates

From
(b)
28 November 2012

To
(b)
10 April 2013

Signed .

Ian Could For the Joint Administrators

Dated 11 April 2013

# Groundwork South West (In Administration) Joint Administrators' Trading Account

Statement of Affairs	From 28/11/2012 To 10/04/2013	From 28/05/2012 To 10/04/2013
POST APPOINTMENT SALES		
Sales	NIL	40,850 94
Other Income	30,000 00	30,000 00
22.00	30,000 00	70,850 94
OTHER DIRECT COSTS		
Direct Labour	333 64	41,404 04
	(333 64)	(41,404 04)
TRADING EXPENDITURE		
Indirect Labour	NIL	5,769 24
Bank Charges	NIL	78 89
	NIL	(5,848 13)
TRADING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	29,666 36	23,598 77

# Groundwork South West (In Administration) Joint Administrators' Abstract of Receipts & Payments

Statement of Affairs		From 28/11/2012 To 10/04/2013	From 28/05/2012 To 10/04/2013
	GENERAL FIXED CHARGE		
350,000 00	Sandon Court	NIL	NIL
10,000 00	Saltash Parkway	NIL	105,995 00
·	Rent from Sandon Court	14,290 64	28,135 34
	Rent Deposit Surplus	NIL	273 30
	Legal Fees and Disbursements	NIL	(7,500 00
	Selling Agents and Valuers Fees	<sup>,</sup> (1,549 20)	(5,529 71
	Goodwill	N!L	2 00
	Insurance & Management Costs	(6,392 77)	(6,392 77
	Other Property Expenses	(442 28)	(442 28
	Office Holder's Fee	(3,344 00)	(3,344 00
414,225 00)	Amounts due to National Westminster	NIL	Nii
,		2,562 39	111,196 88
	ASSET REALISATIONS		
26,000 00	Computer Equipment	NIL	Nil
750 00	Tools & Equipment	NIL	NII
18,000 00	Fixtures & Fittings	NIL	NIL
	Chattel Assets	(968 30)	46,006 70
5,250 00	Motor Vehicles	NIL	NII
200,000 00	Book Debts	(30,000 00)	95,789 38
	Tax Refund	NiL	151 59
	Petty Cash	NIL	167 43
	Bank Interest Net of Tax	54 88	101 13
	Trading Surplus/(Deficit)	29,666 36	23,598 <i>T</i>
	Deposit refund	180 00	180 00
	South West Water Refund	192 10	192 10
		(874 96)	166,187 09
	COST OF REALISATIONS		
	Specific Bond	120 00	120 0
	Preparation of S of A	NIL	5,187 7
	Office Holders Fees	74,061 54	74,061 5
	Payroll Fees	NIL	270 0
	BNP Panbas - Telephone Equipment	(968 30)	NII
	Agents/Valuers Fees	NIL	5,000 0
	BT - Internet Services	NIL	1,738 8
	Legal Fees	5,372 50	26,511 9
	Utility Bills	NIL	1,449 7
	Non-Reclaimable VAT	NIL	65 0
	Stationery & Postage	10 00	10 0
	Motor & Travel	656 92	656 9
	Storage Costs	308 25	3,021 9
	Statutory Advertising	74 63	149 2
	Rents & Service Charges	NIL	2,957 0
	Other Property Expenses	95 00	95 0
	Wages & Salanes	NIL	32,633 2
	Bank Charges	0 37	15 5
	Repairs & Maintenance -Sandon Court	(442 28)	N
		(79,288 63)	(153,943 80
	UNSECURED CREDITORS		
		NIL	Ni

# Groundwork South West (In Administration) Joint Administrators' Abstract of Receipts & Payments

From 28/05/2012 To 10/04/2013	From 28/11/2012 To 10/04/2013		Statement of Affairs
NIL	NIL	Income Received in Advance	(429 00)
NIL	NIL	Credit Card	(528 00)
NIL	NIL	HM Revenue & Customs - PAYE/NIC	(5,171 00)
NIL	NIL	Landfill Tax Funds	(13,273 00)
NIL	NIL	HM Revenue & Customs - VAT	(83,373 00)
NIL	NIL		(00,070 00)
123,440 17	(77,601 20)		(519,328.00)
45.000.00		REPRESENTED BY	
(15,386 60)		Trade Debtors	
2,106 09		VAT Receivable	
112,823 72		Bank 2 - Current	
11,509 93		Bank 1 - Current	
(1,364 61)		VAT Payable	
13,932 62		Vat Control Account	
(180 98)		Pension Contributions	
123,440 17			

