TT ELECTRONICS PLC

COMPANY NUMBER: 87249

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021



GREATING

TT Electronics plcAnnual Report and Accounts 2021

We are a global provider of design led, advanted elected not reclinalleges for performance without applications in specialised markets.

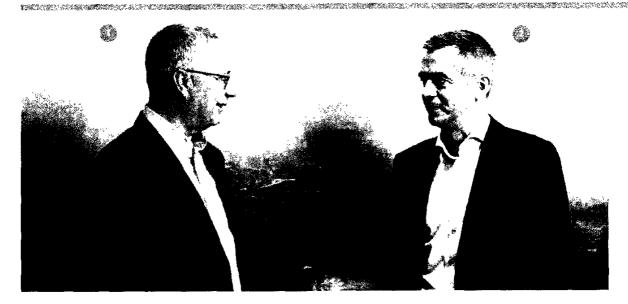
We solve technology challenges for a sustainable world. We do this by delivering solutions for our customers that enable products that are cleaner, smarter and healthier, and that will benefit our planet and people for future generations

Richard Tyson CEO

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Our 2021 performance highlights

REVENUE

£476.2m

2020: £431.8m

ADJUSTED OPERATING PROFIT

£34.8m

2020 £27.5m

ADJUSTED OPERATING PROFIT MARGIN

7.3%

2020 6 4

ADJUSTED EPS

14.5p

ORGANIC REVENUE GROWTH

10%

2020: (12%)

STATUTORY OPERATING PROFIT

£19.3m

2020: £6.6m

STATUTORY OPERATING PROFIT MARGIN

4.1%

2020 1.5%

STATUTORY EPS

7.3p



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

TT is built on passion, skills, experience and opportunity. The Board is delighted with the progress the business has made this year

.

Read move on page 4

CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S Q&A

Alongside a strong trading performance, we have continued to execute our strategy and invest for future growth including R&D our significant self-help programme, and successful M&A

Read move on page 6

RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL

9.1%

2020: 7.7%

DIVIDEND PER SHARE

5.6p

R&D INVESTMENT AS A % OF SALES

 $4.5^{\circ}/_{\circ}$

2020:487

REDUCTION IN SCOPE 182 CARBON EMISSIONS

25%

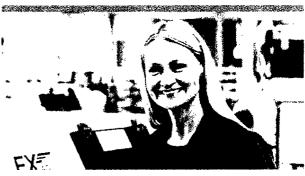
2020, 22%



Read more on page 31

CFO REVIEW

We are making tangible progress towards double-digit adjusted operating margins and, as a result, we are confident that TT's momentum will continue



Bead more on page 46

OUR PEOPLE, ENVIRONMENT AND COMMUNITIES

We have made significant progress on environment, social and governance (ESG) and sustainability matters in recent years as the Group has been transformed.



Fould more on page 74

GOVERNANCE

Good governance enables 1% to pursue its strategy with more pace and less risk

TT AT A GLANCE

WHO WE ARE

TT Electronics is a global provider of design-led, auxonaed electronics trainingles for parformance and collapplications is apecial and markets.

Our purpose

We solve technology challenges for a sustainable world.

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Our strategy is designed to leverage our assets and differentiators to unlock TT's potential and create sustainable value for all our stakeholders.

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Our customers range from start-up businesses to global multi-nationals operating in the healthcare, aerospace, defence, automation, electrification, electronics and energy sectors. We aim to work as part of the customer's team, with our products and services integral to customers' designs.

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Our global reach



We service our global markets from 26 design and manufacturing facilities and offices in the UK, North America, Sweden and Asia.

Section of the second

People and culture

Our talented team of design, engineering and manufacturing experts operate in a supportive culture that champions expertise, innovation, problem solving and doing the right thing.

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We are committed to having a positive impact on the world around us: creating value and enhancing sustainability through our products; the way we do business, including how we look after our employees; and by reducing our environmental footprint. This commitment is described in our purpose and embedded in our strategy as one of our four strategic priorities.

Pradimorphia paga Ib



Strategic report

Target markets

Practicole at red ou target markets on page 46

to of Group revenue.



Healthcare

We provide design and manufacturing solutions for a range of diagnostic, surgical and direct patient care devices critical to the identification, treatment and prevention of disease



Aerospace & defence

We provide solutions for highreliability applications across a broad range of platforms operating on land, air and sea



Automation & electrification

Customers rely on us to help solve their toughest automation and electrification challenges, streamlining their supply chains, increasing their efficiency, and helping them bring smart, new products to market



Our market breakdown

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25	•
13	
30	
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Our divisions

tens leaded on about our divisions on page 34.

% of Group revenue



Power and Connectivity

Designs and manufactures power application products for power efficiency and connectivity devices which enable the capture and wireless transfer of data to optimise electronic systems.



Global Manufacturing Solutions

Provides manufacturing services and engineering solutions for our product divisions and to customers that often require a lower volume and higher mix of products, including complex integrated product assemblies and engineering services such as value-engineering and designing testing solutions



Sensors and Specialist Components

Works with customers to develop high specification, standard and customised solutions including sensors and power management devices that improve the precision, speed and reliability of applications



Gen divinional breakdown

33			
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Our key capabilities



Power

We design and manufacture customised highly efficient power management devices



Connectivity

Our products support the digitisation of industrial processes, smart infrastructure and automation.



Sensing

Our solutions improve the precision, speed and reliability of critical aspects of customer applications CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

CREATING VALUE...



TT is built on passion, skills experience and opportunity. The Board is delighted with the

The Board is delighted with the progress made by the business this year.

Warren Tucker Chairman

As I head into my third year as Chairman of TT, I am delighted to say that the values and characteristics that attracted me to the Group continue to drive success and have further strengthened in 2021

TT is built on passion, skills, experience and opportunity. We are strongly positioned in three growing markets with a high-quality leadership tearn, in depth global reach, and R&D and manufacturing capabilities that differentiate us from competitors. Strong capital discipline is enabling continued investment in growth opportunities including those in the sustainability space, through our focus on enabling cleaner, smarter and healthier products and applications.

We have successfully navigated the COVID-19 pandemic and are moving forward at pace with our strategy. The Board is delighted with the crogress made by the business this year.

I would like to thank all of our employees who have worked tirelessly to innovate, deliver for our customers and inspire and support each other with passion and integrity. This is a great company serving markets that align with our purpose, and I am excited about what we can achieve in the future.

TT's strategic priorities

- Technology investment and R&D to drive growth and consolidate customer positions
- Margin enhancement through portfolio change operational leverage and self-help actions
- Targeted and complementary M&A to expand technology capabilities and customer and market reach
- Integration of ESG and sustainability matters into decision-making and business practices, from product development to recruitment

Read more about our strategy on page 28



2021 performance

Momentum is building in the business. This year's strong trading performance has been driven by extremely high order intake, organic revenue growth in all divisions, and by pricing and operational improvements. Group adjusted operating margin returned to pre-COVID levels, and we continue to make progress towards our target of double-digit margins. We also saw free eash flow improvement in the second half despite supply chain headwinds and inventory investment to support our record order book.

We have continued to execute on our four strategic priorities to create value Technology investment and a pipeline of new products are critical drivers of future growth. We invested £11.4 million in R&D in 2021, taking our R&D spend to £741 million over seven years. We have taken further action to enhance margins, including through our self-help programme to reduce our footprint and fixed cost base. Our M&A activity targets higher-margin businesses which will build scale and enhance our capabilities and market access. We have successfully integrated the two power supply businesses acquired in 2020 and we were pleased to announce the further strengthening of our positions on long-term defence platforms through the acquisition of Ferranti Power and Control at the beginning of 2022

Our employees

Our employees are talented, dedicated and inspiring and they are critical to our current and future success. The Board is extremely proud of the culture that TT has built. We are a can-do business with people that care deeply about one another, learning and growing, and achieving more for the customer. Our responsibility as leaders is to nurture that culture and invest in meeting employee. needs from safety and wellbeing to equality, diversity and inclusion (FD&I) Tam bleased to note our continuing strong performance in safety, including the management of COVID-19 as well as the active ED&I programme we have across the Ginub

#56 matter at 11

We have made significant progress on ESG and sustainability matters in recent years as the Group has been transformed and these considerations have been placed at the heart of strategic and day-to-day decision-making at all levels of the organisation. This way of operating reduces risk and provides significant opportunities to develop our business model. ESG progress has formed part of Directors' remuneration since 2020.

We solve technology challenges for a sustainable world and our products address resource scarcity, improve energy efficiency, support renewables and drive productivity, connectivity and health

We also seek to have a wider positive impact on society by understanding and prioritising employee needs, doing business responsibly, and reaching out to our local communities.

We have set ambitious targets for reducing our environmental footprint, including targeting Net Zero Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2035 and targeting reductions in single-use plastics, waste to landfill and in our Scope 3 emissions.

Rendimore about ESG matters from page 46

The Board and governance

We have benefited significantly from an extended period of Board continuity with no changes to either the composition of the Board or its principal Committees during 2021. Firmly believe that good governance enables a company to pursue its strategy with more pade and less risk. This is what we have put in place at TT. Our strong governance and risk management frameworks have enabled us to steer a course through the pandemic and, at the same time strengthen the foundations of the business while investing in the levers of future growth.

I would like to thank members of the Board for their counsel and contribution during the year and for their strong commitment to our honest, open challenging and collegiate approach

Dividend

Given the strong trading momentum we are seeing, and the positive outlook for 2022 and beyond, the Board is proposing a final dividend of 3.8 pence per share, giving a total dividend of 5.6 pence per share for the year.

Outlook

As our CEO, Richard Tyson, explains on page 6, the TT business has been transformed in the last seven years. We, and by extension TT's stakeholders are now in a position to reap further the benefits of that transformation. We began 2022 with a record order book and the Board is confident that we will make further good progress in our financial, operational and ESG performance in 2022.

Warren Tucker Chairman 8 March 2022



A WORD WITH OUR GEO

Q&A

t am incredibly proud of the many talented people we have in the business. There is ions to be excited about as we look forward

Richard Tyson CEO

We delivered a strong trading performance in 2021 with very good revenue and profit growth and, as expected, a mean ngful step forwards towards double-digit adjusted margins The growth in revenue and the strong order intake across all divisions reflect our strong customer relationships. momentum in our pipeline and the positive structural trends evident in our end markets. This performance has been delivered despite further COVID-19 disruption and significant supply chain. and cost headwinds. Alongside a strong trading performance, we have continued to execute our strategy and invest for future growth including R&D, our significant self-help programme, and successful M&A

We have started 2022 with a record order book which gives us the confidence and the visibility to achieve our growth plans for the coming year; whilst continuing to manage the ongoing cost and supply chain challenges in partnership with our customers. We continue to enhance the quality of our businesses and coupled with good customer wins strength in our target markets, and the commercial aerospace recovery still to come, we believe the Group is in a strong position for the future.

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It looks like there is real momentum in the business. Do you agree?

Yes, I am really pleased with how we have repositioned the business over the last six years. The Group has been transformed we have shifted our focus on to very attractive end markets, expanded our technology capabilities, and created a growth platform. This strategy is now delivering good growth across healthcare, defence, automation and electrification. Commercial aerospace is starting to show early signs of recovery and we celleve this marker will provide a good underpin to medium-term growth.

We are winning an increated share of wailet with our existing oustomers, part withrough cross-seiling our expertise and aded by our strong service and delivery track records. Cross seiling has been enhanced through our active Business. Development Council a network spread across all TT divisions, and incentivised to bring in cross-dry sion opportunities. We are gaining aight faint traction here and Loeffey ethere is more to come.





Strategic report

The project and expendit forcested with the Youted A key rationale for the acquisition of Torotel was to create scale in our North American power solutions business. Not only does Torotel boister our power capabilities, but it also brought R&D resources and additional Tier 1 OEM relationships to the Group. The acquisition leverages our exposure to US defence primes, and, through the TT network, we are able to bring Torotel's skillset to the European market The business is margin enhancing, another key criterion for M&A

We have completed and integrated a number of such acquisitions in the last few years, and these have led to the development of a standard set of tools and commonality of process (including governance) for successful integration. We are continually improving these standards for even more efficient application in future acquisitions

We have also provided additional investment to Torotel to expand its product offering and create new revenue synergies. New contract wins have been secured on both existing and new programmes, including for a major defence supplier for whom we will be providing complex. cable assemblies and a further contract utilising our radar electronics expertise

The Torotel integration process was completed six months ahead of plan and the acquisition is on track to deliver the planned cost synergies and our return on invested capital (ROIC) target, with scope to enhance these further



We are also adding new customers over 30 in the year, a number of which we would hope to become key accounts. We are being increasingly successful at winning multi-year programmes which provides excellent long-term certainty orrievenues

As we entered 2022, our order book was at unprecedented levels across all of our divisions, providing excellent visibility for the year ahead. Yes, customers are giving us more clarity as we deal with supply chain challenges together but it is also reflective of new customers and the longer-terminature of our relationships There is lots to be excited about as well look forwards

Of what are you most proud in TT's 2021 performance?

Tam incredibly proud of the many talented people we have in the business. and the resilience our teams have shown as we faced new COVID-19 waves and variants. In 2021 COVID-19 issues have been additionally complicated

and exacerbated by the global supply chain challenges. Despité this we have delivered a year of impressive growth. Our employee engagement score, from our annual survey in Q3, puts TT amongst the best industria: companies globally for engagement using the independent Best Companies Ltd benchmark

We also delivered revenue and adjusted. operating margins back at 2019 levels on a constant currency basis and this is an achievement I am very proud of

In 2021 we delivered strong top line growth of 14% torganic revenue growth of 10%) whilst building a record order book. This puts us in a strong position for another year of good growth in 2022 with excellent visibility. Lam proud that the strategy we put in place is unlocking the potential of the Group in terms of growth, and that we remain on track to achieve a double-digit Group adjusted operating margin in 2023, and to keep margins moving on from there.

Lam also pleased with the great progress we have made again this year in sustainability, which is at the heart of how we think about the future of the Group and our strategic decisionmaking. The Group's focus on three core markets is enabling us to fulfill our purpose and invent products for our customers that not only help them to succeed, but that support sustainability and are more sustainable themselves.

Our team has really engaged with reducing our environmental footpoint and we have achieved a further 25% reduction in Scope 1 & 2 CO lemissions during 2021, which represents a 41% reduction against our 2019 benchmark data and significant progress aready towards our medium-term goal of achieving Net Zero on these emissions by 2035. Within each of our global. ocations it is also great to see the enthusiastic prioritisation of local agendas, including reducing single use plastics and waste to landfill and engagement with our communities. including the promotion of STFM careers. We feel strongly about the role TT can play in FSG matters and in creating value for our world.

Demonstrating the success of our strategy Account way an opposite of the or

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MARKET REALIGNMENT The and a second 2021 2015 TT market breakdows

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How much of your order book strength is pull forward versus genuine growth?

We have focused on working even more closely with our customers during this period of supply chain challenges. We have been asking diligent questions to ensum that orders placed are real and that there is minimal couble ordering in certain direct historices we have also amended our commercial torms to give us greater protection Orders. particularly for custom parts are now particularly for contain period in and, often non refundable non returnable and, increasingly, non-reschedulable to ensure that we are working to genuine customer requirements We are also taking money unfront and require pustomers to commit contractually to pay for inventory in advance or certain products

Walhad a record or per book are 1927 with increased visitor ty into H2 incording GNS T. Y buoked

Do you see opportunities to grow in the end markets you are exposed to?

Our primary focus areas for growth and investment are in the end markets of healthcare, perospace & defence, and automation & electrification which includes products that address resource scarcity, improve energy efficiency, support renewables and drive productivity connectivity and health

in healthcare markets in 2021 w.c. believe there has been an element of rebound effect as crective procedures previously cancelled have been reinstated. We believe this is a good medium to long term growth market in the region of 5 c CASH and we know that some of our Foy customers in this area have growth targets in excess of this. We would be keen o add further scale in this maret One area of our expertise achieving great raction is surginal navigation using rebotics for minimum invasive surgeries the have been developing new smaller and more accurate sensors to support these rebone apprepations

We estimate acrospace & defence end markets offer medium form growth of 3-4% CAGR We have recently won a contract to participate in the main UK army vehicle programme for the next 10 to 20 years, which I believe is clear evidence of our capabilities. We started to see the first's gine of recovery the civil aerospace in 2021, for both vide and single aisle planes, but do not expect a return to meaningful growth before 2023

in automation & electrification, we see through cycle growth of 4.6% CAGH ilu algas arch as llugristing antomation anchidir choic architecture in no impart and robotics, smart infrastructure, and microup, nos. small minastructure, and rectaing all of which should grow faster thetaing all of with the onset of 50 and than GDP. And, with the onset of 50 and further proliferation of electronics to dever connectivity across a range of markets, we believe this area offers us excurg growth opportunities

The majority of our products contribute so delivinal the diopal grey brugo. (Aseq p) and use trialpieto (Aseq p). our customers to achieve their cym Sustainability goals, Our connectivity sensing, power and manufacturing solutions all grable and use products that are cleaner ismaler lighter and nore power efficient, smarter, through factory automation and products by and in connect, - y for smart city nhastructure) and health or providing improved pation outcomes and we being such as through remote health mon toring and reagnost call



Strategic report

EVULUTION OF ADJUSTED OPERATING MARGIN

+300bps

2021 adjusted operating margin vs 2015

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT IN R&D

£74m

Total R&D spend 2015-2021

MATURED SAFETY CULTURE

5

5 three day lost-time incidents in 2021 vs 29 in 2015

REDUCTION IN SCOPE 1 & 2 CARBON EMISSIONS

41%

2021 vs 2019

0

As we come through the pandemic and you focus on delivering the growth strategy do you think organisational changes will be required? How are you continuing to look after the team?

In 11 we have a strong culture of expertise and set out to attract, promoteand retain talented people who share our values. The wellbeing of our colleagues continues to be high on the leadership. team's agenda. Lam minuful of the ongoing constraints on capacity across parts of the business but am confident we can continue to operate in a COVID. safe environment. We managed well in the initial stages of the pandemic but, as parts of our business have been dealing with the impact for two years now. we will increasingly focus on wellness. in tratives. Our devolved business model allows our individual sites to work out and implement the things most important to them within our framework

We continue to invest in personal development apprentices and harnessing young talent. Following the success of our inTTernship programme in the US in 2021, where we hared 14 students for the Summer, we recruited around half of them in various engineering roles. We are extending the programme in 2022.

Talent lies in all groups and locations, which is why we are acutely focused on equality diversity and inclusion matters, both in the way we recruit and the way we behave. While I am pleased that we are a balanced business overall in terms of gender diversity, with 53% female employees, we continue to focus on improving the picture in the higher levels of the organisation. We have recently launched all eadership Programme for women which includes joint workshops with senior mate leaders as well as mentering and advocacy.

We believe engagement is an important part of delivering our strategy and the 21 status achieved in our recent employee engagement survey is testament to the 11 Way A 21 rating from Best Companies demonstrates that 17 Electronics is committed to achieving top levels of workplace engagement by valuing and investing in our organisation and our people.

Cur people drive our success. We undertake quarterly talent reviews at a site level and annual reviews at a divisional and functional level, going forward these will occur on a biannual basis.

()

Can you describe your margin progress and potential?

The Group's run rate adjusted operating margin in 2021 was 8.1%, excluding the start up costs related to Virolens, which is in line with our pre-COVID adjusted operating margin.

We have made tangible progress towards a double-digit Group adjusted operating margin which incorporates the operational leverage achieved on organic growth and the benefit of our self-help mutatives (operational efficiency) and we reiterate our expectation that we will achieve this short-term goal in 2023. Adding high quality, higher margin businesses through acquisition and delivering synergies can enhance margins further.

Within our divisions, we believe selfhelp improvement will be a key driver of margin in Sensors and Specialist Components, and growth and greater leverage will be key in Power and Connectivity Our GMS business has an historical margin target of 7.8% but we are confident that with the transformation of this business it scapable of delivering a higher margin over time.

0

Historically, GMS has been perceived as a lower-margin business; how has the transformation been achieved?

In GMS we undertake low-volume, highmix manufacture of complex electronic assemblies to our customers' designs, with added value through design for manufacture and testing. Our GMS business has been transformed over the last few years given that it was a low-growth, high-churn, 3.4% margin business just four years ago. As I mentioned above, GMS has shifted to delivering margins of c.8%. We have worked hard to expand the customer base, add engineering services and deliver more complex assemblies with a higher value add, and this has also reduced customer churn, GMS is also central to our cross selling activities.

Our GMS business ended 2021 with a full order book for 2022 and has a great future ahead.

()

Can you talk through your environmental priorities?

Sustainability is embedded in our strategy and much of what we do for our customers on a day in day out basis is focused on enabling them to create products that are cleaner, smarter and healther or that bring those benefits to the world

in our ewn operations there is fots going on as we continue with our three environmental focus areas of reducing our carbon emissions, diverting our waste from landfill and reducing the use of single use plastics.

Lam pleased that we have delivered a further 25% reduction in Scope 1 & 2.00 emissions in 2021. The means that we have now achieved a 41% reduction in emissions against our 2019 benchmark carbon levels. Fart of the reduction in 2021 has been achieved from 5% tching our US locations onto renewable energy taniffs, this is on top of the 02% reduction we achieved in 2020 following switching our UK locations to green energy. We have a Net Zero target for our Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2025, at the latest, and have recently added an additional interimitanget of a 50% reduction ragainst, 20,19 emission levels by the end of 2023.

All of our sites that can access renewable energy have switched or will switch. Benewable tanif options are not currently possible at our sites in China and Mexico and, here, we are working on projects to ensure we can meet our targets. In 2022 we will undertake feasibility studies for possible solar projects.

