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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

30 JUNE 2002

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

I. W. Oliver

C. Truscott

Secretary

B. Oliver

Company number

2584802

Registered office

198 Brooklands Road

Weybridge Surrey KT13 0RJ

Auditors

Fisher Phillips Summit House 170 Finchley Road London NW3 6BP

Business address

324 Kensal Road

London W10 5BZ

Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc

50 Notting Hill Gate London W11 3JD

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2002.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is that of messenger services.

The results for the year were considered satisfactory and continued growth is anticipated for the future.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 3.

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 July 2001:

I. W. Oliver

C. Truscott

Directors' interests

The directors' interests in the shares of the company were as stated below:

Ordinary shares of 1p each 1 July 2001

30 June 2002

I. W. Oliver C. Truscott

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Auditors

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Fisher Phillips be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

පි. Oliver

20 March 2003

Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF REVISECATCH LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Revisecatch Limited on pages 3 to 13 for the year ended 30 June 2002. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinior

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Fisher Phillips

20 March 2003

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

Fisher Rudin

Summit House 170 Finchley Road London NW3 6BP

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
Turnover	2	7,360,479	6,611,278
Cost of sales		(3,923,472)	(3,579,521)
Gross profit		3,437,007	3,031,757
Administrative expenses		(2,711,018)	(2,480,352)
Operating profit	3	725,989	551,405
Goodwill written off	3	-	(469,135)
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		725,989	82,270
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4	2,584 (22,593)	(30,438)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		705,980	51,832
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(216,359)	(179,609)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation	11	489,621	(127,777)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2002

		20	02	2001	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		152,446		183,362
Investments	7		175,450		175,000
			327,895		358,362
Current assets					
Debtors	8	2,126,705		1,436,630	
Cash at bank and in hand		126,665		516,811	
		2,253,370		1,953,441	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	9	(1,500,573)		(1,720,731)	
Net current assets			752,797		232,710
Total assets less current liabilities			1,080,693		591,072
				•	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		2		2
Other reserves	11		1		1
Profit and loss account	11		1,080,690		591,069
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	12		1,080,693		591,072

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 20 March 2003

I. W. Oliver

Director

C. Truscott

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

	200	-	200	•
	£	£	£	£
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(201,481)		745,758
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest received	2,584		_	
Interest paid	(21,769)		(30,413)	
Interest element of finance lease rentals	-		(25)	
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance		(19,185)		(30,438)
Taxation		(179,610)		(139,595)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible assets Payments to acquire investments Receipts from sales of tangible assets Net cash outflow for capital expenditure	(93,075) (450) 37,150	(56,375)	(103,434) - 22,500	(80,934)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before management of liquid resources and financing		(456,651)		494,791
Financing Capital element of finance lease contracts			(2,086)	
Net cash outflow from financing		<u> </u> -		(2,086)
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year		(456,651)		492,705

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

1	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities			2002	2001
				£	£
	Operating profit			725,989	551,405
	Depreciation of tangible assets			77,089	160,305
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets Increase in debtors			9,752 (690,075)	4,781 (113,711)
	(Decrease)/Increase in creditors within one year			(324,236)	142,978
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating acti	ivities		(201,481)	745,758
2	Analysis of net funds	1 July 2001	Cash flow	Other non- cash changes	30 June 2002
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash:				
	Cash at bank and in hand	516,811	(390,146)	-	126,665
	Bank overdrafts	-	(66,505)		(66,505)
		516,811	(456,651)	-	60,160
	Net funds	516,811	(456,651)	-	60,160
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement	in net funds		2002 £	2001 £
	(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year Cash (inflow)/outflow from (increase)/decrease i	n debt		(456,651) -	492,705 2,086
	Movement in net funds in the year			(456,651)	494,791
	Opening net funds			516,811	22,020
	Closing net funds			60,160	516,811

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Goodwill

Acquired goodwill has been written off in its entirety as the amounts paid originally are no longer considered to be generating significant profits for the company.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment Fixtures, fittings & equipment 33 1/3% Straight line 25% Reducing balance 25% Straight line

Motor vehicles

1.5 Leasing

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at appropriate rates on all timing differences using the liability method only to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	2002	2001
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation	77,089	160,305
	Operating lease rentals	24,975	24,975
	Auditors' remuneration	11,500	10,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