SIP9 Analysis of OfficeHolders Timecosts during the period 28 November 2012 to 10 April 2013

**Groundwork South West** 

4022052

Client:

Grade.	Partner / Director	ctor	Manager		Supervisor / Senior Administrator	ior 7	Administrator / Assistant	sistant	Total	
Average Cost per hour:	£347.00	_	£257.00	_	£181.00		£122.00		£141.00	
Tasks	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours
Partner/Senior Manager Review	671 60	1 80	00 0	00 0	000	000	000	000	671 60	1.80
Planning & Monitoring	000	000	00 0	00 0	72 40	0 40	0000	000	72 40	0 40
Time Summaries & Billing	000	000	00 0	00 0	000	000	27 20	0 20	27 20	0 20
Cashienng Function Generally	168 60	0 20	218 20	0 85	00 0	000	1,130 97	11 49	1,517 77	12 84
Office Holders Tax Liabilities	00 0	000	000	000	72 40	0 40	54 40	0 40	126 80	0 80
Secured Creditors (reporting/accounting for funds, etc)	253 60	0 80	00 0	000	00 0	000	000	000	253.60	080
Non Preferential Creditors	00 0	000	000	000	00 0	00 0	244 80	1 80	244 80	1.80
Employee Claims	95 10	0 30	00 0	000	362 00	2 00	00 89	0 20	525 10	2.80
Fixed Asset Realisation	63 40	0 20	000	000	000	000	2,448 00	18 00	2,511 40	18.20
Stock Realisations	000	000	000	000	00 0	000	00 0	00 0	0.00	0.00
Book Debt Realisations	000	000	000	000	00 0	000	54 40	0 40	54.40	0 40
Other Asset Realisations	00 0	000	000	000	000	000	27 20	0 20	27 20	0 20
Post Appontment Trading	00 0	000	00 0	000	00 0	000	503 20	3 70	503 20	3.70
Insurance & Bonding	000	000	00 0	000	72 40	0 40	149 60	1 10	222 00	1 50
General Administration	31 70	0 10	00 0	000	00 0	000	412 80	5 30	444 50	5.40
Statutory Compliance (including CRO returns and lodger	00 0	000	00 0	00 0	00 0	000	1,564 00	11 50	1,564 00	11 50

62 34

8,765 97

54.59

6,684.57

3 20

579.20

0 85

218 20

3.70

1,284 00

SIP9 Analysis of OfficeHolders Timecosts for the period 28 May 2012 to 10 April 2013