We are also committed to providing a safe working environment for our employees

We have begun scoping and assessing our Scope 3 emissions and will initially focus on areas which we believe are significant and measurable. We have signed up with CDP (formerly the Carbon Disclosure Project) as a supply chain partner as measurement and disciosure are critical elements of our journey to achieve Net Zero. CDP has been developing its proven global carbon. disclosure systems for over 20 years and is the international gold standard for environmental reporting. Through partnership with CDP we will measure. declare and combat carbon emissions in our supply chain. We already participate in the CDP, scoring C for our most recent submission, and we make our first disclosure under the Task Force on Climate related Financial Disclosures (FCFD) recommendations in this Annual Report (see page 59).

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How has the business dealt with the challenges in global supply chains?

The headwinds we have faced from supply chain challenges and increased costs, whether freight, power or people related strengthened as we progressed through the second half of 2021. We have invested in our inventory postuch to support our future growth and manage the supply chain constraints. More than ever, we have prioritised staying close and partnering with our customers, but we have also been miniful to protect ourselves commercially and reducer skillers, believe we benefit from being in different parts of the supply chain across the EE gives ens.

Our Supply Chain Council is collaborating across the business to meet our customers inceds and we have developed software tools and data analytics to enhance particla-vallability and sourcing. We have also added resourch on producinent to ensure we can continue to differentiate ourselves through the service we provide.

The challenges have served to demonstrate the importance of more localised supply chains. We anticipate these supply chain issues continuing through 2022.

Q

Are you able to pass on the input cost increases you have experienced?

On the whole we have been able to pass on our cost increases albeit with a lag and, on our multi-year contracts, we have had to engage with customers to agree pricing changes. We are operating in an environment at the moment where there is an understanding that if the customer wants a product it will come at a price and pricing discussions with customers have been on a real-time basis.

In 2021 the business faced increases in freight costs, which we have looked to pass on in the form of freight suircharges. Besins and metals, such as palladium used in the Sensors and Specialist. Components business, have doubled riprice. We have also experienced wage and logistics increases from overtime (as we worked around power rationing in China) or expediting orders. Overail, we believe our pricing actions and operational improvements are offsetting cost increases.

We believe that around 1.5 to 2% of the revenue growth delivered in the year can be attributed to the price increases we have implemented to recover cost headwinds.

(3)

How is the self-help programme progressing?

Cur formal seif help programme is progressing really well and nearing completion. We also have a continuous operational efficiency programme with the objective of delivering the most efficient origonal configuration of our global footprint. The formal programme is expected to deliver as anticipated, with an increased run rate of £13.14 million by 2023 of which origa £6 million was achieved in 2021, so there is an additional £5.6 million to demo. The cash cost to deliver the programme is expected to be £18.8 million.



A strong team



Our Executive Leadership Team

Members of TT's Executive Loadership Team (ELT) are experienced and passionate leaders with the deep knowledge and range of skills necessary to deliver continued success for the Group and value for stakeholders. The ELT meets monthly and has a weekly check in call, it is the principal decision making body below the Board.



Richard Tyson

Chief Executive Officer

Joined: 2014

Relevant skills and experience:

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See fall by organity on the yor file



Mark Hoad

Chief Finaniniai Officer

Joined: 🎾 🤝

Relevant skills and experience:

Mark is a chartered accountain und has 25 years less ellend in international training ellers enduring a certain of a certain from the control of the certain of the certain

Selection to graphy into page 7%



Lynton Boardman

General Courselland Company Secretary

Joined: / 12

Relevant skills and experience:

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Michael Leahan Chief Operating Officer

Joined: 2017

Relevant skills and experience:

Michae has ovur 30 years experience in operational integer processors at defending notion ground operations at the control of the decision of



Sarah Hamilton-Hanna

Chief Beoble Officer

Joined: $\beta = 0$

Relevant skills and experience:

Sarabitian speak more transity years in HB and a experience; if business tour formation, organisation of takent management. She had tendenty produced by the model and high and all schools divisions divisions of the Salabens of Sarabitish.

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During the year we closed sites in Barbados and Carrollton, Texas and transferred manufacturing from Corpus Christi in Texas and Lutterworth in the UK to other existing T T sites. We have sold the freehold Covina site and have recently made the decision that the business from this site will be integrated into our Torotel site in Kansas City. We believe this provides us with an additional opportunity to create efficiencies and improve the ROIC of both acquisitions combined.

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On the subject of M&A, how has the Torotel acquisition delivered? What was the rationale for the Ferranti acquisition?

Torotel has been part of the TT Group for just over a year now and we are delighted with the progress we have made across all metrics including establishing new customer relationships, delivering on cross celling opportunities and financial targets. In aerospace & defence, a cross selling opportunity from the Torotel business generated over \$2 million (over £1.5 million) in orders for complex, ruggedised wire harness assemblies. We are on track to hit our required ROIC acquisition hurdles and the mid-teens margin is accretive to our overall Group margin.

Farm excited about what the Forranti-Power and Control business will bring to the Group. This 'carve out" brings talented engineers with an excellent reputation for delivering mission critical power and control sub-assembles to top tidi global customers. The business steps up our aerospace & defence power capabilities in Europe, creating scale and a platform for growth with attractive customer positions. Ferrantis well aligned with our global strategy of becoming a world reader in power conversion and power management and a great example of the type of iA&A apportunities we seek

What is your strategy for capital allocation? Does the business have the firepower to deliver further M&A?

In terms of competing uses for our capital, we prioritise organic investment, including R&D and capex for automation and efficiency improvements, we maintain a progressive dividend policy and then pursue targeted, complementary acquisitions which provide us with an opportunity to accelerate our strategy and growth opportunities. These are especially attractive when they add to our capabilities and allow us to access more markets or deepen customer relationships. We target leverage within a range of 1-2x FBHDA. It is also worth. noting that during 2021 we put in place private piacement debt which diversified our funding sources and brought longer maturity money into the funding mix

We ended the 2021 financial year. with leverage at 17x as the working capital inflow we had expected ahead of the second half was constrained by component availability and the need to limit supply chain challenges by holding higher levels of inventory Looking forward, we have around £40 million of headroom, sufficient for a decent sized bolt on adquisition. As the self-help programme nears its end and is successfully delivered, our free cash flow will improve and this will add to our natural de leveraging, improving the creation of investment capacity. Furthermore, our pension has been we! managed and de risked such that we can see a path, over the medium term. to executing a buyout and reducing the cash currently consumed on pension. funding and running costs, and investing it back into growing the business.

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How is your M&A pipeline looking?

We look to create value through M&A by extending our technical capabilities, leveraging access to customers and growth markets, and building scale to optimise our operations and supply chain. We have a pipeline of targets we believe will deliver on those attributes and most opportunities remain in our target valuation range. While we acknowledge some valuations are prohibitive, there are still opportunities to create value.

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Why do you believe customers choose TT?

Our engineers have the ability to respond to our eustomers' unique technology challenges through designing one off solutions or customising products that meet their needs. We sook out customers who value what we do and with whom we can work long term R&D is high on our capital allocation priority list. I we are often 'designed in' so our components, products and engineering services are integral to our customers' designs.

We have a global manufacturing footprint (our mantra being 'think global, act loca'') with the flex-bility to switch production between geographies if required, depending on capacity and customer requirements, with centres of excellence in the UK, North America and Ohina

In 2021 we have really stepped up our Voice of the Customer in trative which focuses on engaging with and seeking feedback from our customers on how we can improve our service and the way we work.



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What are your priorities as you look into 2022?

We entered 2022 in a very strong position in terms of the cover for our budgeted revenue growth provided by our order book. One of our short term priorities will be to deliver on this order book to customer expectations, even in the face of the expected ongoing supply chain chailenges.

We expect these challenges will be a feature of our business environment through 2022

Our strategy is delivering as intended Our focus end markets provide us with good levels of structural growth particularly in healthcare and automation & electrification, while our differentiated offer and partnering approach will enhance this accessible growth through a greater share of customer spend

While we will lead in sustainable growth in 2022, we also expect to progress on our journey to double digit margins.



Building real partnerships

It is success is built on engaging deeply with our customers and becoming real partners making a critical contribution to their teams and their products.

In February 2022 we were delighted to announce the further extension of our partnership and an exclusive manufacturing agreement with Radwave Fechnologies, Inc which will propel growth and accelerate time-to-market for Radwave's innovative electromagnetic (FM) tracking platform for surgical navigation. Radwave's EM tracking technology enables medical device customers to easily incorporate accurate reliable and oustomisable tracking features into their diagnostic and therapeutic products. The partnership is a great example of collaboration between a customer and two of our divisions.

11 Minneapolis began working with Radwave in early 2021 to develop sensor technologies for the EM tracking system. Together with Radwave's system. This sensor technologies deliver a high degree of accuracy and precision, even in challenging settings where other EM technologies may be limited by interference or sensing volume constraints.

In Spring 2021, our Cleveland facility teamed up with Minneapolis to support Radwave on the system's control unit, one of the key intelligent technologies within the EM tracking platform which requires complex printed circuit board assembly (PCBA), full equipment assembly and calibration. By Summer 2021, an agreement had been reached for T1 to manufacture both the tracking sensors and the control unit.

Both businesses recognised the opportunity to partner further in this growing area of the healthcare market and we have since collaborated on the launch of a full FM sensor tracking portfolio. This is being jointly marketed to a wide variety of medical device OFMs to improve patient outcomes in disciplines including electrophysiology, cardiology, FNT, interventional pulmonology, orthopaedics, interventional radiology, robotic surgery and endoscopy

The agreement announced in February 2022 will see TT partner with Radwave on R&D and complete system manufacturing for the next five years

UUR BUSINESS MODFL

ATING VALU FOR OUR WOR

Our assets

Engineering and manufacturing capability

- We have deep domain knowledge in our markets. and years of experience.
- We have a particular skill in product design and manufacture to make customers' end products smaller, lighter and more energy efficient. We specialise in low volume and high-mix products, enabling us to offer the customisation and flexibility our customers require. Our global footprint enables us to serve customers around the world

Research and development

- We have R&D capability around the world with IP arid specialist product development skills.
- Our agile development model enables us to bring new products to market quickly.
- We have the know how and experience to comply with complex regulatory approvals

Access to our customers

We have excellent customer credibility, often working in partnership with customers over many years We seek out customers who value what we do and with whom we can work long term to add value We have a business development organisation that fosters inter-Group collaboration and cross-selving

People and culture

- Our people are talented designers, engineers and manufacturing experts passionate about what
- Our teams are caring supportive and servicedriven. Behaviour is shaped by the TT Way values which guide how we work with each other and our stakeholders





We do the inght thing

We bring out the best in each other

We achieve more together

We champion expertise

Weiget the job done well

What makes us different

Four key themes differentiate us from competitors, and we are focused on extending this differentiation

Cleaner, smarter, healthier

Our target markets of healthcare, aerospace & defence, and automation & electrification have strong long-term structural growth potential. This growth is supported by megatiends pushing for the development of cleaner, smarter and healthier products and applications as we move towards a more sustainable world.

Culture of expertise

Our teams are passionate about finding solutions to the world's toughest technology challenges and delivering for customers. We champion knowledge, skills, innovation, problem solving and service in four key areas power, connectivity, sensing, and manufacturing & engineering. We set out to attract, promote and retain the best, diverse, talented people and we are focused on developing expertise at all levels of the organisation.

Design-led technology

We design and manufacture bespoke technology solutions for specific customer applications, creating one off solutions, customising and packaging products, and creating modular platforms built for customisation. We work from initial concept to production at scale, and from single component to complete device manufacture. We seek single source and designed in development opportunities that enable us to move up the value chain and createlong term revenue streams.

Real partners

Our success has been built on engaging deeply with our customers and becoming real partners. Customer intimacy enables us to leverage our capabilities to respond to their unique requirements and become a critical contributor to their teams and their products. We retain a flexible approach that enables us to support customers as and when they need us

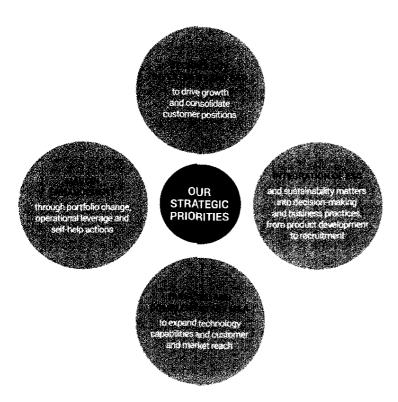


We are a business with high quality assuts and a differentiated market offer, aligned with key global megatrends. We are creating value for our world by helping our customers to succeed, inventing products that support sustainability and that are more sustainable themselves, investing in and creating opportunities for our people, and doing business responsibly.

Our strategy

Our strategy is designed to leverage our assets and differentiators to unlock TT's potential and create continuous value for all our stakeholders.

It is enabled by strong capital discipline a focus on cash generation and careful use of the balance sheet to facilitate continued investment in the quality of our assets and TT's exposure to long-term growth markets



रं अकृताता स्ट्राचीय वर्ष स्ट्राचीय का प्राच्या है।

The value we create

Customers and suppliers

- We help our customers succeed by providing critical products and services and solving tough technology challenges
- £74.1 million investment in R&D since 2015.
 We treat our suppliers fairly in line with our 1 T Way values

Our people

- We are focused on employee safety and wellbeing
- We invest in our people to grow their skills and experience and create new opportunities.
- We are committed to creating a work environment where everyone can be themselves every day
- We have strong employee engagement evidenced by annual improvements in our engagement survey score since 2014

Environment and our communities

- Our solutions contribute to cleaner, smarter and healthier products
 41% reduction in Scope 1 & 2 emissions in two years.
- Targeting Net Zero Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2035.
 Targeting 50% reduction in Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2023 vs 2019
- We are committed to social responsibility and ethical business practices
 We support our teams to undertake STEM educational outreach in their communities.

Shareholders

- 14 5p adjusted earnings per share
- Medium-term target of double digit annual adjusted earnings per share growth.
- 5 6p dividend per share.

Read more about our stakeholders and how we angage with them on page 44 OUR MARKETS, CREATING VALUE IN

HEALTHCARE

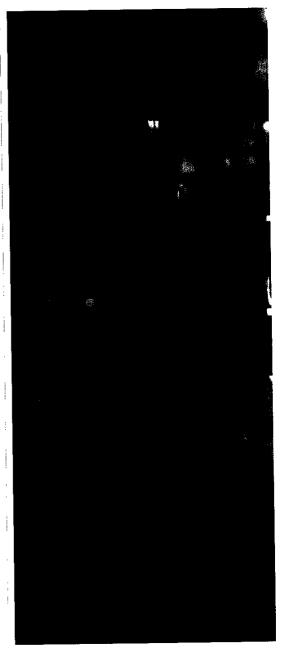
vie provide design auf materiachieng subbans for a range of diagonatic surgeori pudie in ingriteri necons in critical to the identification treatinent and prevention of disease

The pack two years have reinforced the importance of public nealth to the shoot a facultioning of conety Afforts to improve liearthrace emissional me have addressfill to clobally with collegs and Congrately a top province the Lorscumers. Thank forces Let le to accominate the pare of in reviation within the health care coosystem. Given the centra rate that electronics play in in francisco priedensk technologi. the CO 700 day andemic has interruption of many of the in the Andries City Committee of the first of the

Market trends and drivers

The global medical device manufacturing market is expected to have grown by over 6% in 2021. This attractive growth is characteristic of healthcare. While certain sub-segments of the market such as elective surgery equipment, have not been immune to the idiosyncratic progress of the pancemic, return to growth is a hallmark of healthcare's inclastic demand profile. The medium and long-term outlook for the global medical device manufacturing market is equally optimistic, with an expected CAGR of 5.7% to 2025.

Notable drivers include technological advancement, the increasing ageing population, and rising patient awareness Technology has prompted many end users to overhaul or update their medical manufacturing systems. As this is a costly process, end users are increasingly seeking trusted third-party partners, such as 1.1 to service these needs. Additionally, we are well placed to capitalise on increasing demand. for high-complexity products which is structurally driven by technological advancement. We therefore continue to expect favourable shifts in product mix towards high value, high margin devices buited to our capabilities. Finally, these dynamic's are supported by consistent nonlases in ife expectancy with the world's population of clien 60s expected to apuble by 2050

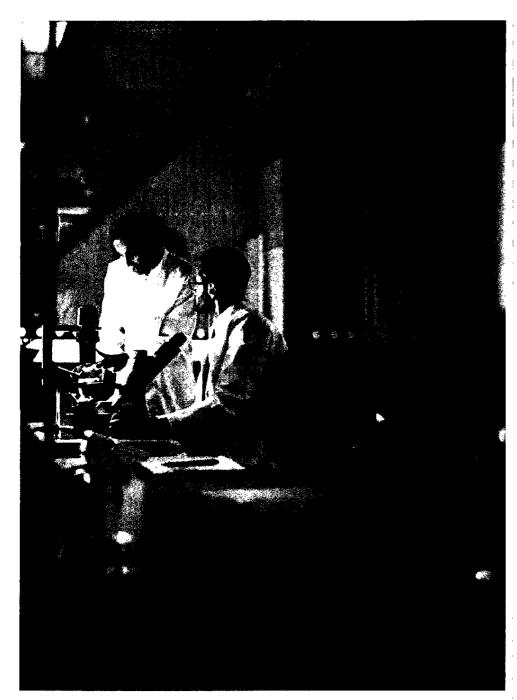


Contribution to Group

25%

of Group revenue





progress in areas of drug discovery, vaccine production, and more. And, through developing smaller, lighter more precise surgical devices, we are reducing the size of incisions, shortening recovery times, and improving overall patient outcomes. In addition, by improving the portability and ease of use of diagnostics, we are increasing the availability of medical imaging to point of care facilities. This promotes earlier detection and better monitoring, hence supporting measures taken to address the rising prevalence of cancer, cardiac, neurological, and musculoskeletal disorders

While there is emphasis on addressing supply chain challenges across the Group, the urgency of ensuring healthcaire products are delivered in a timely manner is top of mindig venthe human cost associated with such issues. We are proactively working with customers to mitigate global shortages and extend visibility into future demand. At the same time, we are able to leverage our globally integrated. manufacturing footprint to mitigate local issues and seamlessly deliver products. by collaborating across the network We believe that enhanced dialogue and continued performance under adversity has deepened our relationships with key customers

Expected market growth

Healthcare market 2021-25 CAGR

Our response

The pandemin created an opportunity to demonstrate to customers the extent of EEs agility by maintaining quality standards while rapidly and flexibly scaling production of urgently needed products. Over the past year we have sought to capitalise on that positive momentum. Our strategy has been tailored to bolster our technical expertise and capability in areas which OFMs find most complex to navigate, such as where significant engineering precision is required or there are constraints due to : benefits of which are improved data regulatory compliance

Notable focus areas for the Group include life sciences and laboratory equipment, surgical devices, medical implants, and diagnostics and imaging equipment. In line with our purpose, we are energised by the tangible contributions we can make to hearth. and quality of life in society. By supporting our life sciences partners, we are collectively improving laboratory automation systems and enabling samples to be collected and analysed with minimal human intervention, the reliability and accuracy, minimised wastage, and time efficient experiments Ultimately, this is enhancing scientific

TECHNOLOGY SHAPING THE FUTURE OF HEALTHCARE

Market revenue by division

Our power connectivity and sensor technology some for modern surfaces some, many and the apeutic devices to surgical navigation, diamostic equipment and life sciences.

What we do

Our products help demontherapy directly to potients during minimally invasive procedures, as well as an implantable devices and other external applications that require high reliability power and sensor enabled communication.



TT Electronics in action

Advanced interventional and surgical devices

- Surgical navigation technology for ablation and resection procedures
- Implantable pacemakers and def billetors
- Neuromodulators
- Implant programmers and chargers
- Ventricular assist stjetems
- · Robotic assisted surgery







Innovative diagnostic and Imaging

- Ultrasound X-ray and MRI machines
- Radiotherapy equipment for cancer treatment
- · Sensor enabled diagnostic devices

Direct patient care and monitoring

- Patient monitoring equipment including remote applications
- Anaesthesia machines
- Surgical lighting
- · Cardiopulmonary perfusion equipment
- Ventilators and defibrillators
- Fluid monitoring
- Wearable technologies

Laboratory and life sciences

- Therapeutic drug monitoring
- Gene sequencing
- Immuno assay
- Pill counting and dispensing
- Portable hemodialysis systems
- Scientific instrumentation

OUR MARKETS: CREATING VALUE IN

AEROSPACE & DEFENCE

We provide substances for logical abdaty applications across a breast range of platform accessing in land action face or unwindered by increasing error trainable platforms which supports feel offered and softing and softing and softing and softing the supports of the su

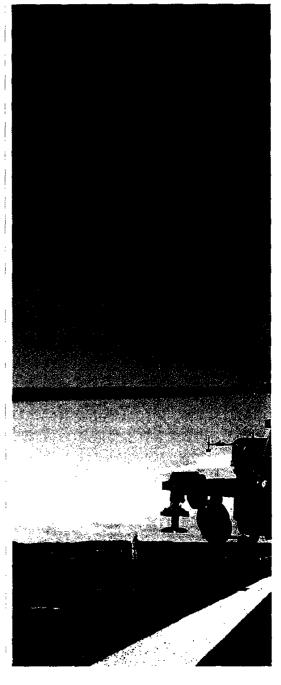
The global defend charles has shown strung realization in record years. Maintenance expression is expected to contains as governs white removes to maintenance of the contains some of the majorital by the COVIENS pandems. It covers to expected in the next 3.5 years.

Market trends and drivers

The resilience of the defence market, with a core feature being its moderate correlation to broader economic conditions has been exemplified by recent history. In 2021 the global defence electronics manufacturing market is expected to have expanded by over 2. This is a pace reflective of the past seven years, all of which have seen consistent, moderate expansion. Moreover, it is expected that this market will continue to progress steadily in the coming years at a CAGR of 3. 4% to 2025.