4	Interest payable	2002 £	2001 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts	1,769	413
	Lease finance charges	-	25
	On overdue tax	824	-
	Other interest	20,000	30,000
		22,593	30,438
5	Taxation	2002	2001
		£	£
	Domestic current year tax	040.000	470.000
	U.K. corporation tax	216,359	179,609
	Current tax charge	216,359	179,609
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	705,980	51,832
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK		
	corporation tax of 30.00% (2001 : 30.00%)	211,794	15,550
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	2,641	3,346
	Depreciation	26,052	190,266
	Capital allowances	(23,448)	(26,062)
	Other tax adjustments	(680)	(3,491)
		4,565	164,059
	Current tax charge	216,359	179,609

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

6	Tangible fixed assets				
		Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 July 2001	156,738	177,336	115,541	449,615
	Additions	21,450	· -	71,625	93,075
	Disposals	-	-	(98,041)	(98,041)
	At 30 June 2002	178,188	177,336	89,125	444,649
	Depreciation	\			
	At 1 July 2001	127,030	83,834	55,389	266,253
	On disposals	-	-	(51,139)	(51,139)
	Charge for the year	22,218	39,035	15,836	77,089
	At 30 June 2002	149,248	122,869	20,086	292,203
	Net book value	*			
	At 30 June 2002	28,940	54,467	69,039	152,446
	At 30 June 2001	29,708	93,502	60,152	183,362

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

7	Fixed	asset	investments	

	Shares in participating interests £
Cost At 1 July 2001 Additions	175,000 450
At 30 June 2002	175,450

Holdings of more than 20%

The company holds more than 20% of the share capital of the following companies:

Company	Country of registration or	Shares held	
	incorporation	Class	%
Participating interests			
D A Systems Limited	England	Ordinary	45
D A Systems Limited	England	Preference	64

The aggregate amount of capital and reserves and the results of these undertakings for the last relevant financial year were as follows:

	D A Systems Limited D A Systems Limited	Capital and reserves 138,760 138,760	Profit for the year (45,704) (45,704)
8	Debtors	2002 £	2001 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	2,090,775 21,050 14,880 	1,292,634 111,999 31,997 1,436,630

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002	2001
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	66,505	-
	Trade creditors	75,176	94,130
	Amounts owed to participating interests	35,450	75,000
	Corporation tax	216,358	179,609
	Other taxes and social security costs	318,022	294,423
	Directors' current accounts	141,780	50,903
	Other creditors	496,696	875,773
	Accruals and deferred income	150,586	150,893
		1,500,573	1,720,731
	The bank overdraft is secured by a mortgage debenture over all the assets of t	he company.	
10	Share capital	2002	2001
	•	£	£
	Authorised		
	100,000 Ordinary shares of 1p each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	206 Ordinary shares of 1p each	2	2
			
11	Statement of movements on reserves		
•		Other	Profit and
		reserves	loss
		(see below)	account
		£	£
	Balance at 1 July 2001	1	591,069
	Retained profit for the year	· -	489,621
	Totalines prefit for the year	·····	
	Balance at 30 June 2002	1	1,080,690
			
	Other reserves		
	Capital redemption reserve		
	Balance at 1 July 2001 & at 30 June 2002	1	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

Emoluments for qualifying services

12	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2002 £	2001 £
	Profit/(Loss) for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	489,621 591,072	(127,777) 718,849
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,080,693	591,072
13	Financial commitments		
	At 30 June 2002 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable of	operating leases	as follows:
	Expiry date: Between two and five years	Land ar 2002 £ 24,975	ad buildings 2001 £ 24,975
14	Directors' emoluments	2002 £	2001 £
	Emoluments for qualifying services	322,038	282,999
	Emoluments disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest paid director:		

207,019

194,999

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2002

15 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the vear was:

year was:	2002 Number	2001 Number
Administration	-	52
Employment costs		
Employment costs	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,443,393	1,271,027
Social security costs	155,337	133,686
	1,598,730	1,404,713

16 Control

The company is controlled by I. W. Oliver who has a beneficial interest in 106 ordinary shares.

17 Related party transactions

I. W. Oliver controls Milematic Limited. During the year the company paid Milematic Limited £131,000 (2001 - £101,000) for rent of bikes and vans, £548,834 (2001 - £477,500) for advertising and £20,000 (2001 - £30,000) in loan interest. At the year end the company owed Milematic Limited £365,764 (2001 : £634,952).

PRB Public Relations is a business run by I. W. Oliver's wife, B. Oliver. During the year PRB Public Relations provided the company with storage, advertising and promotional services totalling £57,490 (2001 - £46,233). At the year end the company owed PRB Public Relations £80,646 (2001: £25,115).

During the year the company paid rent for its business premises to the Milematic Limited Pension Scheme, set up for the benefit of I. W. and B. Oliver, of £30,000 (2001 - £44,627).