COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 2584802

REVISECATCH LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2006



THE LEAMAN PARTNERSHIP LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
51 Queen Anne Street
London
W1G 9HS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

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THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2006

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is that of messenger services

The directors consider that the key financial performance indicators (KPIs) are those that communicate the financial performance and strength of the company as a whole to the members These KPIs comprise turnover, operating profit and shareholders' funds

Whilst turnover for the year decreased by 6 82% (from £8,813,792 to £8,212,611) this represented a consolidation of the companies overall strength having largely replaced a single contract previously worth nearly 14% of the companies turnover with steady growth via a series of smaller contracts. The company now has no single contract worth in excess of 6% of total turnover. Gross profit improved from 40 54% to 42 25% as a result

Administrative expenses have increased by 10 70% from £3,123,772 to £3,458,149 due to increased salaries and overheads. Operating profit was £12,093 (2005 £449,370) and profit before tax of £75,187 (2005 £473,385) have decreased as a result. The taxation charge for the year was £17,225 (2005 £144,416) reflecting an effective tax charge of 19% (2005 30 50%). Shareholders' funds increased by £57,962 to £1,968,176 as a result of the profit for the year. At the year end the company had net assets per share of £9,554 (2005 £9,273).

The company has faced a challenging year and the directors consider the results achieved for the year were good against tough market conditions. Their plan for the future remains the consolidation of its existing core business and to continue to seek new areas of business. In their opinion, the company is well positioned to meet this challenge.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £57,962. The directors have not recommended a dividend

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company's principal financial instruments comprise cash balances and various items such as trade debtors and trade creditors which arise directly from trading operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to provide finance for the company's operations.

The main financial risks arising from the company's financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. The company minimises its exposure to credit risk by conducting status enquiries and by regularly reviewing the aged analysis of debtors. The company's exposure to liquidity is confined to meeting obligations under short term trade creditor agreements. The company minimises its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that sufficient funds are available for its day to day operations by meeting set cash collections targets.

THE DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The directors who served the company during the year together with their beneficial interests in the shares of the company were as follows

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

	Ordinary S	Ordinary Shares of £0.01 each	
	At 30 June 2006	At 1 July 2005	
I W Oliver	106	106	
C Truscott	-	-	

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

AUDITOR

Fisher Phillips were replaced by The Leaman Partnership LLP as auditors of the company In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that The Leaman Partnership LLP be re-appointed as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting

Registered office 322 Kensal Road London W10 5BZ Signed on behalf of the directors

1 W Olive

Director

Approved by the directors on 10 May 2007

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF REVISECATCH LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

We have audited the financial statements of Revisecatch Limited for the year ended 30 June 2006 on pages 6 to 17, which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 10 to 11

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF REVISECATCH LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

OPINION

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally
 Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2006 and of its
 profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

THE LEAMAN PARTNERSHIP LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

51 Queen Anne Street London W1G 9HS

10 May 2007

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER	2	8,212,611	8,813,792
Cost of sales		4,742,369	5,240,650
GROSS PROFIT		3,470,242	3,573,142
Administrative expenses		3,458,149	3,123,772
OPERATING PROFIT	3	12,093	449,370
Interest receivable		63,094	24,015
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	1	75,187	473,385
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	17,225	144,416
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		57,962	328,969
Balance brought forward		1,910,211	1,581,242
Balance carried forward		1,968,173	1,910,211

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

BALANCE SHEET

30 JUNE 2006

	2006			2005
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets	7			69,398
Tangible assets	8		193,544	123,802
Investments	9		175,000	175,000
			368,544	368,200
CURRENT ASSETS			· -	
Debtors	10	2,167,112		2,278,566
Cash at bank		695,693		525,791
		2,862,805		2,804,357
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	11	1,263,173		1,262,343
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,599,632	1,542,014
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	3		1,968,176	1,910,214
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	14		2	2
Other reserves	15		1	1
Profit and loss account			1,968,173	1,910,211
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16		1,968,176	1,910,214

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 10 May 2007 and are signed on their behalf by

I W OLIVER

THE SHARE STORY

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CASH FLOW STATEMENT

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

	2006		2005
	£	£	£
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		369,288	40,699
ACTIVITIES		309,200	40,099
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND			
SERVICING OF FINANCE			
Interest received	63,094		24,015
NET CASH INFLOW FROM RETURNS ON			
INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		63,094	24,015
TAXATION		(97,625)	(80,000)
IAMITON		()1,023)	(00,000)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			
Payments to acquire intangible fixed assets	(727)		(20,160)
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(174,491)		(47,686)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM CAPITAL			
EXPENDITURE		(175,218)	(67,846)
THE THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN TWO IS NOT		4.50.500	(00.100)
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH		159,539	(83,132)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NI OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ET CASH INFL	OW FROM	
		2006	2005
		£	£
Operating profit		12,093	449,370
Amortisation		70,125	37,012
Depreciation Decrease/(increase) in debtors		104,749 111,454	66,774 (706,000)
Increase in creditors		70,867	193,543
			
Net cash inflow from operating activities		369,288	40,699
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVI	EMENT IN NE	r funds	
		2006	2005
		£	£
Increase/(Decrease) in cash in the period		159,539	(83,132)
Movement in net funds in the period		159,539	(83,132)
Net funds at 1 July 2005		469,844	552,976
Net funds at 30 June 2006		629,383	469,844

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At		At
	1 Jul 2005 £	Cash flows	30 Jun 2006 £
Net cash			
Cash in hand and at bank	525,791	169,902	695,693
Overdrafts	(55,947)	(10,363)	(66,310)
	469,844	159,539	629,383
Net funds	469,844	159,539	629,383