A central long term growth driver is the desire of governments to maintain state I of the art capabilities. In the US, the market is being driven by investment in R&D and long term projects such as the fifth generation F-35 JSF and the B21 This reflects the US military sincreasing focus on 'near peer' competitors such as Russia and China. The US DoD budget is set to increase by 3.7% to \$768.2 billion in FY2022. It is expected that global defence budgets will remain constant rather than contract despite inflationary pressures record high budget deficits, and the potential fiscal consolidation this could provoke. In aggregate, we continue to remain optimistic that our exposure to the defence market will provide growing. high margin business for decades SELLER

Throughout 2021 the commercial acrospace market has been characterised by the gradual alleviation of travel restrictions following the onset of the pandemic. While it is positive that air travel volumes will exceed those of the lows seen in 2020, the effects of the pandemic are lingering. Under base case expectations where some form of travel restrictions continue it is expected that cemand for small and medium, sized a loraft will not recover to pre 20010 feeds until 2024 5. Whilst the



Contribution to Group

18%

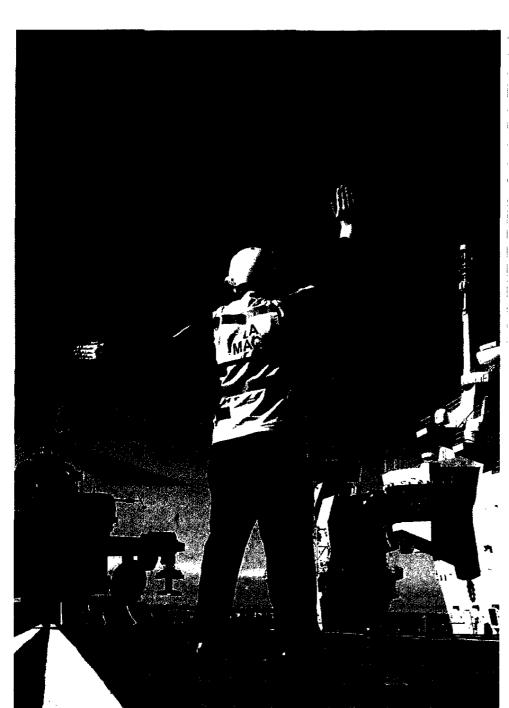
of Group revenue

Expected market growth

3-4%

Aerospace & defence market 2021-25 CAGR





future course of the pandemic is unclear, on balance, the provating sentiment in the aviation community is one of cautious optimism.

Irrespective of short term uncertainty, we continue to see positive long term trends that suit our capabilities. Fundamentally, the need for more efficient, safer, and environmentally friendly aircraft remains. This drives demand for increasingly advanced electronic systems and applications. This is complemented by further tailwinds comprised of a growing, globalised middle class population who exhibit greater propensity to travel.

As travel patterns gradually return to pre-pandemic levels, we expect a strong civil aerospace recovery in the next three to five years, driven primarily by narrowbody aircraft deliveries, of at least double digit CAGR growth 2021-25.

Our response

Within commercial aerospace we are: focused on increasing the electronic content of aircraft. Over the near term. this means opportunities lie in heiping. our customers with the adoption of hybrid models, mid-life electrification. initiatives and electronics updates Presently we are focused on electrically. powered sub-systems such as Human Machine interface (HMI), avionics and actuation. Our ultimate ambition is to enable wholly electrically powered aircraft, as technology progresses we believe that we are well positioned to support customers throughout this fransition

in defence our central focus is on. supporting our customers to reduce size, weight, power and cost (SWaP-C), while simultaneously enhancing command, control, communications, computing, intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance (C4ISR) capabilities. We have found success recently in providing more integrated, design led solutions. In these products we have demonstrated. greater capacity to deliver SWAPIC improvements, and this is resonating with dustomers. A recent example is the delivery of a significant increase in the power density of DC DC converters. for a major prime. We expect this to drive favourable shifts in product mix moving forward.

PERFORMANCE-**ENHANCING SOLUTIONS FOR SAFE FLIGHT**

WHIT WE GE

From cockpit displays to enteres established appetitioned System in one and folia: who bear for the many and a reliability in the harshess ama contidemending conditions while our reserve solutions enhance the bas conduct exhabitude

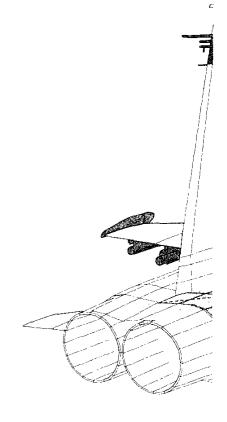
Out products provide size. verght and efferency then afits for applications. Sather force contraction collant or and control for mission rational systems chahowinnings: military a recommercial platforms clobally

Market revenue by division



Our make) precitings

TT Electronics in action







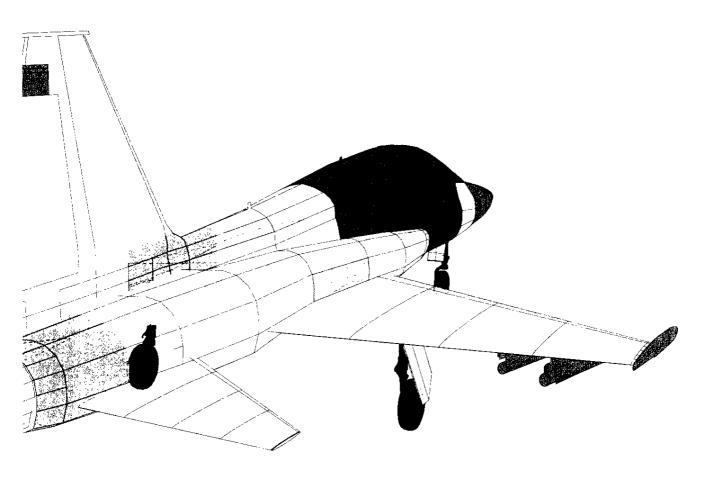
Precision guidance and defensive aids systems

- · Laser targeting and incibial novigation systems
- Predicion quidance systems
- · Badar jammers

Aircraft interiors

- · Passenger Control Units
- Cabin signage
- Mood & ambient lighting.





Communication, navigation and radar systems

- Global positioning systems (GPS)
- Radai aystems
- Communications, navigation and identification

Engine controls and fuel systems

- Engine control unit
- Fuel distribution systems
- Engine ice protection
- ☐ Auxiliary power units

Cockpit avionics and flight controls

- Avionics and display units
- Flight controls
- Landing gear
- Joystick controls
- Wing de-laing

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OUR MARKETS, CREATING VALUE IN

AUTOMATION & ELECTRIFICATION

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Market trends and drivers

Globally, the electronics manufacturing market is estimated to have grown by over 3% in 2021. New order growth and the pace of job creation remain close to the highs reached mid-year, however, the short term outlook has been tempered by supply dhair issues, inflation, and prospective monetary tightening. Ultimately, this is expected to delay rather than halt the recovery and sentiment is one of patient optimism.

Over the longer term we continue to see structural growth drivers aligned with our capabilities. A key force underpinning growth in automation & electrification markets is the increasing focus ori sustainability. With the backdrop of increasingly stringent regulation to reduce environmental impacts across supply chains, sustainability is a significant positive trend. Shifting towards electricity as the major fuel powering industrial systems is a key imperative for organisations looking to reduce their carbon footprints Additionally, the increasing digit sation of industrial processes and proliferation. of connected devices in areas such as smart infrastructure robotics and automation is promoting improved energy management officiency and reliability. As many of our products are enabling devices, the demand profile a highly attractive. This is reflected in the market outlook with a CAGR of 4.6% expected to 2025

Expected market growth

4-60/0

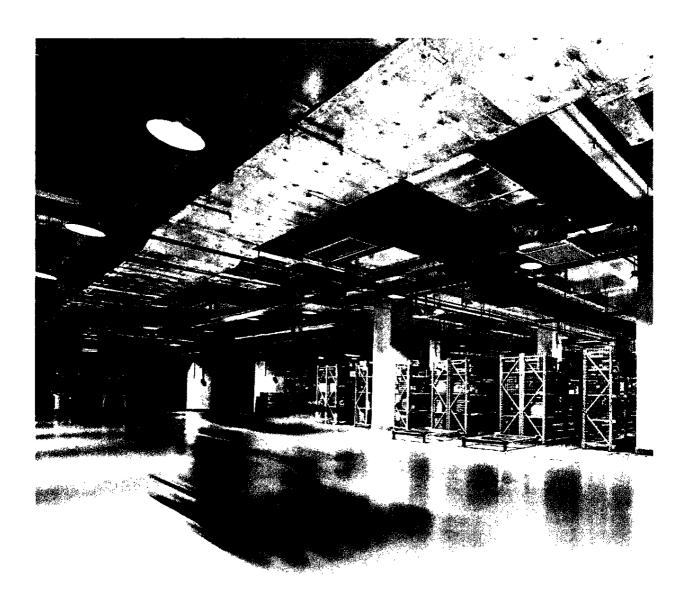
Automation & electrification market 2021-25 CAGR

Contribution to Group

39%







Our response

We are continuing to invest in developing capabilities which exemplify our low volume, high mix approach to address the needs of high end industrial and connectivity markets. Within automation, we are focusing on products which will enable the full potential of innovation in this space. Irrespective of the final form industrial processes take, we are positioning our business to become embedded within the fabric of this technology. A key focus, for instance, is enhancing our optoelectromic sensors.

offer Our sensor products improve the connect vity of manufacturing operations, promoting access to information throughout the supply chain and supporting the collection of quality real time data. Within electrification, our priority is in developing capabilities which will support increasing energy efficiency and connectivity. Core focus areas include complex systems integrations and AC and DC power conversion technologies. We are increasingly able to develop complete high value products and durable

components featuring higher vortages. These are supporting our customers by improving legacy designs and enhancing their ability to meet complex highbandwidth requirements.

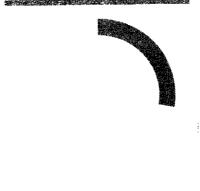
EMPOWERING SMART INFRASTRUCTURE TO STREAMLINE PROCESSES AND IMPROVE LIVES

TT Electronics in action

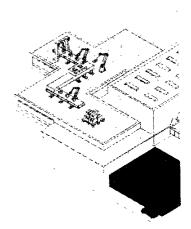
What we do

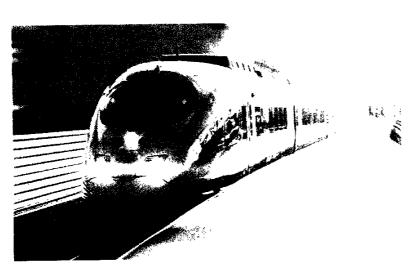
From clean energy and smart from apply apply about a more efficient factory campulation and competed asset tracking contecting to factor and indovations that are creating a smarter and offency pools.

Market revenue by division

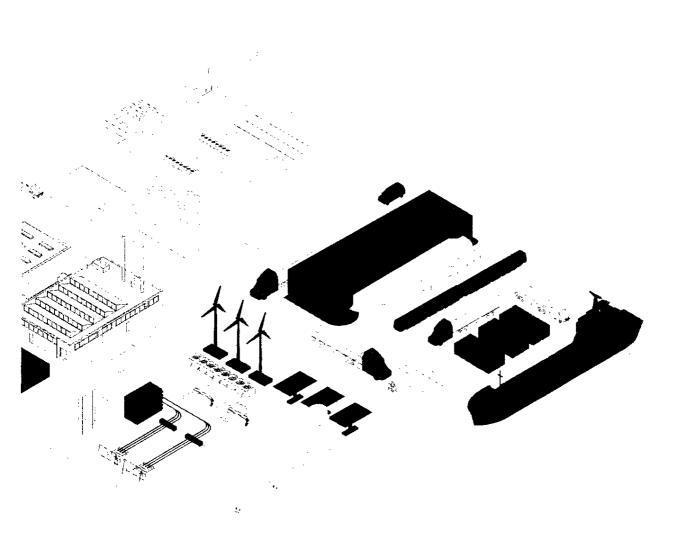












Smart infrastructure and industrial connectivity

- Transportation communication systems
- Railway signalling systems and temperature contro!
- Rolling stock power systems
- Asset tracking and inventory management systems
- Communication and cloud service connectivity
- Flectric vehicles and charging stations

Factory automation and electrification

- Industrial robotics and automation equipment
- Power monitoring
- Industrial safety and security controls
- Smart packaging and labelling equipment
- Flectric vehicle inverter technology

Clean energy and smart cities

- Renewable energy generation and smart grid metering
- Power management and energy control systems
- Water and wastewater measurement and monitoring
- Smart lighting security systems and fire detection
- Secure access and safety controls.
- Energy-efficient home appliances

OUR STRATEGY

MOVING AT PACE

Strategic priority

2021 achievements

2022 actions

Technology investment and R&D to drive growth and consolidate customer positions

We prioritise organic investment in the business, including R&D to maintain and drive our differentiation in the market and our offer to customers. R&D is critical if we are to stay ahead of customer needs and continue to meet the challenges they set us.

- £11.4 million R&D investment in
- Order intake in 2021 at 137% of revenue and record order book as weienter 2022
- Development of smaller, more accurate sensors supporting minimally invasive robotic surgical navigation
- Partnering with the Aerospace Techology Institute (A11) on power conversion for increased electrification. I of aerospace platforms
- Contract for power assemblies on UK army Boxer vehicle programme Selected as hardware partner for telenor to support to apprades from 2G and 3G cellular
- Expansion of Voice of the Customer initiative to engage more deeply with customer needs on products, service and future R&D. See below
- Virolens COVID-19 screening device gained registration with the UK Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA)

- -- R&D investment at c 5% of revenue to bring higher growth, more sustainable products to market
- Continued support for life science partners on laboratory automation and efficiency.
 - Ongoing development of products supporting smaller, lighter and more precise surgical devices and surgical navigation
- Ongoing focus on integrated design led solutions that support the electrification and increased efficiency of aerospace platforms.
- Continued focus on developing capabilities that support increasing energy efficiency and connectivity in industrial processes and infrastructure

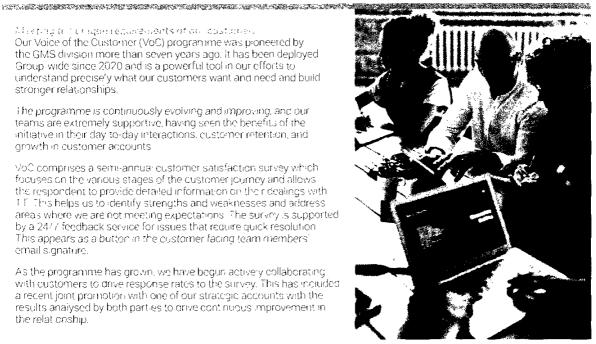
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Our Voice of the Customer (VoC) programme was pioneered by the GMS division more than seven years ago, it has been deployed Group wide since 2020 and is a powerful tool in our efforts to understand precisely what our customers want and need and build stronger relationships.

The programme is continuously evolving and improving, and our teams are extremely supportive, having seen the benefits of the initiative in their day to-day interactions, customer retention, and growth in customer accounts.

VoC comprises a semi-annual customer satisfaction survey which focuses on the various stages of the customer journey and allows the respondent to provide detailed information on their dealings with This helps us to identify strengths and weaknesses and address areas where we are not meeting expectations. The survey is supported by a 24/7 feedback service for issues that require quick resolution This appears as a button in the customer facing team members' email signature.

As the programme has grown, we have begun actively collaborating with customers to drive response rates to the survey. This has included a recent joint promotion with one of our strategic accounts with the results analysed by both parties to drive continuous improvement in the relationship.





Strategic report

THE PARTIES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTIES AND THE

With the Group strongly positioned in its three target markets we are now abilito move forward at pace to unlock TT's potential. Our strategy is supported by strong capital discipline, enabling continued investment in the quality of our assets and growing our exposure to long-term growth markets.

Strategic priority

Margin enhancement through portfolio change, operational leverage and self-help actions

We are focused on activities which will enable the Group to consistently achieve double-digit operating margins in the medium term. This has included increasing the proportion of higher-margin products in the portfolio, drop through from organic revenue growth, and restructuring and footprint rationalisation.

2021 achievements

- 7.3% adjusted operating profit margin achieved in 2021. Bun rate of 8.1% excluding Virolens.
- Seif help programme delivering as planned #6 million benefits achieved in 2021. Closure of sites in Barbados, Carrollton and Corpus Christi and transfer of manufacturing from autterworth, UK to Bedlington and to our new facility in Plano, Texas. Sale of Covina and Corpus Christi sites.

 Operational leverage from organic revenue growth.
- Inorganic expansion in higher margin technology.
- Expansion of specialist Group operations team to accelerate operational best practice including Health, Safety, Environment (HSF), Continuous Improvement (CI) and process excellence, integration of acquisitions, and governance
- Continued Transformation of the GMS division through higher value add services and complex assemblies.
- Continued with ongoing activities to drive operational efficiency across the organisation
- Supply chain management and inventory investment to minigate supply chain challenges and ensure we pass on costs.

2022 actions

- Complete delivery of self help programme. Bun rate expected to increase to £13.14 million in 2023. Integrate Ferranti Power and Control.
- Complete Covina business integration into forotel.
- Continue to move business positioning up the value chain to capture margin
- Continued supply chain management and inventory investment to mitigate supply chain challenges and ensure we pass on costs
 - Identify further automation and efficiency improvement activities through Group operations team.
 - Deploy further Group operational policies and standards including BF Lean and Sales Inventory and Operations Planning (SIOP)

Targeted and complementary M&A to expand technology capabilities and customer and market reach

We seek to maintain an M&A pipeline to build scale expand our capabilities to increase our exposure to market sectors with high growth potential and higher margins, and enhance value

- Successful integration of Torotel acquisition with anticipated nost synergies and cross-selling opportunities coming through
- Continued to scope M&A opportunities that are a good fit and in target valuation range to enhance pipeline.
- Maintained financial headroom to convert opportunities
- Acquisition of Ferranti Power and Control (announced in January 2022) adding further technology capability.
 Pland scale to our Power Solutions business including positions on longterm defence platforms.
 - integrate Perranti and Torotel customer proposition more closely with other businesses and provide higher value customer offerings. Maintain and convert pipeline of additional opportunities that nieet
 - Continue to manage financialeverage to support the execution of M&A apportunities

our acquisition criter a

Strategic priority

Integration of ESG and sustainability matters into decision-making and business practices, from product development to recruitment

We are well positioned to benefit from and support sustainability megatrends. Our products address resource scarcity, improve energy efficiency, support renewables and drive productivity, connectivity and health. We aim to produce them more sustainably with a focus on ethical sourcing practices and the work we are doing to reduce the impact of our operations on the environment.

We maintain a strong governance framework and processes across the organisation and seek to have a wider positive impact on society by understanding and prioritising employed needs, doing business responsibly and reaching out to our local communities.

2021 achievements

- New contracts to support a range of customer products and infrastructure, including high performance electric vehicles, more efficient aircraft, offshore renewable energy, micro turbines, and surgical robotics
- Continuing high levels of employee engagement as demonstrated in our 2021 employee engagement survey.
- Continued maturing safety culture through the introduction of 15 global minimum standards based on ISO 45001 thinking and our analytical safety reporting tool.
- ED&Froadmap launched Group wide Continued our STEM education community outreach work
- Became corporate partners of the Institute of Environmental Management & Assessment (IEMA).
- Switch to renewable electricity tariffs for sites able to access them
- 25% reduction in operational Scope
 1 & 2 emissions during the year and
 41% reduction vs 2019
- Committed to Net Zero Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2035 with a short-term target of 50% reduction by the end of 2023 vs 2019
- Greater focus on reducing use of single-use plastics and diverting waste to landfill
- Undertook Group-wice dimate risk and opportunities assessment. Read more on page 51.
 Introduction of site environmental.

action plans

2022 actions

- Roll out ED&I training to all employees.
 - Consider introduction of ED&i KPIs.
- Launch of UK graduate recrustment programme.
- Transition remaining sites to renewable energy tariffs where they are available.
- Undertake feasibility studies for possible solar projects
 Undertake feasibility studies for renewable electricity projects in Mexico and China
- Launch Group wide Sustainability Policy
- Set baseline for measuring Scope 3 emissions under significant categories and clarify intention for reductions
- Partnership with CDP to measure and reduce earbon emissions in our supply chain
- Further work on reducing the use of single-use plastics and waste to landfill.
- Detailed climate risk and opportunities scenario analysis. Regin collecting data on other greenhouse gases. Internal audit to verify.

environmental data



Strategic report

CFO REVIEW

BUILDING Momentum

We are making tangot: progress towards double-digit adjusted operating margins, and we are confident that TT's momentum will continue.

Mark Hoad, Chief Financial Officer

Overview

Group revenue for the year at £476.2 million was 14 per cent higher than the prior year at constant currency and 10 per cent higher on an organic basis. There was a strong improvement in our financial performance with adjusted operating profit up by 31 per cent compared to 2020, reflecting the benefits of growth and our self-help programme.

In common with the broader industry. we have experienced supply chain. challenges with extended lead times component shortages and notable cost inflation. These have been largely mitigated through price increases, although there can be a lag effect During the year, we adapted software tools and data analytics to enhance visibility of parts availability and sourcing in certain areas, helping to mitigate the impact of cost increases and lead-time. extensions for our customers. We expect these cost headwinds and supply chain. challenges to continue through 2022 but are confident of our ability to manage. these, in partnership with our customers and deliver on our growth plans

There has been exceptionally strong order intake across the Group, reflecting underlying strength in our markets and new oustomer wins as well as customers committing earlier to secure capacity. Order intake for 2021 was 137 per cent of revenue. The order book at the end of February 2022 is at record levels.

Adjusted operating profit was £34.8 miltion, 31 per cent higher than the prior year at constant currency. The adjusted operating margin was £3 per cent and, excluding the start-up costs related to Virolens, the adjusted run rate margin was 8.1 per cent. After the impact of adjusting items, including restructuring and acquisition and disposal costs, the Group's full year statutory operating profit was £19.3 million.

