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COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02594665

GR Labels Limited Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2018



GAZZARD AND CO

Chartered Certified Accountants
17 Queen Street
Oldham
Lancs
OL1 1RD

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2018

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Statement of financial position	2
Notes to the financial statements	4

1

Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

Mr Geoffrey Ralphs

Mr Steven David Ralphs

Company secretary

Mr Geoffrey Ralphs

Registered office

Signum House Terrace Street Oldham OL4 1HG

Accountants

Gazzard and Co

Chartered Certified Accountants

17 Queen Street

Oldham Lancs OL1 1RD

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland 1-5 Church Terrace

Oldham OL1 3AU

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2018

		2018		2017
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				460.042
Tangible assets	8		434,572	460,843
Investments	9		100	100
			434,672	460,943
Current assets				
Debtors	10	90,043		154,102
Cash at bank and in hand		85,834		34,487
		175,877		188,589
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	51,280		41,484
Net current assets			124,597	147,105
Total assets less current liabilities			559,269	608,048
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		150,329	173,498
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			9,030	12,674
Net assets			399,910	421,876

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2018

		201	18	2017
	Note	£	£	£
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			100	100
Profit and loss account			399,810	421,776
Members funds			399,910	421,876

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 May 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Geoff Ralphs Director

Company registration number: 02594665

Steven Ralphs Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Signum House, Terrace Street, Oldham, OL4 1HG.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Property - 2% straight line
Plant & Machinery - 25% reducing balance
Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment - 25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments in associates (continued)

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Rendering of services	116,500	118,500

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

5. Particulars of employees

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 2 (2017: 2).

2018

2017

6. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

	Depreciation of tangible assets	£ 26,271	£ 31,550
7.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	Major components of tax expense		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Current tax:	~	-
	UK current tax expense	10,476	1,704
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(3,644)	2,820
	Taxation on ordinary activities	6,832	4,524

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2018

7. Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than (2017: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017: 20%).

	2018 £	2017 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	28,866	12,195
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Effect of capital allowances and depreciation	5,484 1,981	2,439 2,085
Rounding on tax charge	(633)	_
Tax on profit	6,832	4,524

8. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings Mo	otor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 Apr 2017 and					
31 Mar 2018	598,467	113,596	71,715	67,400	851,178
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2017	200,995	91,412	70,554	27,374	390,335
Charge for the year	10,428	5,546	290	10,007	26,271
14.21.35 1.0010	011 400	06.050	70.044		44.6.60.6
At 31 March 2018	211,423	96,958	70,844	37,381	416,606
Carrying amount			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
At 31 March 2018	387,044	16,638	871	30,019	434,572
At 31 March 2017	207 472	22.104	1 161	40.026	460.042
At 31 Water 2017	397,472	22,184	1,161	40,026	460,843

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

	1410101
	vehicles
	£
At 31 March 2018	19,814
At 31 March 2017	26,419

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2018

9. Investments

					Shares in group undertakings
	Cost At 1 Apr 2017 and 31 Mar 2018				100
	Impairment At 1 Apr 2017 and 31 Mar 2018				
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2018				100
	Subsidiaries, associates and other investme	ents			
				Class of share	Percentage of shares held
	Subsidiary undertakings Signum4 Limited			Ordinary	100
	The results and capital and reserves for the ye	ear are as follows: Capital and re 2018 £		Profit/(loss) 2018 £	for the year 2017 £
	Subsidiary undertakings Signum4 Limited	55,800	40,460	15,340	3,669
10.	Debtors	•			
				2018 £	2017 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and uncompany has a participating interest Other debtors	dertakings in whi	ch the	86,017 4,026	150,321 3,781
				90,043	154,102
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year			
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Social security and other taxes Other creditors			2018 £ 18,020 3,584 10,476 10,335 8,865 51,280	2017 £ 17,809 3,696 1,704 9,450 8,825 41,484

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2018

12. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	137,489 12,840	153,413 20.085
Other creditors	150,329	173,498
	150,329	1/3,496

Included within creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year is an amount of £65,409 (2017: £82,178) in respect of liabilities payable or repayable by instalments which fall due for payment after more than five years from the reporting date.

13. Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

The total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	8,205	8,205
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	14,754	22,959
	22,959	31,164
Less: future finance charges	(2,874)	(3,834)
Present value of minimum lease payments	20,085	27,330

14. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

a many the year the another entered into the		201	•	,
	Balance	Advances/	U	
	brought	(credits) to the	Amounts	Balance
	forward	directors	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mr Geoffrey Ralphs		4,400	(4,400)	_
Mr Steven David Ralphs	_	11,000	(11,000)	-
		15.400	(1.0.100)	
	_	15,400	(15,400)	
				<u></u>
		201	7	
	Balance	201 Advances/	7	
	Balance brought		7 Amounts	Balance
		Advances/		Balance outstanding
	brought	Advances/ (credits) to the	Amounts	
Mr Geoffrey Ralphs	brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	outstanding
Mr Geoffrey Ralphs Mr Steven David Ralphs	brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors £	Amounts repaid £	outstanding
	brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors £ 8,800 11,000	Amounts repaid £ (8,800) (11,000)	outstanding
	brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors £ 8,800	Amounts repaid £ (8,800)	outstanding

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2018

15. Related party transactions

During the year, the company sold management charges to it's subsidiary to the value of £116,500 (2017 £118,500) and received property rent of £50,000 (2017 £41,667). The total amount due from the company's subsidiary as at 31 March 2018 amounted to £86,017 (2017 £150,321).