Client:	4022052 Groundwork South West	south West	-	•							
	Grade:	Partner / Director	ctor	Manager		Supervisor / Senior Administrator		Administrator / Assistant	ssistant	Total	
	Average Cost per hour:	£322.00	_	£253.00	_	£178.00		£129.00	_	£173.00	
Tasks		Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£) H	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours	Amount (£)	Hours
Partner/Senior	Partner/Senior Manager Review	882 00	2 40	00 0	000	000	000	00 0	000	882 00	2 40
Planning & Monitoring	itoring	3,132 60	9 40	000	000	179 20	100	13 60	0 10	3,325 40	10 50
Time Summaries & Billing	ss & Billing	602 30	1 90	00 0	000	000	000	639 20	4 70	1,241 50	9
Cashiering Fun	Cashiering Function Generally	2,954 85	9 05	1,435 70	5 70	701 45	3 95	5,072 46	46 47	10,164.46	65.17
Dividends & Distributions	stnbutions	000	000	00 0	000	00 0	000	149 60	1 10	149.60	1.10
Office Holders Tax Liabilities	Tax Lrabilities	257 25	0 70	190 50	0 75	126 70	0 70	522 20	6 20	1,096.65	8 35
CDDA 1986 Work	が	2,100 30	5 80	000	000	000	000	1,128 80	8 30	3,229.10	14.10
Secured Credit	Secured Creditors (reporting/accounting for funds, etc)	3,455 00	10 80	000	000	00 0	000	81 60	090	3,536 60	11 40
Partly Secured	Partly Secured Creditors (including of lease and HP)	63 40	0 20	00 0	00 0	000	000	938 40	9	1,001 80	7 10
Preferential Creditors	aditors	00 0	000	00 09	0.20	00 0	000	00 0	000	00 09	0 20
Non Preferential Creditors	al Creditors	434 40	1 30	00 0	000	162 50	0 95	3,022 00	22 30	3,618.90	24 55
Employee Claims	пs	3,175 30	10 10	00 0	000	12,079 60	67 60	8,008 00	60 70	23,262 90	138.40
Fixed Asset Realisation	alisation	5,804 30	18 70	00 0	000	00 0	000	12,759 60	94 20	18,563.90	112.90
Stock Realisations	ons	000	000	00 0	000	52 50	0 30	693 60	5 10	746 10	5 40
Book Debt Realisations	fisations	2,278 80	7 40	00 0	000	00 0	000	857 60	6 40	3,136 40	13.80
Other Asset Realisations	alisations	126 80	0 40	00 0	000	000	000	108 80	0 80	235 60	1 20
Post Appontment Trading	int Trading	2,704 60	8 80	00 0	000	000	000	8,056 40	60 20	10,761 00	00 69
insurance & Bonding	nding	216 90	0 70	00 0	000	126 70	0 20	1,126 40	8 40	1,470 00	9 80
Legal Correspo	Legal Correspondence/Litigation	1,486 60	4 80	00 0	000	000	000	367 20	2 70	1,853 80	7 50
General Administration	ıstration	5,028 90	15 50	20 40	0 10	36 20	0 20	2,450 00	24 40	7,535.50	40.20
Statutory Comp	Statutory Compliance (including CRO returns and lodgei	1,979 80	5 90	00 0	00 0	350 00	2 00	5,664 00	42 00	7,993 80	49 90
	ı	36,684 10	113 85	1,706 60	6 75	13,814.85	77 40	51,659 46	401 57	103,865 01	599.57

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#### A Creditors' Guide to Administrators' Fees

#### 1 Introduction

1.1 When a company goes into administration the costs of the proceedings are paid out of its assets. The creditors, who hope eventually to recover some of their debts out of the assets, therefore have a direct interest in the level of costs, and in particular the remuneration of the insolvency practitioner appointed to act as administrator. The insolvency legislation recognises this interest by providing mechanisms for creditors to determine the basis of the administrator's fees. This guide is intended to help creditors be aware of their rights under the legislation to approve and monitor fees, explains the basis on which fees are fixed and how creditors can seek information about expenses incurred by the administrator and challenge those they consider to be excessive.

#### 2 The nature of administration

- 2.1 Administration is a procedure which places a company under the control of an insolvency practitioner and the protection of the court with the following objective
  - rescuing the company as a going concern, or
  - achieving a better result for the creditors as a whole than would be likely if the company were wound
    up without first being in administration.

or, if the administrator thinks neither of these objectives is reasonably practicable

realising property in order to make a distribution to secured or preferential creditors

#### 3 The creditors' committee

3 1 The creditors have the right to appoint a committee with a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 5 members. One of the functions of the committee is to determine the basis of the administrator's remuneration. The committee is normally established at the meeting of creditors which the administrator is required to hold within a maximum of 10 weeks from the beginning of the administration to consider his proposals. The administrator must call the first meeting of the committee within 6 weeks of its establishment, and subsequent meetings must be held either at specified dates agreed by the committee, or when a member of the committee asks for one, or when the administrator decides he needs to hold one. The committee has power to summon the administrator to attend before it and provide information about the exercise of his functions.

#### 4 Fixing the administrator's remuneration

- 4 1 The basis for fixing the administrator's remuneration is set out in Rule 2.106 of the Insolvency Rules 1986, which states that it shall be fixed:
  - as a percentage of the value of the property which the administrator has to deal with,
  - by reference to the time properly given by the administrator and his staff in attending to matters arising in the administration, or
  - as a set amount.