During the year we invested in our self-help programme to support margin improvement, and in inventory to support our high levels of growth, our increased customer order book and supply chain constraints on certain

Results for the year ended 31 December 2021

		Adjus*e	d results		Statutory	/results
Emillion (unless other wise stated)	2021	2020	Change	Change constant FX	2021	2020
Revenue	476.2	431.8	10%	14°°	476.2	431 B
Operating profit	34.8	275	27%	21 a	19.3	ნ ს
Operating profit margin	7.3%	64%	90ops	100pps	4.1%	1 5%
Profit befole taxation	31.5	23.8	32%	36%	16.0	29
Earnings per share	14.5p	11 Fp	24%	28%	7.3p	0.8p
Dividend per share	5.6p	4 (2			5.6p	1.70
Returnion invested capital	9.1%	77%				
Cast conversion	65%	130%				
Free cash flow				Į	(1.3)	14.4
Net dept				į.	102.5	93.8
I everage					1,7x	1.5x

¹ mulgical tradition of the ere to increment Allering energy consequences and independent of the consequence of the following consequences of the consequence of the energy of the en

component parts. Cash conversion of 65 per cent (2020: 130 per cent) reflected this investment and included a working capital outflow totaling £14.7 million. This investment was partially offset by realising £9.1 million of proceeds from property disposals. On a statutory basis, each flow from operating activity was £14.3 million 120.20, £28.2 million). There was a free cash outflow of £1.3 million (2020, £14.4 million inflow). Dividend payments totalled £11.4 million (2020, £ nit).

We ended the year with net debt of £102.5 million (2020.£83.9 million) including IF RS 16 lease liabilities of £22.6 million (2020.£15.9 million). We have a strong balance sheet, and this includes a defined benefit pension scheme fully funded on an actuaria and self-sufficiency basis. At 31 December 2021 leverage was 1.7 times (2020.1.6 times), within the Board's target leverage range of 1.2 times.

Our return on invested capital improved to 9.1 per cent in 2021, increasing by 140 basis points due to the growth in adjusted operating profit.

Financial review

Revenue

Group revenue was £476.2 malain (2000) £131.8 million. This included a £16.2 million contribution from acquisitions and adverse currency translation of £12.7 million. Group revenue was 14 per cent higher than the prior year at constant currency and 10 per cent higher on an organic basis. Sales volumes in key markets, with the notable exception of commercial verospace, have robusted and the strength of our order pook latter all time high, and pipeline of new business opportunities gives us confidence that this momentum will continue.

Operating profit and margin

The Group's adjusted operating profit was £34.8 million (2020 £27.5 million) and statutory operating profit was £19.3m (2020 £6.6 million) after a charge for items exoluded from adjusted operating profit of £15.5 million (2020 £20.9 million) including

- Restructuring costs of £7.8 million (2020) £14.5 million) comprising £5.9 million relating to the restructure of the North America Resistors business. £1.5 million relating to the closure of our futter worth site, and £2.4 million reating to the other elements of our self-help programme. These costs were partially offset by a gain of £2.7 million from the disposal of freehold properties at Covina and Corpus Christi (2020) £1.2 million property gain. In addition to this there was a net gain of £0.3 million relating to pension projects.
- Add us tion and disposal costs totalled £7.7 million (2020-£3.2 million) comprising £2.6 million (2020-£3.2 million) of integration and acquisition costs relating primarily to the Torotel integration and the Ferranti acquisition which completed early in 2022. Amortisation of intangible assets arising on business combinations was £5.1 million (2020-£4.2 million). In 2020, there was a £1.0 million direct due to the release of the warranty and claims provision relating to the Transportation business.

The adjusted operating morgin of 73 per cent (2020, 6.4 per cent) includes the start up costs to establish the Virolens product the Excluding these costs, the adjusted numerate operating margin was 8.1 per cent. In simprovement reflects operational leverage on our sales growth and the pencific of our self-ficing programme and was delivered despite increases in input costs linked to supply chain constraints, which we are in the products of recovering through prior increases.

Finance costs

The net finance cost was £3.3 million (2020-£3.7 million)

Tax

The Group's overall tax charge was £3.2 million (2020) £1.6 million), including a £3.0 million credit (2020) £2.7 million credit) on items excluded from adjusted profit. The adjusted tax charge was £6.2 million (2020) £4.3 million), resulting in an effective adjusted tax rate of 19.6 per cent (2020) 18.1 per cent).

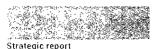
Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (FPS) was 7.3 pence (2020, 0.8 pence) reflecting the increase in operating profit and the reduction in adjusting items set out above. Adjusted FPS increased to 14.5 pence (2020, 11.7 pence), reflecting the improved adjusted operating profit in the period.

Cashflow

Adjusted operating cash inflow was £39.5 million (2020, £49.0 million inflow). Improved profitability was more than offset by a working capital outflow of £14.7 million (2020-£3.6 million inflow), including a £42 6 mill on investment in inventory to support the strong order book and to deal with supply chain. constraints. Capital and development expenditure increased to £16.8 million (2020, £13.2 million) reflecting investment to support growth and as part of the soft-help programme. This resulted in adjusted operating cash conversion of 65 per cent (2020-130 per cent: On a statutory basis loash flow from operating activity was £14.3 million (2020 £28.2 m Hori)

There was a free cash outflow of £13 million (2020 inflow £114 million), net of £59 million of restructuring and acquisition related costs (2020-£31 million).



relating to the solf-help programme and acquisition costs associated with the Covins and former acquisitions. Cash

Covina and forotel acquisitions. Cash restructuring costs were not of £9.1 million of property disposal proceeds. Pension contribution payments in the year totalled £5.5 million (2020-£5.4 million).

Investments in acquisitions totalled £0.5 million (2020 £48 7 million) relating to deferred consideration on a prior year acquisition. The spend in 2020 reflected the acquisition of Covina, the acquisition of forotel, Inc, including £3.0 million of debt acquired with Torotel, Inc and £3.8 million of debt like items, as well as £0.5 million of deferred consideration relating to a prior year acquisition in 2020 there was £20.2 million of equity issuance which primarily related to the Torotel acquisition placing Dividend payments totalled £11.4 million (2020: £ nil).

Cash flow, net debt and leverage

The table below sets out Group each flows and net debt movement

At 31 December 2021 the Group's net debt was £102.5 million (31 December 2020 £83.9 million), including £22.6 million of lease liabilities (31 December 2020 £15.9 million).

Consistent with the Group's borrowing agreements, which exclude the impact of IFRS 16, Leases, leverage ratio was 1 / times at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020 1 6 times). Net interest cover was 13 5 times (31 December 2020, 12.6 times). The Group's debt covenants state that the leverage ratio must not exceed 3.0 times and that interest cover must be more than 4.0 times.

Dividend

Given our strong trading performance in 2021 and the positive outlook for 2022 and beyond, the Board is proposing a final dividend of 3.8 pence per share. The total cash cost of this dividend will be approximately £6.7 million. This, when combined with the interim dividend of 1.8 pence per share gives an increased total dividend of 5.6 pence (2020, 4.7 pence per share). Payment of the dividend will be made on 20 May 2022, to shareholders on the register at 29 April 2022.

Outlook

We continue to enhance the quality of our businesses and are making langible; progress towards double digit adjusted operating margins. We have started 2022 with a record order book, which gives us the confidence and the visibility to achieve our growth plans for the year whilst continuing to manage the ongoing cost and supply chain challenges in partnership with our customers.

As a result, we are confident that T I's momentum will continue, with the outlook for financial performance in 2022 in line with management expectations, although we are mindful of increased geopolitical uncertainty. With good customer wins, strength in our target markets, and the commercial aerospace recovery still to come, we believe the Group is in a strong position for the future.

Cash flow and net debt

r mattern	2021	2020
Agusterrogerati giptaht	34.8	27.5
2- prepation and american his	16.1	17 1
transcorne diministrarigibles.	-	1. 2
Net 13 makes permittire	(14.9)	(4.0)
Capito se colorident richino tare	(1.9)	6₹9
Working rapita	(14.7)	₹15
$\alpha_{\rm d}$ 6.	3.3	. 41
Adjusted operating cash flow after capex.	22.7	35 8
Rejumed Liberating Lattin Internet	65%	136 -
Technierest and tax	(8.7)	(9.8
Lindon DBy Ments	(3.9)	(41.
Restriction gradiquisitori and repostative del Liosino	(5.9)	rá l,
Sulvenial (horient stokales	(5.5)	15.4
Free cash flow	(1.3)	:4 1
Livoure:	(11.4)	-
Emagnetic winder	3.9	1,
rigarty i san Nair de red	1.4	2.2
Acquist of the Impossibility o	(0.5)	(45.7
ંજુરા	(0.5)	12.3
Increase in net debt	(8.4)	:8.8.
Opening programme	(83.9)	(191
New all durent mildstell and surrendered lesses	(10.8)	(0.15)
Brasengs eta. 11	_	b)
EX (a) (1) J1 (9)	0.6	(4
Closing net debt	(102.5)	(33.4)

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To tach place, a last construction of each construction and against the construction of general actions of a section of the action of a construction of the constructi

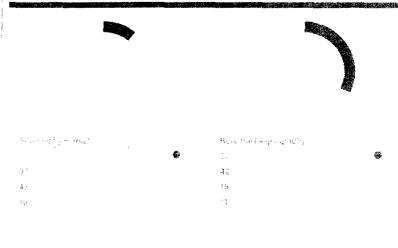
CFO REVIEW CONTINUED

POWER AND CONNECTIVITY

Overview

Revenue increased by £15.1 million to £140.2 million (2020, £1251 million). There was a £15,2 million revenue cartribution from Torote: which we acquired in Norchber 2006 and there was an advisse Courses without of £3,4 on Cor Cognition and the constitution of nighters to grow to an eafour. healthcare and automation & electrification whill stance space. volumes declined, particularly io († 2021 against Q1 2625 which was not propagled by COVID-16.

Revenue breakdown



Sammo at highlights

	2021	2020	Change	Change constant fx
Revenue	£140.2m	£125 lm	12%	15°.
Adjusted operating profit	£7.8m	£10.3m	(24)%	(21)26
Adjusted operating profit margin	5.6%	8.2%	(260)bps	(250)bps

which gives the state of the solution of the state of th

300/0

of Group revenue

10

Primary locations

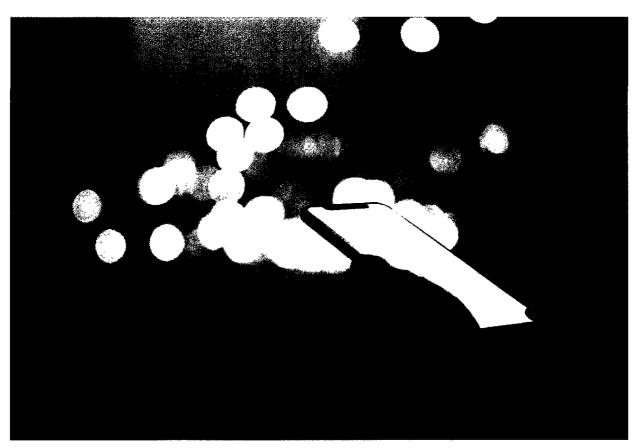
1,559

Adjusted operating profit reduced by £2.5 million to £7.5 million (2020, £10.3 million). Included within this was a profit contribution of £1.5 million from the forotel acquisition. The adjusted operating margin was 5.6 per cent (2020, 8.7 per cent) which was impacted in part by a lag in the recovery of higher material and freight costs given the longer cycle nature of the division. Fun rate divisional margins were 3.3 per cent excluding the starting costs incurred in relation to the Virolens project.

Operational excellence initiatives included the closure of the division's Lutterworth, UK site and manufacturing has been transferred to Radingson or The dosure consolidates the division's operations further within its existing operations for their within its existing operational footprint. We also intrated the footprint rationalisation at Covina with the business being consolidated into the Torotel site at Kansas Cry as one power business. The full benefits of these actions will be realised in 2023 and will support adoit onal investment in 58.0.

Employees





The Virolens production line was completed during the year and the product received its first regulatory approval from the MHRA in Great Britain. While we understand dialogue continues with other regulators there have been no further approvals.

There have been some notable contract awards during the year, including

 Our engineering team in Minneapolis, Minnesota collaborated with Radwave Technologies, an innovative surgical navigation tracking technology company to develop smaller, more accurate sensor coils which support new procedures in structural heart and orthopaedic healthcare. This example is evidence of the success of our cross-selling efforts as our GMS business will also provide complete. system manufacturing under an exclusive five-year contract. We also reached an agreement to become Padwave's exclusive provider of navigation sensors and early in 2022 further extended our partnership to the manufacturing of control unit and field generating antenna.

- In aerospace & defence, a cross selling opportunity that TT brought to the Torotel business generated over \$2 million (over £1.5 million) in orders in 2021 for complex, ruggedised wire harness assemblies. We won through partnering with a major customer and investing in the capabilities needed to succeed in this market. We are now positioned to partner with other aerospace and defence customers to provide this product. With a second aerospace and defence prime, 14 used its supply chain expertise to significantly reduce lead times and was the only supplier positioned to secure critical materials and meet programme requirements
- In October, we were awarded a contract. with a major defence prime RBSL, for the main ÚK army vehicle programme for the next 10-20 years. We will provide complex high reliability power electronics assemblies to the Boxer vehicles. The multi-year contract worth over £5 million is centred around the development of two types of primary power assemblies and secures us a spot within the mechanised infantry vehicle supply chain. We will lead the design, production and delivery of the battery control units enabling increased efficiency of the vehicle power management system as well as the command display units providing signailing and communications functionality on every Boxer vehicle

In January 2022 we were delighted to complete the £9 million acquisition of Ferranti Power and Control (P&C), based in Greater Manchester, which designs and manufactures mission. ontical complex power and control sub assemblies for blue chip customers. in high-reliability and high performance end markets, primarily aerospace and defence. One of the principal benefits of the acquisition is that it brings highly skilled employees who provide full-service capabilities from design, assembly, manufacturing, and testing including environmental stress screening and inspection through to service

Lerranti P&C adds further technology capability, IP and scale to our Power business with valuable long term customer relationships and programmes with leading global aerospace, defence and industrial OEMs operating in highly regulated markets with significant barriers to entry through necessary industry accreditations and customer approvals.

The acquisition is expected to be modestly earnings enhancing, to generate miditeeris operating margins and to generate a return on invested capital in excess of the Group's WACC in year one. We expect to generate bost synergies of circa £0.4 million by year three.

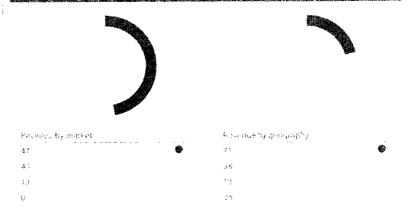
CFO REVIEW CONTINUED

GLOBAL MANUFACTURING SOLUTIONS

Overview

Revenue increased by £22.6 million to £230.1 million (2020). £10.18 million uncluding that it is a control of the first of the control of the first of the first

Revenue breakdown



46%

of Group revenue

6

Primary locations

Eniployees

1,590

Fauncial highlights

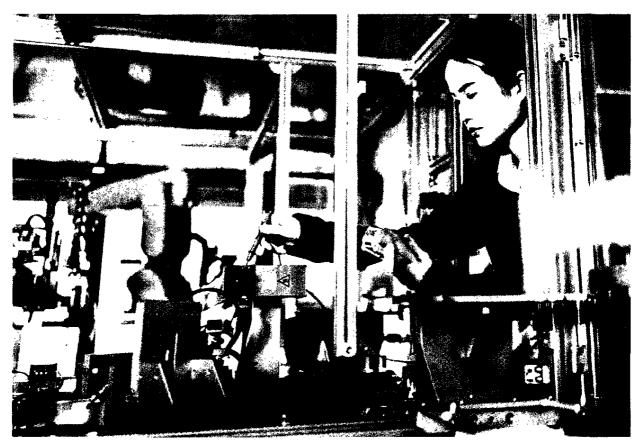
	2021	20 <u>\$</u> 0	Change_	Change constant fx
Revenue	£220.1m	£1975m	11:6	14%
Adjusted operating profit	£18.3m	£150m	22%	24%
Adjusted operating profit margin	8.3%	76%	7Gbps	6Cbps

A segret que la que de propriétable de la completa del completa del completa de la completa de la completa de la completa de la completa del completa del completa del completa de la completa del com

This division has performed incred bly well in 2021 refricting our robust platform and targeted move towards customers who value our partnership and who are winners in their own growth markets. Work on positioning this business as a partner to our customers to win long-termindremental business is reflected in our order book growth.

The addition of GMS capability to the Kuantan site in Malaysia back in 2020 has added value through the expansion of our high level assembly capabilities to a variety of key customers. The order book is such that the division is fully booked for 2022.





Adjusted operating profit increased by £3.3 million to £18.3 million (2020 £15.0 million). The increase reflects operational leverage on the organic growth delivered and benefits from our self help programme, including factory efficiencies. The adjusted operating profit margin improved to 8,3 per cent (2020, 7,6 per cent).

During the year, in the face of increasing supply chain headwinds, we adapted software tools and data analytics to enhance visibility of parts availability and sourcing hoiping to mitigate the impact of cost increases and lead time extensions for our customers. Despite this intense focis, inventory levels at the year end were impacted by increasing lead times on critical component parts.

There have been a number of significant new customer awards during 2021 which will impact future years as follows

- GMS wen a contract with a world leading life sciences customer for machines used in spectrometry elemental isotope analysis to understand the chemistry and composition of materials in healthcare and life sciences. We won the contract from an underperforming competitor based on our service and product quality. Demand from this customer continues to be driven by post pandemic growth in healthcare and life sciences technology markets.
- We won a contract with a new obstomer. Azenta Life Sciences based on our reputation with another medical prime. We are engaging on multiple services including value add and vertical integration. Azenta was looking for a manufacturing partner in Asia where a substantial amount of its life sciences revenue is realised, which could help mitigate global supply chain tisks.
- A contract has been awarded with a long-standing customer to create a complete end to end supply chain solution for a next generation silicon carbon (SiC) inverter, a key component used in high performance electric vehicles. TT collaborated with this customer through the early design phase of the project and has been appointed the exclusive manufacturing partner for the SiC inverter.
- A new project with a renewable energy provider to provide solutions for voltage converters in offshore substations.
 This continues a ten year collaboration to provide manufacturing solutions for multiple renewable energy projects.
- We are providing complex high-level assembly solutions for a customer's innovative micro-turbine generator technology that powers some of the largest mobile networks and TowerCos worldwide. TT is supporting this customer to provide cleaner, energy solutions that are transforming the off grid telecoms power sector, providing clean, affordable and rehable power.

CFO REVIEW CONTINUED

SENSORS AND SPECIALIST COMPONENTS

Overview

Revenue increased by £6.7 million to £115.9 million (2.00 £160.2 million occupit 10.00 £100.2 million occupit 20.00 £5.2 million Organic revenue was 11 per cent higher, with the divisions exposure to the nationation & electrification cocket for driver of mereased persect.

Revenue breakdown

Coverage by each splay

Coverage by gradingly

24º/o

of Group revenue

Primary locations

Employees

1,520

Engancial Fighlights

THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF

	2021_	2020	Change	Change constant fx
Revenue	£115.9m	£109.2m	6º,	110.
Adjusted operating profit	£16.4m	£9.4m	743-	82%
Adjusted operating profit margin'	14.2%	86%	560bps	550bps

The second of the factor of the contract of the c

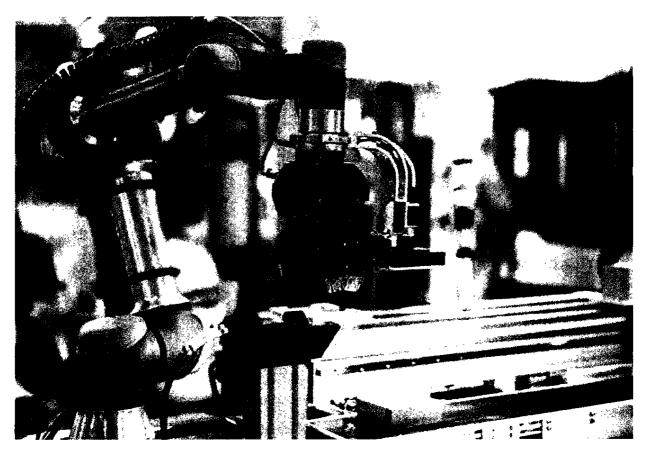
This business is in the sweet spet of enabling our customers to reach their sustainability goals with components for smart energy and city infrastructure and factory automation.

Dospite usually having limited visibility the order book in this division has increased significantly reflecting strong underlying demand but also in part, obstomers committing orders further ahead to protect the risupply chains and responding to lead time extensions.

Accusted operating profit increased by Fill million to FTC 1 million (2020) £9.4 million. Operating profit reflects the benefits of our self herp programme some of which was achieved ahead of schedule and the strong operational leverage on our revenue growth. We benefited from our agility in adapting our







pricing strategies including timely price increases to offset ongoing material and freight cost increases. The adjusted operating profit margin was up 560 bps to 142 per cent (2020, 8.6 per cent).

As part of the Group's ongoing self help programme, the closures of the sites in Barbados, Carrollton and Corpus Christi, fexas were completed in the year and we moved to our new facility in Plano, Texas. We have invested in capacity and improved yields which are enabling volumes to be produced at higher rates and are focused on improving our customer experience.

There were a number of favourable developments during the year which will benefit the business, including

 We won a contract for defibrillator resistors which involved a collaboration between our engineers in the UK with our sales capabilities in Asia. The win includes production as well as test equipment charges.

- We recently launched a revolutionary optical sensory array ElexSenset M designed to optimise optical encoder applications for evolving automation and healthcare markets. This product meets customer requirements for customised, high end optical encoder sensors which can be configured for higher resolution, a faster response and smaller footprint traise enables acceleration of time to market and manufacturing throughput for our customers.
- We have a proven track record for providing quality resistors for a technology and innovation customer. This customer awarded a contract for current sense and fusible resistors to ensure the safety of its battery pack for its industry leading, high reliability and high specification products.

