# E O ASSOCIATES LIMITED ABBREVIATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2015



# **E O ASSOCIATES LIMITED**

# **ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Contents	Page
Abbreviated statement of financial position	. 1
Notes to the abbreviated financial statements	2

#### ABBREVIATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

			31 DECE	<b>31 DECEMBER 2015</b> 2014	
	Note	2015 £	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	•			740	
Intangible assets Tangible assets	2 3		868	760 926	
	•	·	868	1,686	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		23,734		18,622	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	31,890	_	23,794	
		55,624		42,416	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	•	31,003		23,891	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_	<del></del>	24,621	18,525	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			25,489	20,211	
NET ASSETS	-	_	25,489	20,211	
	•				
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	4	65	2	2	
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	4		25,487	20,209	
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			25,489	20,211	
		<del></del>			

For the year ending 31 December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

A C Tholen Director

Company registration number: 02521114

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

## Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Web Based Software

25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

## Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

25% straight line

## Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

### 2. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	· ·	€ .
	Cost At 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	6,078
	Amortisation At 1 January 2015 Charge for the year	5,318 760
	At 31 December 2015	6,078
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2015	<del></del>
	At 31 December 2014	760
3.	TANGIBLE ASSETS	
	Cost At 1 January 2015 Additions Disposals	\$,845 503 (2,684)
	At 31 December 2015	6,664
٠	Depreciation At 1 January 2015 Charge for the year Disposals	7,919 513 (2,636)
	At 31 December 2015	5,796
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2015	868
	At 31 December 2014	926

## **E O ASSOCIATES LIMITED**

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## 4. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

# Authorised share capital

	2015		2014	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No. 1,000	£ 1,000	No. 1,000	£ 1,000
Issued, called up and fully paid				
	2015		2014	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2

### 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the company paid dividends amounting to £12,348 (2014: £7,981.50) to a director and £12,348 (2014: £7,981.50) to a shareholder of the company.