Any combination of these bases may be used to fix the remuneration, and different bases may be used for different things done by the administrator. Where the remuneration is fixed as a percentage, different percentages may be used for different things done by the administrator.

It is for the creditors' committee (if there is one) to determine on which of these bases, or combination of bases, the remuneration is to be fixed. Where it is fixed as a percentage, it is for the committee to determine the percentage or percentages to be applied, and where it is a set amount, to determine that amount. Rule 2 106 says that in arriving at its decision the committee shall have regard to the following matters:

- the complexity (or otherwise) of the case;
- any responsibility of an exceptional kind or degree which falls on the administrator;
- the effectiveness with which the administrator appears to be carrying out, or to have carried out, his
  duties.
- the value and nature of the property which the administrator has to deal with.
- 4.2 If there is no creditors' committee, or the committee does not make the requisite determination (and provided the circumstances described in paragraph 4.3 do not apply), the administrator's remuneration may be

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#### A Creditors' Guide to Administrators' Fees

fixed by a resolution of a meeting of creditors having regard to the same matters as apply in the case of the committee. If the remuneration is not fixed in any of these ways, it will be fixed by the court on application by the administrator, but the administrator may not make such an application unless he has first tried to get his remuneration fixed by the committee or creditors as described above, and in any case not later than 18 months after his appointment.

- 4.3 There are special rules about creditors' resolutions in cases where the administrator has stated in his proposals that the company has insufficient property to enable a distribution to be made to unsecured creditors except out of the reserved fund which may have to be set aside out of floating charge assets. In this case, if there is no creditors' committee, or the committee does not make the requisite determination, the remuneration may be fixed by the approval of -
  - each secured creditor of the company, or
  - If the administrator has made or intends to make a distribution to preferential creditors -
  - each secured creditor of the company; and
  - preferential creditors whose debts amount to more than 50% of the preferential debts of the company, disregarding debts of any creditor who does not respond to an invitation to give or withhold approval,

having regard to the same matters as the committee would

Note that there is no requirement to hold a creditors' meeting in such cases unless a meeting is requisitioned by creditors whose debts amount to at least 10 per cent of the total debts of the company.

4.4 A resolution of creditors may be obtained by correspondence.

#### 5. Review of remuneration

5 1 Where there has been a material and substantial change in circumstances since the basis of the administrator's remuneration was fixed, the administrator may request that it be changed. The request must be made to the same body as initially approved the remuneration, and the same rules apply as to the original approval.

#### 6. Approval of pre-administration costs

- 6.1 Sometimes the administrator may need to seek approval for the payment of costs in connection with preparatory work incurred before the company went into administration but which remain unpaid. Such costs may relate to work done either by the administrator or by another insolvency practitioner. Disclosure of such costs must be included in the administrator's proposals and should follow the principles and standards set out in section 7.
- 6 2 Where there is a creditors' committee, it is for the committee to determine whether, and to what extent, such costs should be approved for payment. If there is no committee or the committee does not make the necessary determination, or if it does but the administrator, or other insolvency practitioner who has incurred pre-administration costs, considers the amount agreed to be insufficient, approval may be given by a meeting of creditors. Where the circumstances described in paragraph 4 3 apply, the determination may be made by the same creditors as approve the administrator's remuneration.
- 6.3 The administrator must convene a meeting of the committee or the creditors for the purposes of approving the payment of pre-administration costs if requested to do so by another insolvency practitioner who has incurred such costs. If there is no determination under these provisions, or if there is but the administrator or other insolvency practitioner considers the amount agreed to be insufficient, the administrator may apply to the court for a determination.

#### 7 What information should be provided by the administrator?

#### 7.1 When fixing bases of remuneration

7.1.1 When seeking agreement for the basis or bases of remuneration, the administrator should provide sufficient supporting information to enable the committee or the creditors to make an informed judgement as to whether the basis sought is appropriate having regard to all the circumstances of the case. The nature and extent of the information provided will depend on the stage during the conduct of the case at which approval is being sought. The appendix to this guide sets out a suggested format for the provision of information.