CFO REVIEW CONTINUED

Dividend policy and dividend

The Board has a progressive dividend policy, which primarily takes into account adjusted earnings cover, but also sees beyond this to take into account other factors such as the expected underlying growth of the business, its capital and other investment requirements and its pension obligations. The Group's balance sheet position and its ability to generate cash are also considered.

The Board considers these factors in the context of the Group's Principal risks which are set out on pages 67 to 70, and the overall risk profile of the Group

The Group's ability to pay a dividend is impacted by the distributable reserves available in the parent Company, which operates as a holding company, primarily deriving its net income from dividends paid by its subsidiary companies. At 31 December 2021. LE Electronics plc had £209.5 milhon of distributable reserves, sufficient to pay dividends for the foreseeable future. The parent Company Balance Sheet is set out on page 191.

Given the strong performance in 2021 and the positive outlook for 2022 and beyond, the Board is proposing a final dividend of 3.8 pence per share, which gives a total dividend of 5.6 pence, up 19% compared to prior year. Payment of the dividend will be made on 20 May 2022, to shareholders on the register at 29 April 2022.

Pensions

The Group has one significant defined benefit scheme in the UK and some much smaller defined benefit schemes in the US. All the Group's defined benefit schemes are closed to new members and to future accrual.

The total net accounting surplus under the Group's defined benefit pension schemes was £74.5 million (2020-£30.5 million). The main driver of this was a rise in torporate bondly ends inducing the Scheme's benefit ubligation and an indicase in the fair value of assets due to investment performance. The surplus also increased due to company contributions paid of £5.5 million as the contribution plan continued targoting self-sufficiency and further delir sking.

During the year, the Group completed a Pension Increase Exchange (PIF) exercise where eligible current pensioner. members were offered the option to exchange their future non statutory pension increases for an additional amount of level pension. The effect of this exercise was to increase the net accounting surplus by £0.3 million after deducting work carried out during the year to cleanse the scheme data. These activities are part of the Group's ongoing effort to reduce risk and uncertainty, effectively manage the liabilities, and improve the scheme data as we look towards an ultimate buyout of the UK pension liabilities.

Net accounting pension surplus

The Group has developed a strategy to manage the financial risk associated with its defined benefit schemes as follows:

- Maintaining a long-term working partnership with the Trustee to ensure strong governance of risks within the TT Group scheme. The TT Group section is a long term under taking and is managed accordingly, in order to provide security to members' benefits and value for money to the Group.
- A prudent investment strategy is pursued by seeking risk rewarded long term returns whist removing the majority of Lability mismatching unrewarded risks. As the scheme's funding position has improved, so the scheme's investment strategy has been gradually de risked to reduce scheme volatility.
- The Group has in place fir ancial hedging that aims to remove the majority of interest rate and inflation related risks. As the schome funding has improved the level of hedging has been increased. We are now fully hedged on a self-suffic erroy basis. which means that we are now over heaged on an accounting basis. At the current level the approximate impact on the reported surplus accounting position of a 10 bps fall in interest. rates would be a circa £1 mili on improvement in the position (which would be otherwise be a circa £9. million deterioration if the heagh worn not in place, thereby reducing volatility Conversely a 10bps rise in interest rates would result in a circa £1 million reduction in accounting surplus all else being equal. This stratingly has been in place for a number of years protecting the LL Group scheme's position since December 2013 when yields commenced a prolonged decline.

• The Group recognises that seeking rewarded risk returns in its investment strategy could lead to short term fluctuations in funding levels depending on market conditions. The Group considers that by maintaining a good relationship with the Trustee, it will be able to utilise flexibility in the funding regime to even out the impact of short-term market underperformance to enhance predictability of Group pension contributions. This creates a suitable balance between the needs of the 1T Group scheme, the Group, and the Members

The assets and liabilities of the Group's UK defined benefit schemes are summansed below, together with the Group pension surplus.

in kr	2021	2020
Financete	An G	14.7
	6775	6.15 B
(PK - 0.60 ps) + 10 (R)	,23	55.1
Objects Penagaros (C)	::	(40)
The wint of kindley	74.7	٠,

Following the triennial valuation of the £ i. Group scheme as at April 2019, an actuarial valuation of the US defined benefit schemes was carried out by independent qualified actuaries in 2021 uping the projected unit credit method

Further details of the Group's defined benefit schemes are in Note 21 on page 178 of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Financial risk management and treasury policies

The Group's Treasury activities are managed centrally by the Group Treasury Function, which reports to the Chief Financial Officer. The Treasury Function operates within written policies and delegation levels that have been approved by the Board.

The Group's main financial risks relate to funding and liquidity, interest rate fluctuations and currency exposures. The overall policy objective is to use financial instruments to manage financial risks arising from underlying business activities and therefore the Group does not undertake speculative transactions for which there is no underlying financial exposure. The Group manages transactional foreign exchange positions by hedging a minimum of 75 per cent of expected net cash flow exposures for the next 12 months and 50 per cent of expected not cash flow exposures for the period from 12 to 24 months.

More details of the Group's Treasury operations are set out in Note 20 on page 169 of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Funding and liquidity

The Group's operations are funded through a combination of retained profits, equity and borrowings. Borrowings are generally raised at Group level from a group of relationship banks and lent to operating subsidiaries. The Group maintains sufficient available committed borrowings to meet any forecasted funding requirements.

Net debt and gearing

At 31 December 2021 the Group's net debt was £102.5 million (31 December 2020 £83.9 million), including £22.6 million of lease liabilities (31 December 2020, £15.9 million).

At 31 December 2021 the Group had available undrawn committed and uncommitted facilities of £272.4 million. The Group's borrowings are in the form of a multi-currency Revolving Credit Facility (RCF) and private placement fixed rate loan notes (PP). The RCF matures in November 2023, with no short term re-financing risk for the Group. In August 2021, T.T. agreed a debut £75 million PP issue with three institutional investors. The funds were received in December 2021 and the issue is evenly split between 7 and 10.

year maturities with an average interest rate of 2.9% and covenants in line with our bank facility. The private placement complements at an attractive rate, the Group's existing bank revolving credit facility, diversifying our sources of debt funding and providing us with a stable, long term financing structure

The Group's ieverage is usually expressed in terms of its net debt/adjusted EB:TDA ratio. The Group's main financial covenants in its RCF and PP notes state that net debt must be below 3.0 times adjusted EBITDA, and adjusted EBITDA is required to cover interest charges excluding interest on pension schemes by at least 4.0 times.

Leverage ratio

The Group's year end leverage ratio of 1.7 times is within the Group's target range of 1.2 times. Under the Group's borrowing agreements, the figure for net debt used in the calculation of the net debt/adjusted EBILDA gearing ratio calculation is translated at an average foreign exchange rate with IPRS 16 lease liabilities and other IFRS 16 impacts excluded in addition, there are other adjustments including the exclusion of certain specified items from EBITDA.

On this basis, not dobt/adjusted FBITDA was 1 / times at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020, 1.6 times) Interest cover at 31 December 2021 was 13 5 times (31 December 2020, 12.6 times)

TT's capital allocation policy is set within the framework of a target Group net debt/EBITDA gearing ratio that lies within a range of 1.2 times in current market conditions.

A further summary of the Group's borrowings and maturities are set out in Note 19 on page 168 of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Foreign currency translation

The following are the average and closing rates of the foreign currencies that have the most impact on the translation into sterling of the Group's Income Statement and Balance Sheet.

£million	2021	2520
Laborate Statement	Average rate	
\$ £	1.33	_8
4615 £	3).	237
Palanne Sheet	Cosmy sate	
\$. t.	1.25	- 3 '
RMET	8 5.1	894

Foreign exchange translation exposure arises on the earnings of operating companies based in the US and China, with additional lesser exposures elsewhere in the world

Interest rates

The Group monitors its exposure to interest rates to bring greater stability and certainty to its borrowing costs. The policy is to have between 25 per cent and 75 per cent of the Group's debt subject to a fixed interest rate.

Going concern

See page 71 for the Going concernistatement

HOW WE ARE PERFORMING

UR KPIs

Financial

KPI description and why it is important

Organic revenue growth (%)

The percentage change in revenue from continuing operations in the current year compared to the prior year, excluding the effects of currency movements, divestments and acquisitions. This measures the like-forlike growth or decline of the business Sustainable organic revenue growth. is an indicator of value creation. It reflects a combination of conditions in our markets and our success in gaining market share from serving our customers better

Adjusted operating profit margin (%)

Adjusted operating profit as a percentage of revenue. Adjusted eperating profit margin is an indicator of our ability over the longer term to extract fair value from our products and services, driver by a mixture of increasing revenue and an optimised cost base.

Adjusted earnings per share (pence)

The profit for the year attributable to sharcholders excluding items not included within adjusted operating profit divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year Adjusted EPS summarises the overal? financial performance of the Group including revenue growth, operating margin, the cost of debt finance, and the rate of underlying taxation.

Cash conversion (%)

Adjusted operating cash flow including capital expenditure divided by adjusted operating profit. Cash conversion measures how effectively profit is converted into cash and, within this reflects the management of working capital and capital expenditure. A high revel of cash conversion aids investment in the business, enables the Group to be liver increased returns for shareholders, and supports a strong balance sheet

Medium-term target

3-5% organic revenue growth annually over the medium term

Five-year performance chart

2021

0017

7 20

10.0% **2020**: (12)% 2.123 (12)% 1119 2010

2021 progress

Organic revenue was 10 0% higher reflecting the post COVID recovery and good growth in our focus end markets

Double-digit margin by 2023

1.5%	2020; 6.4%
2021	7.3%
2020	6 4%
, 114	408
2 (19	٠8٠
. 11	5 Pt

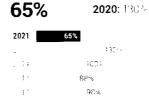
Adjusted operating margin increased 90 bps to 731 reflecting operational leverage on good top line growth and the benefits of our setf help programme Sun rate margin of 8.1%, excluding V rolens costs

Double-digit adjusted EPS growth annually at constant currency over the medium



Adjusted EPS was 14.5 pence, primarily reflecting the higher adjusted operating profit in the period

90%+ cash conversion annually over the medium term



Cash conversion reduced to 65% as a result of the Group's investment in inventory to support the strong order book and to deal with supply chain constraints. Capitar and development expenditure also increased to support growth and as part of the self help programme.



Financial

KPI description and why it is important

Return on invested capital

Adjusted operating profit for the year divided by average invested capital for the year. Average invested capital excludes pensions, provisions, tax balances, derivative financial assets and liabilities, cash and borrowings It is calculated at average rates taking into account monthly balances. Return on invested capital is a measure of how efficiently the Group is utilising its assets, relative to profitability. in generating shareholder returns

Medium-term target

Exceed the cost of holding assets with year-on-year increases

Five-year performance chart

9.1%	2020: 7.7%
2021	9.1%
2520	7.7 %
2019	168%
2019	11.5%
2017	10.6%
i in to contribu	forther mit-

2021 progress

12021 progress

s£/4 million

We have continued to invest

in the with our target of 5% of

product sales. Our total R&D

investment over seven years

ROIC increased to 91% due to the volume driven profit increase.

Non-financial

KPI description and why it is important

R&D investment as a % of sales

R&D cash investment as a percentage of revenue. This metric excludes GMS which is a manufacturing services. business and has no R&D. A consistent and sustainable level of R&D investment enables us to introduce new products that increase our revenue and deliver on our purpose to solve technology challenges for a sustainable world

Safety performance (number of three day lost-time incidents)

The number of workplace health and safety incidents that resulted in employees, contractors or visitors needing to be off work for three days or more. The number of incidents measures how well we are executing on our commitment to raise safety standards globally and protect our people on our journey to zero haran.

Employee engagement score

Results from a Best Companies I to third party survey which gathers anonymous employee feedback and scores against eight success factors Having engaged employees is crucial to attracting and maintaining the talent we need to execute our strategy. We have changed to report the more accurate total index score this year

Scope 1 & 2 emissions

'otal amount of carbon dioxide equivalent tonnes (tCO et of Scope 1) & 2 emissions from operations. Details of the calculation method are set out. on page 58. Reducing our Scope 1 & 2 emissions is a critical part of reducing our environmental footprint

Medium temi target

investment at around 5 per cent of revenue annually over the

Maintain R&D

medium term

reduction in incidents. ultimately leading

to zero harm

Year-on-year

Survey-onsurvey increase in the Group's engagement score over the medium term

Annual reductions vs our 2019 baseline 50% reduction by 2023 vs 2019 Net Zero by 2035

Five-year nerformance chart

2020: 4.8% 4.5% 2021

2. . 4.8% 4.19 51% 0.13 5.13 1.1 464

2020: 5 · 2021 5,020

1.49 ेन्ड 17 1.00

718.5

time incidents in 2021, in line with the previous year. We continue to focus on building

We had five three day lost-

a strong safety culture across the Group which has included the recent introduction of 15 global minimum standards based on ISO 45001 & ISO 14001 thinking

2021 5948 119 ्रात 6783 101. ნას 0

2020: 6948

 $(p-r)(1-g_{2r}) = (p-r) \in \mathfrak{g}$ 41% reduction since 2019

2021	15,740
2135	20 875
2.19	26.657

Our Best Companies Index engagement score increased again in 2021. to 7185 in line with the two star 'outstanding companies to work for Best Companies Ltd benchmark More than 80% of our employees participated in the 2021 survey.

We delivered a further decrease in Scope 1 & 2 emissions in 2021 driven by the transition of our UK's testo renewable energy tar ffs. site-specific energy reduction. pactivities and the closure of some sites

ENGAGING WITH OUR

STAKEHOLDERS

Engagement with our stakeholders is key to the long term success of our business. We use the knowledge and feedback garned from our chalchelders to push on this near for ward and reapond to key required and multishing the length on the multishing in the multishing in the multishing.

The Board fully understands its role. in this process and regularly reviews the Group's key stakeholders and the impacts our activities have on these groups. The Board encourages open and purposeful engagement so that they can use clear and honest feedback to assist in their decision making processes. The nature of Board meetings allows information about our stakeholders to flow from the workforce through commercial teams and sen or management to the Board and back down the organisational structure. The Board also actively seeks feedback from external advisers to help form its strategic decisions.

This section shows how the Board engages with stakeholders. More information on the Board's approach to ST /2 can be found on page 62, which sets out as an example decisions taken by the Board in the context of an M&A integration process and how coils deration of otaxcholder views and needs influenced these decisions.

Stakeholder

DISTANCES AND SHEETING

Our activities that affect them

- R&D
- Products, including those supporting environmental sustainability
- Operations and production pipeline
- Safety, environmental quality control and reliability
- Legal and regulatory compliance
- Payment practices
 Responsible business practices
- Culture and purpose
 I.I. Way values and conducting business with integrity
 Safety and wellbring
 Iraining and development
 Group employment policies
 Engagement activities
 ED&I
- Environmental sustainability
- Emancial performance Leadership Governance and transparency Sustainability
- Reputation
- Communication
- Products that solve technology challenges for a sustainable world.
- Responsible business practices

 Environmental practices and
 sustainability

 Employment training and
 apprenticeships
- FD&r focus
 Local supply chains
 Supporting local communities



Strategic report

How we engage at Board level

CFO and Board regularly receive reports from divisions and internal Councils on key customer and supplier initiatives

- The Board reviews and approves payment practices
- The Board reviews and approves responsible business practices and targets

Oversight of Group culture

- HSE updates at each Board meching Non-executive Director, CEO and OLO site visits
- CFO and Senior Independent Director (SID) are members of the People Social, Environmental and Ethics (PSEF) Committee
 Oversight of FD&I roadmap
 Review of employee engagement survey findings
- Approval of environmental sustainability targets.

Fig. 3 & 100 - 100 324 6 20

- Regular report to the Board or investor views including around environmental sustamability
- Charman and SID availability to shareholders.
- Remuneration consultation activities Results: Annual Report and AGM
- A partie in the country of 186

Oversight of Group strategy including FSG strategy and performance

- The Board reviews and approves responsible business practices and targets
- CEO and SID are members of the PSEE Committee

How we engage across the Group

- Day to day contact on supply chain, products and service.
 R&D partnerships.
- Collaboration across divisions to meet customer needs including through our Business Development and Supply Chain Councils
- Voice of the Customer formal feedback.
- Supplier assessments
- Regular communication activities
 Employee engagement survey
 site employee forums and Town Halls
 with ELT members
 Be Inspired recognition scheme
- Training and development activities aligned to business and employee needs
 FD&I Councils at many sites.
- Career conversations and personal performance development plans.

The Hipping pages 40 and 52

Appropriate governance policies

- Alignment of business with Group strategy.
- Engaging employees with Group strategy
- Collection of data supporting ESG strategy

on feedback this year

How we delivered

- Continued focus on cleaner, smarter and healthier solutions.
- New product launches.
- New contract wins including Radwave (see page 13)
- Expansion of Voice of the Customer programme (see page 28)
- Review of technology roadmap.
- CFO and Chief People Officer visits to new sites at Plano and Kansas City
- Actions following 2020 and 2021 engagement surveys.
- Leadership development workshops.
 - Driving new ED&I strategy at Group and site level
- Mindfulness and wellbeing activities
- Investment in sales and business development capability
- -- Ambitious environmental sustainability targets.
- Simplified and consistent messaging.
- Ambitious environmental sustainability targets.
- Focus on how our technology enables customers to make products that meet sustainability goals
- Continued consideration of findings of investor perception study
- Lega: and regulatory compliance.
 Responsible business practices including environmental practices and approach to modern slavery
- STEM education activities in local communities
- Charitable in tratives in local communities (Parameters as perses 49 and 61)
- Ambitious environmental sustainability targets
- Continued focus on cleaner, smarter and healthier solutions.
- New product launches that support efficiency and sustainability.
- Driving new FD&I strategy at Group and site level
- Inf Ternship and graduate programme and apprentices.

OUR PEOPLE, ENVIRONMENT AND COMMUNITIES

A POSITIVE **IMPACT**



We are committed to basing a positive impact on the world. around us: creating value and enhancing sustainability through our products, the way we do business, including how we look after our employees, and by reducing our environmental footprint. This commitment is described in our purpose and embedded in our strategy as one of our four strategic priorities.

We have made significant progression. environment, social and governance (ESG) and sustainability matters in recent years as the Group has been transformed and these considerations have been placed at the heart of strategic and day to-day decision. making at all levels of the organisation This way of operating reduces risk and provides sign ficant opportunities to develop cur business, nodel

Our activities in these areas are criticato our stakeholders, particularly our customers and our employees We want our teams to be proud of working for a business that behaves ethically and seeks to continuously improve performance

Read mole about your allies of the Governance and Democratics and control of the Hompay 71

Our purpose

We solve technology challenges for a suct arient will

We do this by delivering solutions for our customers that enable products that are cleaner smarter and health er and that will benefit our planet and people for future generations.

the good Set page 28 file Jan Hart



Alignment with the UN Sustainable Development Goals

Our business activities and the way we operate are closely aligned to six of the UN's 17 Sustainable Development Goa's.

UN Sustainable Development Goals

Our contribution



- Our products help to diagnose and treat disease earlier, contributing to better life outcomes for patients.
- We are committed to the safety, health and wellbeing of our employees.
 We contribute to the wellbeing of our local communities through our community activities.

5 GENDER EQUALITY

We are committed to equal opportunities for all persons. We have 53% women in our organisation, and we prioritise the recruitment and development of female leaders.

We are actively working on ED&I and education initiatives to attract more women into our sector and support women to progress in their careers

Our products are enabling distomers to accelerate cleaner energy technologies including electric vehicles offshore wind and micro turbines.

We have moved or we are moving to renewable electricity tanffs at all sites able to access them and we are scoping options, including onsite renewable energy systems, for sites that cannot

9 MAINTANTANTING

- We are a global employer of talented design, engineering and manufacturing experts
 We are passionate about encouraging young people to consider STEM careers and, in turn, make their own contribution to industry and innovation in the future.
- Our products are enabling our customers to operate more efficiently and to develop smart infrastructure that is changing the way we live.



- $\,\cdot\,$ We conduct business with integrity, transparency, and professionalism.
- We are driven by the concept of zero harm in terms of the safety of our people and this extends to our approach to managing our impact on the environment
- We are reducing our consumption of single use plastics and waste sent to landfill
- We develop, design, engineer and manufacture our products to use raw materials and other resource inputs in the most efficient way including using recycled materials.



We are targeting Net Zero for Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2035.

- We are focused on moving to renewable electricity (our biggest driver of emissions) at all sites as soon as possible and investing in projects that will contribute to meaningful reductions in usage and self-generation.
- We are beginning to measure and target reductions in our most significant indirect emissions (Scope 3)
- Our products are enabling customers to meet their own climate goals

Our products

T1 technologies address key sustainability megatrends in our target markets and bring environmental and social benefits to society. Our components and, ultimately, products address resource scarcity, improve energy efficiency, support renewables and drive productivity, connectivity and health through their use in customer applications

.

Cleaner

- Products supporting renewable energy generation and cleaner, more efficient homes and industrial processes
- Advanced electronics for aerospace applications that enable safor, lighter and more environmentally friendly aircraft
- Solutions supporting vehicle electrification, fuel economy and sustainable transport

Smarter

- Electronics for sophisticated automation and connectivity applications in homes, businesses and infrastructure
- Solutions for smart metering technology and smart grids
- Industrial robotics and sensors that improve manufacturing processes

Healthier

- High-reliability solutions for diagnostic, surgical and direct patient care including surgical navigation and implantable devices
- E-ectronics for laboratory automation that support data reliability, accuracy and timeefficient procedures

Our cleaner, smarter, healthier focus is a key differentiator of our customer offer and drives our approach not only to 18-0 but to the way we develop, design engineer and manufacture our products and use raw matchals and other resource inputs in the most efficient way

Our culture - the way we do business

Our culture is critically important, it makes If a great piace to work and a great company to work with, enabling us to attract and retain talented people and build strong partnerships with our customers

Our behaviour is shaped by our TT Way values which guide how, from the top down, we work with each other and our stakeholders. We hold ourselves to high ethical and business standards, conducting business with integrity, transparency and professionalism and building relationships based on trust. This is supported by our internal focus on performance and expertise to drive innovation, operate more efficiently, and provide excellent service to customers.