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

over 4 years

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Machinery

33 1/3% Straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

25% Reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

- 25% Straight line

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Fixed assets investments

Fixed assets investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company An analysis of turnover is given below

	2006	2005
	£	£
United Kingdom	8,212,611	8,813,792

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2006	2005
	£	£
Amortisation	70,125	37,012
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	104,749	66,774
Auditor's remuneration		
- as auditor	13,000	12,500
Operating lease costs		
Other	79,959	54,764

4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to

	2006	2005
	No	No
Administration	61	58
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were		
	2006	2005
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,953,242	1,797,866
Social security costs	215,169	191,687
Pensions paid to former employees	11,338	14,047
	2,179,749	2,003,600

5. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were

	2006	2005
Emoluments receivable	£ 590,527	£ 401,849
Emoluments of highest paid director:	2006	2005
Total emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	£ 419,683	£ 250,938

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

6. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2006	2005
	£	£
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 19% (2005		
- 28 66%)	17,225	144,416
Total current tax	17,225	144,416

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2005 - 28 66%)

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2006 £ 75,187	2005 £ 473,385
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities by rate of tax	14,286	135,672
Non deductible expenses	1,125	3,921
Depreciation add back	19,902	19,137
Capital allowances	(18,088)	(14,314)
Total current tax (note 6(a))	17,225	144,416

7. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill
COST	£
At 1 July 2005	140,160
Additions	727
At 30 June 2006	140,887
AMORTISATION	
At 1 July 2005	70,762
Charge for the year	70,125
At 30 June 2006	140,887
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 June 2006	_
At 30 June 2005	69,398

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Plant &	Fixtures &	Motor	
		Machinery £	Fittings £	Vehicles £	Total £
	COST	*	*	-	•
	At 1 July 2005	234,093	233,332	97,250	564,675
	Additions	119,511	35,030	19,950	174,491
	At 30 June 2006	353,604	268,362	117,200	739,166
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 July 2005	218,939	173,308	48,626	440,873
	Charge for the year	51,685	23,764	29,300	104,749
	At 30 June 2006	270,624	197,072	77,926	545,622
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 30 June 2006	82,980	71,290	39,274	193,544
	At 30 June 2005	15,154	60,024	48,624	123,802
9.	INVESTMENTS				
	Shares in participating interests				Total £
	COST				L
	At 1 July 2005 and 30 June 2006				175,000
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 30 June 2006				175,000
	At 30 June 2005				175,000

The company owns 64% of the issued preference share capital of DA Systems Limited, a company registered in England. The principal activity of DA Systems Limited is software development and consultancy.

The company reported a profit of £24,259 for the year ended 31 December 2005 and as at that date the aggregate amount of its capital and reserves amounted to £123,554

10. DEBTORS

	2006	2005
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,565,637	1,530,465
Other debtors	531,044	667,862
Prepayments and accrued income	70,431	80,239
	2,167,112	2,278,566

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

10. DEBTORS (continued)

The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after more than one year

	2006	2005
0.1 1.1	£	£
Other debtors	<u>7,500</u>	

11. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2006		2005	
	£	£	£	
Bank loans and overdrafts		66,310	55,947	
Trade creditors		106,343	133,998	
Other creditors including taxation and social security				
Corporation tax	11,641		92,041	
PAYE and social security	252,950		147,706	
VAT	288,598		310,342	
Other creditors	223,559		250,738	
Directors current accounts	135,002		38,699	
		911,750	839,526	
Accruals and deferred income		178,770	232,872	
		1,263,173	1,262,343	

12. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 30 June 2006 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land & Buildings	
	2006	2005
	£	£
Operating leases which expire		
Within 2 to 5 years	80,000	80,000
•		<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is controlled by I W Oliver who has a beneficial interest in 106 ordinary shares

I W Oliver controls Milematic Limited During the year the company paid Milematic Limited £163,250 (2005 £150,000) for rent of bikes and vans, £556,750 (2005 £511,500) for advertising and £31,168 (2005 £Nil) for equipment rental and other charges At the year end the company was owed £181,367 by Milematic Limited (2005 £667,097) Milematic Limited were charged interest on this balance of £33,200 (2005 £3,320)

I W Oliver also controls NFT Logistics Limited During the year the company advanced £185,000 to NFT Logistics Limited and paid costs of £154,348 on that company's behalf At the year end the company was owed £339,348 by NFT Logistics Limited

PRB Public Relations is a business run by I W Oliver's wife, B Oliver During the year PRB Public Relations provided the company with storage, advertising and promotional services totalling £66,215 (2005 £54,417) At the year end the company owed PRB Public Relations £21,959 (2005 £24,824)

During the year the company paid rent for its business premises to the Milematic Limited Pension Scheme, set up for the benefit of I W and B Oliver, of £30,000 (2005 £30,000)

During the year the company also paid rent for part of its business premises to I W Oliver and B Oliver, of £80,000 (2005 £36,264)

D A Systems Limited is a company in which I W Oliver has an ownership interest. During the year D A Systems Limited provided software services to the value of £12,831 to the company (2005 £13,750). The company is also party to a guarantee with D A. Systems Limited's bankers to a maximum of £50,000 (2005 £50,000).

14. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	100,000 Ordinary shares of £0 01 each			2006 £ 1,000	2005 £ 1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2006		2005	
		No	£	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	206	2	206	2
15.	OTHER RESERVES				
				2006	2005
	Capital redemption reserve			£ 1	£ 1
	Cupital reachiphon reserve				-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2006	2005
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	57,962	328,969
Opening shareholders' funds	1,910,214	1,581,245
Closing shareholders' funds	1,968,176	1,910,214

17. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The comparative figures for corporation tax, originally disclosed under debtors and creditors, have been amalgamated and the net amount shown under creditors