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- 7.1 2 If any part of the remuneration is sought on a time costs basis, the administrator should provide details of the minimum time units used and current charge-out rates, split by grades of staff, of those people who have been or who are likely to be involved in the time costs aspects of the case 7.1.3 The administrator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been or is intended to be sub-contracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the administrator or his or her staff.
- 7.1 4 If work has already been carned out, the administrator should state the proposed charge for the period to date and provide an explanation of what has been achieved in the period and how it was achieved, sufficient to enable the progress of the case to be assessed and whether the proposed charge is reasonable in the circumstances of the case. Where the proposed charge is calculated on a time costs basis, the administrator should disclose the time spent and the average charge-out rates, in larger cases split by grades of staff and analysed by appropriate activity. The administrator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been subcontracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the administrator or his or her staff.

#### 7.2 After the bases of remuneration have been fixed

The administrator is required to send progress reports to creditors at specified intervals (see paragraph 8 1 below). When reporting periodically to creditors, in addition to the matters specified in paragraph 8 1, the administrator should provide an explanation of what has been achieved in the period under review and how it was achieved, sufficient to enable the progress of the case to be assessed. Creditors should be able to understand whether the remuneration charged is reasonable in the circumstances of the case (whilst recognising that the administrator must fulfil certain statutory obligations and regulatory requirements that might be perceived as bringing no added value for the estate). Where any remuneration is on a time costs basis, the administrator should disclose the charge in respect of the period, the time spent and the average charge-out rates, in larger cases split by grades of staff and analysed by appropriate activity. If there have been any changes to the charge-out rates during the period under review, rates should be disclosed by grades of staff, split by the periods applicable. The administrator should also provide details and the cost of any work that has been sub-contracted out that could otherwise be carried out by the administrator or his or her staff.

#### 7.3 Disbursements and other expenses

- 7.3.1 Costs met by and reimbursed to the administrator in connection with the administration should be appropriate and reasonable. Such costs will fall into two categories:
  - Category 1 disbursements: These are costs where there is specific expenditure directly referable both
    to the administration and a payment to an independent third party. These may include, for example,
    advertising, room hire, storage, postage, telephone charges, travel expenses, and equivalent costs
    reimbursed to the administrator or his or her staff.
  - Category 2 disbursements: These are costs that are directly referable to the administration but not to a payment to an independent third party. They may include shared or allocated costs that can be allocated to the administration on a proper and reasonable basis, for example, business mileage.

Category 1 disbursements can be drawn without prior approval, although the administrator should be prepared to disclose information about them in the same way as any other expenses. Category 2 disbursements may be drawn if they have been approved in the same manner as the administrator's remuneration. When seeking approval, the administrator should explain, for each category of expense, the basis on which the charge is being made.

#### 7.3.2 The following are not permissible:

- a charge calculated as a percentage of remuneration,
- an administration fee or charge additional to the administrator's remuneration,
- recovery of basic overhead costs such as office and equipment rental, depreciation and finance charges.

#### 8 Progress reports and requests for further information

- 8 1 The administrator is required to send a progress report to creditors at 6-monthly intervals. The report must include:
  - details of the basis fixed for the remuneration of the administrator (or if not fixed at the date of the report, the steps taken during the period of the report to fix it),

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- If the basis has been fixed, the remuneration charged during the period of the report, irrespective of whether it was actually paid during that period (except where it is fixed as a set amount, in which case it may be shown as that amount without any apportionment for the period of the report);
- if the report is the first to be made after the basis has been fixed, the remuneration charged during
  the periods covered by the previous reports, together with a description of the work done during those
  periods, irrespective of
- · whether payment was actually made during the period of the report,
- a statement of the expenses incurred by the administrator during the period of the report, irrespective of whether payment was actually made during that period;
- the date of approval of any pre-administration costs and the amount approved,
- a statement of the creditors' rights to request further information, as explained in paragraph 8 2, and their right to challenge the administrator's remuneration and expenses
- 8 2 Within 21 days of receipt of a progress report a creditor may request the administrator to provide further information about the remuneration and expenses (other than pre-administration costs) set out in the report. A request must be in writing, and may be made either by a secured creditor, or by an unsecured creditor with the concurrence of at least 5% in value of unsecured creditors (including himself) or the permission of the court.
- 8 3 The administrator must provide the requested information within 14 days, unless he considers that
  - the time and cost involved in preparing the information would be excessive, or
  - disclosure would be prejudicial to the conduct of the administration or might be expected to lead to violence against any person, or
  - the administrator is subject to an obligation of confidentiality in relation to the information requested,

in which case he must give the reasons for not providing the information

Any creditor may apply to the court within 21 days of the administrator's refusal to provide the requested information, or the expiry of the 14 days time limit for the provision of the information.