We are also driven by the concept of zero harm in our safety culture and this extends to our approach to environmental sustainability matters where our teams are driving an ambitious agenda to reduce our environmental footprint.

Emany we promote a work environment where people can be themselves do their best work every day, and achieve their ambitions. We treat our employees with care and respect and are committed to equality, diversity and inclusivity.

Our TT Way values



We do the right thing



We bring out the best in each other



We achieve more together

 We champion expertise



We get the job done .well

- Our culture is overseen and supported by the Board. While some aspects of our culture, such as ethics and safety, are aligned and reinforced by policy others are governed by frameworks originated at the centre which empower our sites to work appropriately in their jurisdictions and according to local norms.
- Hand recreic into Beard a electrical discussion of the page \$5.





Ethics

The fundamental principles of fairness, honesty and common sense lie at the heart of our corporate standards. We have one ethical standard worldwide which seeks to create an environment where our business can flourish within an appropriate compliance and risk management framework.

Our Statement of Values and Business Ethics Code sets out these standards and covers a wide range of ethical matters including the working environment, standards of behaviour, avoiding conflicts of interest, hospitality and entertainment, bribery intellectual property protection and fair competition

We do not tolerate fraud, corrupt practices or behaviour not in line with our standards and have in place effective systems and processes to detect and deal with contraventions of the Business Ethics Code

Any concerns relating to matters covered by the Business Ethics Code and behaviour more generally can be reported, either to management or by using our anonymous, multi-lingual whistleblower reporting facility on our othics and integrity portal. Reports are investigated in detail and any significant concerns are reported to the Audit Committee.

Day to-gay oversight of ethical matters is undertaken by our People, Social, Environmental and Ethics (PSEF) Committee, which is chaired by our CEO, Richard Tyson and includes, as members, TT's SID, Jack Boyer, our Chief People Officer, Sarah Hamilton Hanna and our Group General Counsel, Lynton Boardman, For the purposes of the UK Corporate Governance Code, Jack Boyer is the designated NFD for engagement with the workforce. See page 85 for further details. An Ethics Committee made up of the TT Executive Leadership Team can also be convened on an as needed basis.

Mandatory ethics training is provided for relevant employees on an annual basis. This covers different aspects of ethics including anti-bribery and corruption, IT and cyber security, export controls and information management.

Regulatory requirements are different around the world, so we have a core structure which Group businesses comply with, beyond which they are empowered to fail or their approach to local needs

The nature of our business and the markets we work in means that legal and regulatory compliance is a principal risk for E1.

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Supply chain

We procure from a wide network of suppliers and distributors through global supply chains. It is important to us that our suppliers share our values and our approach, and we seek out those that do

Our Corporate and Social Responsibilities - Supplier Expectations policy sets out our required standard with regard to supplier social and environmental practices, including modern slavery and the need for environmental improvement plans. From this year, the policy has been included in supplier purchase orders. Our policy is available on the LT website.

We carry out regular assessments of our suppliers to ensure compilance with our requirements and we will not do business with suppliers that violate them

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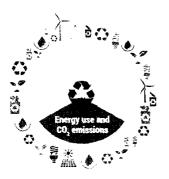


Reducing our environmental footprint

We believe that business has a significant role to play in addressing environmental issues, including climate change

Over and above our focus on cleaner, smarter and healthier products, we have an ambitious agenda to reduce our environmental footprint and carbon emissions

We are primarily targeting the areas where we have the greatest environmental impact, principally energy use in our operations, with an additional focus on reducing single-use plastics and waste to landfill. Energy use, in particular electricity use, is the largest contributor to our Scope 1 & 2 emissions and we are tacking this with projects to reduce use switching to renewable tariffs where we are able to, and to onsite renewable sources where we do not have access to these tariffs.



We have an environmental sustainability and energy management strategy to direct and manage our progress and each of our sites conducts a detailed annual environmental review to identify its sustainability improvement plan for the year ahead. Environmental risks arising from these reviews are added to site operational risk registers.

We have implemented a global recorting tool at all sites to track resource use and all sites are required to submit data every month. The tool is aligned with the Greenhouse Gas. Jun G. Protocol Corporate Standard and with the Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR) guidelines and provides data on the sources of our emissions which assists d'anning and enables greater transource or our disclosures.

Section and the section of the secti

To deepen knowledge around the Group we became corporate partners of the IEMA (Institute of Environmental Management & Assessment), the professional body for UK sustainability specialists, in 2021. We intend to use IEMA resources to develop a green skills training programme that will be deployed across the Group in future years.

Our VP, Group HSE. Karen White holds Chartered Environmentalist (CFnv) accreditation with the Society of the Environment and is a full member of the IEMA. In 2021, she was invited to join the IEMA's Assessment Coaching panel as a full Assessment Coach to mentor other sustainability professionals.

Group environmental targets

We are moving at pace to reduce our carbon emissions. In the last two years we have reduced our overalf Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 41% and we have developed a plan targeting a 50% reduction by 2023 against our 2019 baseline and Net Zero for Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2035, at the latest

To demonstrate our commitment. Scope 1 & 2 emissions were added to our Group KPIs in 2020 and they are aligned with executive remuneration objectives and flowed through the organisation.

All sites that are able to purchase electricity on renewable tariffs are now either doing so or a switch is planned in the future further progress will therefore be driven by energy reduction projects including investment in more efficient infrastructure and processes, tracking and transitioning the use of other energy types, and undertaking of feasibility studies for possible solar projects.

To continue to improve and ensure transparency in our disclosures and progress in 2022 we will undertake a formal internal audit of our data and will begin collecting data on other greenhouse gases.

Scope 3 indirect emissions

We recognise that indirect emissions from our business activities also contribute to our environmental footprint. During 2021 we have assessed their significance of Scope 3 categories and established a methodology for data capture. We will expand this work in 2022 to consider nine of the most significant categories for TT and define a potential roadmap to Net Zero for some of them. We will partner with CDF on the supply chain element of these emissions. CDP is an internationally

Scope 1 & 2 emissions

Net Zero by

2035

Reduction since 2019

reduction targeted by 2023 vs 2019

Figures are for total Scope 1 & 2 emissions and not normalised to revenue

recognised organisation, working specifically for transparent carbon disclosure, with a strong specialism in supply chain.

Single-use plastics and waste to landfill

While we have not yet implemented formal targets to reduce single-use plastics and waste to landful, these two areas are an important part of our local efforts and reporting. We are currently developing robust verification methods for this data, introducing additional guidelines for reporting, and ensuring that all sness are participating in our reporting and reduction efforts. Cur Uk sness have been leading the way and we are using their knowledge to drive cultural change elsewhere.

The more statement of the control of



Governance and risk management

ESG matters including culture, strategy compliance, risk and internal controls are governed as part of our overal! governance and risk management frameworks, ultimately overseen by the Board. An update on key health, safety and environmental (including sustainability) metrics is provided at each Board meeting and in depth reviews are undertaken on at least an annual basis.

See our gare maach stricture on page 75

Environmental governance

Oversight of and decision making on our environmental strategy and performance is provided by the PSFF Committee and both the Committee Chair and the Non executive Director representative on the Committee report to the Board on these matters. The Committee is advised by our Sustainability Corincil which comprises a mix of senior corporate managers and representatives from each division and provides on the ground insight and special stladvice as well as enabling the sharing of best practice and ideas across the Group We also appointed a Group Sustainability Director in 2021

Responsibility for local planning and performance lies with our site managers who work with our site environmental champions and employee green teams to formulate and deliver projects and engage employees with our local and global agendas.

Risk management

Climate and environmental risks are considered as part of our overall risk management processes. We identify environmental risks at site level as part

of our site operational risk assessments. These risk assessments are reviewed and consolidated at divisional and then Group level and significant identified risks are placed on the Group risk register. The Group register is reviewed by the Risk Committee and the Board on a regular basis.

Sustainability, climate change and the environment is considered to be a principal risk for the Group in terms of reputation in the event that we fail to appropriately manage the environmental impact of our operations and our products, and relationships with our stakeholders deteriorate as a result

See page 67 to love pendipal circles and dang aim parties as

Climate risk and opportunities

In addition to our formal risk management process, in 2021 the Board considered a Group climate risk and opportunities assessment informed by bottom up assessments made at a site and divisional level.

The assessment looked at both physical (climatic impact of higher average temperatures on our physical operations) and transition (changes in technology, markets policy, regulation, and consumer sent ment resulting from the transition to a low carbon economy) risks to the TT business model

Each identified risk was reviewed under three headings. likelihood, impact, and materiality (see table below). Materiality will be assessed further and in more depth in 2022 through a detailed scenario analysis looking at short, medium, and long-terrin time frames and alternative temperature scenarios.

The assessment also considered how the Group was approaching opportunities both in its current markets and the opportunity to expand into the broader sustainable products marketplace. The Board also reviewed opportunities to reduce the Group's footprint under the headings resource efficiency and energy sourcing, and considered the resilience of the Group's overall position given its geographic and market spread.

Based on this work we consider physical risk from climate change to be financially immaterial for the Group at this stage given our activities and footprint and that risks arising from the transition to a low-carbon economy can and are being appropriately mitigated.

As described throughout this report, our business model, key capabilities and cleaner, smarter, healthier focus position the Group to benefit from the opportunities presented by the global transition to a low carbon economy.

Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)

We fully support the need for businesses to be transparent on climate and environmental matters as a driver of change. We set out how our disclosures comply with the TCFD recommendations on page 59

External recognition

We are pleased to continue to receive external recognition for ESG matters.

We received a rating of AA in the 2022 MSCI ESG Ratings assessment, placing T.I. in the leading companies in its sector group.

MSCI ESG RATINGS



CCC B BB BBB A AA AAA

We also participate in CDP's annual climate change survey. We received a C (Awareness level) rating in 2021 for our 2020 data submission

Cipradorest assessment

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OUR PEOPLE

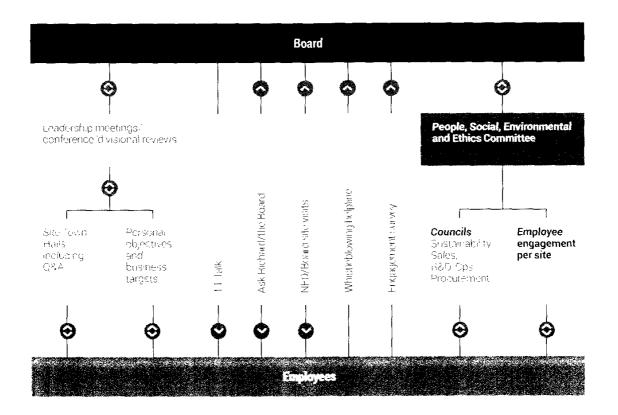
SAFE AND EMPOWERED

Our people can do remarkable things. Their talent and commitment to our business is a unimal driver of TV's success. We strive to knep them healthy and sufficiently or divertised a perse of helicity and sufficiently and empower them to TV's high

As a vital resource, it is important that the employee voice is heard at the highest levels of the organisation. The results of our regular employee engagement survey are reviewed by the Board so that findings can be acted upon and TT's SID Jack Boyer, participates directly in people matters through his membership of the PSEF Committee. These strong links and others described in the diagram below ensure that we appropriately address the needs of our most important stakeholders, and our teams are fully engaged with our business goals.

Our people and our culture are our compositive advantage and the way we deliver is as important as what we deliver. We say passion ateration is a upporting a leay out of our a 70% employeed, and employeed, and employeed, and employeed them to insight a deriver on a special curv

Sarah Hamilton Hanna, Chief People Officer





Safety and wellbeing

The safety and wellbeing of our teams is a core value for everyone at TT and we have in place tools and support systems that underpin both physical and mental health in our pursuit of zero harm.

Safety performance is a Group KPI and has improved significantly over the last six years. Local safety performance drives a proportion of management discretionary incentive payments and introducing our safety practices is a key activity when we acquire new sites.

We continue to observe COVID-safe practices at all of our sites. These have been constantly reviewed as the pandemic has evolved and local guidance has changed, and it is recognised that wellbeing activities and mental health support are vital after two years of restrictions and uncertainty.

We are really proud that our employees have worked together to keep themselves, their colleagues and their communities safe during the many challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic whilst also delivering for our customers. We were delighted that 16 of our HSE specialists based in the UK, USA and China were recognised by The Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents as COVID workplace champions for keeping clients, colleagues and communities safe. This recognition celebrates the contribution of all of our 4,700 employees.

During 2021, we had no site closures caused by cluster cases of employees with COVID-19

Our site HSE (Health, Safety, Environment) professionals report to our site general managers with a dotted line to our VP Group HSE who leads progressive HSE programmes and acts as support for the whole business. We have global HSE standards and toolkits and use annual HSE improvement plans to direct progress at each site.

Within our mature safety framework we are now primarily focused on safety feading indicators and prevention such as hazard identification reporting near misses and behavioural based training

To support our efforts, we have developed an analytical safety reporting tool that provides data on causation and incorporates an investigation tool that enables sites to mitigate issues quickly and, at Group level, guides the development of resources including training and communication materials. Our HSF dashboards are used in a Board report every month.

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2021	5	
2021	ь	
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2317	7	

 Number of sites achieving zero harm the timee day lost time incidents;
 during the year

28/31*			2020: 26:31		
	2021		, · · · · (31°		
	$\gamma_{A_{\Delta},A}$. 3.		
	15		. < 28		
	,				

Site regulatory compliance and its are performed by an external third party every three years

External certification was maintained for 11 sites to ISO 14001 and six to ISO 45001 We also introduced 15 global minimum standards based on ISO 45001 and ISO 14001 thinking and will be internally auditing against these standards

Safety performance

Safety performance is quantified as the number of occupational injuries resulting in three or more days absence for an eniployee, contractor or site visitor.

This benchmark is applied to all TT locations worldwide and is more stringent than the Lost Time Incident (LTI) requirement for UK reporting which is seven days absence.

Wellbeing

Looking after our employees' physical and mental health is both the right thing to do and enables team members to do their best work every day. Engagement with our purpose and the concept of meaningful work is important for wellbeing, as is providing resources and support for employees who may be struggling.

At TT we do both and we measure how employees feel about this as part of our engagement survey. Specific initiatives are led by our sites and include mental health first aiders, a wellness action plan tool that managers and employees can use to drive adjustments for people to be well at work, mindfulness materials and seminars, vaccination campaigns, occupational and general health drop ins and onsite breast and services

Our Juarez, Mexico site is very proud to be part of a government-backed campaign to eradicate gender-based violence in the workplace. The agreement is part of the 'Orange the World' campaign to eliminate violence against women and improve the quality of life of women and their children in the country. The arrangement will provide advice education and support to our employees.



Employee engagement

We truly believe that creating environments where everyone is engaged and gets to be their best and do their best every day is key to the culture and success of TT Electronics.

Engagement creates a positive working environment, pride in the organisation, clarity on the opportunity for personal and career growth, and an understanding of individual contribution. to the success of the whole. These objectives are articulated in our TT Way values.

We are pleased to have achieved strong levels of engagement, as demonstrated by the results of our most recent employee engagement survey in October 2021 in which more than 80% of employees participated

The survey measures how our employees feel about working for 11, using a scale of 1 (low) to 7 (high). against eight factors determined by our survey partner. Best Companies I td

Fight factors of engagement

Mymenager	Lessieranip
My ompany	Firsona Growth
My team	Welherij
Fart des	Giving something back

Our engagement results increased again year on year as a result of work at all of our sites to respond to employee feedback and continue to make 1 T a

great place to work for everyone. Wo are pleased to score in line with the two star "outstanding companies to work for" Best Companies I td benchmark. with more than 80% of employees participating in the survey

Results of the survey drive Group HR planning and local planning in the form of targeted action plans created by line managers in response to their results. Engagement scores also drive a proportion of management discretionary incentive payments

In addition to the Group-wide survey which is undertaken every 12-18 months. we use pulse surveys for latest feedback and an indication of progress

Communication

As described in the diagram on page. 52 we communicate frequently and openly with employees using a range of methods. These include weekly email updates, a quarterly newsletter celebrating success around the Group. translated into all our global languages, and twice yearly Town Halis with members of the Executive Leadership Team at our sites

In November 2021 when travel restrictions were relaxed. Chief Financial Officer Mark Hoad and Chief Pcople Officer, Sarah Hamilton, Horina were delighted to be able to visit two of our newest US sites in the new facility in Plano and recently acquired forotal, Kansas City - to meet our teams in person and answer questions

Development and careers

We continue to invest in the training and development of our people, equipping them with the skills to do their jobs well and further their careers with LT. investing in our talent pipeline and nurturing young talent enables us to "grow our own" leaders and innovators and drive expertise and passion across all disciplines. A key recent area of investment has been in sales and business development capability

Our line managers hold regular career conversations with direct reports and create personal performance development plans that align with wider site/division/Group objectives. We use a five point performance scale to guide performance conversations and give clarity to employees

During 2021 we continued to hold leadership development workshops and find new talent through our apprenticeship and interniprogrammes. In the UK we have apprentices in engineering, maintenance, operations, finance and business administration Our US Summer 2021 Int Ternship programme led to the recruitment of six graduate engineers.

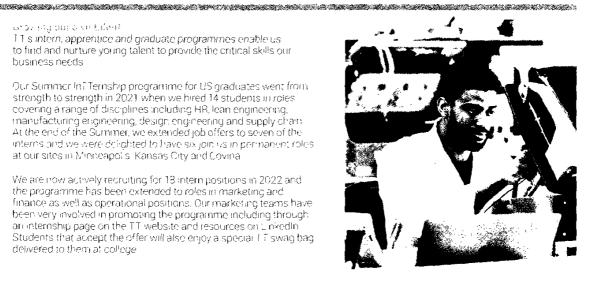
At the beginning of 2022 we faunched a UK graduate programme which will give participant trainees the opportunity to work across three of our sites Bedlington, Hartlepool and Cardiff and gain a range of experience.

arak etg bar oleh talem?

IT's intern, apprentice and graduate programmes enable us to find and nurture young talent to provide the critical skills our

Our Summer In Ternship programme for US graduates went from strength to strength in 2021 when we hired 14 students in roles covering a range of disciplines including HR, lean engineering, manufacturing engineering, design engineering and supply chain At the end of the Summer, we extended job offers to seven of the interns and we were delighted to have six join his in permanent roles at our sites in Minneapol's. Kansas City and Covinal

We are now actively recruiting for 18 intern positions in 2022 and the programme has been extended to roles in marketing and finance as well as operational positions. Our marketing teams have been very involved in promoting the programme including through arrinternship page on the TT website and resources on Linkedin Students that accept the offer will also enjoy a special 1.7 swag bag delivered to them at college





Equality, diversity and inclusion

We have discovered a real passion for ED&I matters in recent years as a driver of employee engagement and talent acquisition and retention

We believe that everyone should be treated fairly and have access to equa: opportunities in a workplace that is tolerant, respectful and ensures dignity for all. As set out in our employment policies, no employee, applicant, contractor or temporary worker should be treated less favourably or victimised or harassed on the grounds of disability, sex, marital or civil partnership status, race, nationality, colour, ethnicity, religion or similar philosophical belief, sexual orientation, gender identity, age or any other distinction other than merit

Our ED&I strategy is led by a special committee and divisional working groups and we now have ED&i Councils at many sites. Our new ED&i policy and readmap which sets out our approach to ED&I and expected behaviour has been circulated to employees and we report progress through our usual communication channels.

The policy explains our approach to equality, diversity and inclusion including such matters as harassment, victimisation and bullying, recruitment and promotion, religious accommodations, gender confirmation and workplace adjustments, the expected standards for employees and their responsibilities, and how we will deal with infringements of the policy

Recent areas of progress include more inclusive hiring practices using balanced shortlists and diverse panels, ensuring no bias in job descriptions, a new flexible

working policy, and the introduction of an enhanced maternity leave policy. We have also created a gender transition guide for managers to help them support employees who are transitioning and ensure they feel supported and safe in the workplace. We also held workshops in micro aggressions, allyship and inclusive language at some of our sites

Our sites are encouraged to hold ED&i events appropriate for their locations 2021 saw an active Pride Month at many sites, recognition of International Day of Persons with Disabilities, and the celebration of Black History Month, which included a very popular and humbling creative poetry competition in the US Many of our sites held celebrations for International Women's Day in March

ED& training will be rolled out to all employees in 2022 and we will build on our progress with practical activities such as Inclusive Leadership workshops for managers as well as exploring how wild night best imprement and measure progress against ED&Frelated Kels.

Gender diversity

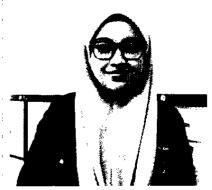
We are pleased to have two female Board members and one female member on our ELT team of five and in total, we have more female than male employees. We are keen to see more women in feadership roles and, to this fend, have recently launched a Leadership Programme for women, which includes joint workshops with senior male leaders as well as mentoring and advocacy. Our Women's Business Forum faunched in 2019, continues to support female leaders in the business.

Reward and recognition

Being fairly rewarded and having contributions recognised is very important to our employees



Our Be Inspired recognition scheme recognises teams and individuals who demonstrate our TT Way values with monthly, quarterly and annual awards. Participation in the awards is high, driven by the desire of our teams to recognise their colleagues. Our awards attracted nearly 2,300 nominations in 2021, with each winner receiving a sum of money and a site celebration.



Siti Nur Fadzrin Binti Ramli, Production Design Engineer, Power Solutions. Kuantan, Malaysia was recognised in our Be Inspired scheme for playing a big part in the site winning a transformer manufacturing contract with a new customer.

Over and above salary we ensure that all employees are able to participate in site specific pay for performance schemes, be it site profit share schemes or annual incentive schemes and we have a Group SAYE scheme for UK employees Metrics for performance based schemes are usually based around profit and customer service.

Footprint reduction

Our formal self-help footprint and fixed cost reduction programme will be completed in 2022. Regrettably the programme meant the loss of some employees as sites were closed and activities transferred. Whilst closing sites is difficult for these impacted and their communities, we are proud of the support we have offered to ensure our employees could continue their careers elsewhere. The "Life after Lutterworth programme of employee support and assistance during a site closure has become a blueprint for us to use across the Group.

Gender diversity at 31 December 2021

Employees – full-time equivalents	Male	Female
Bound of Directors	4	6
Fix a graph on kenning to any [III]	1	1
Secretary appropriate of Eq. (1)	. *	::
A completions		
UK and Foliope		39.
105%	430	332
Modernary Carobean	505	612
687	56.4	, ; ;
Total	2,238	25.1

Our UK Gender Pay Gap report is published annually on the TT website

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ENVIRONMENT AND COMMUNITIES

AMBITIOUS TARGETS

Understanding and managing the impact of our business operations on the environment and our local communities is an important part of the way we do business. We are making excellent heartway with our ambitious commitment to achieving that Zero Scope 1 & 2 empsions by 2035 and one achieving good momentum in our other granteenment if futures as as

Propagation a focal employer for many years of many of consides on any of consides on any or an appropriate or an atengtic many or an appropriate or appropriate or an appropriate or an appropriate or an appropriate or an appropriate or appropriate or an appropriate or appropriate or appropriate or appropriate o

During 2021 we developed a roadmap to achieve Net Zero Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 2035. Reducing emissions from 2022 will require investment in a range of project types or a change in local government approaches to provide renewables in Mexico, China and Malaysia. We will be launching a new Sustainability policy in 2022.

Our self-help footprint reduction programme is also making a contribution to reducing overall energy use and emissions

Safe operation of our sites

Safely operating our sites to mitigate potential environmental risk is embedded into our processes. Risk assessments are undertaken as part of the normal course of business and we have clear processes for the control of potentially hazardous substances, including safe storage, handling, use and disposal. Many of our sites have ISO 14001 accreditation for environmental management. This is independently. assessed on a regular basis as well as through internal environmental audits We comply with all global environmental legislation and, where required, have the appropriate permit controls in place. All sites also have environmental. emergency containment plans to deal with incidents should they occur.

Environment

We are focused on change and investment projects in the areas which will have the most material impact on our environmental footprint. For this reason, we are prioritizing the following areas



The safe operation of our sittls to ensure no environmental damage from leaks hazardous materials etc.



Reducing energy use (primarily electricity, the largest component of our energy use) through more efficient operating processis equipment and infrastructure



Switching to clean and lower or zero carbon external electricity sources



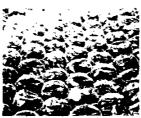
Investing in alternative renewable electricity solutions where renewable taniffs are not possible.



Finding solutions for other energy types, e.g. gas fleating



Reducing significant indirect emissions (Scope 3)



Reducing use of single use plastics



Reducing waste to landfill



Renewable electricity

We have now switched 11 manufacturing sites to renewable electricity. Our sites in Mexico, China and Malaysia do not have access to these tariffs and will require investment in alternative solutions. In 2022 we will undertake feasibility studies for onsite solar projects.

Site environmental action plans

During 2021, each of our sites was tasked with preparing a detailed list of potential projects with deliverables aligned with our Group environmental strategy. These were reviewed centrally, and 12 key themes emerged.

Our key themes

Lighting

Further roll out of LED lighting

EV charging

EV charging for company and employee cars

Waste electricity

Eliminating wasted electricity, e.g. stopping air leaks

Shift patterns

Managing shift patterns

New machines

Replacing inefficient legacy equipment

Recycling

Increasing recycling

Building space

Reorganising space to save heating/lighting

Employee incentives

Employee incentives

Gas boilers/heaters

Solutions to replace gas heating systems

Sub-metering

Packaging

Eliminating single use plastic packaging and increasing recyclable/reunable packaging

Compressors

Replacement of compressors

Sites have gone on to create action plans to achieve many of their proposed projects, with knowledge on the various themes being shared across the Group via the Sustainability Council Themes that will benefit from a Group approach, for example sub-metering, are being turned into workstreams for further development.

Completed site carbon reduction projects include

Building space

Suzhou, China - a new ceiling in the site's Integration II workshop will reduce energy use by around 10% due to a reduction in lighting, heating, ventilation and air conditioning requirements

Waste electricity

Juarez, Mexico compressed air leaks are the largest source of waste in multi-compressor systems and can account for up to 30% of an installed air compressor's energy consumption. The site is now using a special ultrasonic camera to detect these air leaks which will reduce the site's energy bilis.

EV charging

Sheffield, UK – a new vehicle charging point has been installed for use by employees changing to electric vehicles

2021 reduction in Scope 1 & 7 emissions

	vs 2020	vs 2019	
2023 reduction in Scape 1 & 2 emissions tCO le	25ħ	41°,	
Intensity ratio time revenue	32%	41′6	

The primary drivers of our Scope 1 & 2 emissions reductions in 2021 were.

- the move to green electricity tariffs at all but one of our UK sites in October 2020
- local site energy saving projects and capital investment in energy efficiency including lighting and controls and installation of new heating/cooling systems, and

the closure of four sites during the year.
Our US sites switched to green electricity tariffs in 2021 and this will drive reductions in 2022.

Scope 3 emissions

During 2021 we undertook an assessment of 15 Scope 3 undirect emissions) categories to identify those that were relevant and most significant for 11. We are now putting in place systems and processes to collect data on the four most sign ficant categories to establish baselines on which to base future reduction targets, including a plan to reach Net Zero. These categories are

- Purchased goods and services (category 1)
- Upstream transportation and distribution (category 4)
- Downstream transportation and distribution (category 9)
 - Waste generated in operations (category 5)

Further consideration will be given in 2022 to five more categories, capital goods (category 2), business travel (category 6), employee commuting (category 7), use of sold products (category 11), and end of life treatment of sold products (category 12).

Work on our Scope 3 emissions will see us engaging with a range of stakeholders including suppliers, customers, external specialists and a third party assessor to validate the data. As noted above, we have arready agreed to partner with CDP on the supply chair element of these emissions.

Waste to landfill

We are also reducing our waste to landfill by reducing overall waste and increasing the amount we recycle. The majority of sites are now segregating their waste streams to increase the amount of waste that can be recycled, including cardboard, paper, metal, hazardous waste, wood and plastic. More than 59% of waste from the 16 sites that are tracking data was recycled in 2021. Our intention is to reduce like for like weight annually. We are delighted that three of our manufacturing sites are already sending zero waste to landfill

Single-use plastics

We are reducing our reliance on singleuse plastics and replacing them with more sustainable products. The majority of single use plastics in our business are used in packaging products for shipment to customers and, working with customers, sites are switching to recyclable bubble wrap, pallet wrap and other packaging materials. We do not purchase single-use plastic bottles at any of our sites

in 2020 we began sharing best practice around the Group and key sites began reporting the quantity of single use plastics purchased, with the intention of reducing like for like weight annually On a like for like site comparison we saw a 16% fall in the weight of single use plastics purchased in 2021 vs. 2020. We are now focused on ensuring that all sites are reporting this data going forward

Water

While water use is not a key driver of our environmental footprint, we recognise that water is a predious global resource and should be managed as such. We therefore monitor our water use and seek to minimise it wherever possible as well as directing wastewater to diseful activities such as irrigation

	2021	2020
The vitter use of	1.1.11	196, 65

Energy use and Scope 1 & 2 emissions reporting

We have adopted the UK Government GHG emission conversion factors by relevant year for our centralised emission. factor calculation for GHG equivalent carbon dioxide. Other greenhouse gases emitted as a result of manufacturing processes are not included within these figures as they are a negligible proportion of overall emissions, but we intend to measure these as we move forward. We are using an operational control boundary for direct GHG emissions. We have adopted a crosssector calculation method in line with the GHG Protocol Corporate Standard.

For Scope 1 emissions, we include our total owned and leased vehicle direct emission impact. Our carbon emission factors for grid electricity are calculated according to the "market based method".

We have improved the precision of our 2019 21 Scope 1 & 2 carbon emissions data by using regional emissions factors rather than an emissions factor for the UK. This has led to a change in the data disclosed in 2019 and 2020.

	2021 tCO₂e	2020 tCO₂e	2019 tCO ₂ e
Scope 1 end one's from settlet as which the Oskip away globe that's life is using the semble struck Clemane contraction of tablities.	Preschede 966	7-50 1759	58 5,079
Scope 2 Entispicination, the print alse of electricity heat is imprared conling to living use.	Frencist	11.259	74 Q/N
25. 41. 90. (15.5 m) 3 kg, 250, 19	14 (86)	10.11	J5 78
Total gross Scope 1 & 2 emissions	5.46	. '.'' '5	2000
mesotración	2 %	49.3	
Intensity ratio: gross Scope 1 & 2 tCO ₂ e/£m revenue	33.1	33 !	<u>দুন</u> ⊤

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	United	Rest of	North		Rest of	
Geographic region	Kingdom	Europe	America	Asia	World	Total
Nationity as (MW)	25/8	-	54.4	-		4,110
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Euronotylicol. ierewad etiMwhy	2 36		22/03/9	11-33	'5	33,078
temolity desposable MINIO	1,1 -8	5	5.640		-	18,738
Total energy (MWh)	16,249	16	29,306	11,168	5	56,744
Not Bird Temps of Notice Code	n, 2		ક મું	٠,		955
orga Scotte Jiena kaji ing in Kangen lang	÷.		14.	F1		14,785
Total Scope 1 & 2 emissions (tonnes CO₂e)	614	_	9,232	5,892	1	15,740
Department in		٠,	× -		2	476.2
Intensity ratio: Scope 1 & 2 tCO₂e/£m revenue	6.1	_	50.5	52.0	0.9	33.1

in 2021, the LIK was responsible for 25.6% of Group energy use and 3.9% of Scape 1. & 20mosions



Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures

I I currently considers climate related risk to be financially immaterial in the context of the Company's overall financial statements

T1 has complied with the requirements of LR 9.8.6R by including climate related financial disclosures consistent with the TCFD recommendations and recommended disclosures, except

for in relation to the recommendation to describe the resilience of the organisation's strategy, taking into consideration different climate related scenarios, including a 2°C or lower scenario. A full scenario analysis has not yet been undertaken

These disclosures are summarised with directions to the relevant content in this Annual Report in the table below.

Additional climate risk scenario analysis is planned to be undertaken during 2022 Should this prompt additional climate related disclosures, these will be made in the Company's 2022 Annual Report

	Recommendation	2021 status	Further action in 2022
Governance Disclose the organisation's governance around climate related risks and	a Describe foants overschild on enschild on enschild on an elektronichtes. b Describe hand sentent on rolle to screening and this describes on an elektronichte.	Constraint offer ESS cetated matters inno lind strategy accompliance has and internal controls and positive and information and the movel of the new end of this beautient in an avoiding of his feature. Ones seen by the Scalin.	Ins finally signer and expressions of the final signer of the signer of
opportunities.	deks ach i ppotantes	 An addate all key ellor demonata i con product and turnet to splict destate in European temporation estimates with a confidence of a respective of a confidence of a respective of a confidence of a particular demonatas. Some Environment Flam (Entire Section of the confidence of a confidenc	
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		 Object and estimating popular devicts independ for a signal of tour is confishing plantacipien as exercise the energy to a confish In 2021 and factor tasks to the independent planta the RO and considerated in constitutions are an independent to the assembled to. 	
Strategy Disclose the actual and potential impacts of climate related risks and opportunities on the organisation's businesses, strategy, and financial planning where such information is material	a constraint of the stated costs and copyrigations in the costs and copyrigations in the costs and copyrigation of the copyrigation of t	 Silvata visitati, il metrio danoni quatti vieno prinsenti si ni viene ni tivoca genni con los formes y mana se trovina em la mora negle i da caste mora me eventi transventi passa venti pass	Contact the development of the enable o
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	Reconstantation	2021 states	Factor ede 612022
Risk management Disclose how the organisation identifies, assesses, and manages climate related risks.	a Chs (floor neon) a sixt out processes on the Expension and Expension and the processes of the Expension and the Processes for managing climate related risks	Comprehensed as conclusions of the state of a section and the state of the state o	of more related is suit of more related is suit of sold and manager as part of the final pistokeral governance, and insk management frameworks. The material ally of the consuma or distance for making or distance for making or distance from the 2021 Stourn importance of the additional or all and one of the material suits as each further more lepton theory and an alice is enabled in the metallic silenaminal or attending to the more annual trial or attending to the more annual consumation of the more annual consumation in t
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Strategic report

Communities

We encourage our teams to take an active role in their local communities, whether fundraising and volunteering for chosen charities or committing time and resources to promoting STEM education and careers

STEM skills

STEM skills are in high demand, and this will only grow in the future. Our teams of engineering, technology and manufacturing experts are passionate advocates for the development of STEM skills and engaging with the next generation of potential talent.

Many of our employees give up their time to develop local STEM partnerships to promote careers in electronics and related fields, undertaking talks, demonstrations and attending careers fairs to interest and educate young people in the sector. Across the world we also aid school curriculums directly by supporting science projects and engineering competitions to highlight the importance of STEM subjects in everyday life.

in line with our internal focus on ED8: we are particularly keen to encourage more women and under represented groups to take up STEM subjects and careers

What we did

In Optisher 2.32 If five fillingeapors is unleagues to extrained to collect presentations to around ARISTEM movembrat a local secondary school. As well as a crossive wide on our new they discussed enginesing process, and shured advictory what the shuents should work on to be all prepare trempelves for the fitting.

Number of STEM students participating

160

Volunteering and charitable giving

Each site chooses a local charity to support through the year and our "Hours for giving" programme enables employees to take five hours paid leave per year to support local causes. In 2021 ricarly 3,000 hours were taken under the programme.

It is TT's policy not to make political donations.

What we did

At the deginning of 2021 Beddington all colorist team member Domein Blant ivolunteered no support the UK COVID-19 was chatton programme by assembly 70 and 80 year old pritients unit biotoping ster for their vac, sie on the Doreen er sured the patients knew the process and could accus vancinations all about at they obscure a valuable.

Clay intembers of our Suzzbor. Ohins team spok part in a charity walk and halve 19708. Thorat FD F 4.0 by Suzzbor. The Red Con alls can inforce shorrer.

RM6 raised

17K

in III, Luarez, Moxoc, Obosty Engineer Berginson de la Bosa, indected and conated 166 sikes to discreti and conated 166 sikes to discreti en the Tarchtoniana III digenovia community to enable theorito syce to consolitistead of walking soveral kill-metros Before donating too boses. Bendamin and the team repaired them to ensure they were all migood warking order.

Bikes repaired and donated

126

 Protoper 2020 a team forming. Sherifield, UK sits took part in the Great British Bear in Clear opending two hour incollecting little from a local beach and the sum or dinglarea.

Human rights

Upholding human rights is the responsibility of everyone at TT and, as part of our ethics framework, human rights are treated as an equal priority to other business issues. Our Human Rights Code is taken from the industry standard (Responsible Business Alliance Code of Conduct) and covers expected standards for the treatment of all workers associated with TT. The Code is supported by our Modern Slavery Policy (see below)

Modern slavery

We produre from a wide network of suppliers and distributors through global supply chains. It is recognised that the rights of individual workers carr, potentially, be violated within these supply chains and other partnerships.

Our Corporate and Social
Responsibilities — Supplier Expectations
policy sets out our required standard of
suppliers and includes modern slavery.
We also have a Modern Slavery Policy
which is available on our website and
applies to all persons working for TT and
its subsidiaries or acting on its behalf in
any capacity.

Our approach to addressing the challenge of modern slavery is to ensure that there is transparency in our own business and throughout our supply chains. We expect the same high standards from all our contractors. suppliers, distributors and other business. partners, consistent with our obligations. under the Modern Slavery Act 2015. We include specific prohibitions in our contracting processes against the use of forced compulsory or trafficked labour. or any other activity that amounts to an unreasonable restriction on the free movement of workers, and we expect that our suppliers will hold their own suppliers to the same high standards. We may terminate our relationship with any third party if they are found to be inbreach of this policy

We also publish a Modern Slavery Statement annually, which is available on our website

SECTION 172 STATEMENT

Under Section 172 of the Companies Act 2006. Directors are required to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of our shareholders, whilst having regard to the factors set out in Section 172 including the interests of our other stakeholders The Board has identified who its key stakeholders are and has considered how it engages with these groups (see pages 44 to 45) Throughout the year, the Board considered how stakeholders are affected by key decisions

The principal decisions taken by the Soard in 2021 centred around (ii) M&A (integration, (iii) Site rationalisation, (iii) JS Private Placement transaction, (iv) managing TT's response to the COVID-19 pandemic, including supply chain challenges, (v) delivering 2021 growth, (vi) further refinement of the Strategic Growth Plan, (vii) development of an orthanced equity 'IR story' (viii) creating a new organisational design structure, (ix) strong sustainability 'ESG focus, (x) enhancing TT's EDS (position) and (xi) ponsion risk mit dation

The following example shows how the Board considered and engaged with stakeholders during the integration of Torotel, Inc. (Torotel) into the Group

Workstream I have integration of formering the Group

A. Why?

- "o subport delivery of the business uses meline
- There is paroporate throughts , tarent engineering lababaty
- Theis reputation immediately perante partion. the "I family
- To maximise uc pelerate mixis. 0030933 sales at 0.004 0 90. tra lofenopport in tier
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- . The constraints are also that the second ****** = 3 - 22, 10 - 1 (x * -

B. Stakeholders involved: : employees * Newsyn Europeliennin gymen

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 - it has year tackment and in it is hased airy to have been ed-Down Johns Title Horaco Globbook est-3 commune e Strict of the interest and the
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 - Section of the Control of the Contro AND SAME OF STREET

C. Board decisions taken as D. Outcomes a result

- · Aidedirated secondicient might gar was appointed to read the integration programme. Following Jumples oralon the project the system about the project the system capacities as ET North American Operations (inex to into preprint) lessons Painer action (1975) Thee consum.
- which the paraly 11 for the Louisian regards translated. established to might in process. in economic testinam in FR Filte (ac pomotar Jest) Lagaint Laggors Justine Les Sittis ae it Compared the section of والمواقع بالمحسر
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- www.amengen.w.len required to align with TT
- remain eranico, sha, ito se Unpago at Toante can men Ha. Two sentant i servici TT Services logical Day Laf user and horsestal is as file to $(\Theta_{\rm sol}(x_{\rm p}) \cap \gamma_{\rm p} \mu_{\rm p}) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \log (\gamma_{\rm p} x_{\rm p}) + \frac{1}{2} \log (\gamma_{\rm p} x_{\rm p}) \right)$



Strategic report

Section 172 Statement

Workstream 2: Customer/supplier/site footprint focus

A. Why?

- To ensure the retent on of the Torotel customer and supplier base post auguistion
- To promote the naws selling of forotel rechnologies into TT's existing as stomer base.
- To promote the izossideling of TT technologies into Texatella existing austomer base.
- To optimise the nuatomer cost profile and feuhnelogical reach across the commined businesses.
- To ensure the longterm success of the acquired has ness.

B. Stakeholders involved: customers/suppliers

- Priority customers/supplier is were identified from the due drigence process concusted pre-acquiert on
- Early engagement with customersts updiers became a key part of the integral or pull in order to reinforce.
 Tis customer commitment, understurn the operational dynamics at Torote, and identify rossiseting opportunities.
- Immediate and longerterm supplier cost sayings copport and exivers usent field from the initial deeld agence in erclosi.

C. Board decisions taken as a result

- The Board reviewed a trichnology roadmap for TT's power solutions capabilities in January 2021 and prooffised key capability areas including electromagnetic expertise authorized with Torotel.
- In HT 2021, the Board identified opportunities to nombine the fact ties and operations of the two acquirities at order and tie power supply business for sted in Cosina. Calcum, and authorised to balls profess for the foundation.
- The Board subsequently is into used that graster of TTo Course operations to Subsequent Kassassian by thip comote did by greater as consistent research to the province of the province of the course o

D. Outcomes

- Torete was able to secure a significant new contraint within 2021 in the numesh assembly sparie, which aligned with the anguist on case and technology roadmap for the combined bus maskes and TT's desire to cleare a new centre of exhellence for this fed inclogy application in parksists.
- Torotel was able to reverage improved supplier terms are up sity only available to TT, incounting reduced height costs.
- The Colonia famility was sord at a property \$8.65 million in June 2.12 I water, included a leasebank amangement allowing continued outcomon at the site entit it the 2.02. These to expression to the a cultinopolition has
- A detail diprojer to act not designed does for the transfer of corrections from Coving into Kaisan to movine a deliberated single side solution in the US for nisoteners operating in the power solutions domain. The transfer ploness to Kandaramains of the kit home release to the coving the motion of the coving at the rapidity and the course at the rapidity and the course of monarchid opportunities.

Workstrean, 3. Compliance 18 focus

A. Why?

- To enable that example, years exdigited one pine and impertional to the reput line or allow of those lines the wider palop or of achies to.
- To service the meditor analysis unamously order street the digrammedal service in the logical territorial of the political made is the wearing the business case to ideal and 2000 leading later.
- To ensure electrical transework for encountering to heliance is niple electrical
- Forms of finding stem wins of biomissission for till

B. Stakeholders involved: shareholders/ regulators

- US regulations, such aus ten Sei untries an diexifilialige Committoar (SET) (was triusal the gouer aloneg visitory beny for Tootal prei architecture and Discriptoral of Detailing Thom Common (2000)
- Indutemal investors and analysts become required updated on the progress made in the Tender integration programme in part of the town what you soft inground and one on-our Programs to consocrate.