#### 9. Provision of information - additional requirements

The administrator must provide certain information about time spent on a case, free of charge, upon request by any creditor, director or shareholder of the company.

The information which must be provided is -

- the total number of hours spent on the case by the administrator or staff assigned to the case,
- for each grade of staff, the average hourly rate at which they are charged out,
- the number of hours spent by each grade of staff in the relevant period

The period for which the information must be provided is the period from appointment to the end of the most recent period of six months reckoned from the date of the administrator's appointment, or where he has vacated office, the date that he vacated office.

The information must be provided within 28 days of receipt of the request by the administrator, and requests must be made within two years from vacation of office

#### 10 What if a creditor is dissatisfied?

- 10.1 If a creditor believes that the administrator's remuneration is too high, the basis is inappropriate, or the expenses incurred by the administrator are in all the circumstances excessive he may, provided certain conditions are met, apply to the court
- 10.2 Application may be made to the court by any secured creditor, or by any unsecured creditor provided at least 10 per cent in value of unsecured creditors (including himself) agree, or he has the permission of the court. Any such application must be made within 8 weeks of the applicant receiving the administrator's progress report in which the charging of the remuneration or incurring of the expenses in question is first reported (see paragraph 8 1 above). If the court does not dismiss the application (which it may if it considers

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that insufficient cause is shown) the applicant must give the administrator a copy of the application and supporting evidence at least 14 days before the hearing

10.3 If the court considers the application well founded, it may order that the remuneration be reduced, the basis be changed, or the expenses be disallowed or repaid. Unless the court orders otherwise, the costs of the application must be paid by the applicant and not as an expense of the administration.

#### 11 What if the administrator is dissatisfied?

11.1 If the administrator considers that the remuneration fixed by the creditors' committee is insufficient or that the basis used to fix it is inappropriate he may request that the amount or rate be increased, or the basis changed, by resolution of the creditors. If he considers that the remuneration fixed by the committee or the creditors is insufficient or that the basis used to fix it is inappropriate, he may apply to the court for the amount or rate to be increased or the basis changed. If he decides to apply to the court he must give at least 14 days' notice to the members of the creditors' committee and the committee may nominate one or more of its members to appear or be represented on the application. If there is no committee, the administrator's notice of his application must be sent to such of the company's creditors as the court may direct, and they may nominate one or more of their number to appear or be represented. The court may order the costs to be paid as an expense of the administration.

#### 12 Other matters relating to remuneration

- 12 1 Where there are joint administrators it is for them to agree between themselves how the remuneration payable should be apportioned. Any dispute ansing between them may be referred to the court, the creditors' committee or a meeting of creditors.
- 12.2 If the administrator is a solicitor and employs his own firm to act on behalf of the company, profit costs may not be paid unless authorised by the creditors' committee, the creditors or the court.
- 12.3 If a new administrator is appointed in place of another, any determination, resolution or court order which was in effect immediately before the replacement continues to have effect in relation to the remuneration of the new administrator until a further determination, resolution or court order is made.
- 12.4 Where the basis of the remuneration is a set amount, and the administrator ceases to act before the time has elapsed or the work has been completed for which the amount was set, application may be made for a determination of the amount that should be paid to the outgoing administrator. The application must be made to the same body as approved the remuneration. Where the outgoing administrator and the incoming administrator are from the same firm, they will usually agree the apportionment between them.

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#### 13. Effective date

This guide applies where a company enters administration on or after 1 November 2011.

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#### **Appendix**

#### Suggested format for the provision of information

Professional guidance issued to insolvency practitioners sets out the following suggested format for the provision of information when seeking approval of remuneration. However, the level of disclosure suggested below may not be appropriate in all cases, and will be subject to considerations of proportionality. In larger or more complex cases the circumstances of each case may dictate the information provided and its format

#### Narrative overview of the case

In all cases, reports on remuneration should provide a narrative overview of the case. Matters relevant to an overview are

- the complexity of the case,
- · any exceptional responsibility falling on the administrator,
- the administrator's effectiveness,
- the value and nature of the property in question

The information provided will depend upon the basis or bases being sought or reported upon, and the stage at which it is being provided. An overview might include:

- an explanation of the nature, and the administrator's own initial assessment, of the assignment (including the anticipated return to creditors) and the outcome (if known),
- initial views on how the assignment was to be handled, including decisions on staffing or subcontracting and the appointment of advisers,
- any significant aspects of the case, particularly those that affect the remuneration and cost expended;
- the reasons for subsequent changes in strategy,
- the steps taken to establish the views of creditors, particularly in relation to agreeing the strategy for the assignment, budgeting, and fee drawing,
- any existing agreement about remuneration;
- details of how other professionals, including subcontractors, were chosen, how they were contracted to be paid, and what steps have been taken to review their fees;
- In a larger case, particularly if it involved trading, considerations about staffing and managing the assignment and how strategy was set and reviewed,
- details of work undertaken during the period;
- any additional value brought to the estate during the period, for which the administrator wishes to claim increased remuneration.

#### Time cost basis

Where any part of the remuneration is or is proposed to be calculated on a time costs basis, requests for and reports on remuneration should provide

- An explanation of the administrator's time charging policy, clearly stating the units of time that have been used, the grades of staff and rates that have been charged to the assignment, and the policy for recovering the cost of support staff. There is an expectation that time will be recorded in units of not greater than 6 minutes.
- A description of work carried out, which might include:
  - details of work undertaken during the period, related to the table of time spent for the period,
  - an explanation of the grades of staff used to undertake the different tasks carried out and the reasons why it was appropriate for those grades to be used;
  - any comments on any figures in the summary of time spent accompanying the request the administrator wishes to make.
- Time spent and charge-out summaries, in an appropriate format

It is useful to provide time spent and charge-out value information in a tabular form for each of the time periods reported upon, with work classified (and sub-divided) in a way relevant to the circumstances of the case

The following areas of activity are suggested as a basis for the analysis of time spent:

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- Administration and planning
- Investigations
- Realisation of assets
- Trading
- Creditors
- Any other case-specific matters

The following categories are suggested as a basis for analysis by grade of staff.

- Partner
- Manager
- Other senior professionals
- Assistants and support staff

The level of disclosure suggested above will not be appropriate in all cases, and considerations of proportionality will apply:

- where cumulative time costs are, and are expected to be, less than £10,000 the administrator should, as a minimum, state the number of hours and average rate per hour and explain any unusual features of the case;
- where cumulative time costs are, or are expected to be, between £10,000 and £50,000, a time and charge-out summary similar to that shown above will usually provide the appropriate level of detail (subject to the explanation of any unusual features);
- where cumulative time costs exceed, or are expected to exceed, £50,000, further and more detailed analysis or explanation will be warranted

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#### SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATORS' CHARGE-OUT RATES

The table detailed below sets out the current charge-out rates utilised by BDO LLP for charging staff time

Partner £418 per hour

Director £381 per hour

Senior Manager £300 per hour

Manager £204 - £254 per hour

Supervisor £181 per hour

Administrator £136 - £165 per hour

Assistants & Support Staff £48 - £110 per hour

In common with most professional services firms, BDO LLP's charge-out rates change from time to time, although each individual change is not material. The rates charged reflect various changes over the course of each assignment.

#### **Disbursements**

#### **Category 1 Disbursements**

Category 1 disbursements will generally comprise external supplies of incidental services specifically identifiable to the case, typically for items such as identifiable telephone calls, postage, advertising, invoiced travel and properly reimbursed expenses incurred by personnel in connection with the case. Also included will be services specific to the case where these cannot practically be provided internally such as printing, room hire and document storage.

All category 1 disbursements will be charged at the actual cost incurred

#### **Category 2 Disbursements**

Category 2 disbursements will comprise cost allocations which may arise on some of the category 1 expense where supplied internally typically, items such as room hire and document storage. Also typically included will be routine or more specialist copying and printing, and allocated communication costs provided by the officeholder or his firm

Category 2 Disbursements will not be charged by BDO LLP in connection with this matter