C. Board decisions taken as a result

- The Asland Inforct sedicarly
 engagement with upprequation to
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 forote integral or plan.
- Aspart of the heighternances on the FR restration in 2... 21 the Board meet the position plot 1... To hower solution positions against with lave stors in Liding the renefits derived training on the 1... quite 1... quite.

D. Outcomes

- Key regulatory worksheam intensions along the delegistration of Turbotensian SEC lighted company, and principal Toloret into the TT continent of signs of through engagement with the DETC.
 The condition in coed.
- Let examble on niced.

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- The trainal intrinuous less the ability to show disest the indipined business find and top inspective and enforces who less and ig conditionates with letter hants of the though.
- The admission subjects diobter independent toward office.
 Group formet of Tulk-Hoperating margin levels.

RISK MANAGEMENT

FOR THE SUCCESSFUL DELIVERY OF OUR STRATEGY

Risk management

The Board of Directors is responsible for risk management and internal controls supported by the Audit Committee and informed by the executive Risk Committee. The Board defines risk appetite and monitors the management of significant risks to ensure that the nature and extent of significant risks taken by the Group are a igned with overall goals and strategic objectives.

The Risk Committee supports the Board and the Audit Committee in monitoring the exposure through regular reviews, including reviewing the effectiveness of risk management processes and controls. The Internal Audit function is operated under a directed outsource. arrangement to enhance the levels of resource and expertise available to the Group in specific areas, with its activities under the direction of the Executive Leadership Team (Fill) and the Audit Committee The internal Audit function assists the Risk Committee by advising management on improvements to the overail risk management framework facilitating the risk review process and providing independent experience and input to the process.

Risk management processes and internal control procedures are established within business practices across all levels of the organisation Rick identification, assessment and nitigation are performed both bottom up with more detailed assessment at operational level as well as through top down assessment of strategic and market risk at the Executive management and Board level

Bisk management and internal controls provide reasonable but not absolute protection against risk. The Board acknowledges and recognises that in the normal course of business the Group is exposed to risk and that it is witting to accept a level of risk in managing the business to achieve its strategic phonities.

Risk appetite is not static and, as part of its risk management processes, the Board regularly considers its risk appetite in terms of the tolerance it is willing to accept in relation to each principal risk based on key risk indicators to ensure it continues to be aligned with the Group's goals and strategy.

During the course of the year risk appetite has been considered using a review of the overall Group risk healmap, with deep dives into specific risks and topic areas. Each risk is considered as to whether or not it currently falls within the Group's appetite for that risk.

As part of the year end risk assessment with the Board, it was confirmed that all of the principal risk areas continue to be within Board and Executive management's appetite for that risk



Our risk management framework

Corporate level steering
Top-down oversight, set risk appetite; monitor significant risks; alignment with strategic objectives at corporate level

Board of Directors Primary responsibility for risk oversight, setting strategic objectives, and defining risk appetite

Audit Committee Oversees risk management and internal control processes

Risk Committee

Provides framework for managing risks, regular reviews of principal risks, and risk management processes

Risk and Assurance function

Divisional level steering and reportingRisk identification assessment and implementation of risk management action plans and actions

Business units/site level steering and reporting Implement and embed risk management at operational

Operational steering and implementation
Bottom-up identification, assessment and mitigation of risk at operational level

Risk profile

At the direction of the Board, Executive management has performed a robust assessment of the principal risks facing the Group, taking into account those that would threaten the business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity, as well as the Group's strategic objectives. This process includes a bottom up analysis of key risks at a divisional level. All principal risks identified by this process may have an impact on the Group's strategic objectives. within the next six to twelve months

Executive management and the Risk Committee perform further analysis to prioritise these risks, with a focus on those principal elements posing the highest current risk to the achievement of the Group's objectives or the ongoing viability of the business

Risks assessed as higher priority are consolidated into a Group risk register Risks included on the register are monitored closely by the Board in terms of both prioritisation and mitigation strategies. It is recognised that, whilst these "top risks" represent a significant.

proport on of the Group's risk profile, Executive management and the Risk Committee continue to monitor the entire universe of potential risks to identify new or emerging threats as well as changes in risk exposure

The assessment of principal risks during the year has identified that, while there have been some significant changes in the external environment, the Group has remained robust and resil ent with mitigating activities undertaken. This is reflected in the table of principal risks

The Group has long been conscious of the ESG agenda which has been reported to the Board through our People, Social, Environmental and Ethics Committee (PSFE) which is attended by the Senior Independent Director. There continues to be a risk that a negative perception of our ESG profile could impact on our ability to attract new talent to the business, build relationships with our customers, positively impact the communities in which we operate. and attract investment from potential

shareholders. The risks in relation to these areas are captured in two principal risks, "sustainability, climate change and the environment" and "health and safety".

We have set out our approach and our progress in these areas in the Our people, environment and communities section of this report from page 46

The Board monitors the Company's internal control systems and has reviewed their effectiveness in 2021 The review process considered all. material controls including, (i) the information relating to the general controls environment as outlined in the Internal Audit reports submitted to the Audit Committee at each meeting (which includes a detailed annual review exercise), (i.) financial controls, (iii) compliance controls, (iv) the key outputs of the controls framework programme and (v) management actions in relation to internal and external audit findings. The Board found that the Group operates a sound system of internal control and did not recommend any specific actions.

Macroeconomic environment and supply chain

While there is an acknowledgement of continued uncertainty around geopolitical and macroeconomic risk during 2021 and into 2022, the Group continues to take appropriate mitigating actions to address this. The ongoing focus on strategic direction and market has significantly improved the Group's overall resilience to these external factors

The Group has experienced a number of challenges in relation to supply chain lead times, component shortages and costs, and mitigating this has been a significant focus for all divisions in 2021. A robust process and controls environment, alongside forward tooking indicators and supply chain tools, has supported this process. The Group

has also taken strategic decisions to purchase additional materials, building inventory in certain key areas to enable delivery against a strong customer order book.

Impact of COVID-19

The COVID 19 outbreak continued to impact every site across the world during the course of 2021. However, because of the action taken by the Group, the overall impact at a site level has continued to be minimised. A set of COVID secure working practices is in place at each site.

and TT has been designated a critical supplier by customers and governments in each territory in which the Group operates. The duration and impact of COVID-19 on the business continues to be uncertain, however the Group is well equipped to deal with this going into 2022.

Viability statement and prospects

In accordance with the UK Corporate Governance Code, the Directors have assessed the viability and long-term prospects of the Group over the period to December 2024, taking into account the Group's current position and the potential impact of the principal risks and uncertainties set out on pages 67 to 70 of the Strategic report. Based on this assessment, the Directors confirm that they have a reasonable expectation that the Group will be able to continue in operation and ment its flabilities as they fall due over the period to December 2021.

Till operates in miairkets with structuragrowth dynamics. We engineer and manufacture power sensing and connect-vity solutions to address our customers' challenges in the healthcare, aerospace & defence, and automation & electrification markets. These benefit from the trends for improved healthcare, for increased aircraft fuel efficiency and safety and demand for sustainable solutions to improve energy efficiency By positioning ourselves in the right markets, by creating differentiated capabilities through our R&D investment, and by attracting and developing the right faient we have a strategy to create sustainable value over the long term.

The Directors have taken the view that it is reasonable to assume (based on indications of interest received from the *Group's existing rolationship banks and* the wider banking and debt financing community alongside our ability to obtain a private placement post COVID at a competitive rote; that the Group will be able to refinance its existing facility be able to refinance its existing facility agreen ients on materially equivalent terms in advance of the maturity care of November 2023.

The Group's refinancing risk has been reduced by diversifying our sources of debt financing. In December 2021 the Group accessed £75 million of long-term private placement debt

While the Directors have no reason to believe the Group will not be viable over a longer period, the period over which the Directors considers it possible to form a reasonable expectation as to the Group's longer term viability, is the three year period to 31 December 2024 This is encapsulated in the five year per od business plan prepared annually and reviewed by the Board and aiigns with the business cycle including product development and order intake trends. The Directors believe that this presents investors and other key stakeholders with a reasonable degree of confidence while still providing a longer term perspective

In making this statement, the Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the principal risks facing the Group, including those that would threaten its business model, the underlying mitigation planning the assessment of future performance, solvency and equidity, and the Group's internal controls environment. The Group's modeling assumes a full recovery from the impact of the pandemic during the course of the viability review period.

In performing the assessment, the Directors have further stress-tested the Group's financial projections for the period covered by the wability statement, testing it for ibilishess as usual make facilities profit growth and working capital variances if the combined impact of severe but plaus ble events as well as a reverse is stress test to understand the conditions which could jeopard seithe future viability of the Group. This work included assessing against financial covenants and facility headroom.

This severe but plausible events stress testing included consideration of the potential impact of the Group's principal risks and uncertainties outlined on pages 67 to 70. This stress testing specifically included the impact of the following principal risks, general revenue reductions, contractual risks, people and capability, supplier resilience, and health and safety. Principal risks which were not specifically modelled were either considered not I kely to have an impact within the viability period or them. financial effect was covered within the overall downside economic risks implicit within the stress testing

The Group's wide geographical and sector diversification helps minimise the risk of serious business interruption or catastrophic reputational damage. Furthermore, the business model is structured so that the Group is not overly trehant on any single customer, market or geography.

While this review does not consider all of the risks that the Group may face, the Directors consider that this stress testing based assessment of the Group's prospects is reasonable in the circumstances of the inherent uncertainty involved.

PRINCIPA UNCFRTAINTIFS

Trish description

Fotostate pari

Magating action

thange in the year

General

General revenue reduction

Reduction in demand and orders due to economic downturn, geopolitical instability or disruption to operations (pandemic or other business interruption event)

- . Decelerating sales growth affecting operating profit
- · Monitor the wider economic conditions of our markets
- Limely financial reporting to monitor performance. and provide a basis. for corrective action. when required
- · Ongoing optimisation of our cost base and strategic moves creating a more. resilient portfolio
- Business continuity and crisis management planning
- · Management structures in place to enable a rapid response to changing circumstances.

Reduced risk whilst there remains some market volatility (particularly around the supply chain) and COVID 19 continues to create some uncertainty. the business has performed well in the year showing. good growth and starting Ž022 with a strong order book in place

Commercial

Contractual risks

Potential liabilities from defects in performancecritical products that often operate in extreme environments

- · Reputational impact
- Deterioration in customer relationships
- Liability claims.
- Reduction in revenue, profitability and cash generation
- Quality control procedures and systems in place. and appropriate levels of insurance carried for kev risk
- · Group quidelines ce acceptáble levels of contractual liability are reinforced
- · Continuing to enhance and deepen expertise in contract management across the Group



No change

Risk description

Potential impact

Mitigating action

Change in the year

Commercial

Research and development

Delay in new product development which is intended to support revenue growth

- · Increased cost in product development
- · Delay in achieving projected
- · Inability to meet the latest requirements due to a step change in technology
- · Close collaboration with key customers
- · Active monitoring of costs and milestones
- Target R&D more effectively Implementation of standard project management

disciplines



No change

Operational

People and capability

Ability to attract and retain high quality and capable people

- Loss of key personnel
- Potential business disruption
- · Breakdown of communication and misal.goment
- · Remuneration structure designed to support retention
- Succession planning processes embedded within the businesses
- Campaigns to increase performance and development of communication between managers and employees to ensure alignment to objectives
- Using a feedback loop utilising surveys to encourage regular objectives and performance discussions See Our people : on page 52

Increased risk - the robust employment market has meant recruitment and retention can be challenging. in certain parts of the business, combined with the impact of wage inflation.

Supplier resilience

Porential fadure of critical suppiiers, product delivery delays, inability to meet customer commitments

- Reduction in revenue, profitability and cash generation
- Regular review of key supplier financial health and product quality
- Monitoring of relevant commodity and precious metals pricing
- Review of spend patterns to dentify apportunities.
- Inventory build on key components where considered necessary to mitigate some of the supply chain risk



Increased risk - the supply chain environment continues to be challenging, with the impact of COVID 19 on suppliers, combined with extended delivery times and key component shortages.



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Petential manet

Literating action

Change in the year

Operational

IT systems and information

IT security breaches or disruption, unauthorised access or mistaken disclosure of information

- · Reputational impact, business disruption and potential deterioration in customer relationships.
- · Regular analysis of cyber security and data management
- IT strategy reviewed by management and the Board
- Information security policies updated recently
- Investment through recruitment of additional IT security and enterprise resource planning (ERP) specialists
- · Processes and tools put in place to support cyber. security certifications

. Full financial and other due

diligence is conducted to

the extent achievable in



Increased risk - whilst investment and improvements continue to be made in this area, the net risk profile has been increased to better reflect the increasing external cyber threat.

M&A and integration

Realisation of financial benefit of acquisitions

- · Failure to realise the expected benefits of an acquisition or post acquisition performance of the acutured business not meeting the expected financial performance at the time acquisition. terms were agreed could artversely affect the strategic development. future financial results and prospects of the Group
 - the context of each M&A apportunity A detailed business case including forecasts is reviewed by the Board for
 - each opportunity · Integration risk and planning is reviewed and undertaken as part of every acquisition.
 - Lessons learned activities are built into future plans



Reduced risk in recent acquisitions continue to be integrated successfully, M&A experience across the Group has been further improved.

Sustainability, climate change and the environment

Our manufactured products or other activities or decisions of the Group may not be judged by our customers. employees, communities and investors as being sustainable

- Fadure to appropriately. manage the environmental impact of our operations. and products.
- · Reputational impact and potential deterioration in our relationships with our stakeholders
- · Health, Safety and Environmental and Sustamability Councils responsible for sharing Group wide best practice, monitoring improvements and strategy setting
- PSFE Committee responsible for reporting Group progress against the development and monitoring of our strategy and associated KPIs
- · Continued investment in M&A, business development and new product introduction in areas where the solutions contribute to a more sustainable world
- · Progress made in reducing our carbon emissions through transitioning to renewable energy contracts



No change in see Our people, environment and communities from page 46. for details of our approach and progress during the year

Risk description

Protential magact

Milicalory action

Charge in the year

Operational

Health and safety

The manufacturing industry is inherently dangerous Managing the impact on our employees, sites and the environment of these risks

- Incidents occurring due to unsafe manufacturing processes. Failure to manage the impact of these risks could negatively impact our employees, lead to regulatory fines reputational damage and lost production.
- Health, Safety and Environmental Council responsible for Groupwide best practice sharing, monitoring and improvements and strategy setting
 Regional best practice
- Regional best practice teams established
- Processes and roadmaps in place to minimise the risk of incidents



No change - whilst the risk of COVID 19 remains, a strong framework of processes and controls exists at all sites and these have successfully enabled production to continue uninterrupted (where local regulations permitted) in COVID-secure working environments. Underlying health and safety incidents remain very low.

Legal

Legal and regulatory compliance

Intentional or inadvertent non-compliance with legislation including laws and regulations covering export control, anti-bribery and competition

- Reputational impact
- Civil or criminal rabilities leading to sign froant fines and penalties or restrictions being placed on the ability to trade
- Reduction in revenue, profitability and cash generation
- Cross-drysional export compliance group established and anti-bribery programme in place
- Approach involves risk assessment, policy, training review and monitoring
- Whistleblower process in place to ensure issues can be raised, investigated and managed.



No change



Strategic report

Going concern

The Group's business activities, together : • A leverage ratio (banking covenant with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out within the Strategic Report on pages IFC to 73. The Strategic Report analyses the financial position of the Group, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities. In addition, Note 20 to the financial statements includes the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital, its financial risk management objectives. details of its financial instruments and hedging activities, and its exposures to credit risk and figuidity risk

The Group has experienced continued improvement in trading momentum and strong growth on our 2020 numbers The structural growth markets we have selected to focus on have moved back towards their long term growth trajectory, the benefits of our strategic repositioning and focus on building class relationships with our clients can be seen in both the order book and financial performance of the Group

The Group's financial position remains strong, at 31 December 2021 at had

 £318.9 million of total borrowing. and lease hability facilities available (comprising committed facilities of £2/2.2 million net of £1.3 million loan arrangement fees, uncommitted facilities of £39 Lmillion representing overdraft lines and an undrawn accordion facility of £30 million, and finance leases of £7,6 million). The Group's primary source of finance is the £180 million committed revolving credit facility (RCF), at 31 December 2021 £73.4 million of this facility had been drawn down. The Group's RCF will mature in November 2023. In August 2021, FI agreed a debut issue of £75 million of private placement fixed rate loan notes with three institutional investors. The funds were received in December 2021 and the issue is evenly split between 7 and 10. year maturities with an average interest rate of 2.9% and covenants in line with our bank facility. The private placement complements at an attractive rate, the Group's existing bank revolving credit facility diversifying our sources of debt funding and providing us with a stable long term financing structure.

defined measure) of 1.7 times at 31 December 2021 compared to a RCF covenant maximum of 3.0 times Interest cover (banking covenant defined measure) of 13.5 times compared to a RCF covenant minimum of 4.0 times.

the Group has prepared and reviewed cash flow forecasts across the business over the twelve month period from the date of the approval of these financial statements, considering the Group's current financial position and the potential impact of our principal risks on

The Group's financial projections contain key assumptions surrounding revenue and operating profit recovery in 2022 Under the Group's base case financial projections, the Group retains significant liquidity and covenant headroom, with both metrics improving from the position. as at 31 December 2021

The Group's financial projections have been stress tested for 'business as usual" risks (such as profit growth and working capital variances), and the impact of the following principal. risks, general revenue reductions. contractual risks, people and capability, supplier resilience and health and safety (occurring both individually and in unison). Principal risks which were not specifically modelled were either considered not likely to have an impact within the going concern period or their financial effect was covered within the overall downside economic risks implicit within the stress testing. Under the stress tested modelling, the liquidity headroom within the group remains significant. Financial covenants continue to be in compliance under the stress. tested model and management have a number of mitigating actions which could be undertaken if required

The Group's downside stress test scenario has been sensitised for supply chain challenges and inflationary pressure which shows a reduction in revenue and operating profit compared to the latest forecast. Despite this further reduction these projections show that the Group should remain well within its facilities headroom and within bank covenants for the next

12 months after the approval of these financial statements. A "reverse" stresstest was also modelled to understand the conditions which could jeopardise the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern including assessing against covenant testing and facility headroom. The stress testing also considered mitigating actions which could be put in place. Mitigating actions included limiting capital expenditure and reducing controllable costs including items such as discretionary bonuses and payrises. The reverse stress test is deemed to have a remote likelihood and help inform the Directors' assessment that there are no material uncertainties in relation to going concern.

The Group's wide geographical and sector diversification helps minimise the risk of serious business interruption or catastrophic reputational damage Furthermore, the business medel is structured so that the Group is not overly relantion any single customer. market or geography.

The Directors have assessed the future funding requirements of the Group with due regard to the risks and uncertainties to which the Group is exposed and compared them with the level of available borrowing facilities and are satisfied that the Group has adequate resources for at least tweive months. from the date of signing these accounts Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

NON-FINANCIAL INFORMATION STATEMENT

Heporting requirement Fovironmental matters	Employees, customers and suppliers community, investors	Our approach and key policies We solve technology challenges for a sustainable world by delivering solutions that enable products that are creater smarter and healthier and that will benefit our planet and people for future generations. We have linked our purpose statement to the development of our internal criture and to what we do for our customers. We have set ambitious targets to reduce the environmental fociprint of our business. Key policies: Statement of values and Business inthics Code. Health Safety and Environmental Policy.	investment in Ik&D at 4.5 per cent of revenue in our product businesses, to bring new and improved products to market. Prepared roadments to achieve Net Zero Scope 1.8.2 emissions by 2035. Carbon dioxide equivalent tonnes (tCO e) of Scope 1.8.2 emissions from operations fell to 15.440, 41% lower than our 2019 baseline. Switch to renewable energy tar ffs at sites that are able to access them.	See Our strategy or
Employees	rimpioyees	Our employees are the foundation on which TT's built. We strive to keep them healthy and safe give them a sense of price and belonging and empower them to thick big. Key policies: The TT Way values. Statement of Values and Rusiness athics Code. Health, Safety and an pronumental Policy. ED&I policy and readmap. Grevance Policy and Usciplinary Policy. Whistleblower Policy. Gender Pay Gap Report.	Five three day lost time health and safety incidents. Employee engagement score increased again to 718 5 in line with the two star louistanding companies to work for Best Companies Ltd benchmark. A gender balanced permanent workforce with 53 per cent workforce with 53 per cent workforce with 53 per cent men at 31 December 2021. Our 50&1 policy and roadin ap was circulated to at employees and we have an ED& programmer rine inglacross the Group. Continued success of our BE Inspired recognition scheme.	See Our people on pages 52 to 55 See Principal risks and uncertainties on pages 57 to 70

我们是我的表现的重要表现的的现在分词,我们就是我们的人,我们的人,这个人,这个人,这个人,这个人的人,我们的人,我们的人们是我们的人,我们就会不是我们的人,我们

sport of the Companies of the Receive of the Companies of a photosocial form of Pilling 1. In the Pilling of the Companies Act them to see Temperal to quick our scribe headens to when individual maneral information can be found in this Annual Report and on our website. Additional non-financial information can be found in the Our People, environment and communities section of the Report

Reporting requirement	Key stakeholder group impacted	Our approach and key policies	Outcomes in 2021	Further information
Social matters	Employees,	As a responsible, global organisation we are committed to having a positive impact on the world around us through our products the way we do business and by reducing our environmental footprint. Key policies: Statement of Values and Business Ethics Code Community and Charity Support, Our Guiding Principles Health Safety and	neids, undertaking talks,	See Our people, environment and communities on pages 46 to 61 See Principal risks and uncertainties on pages 67 to 70
		Environmentár Policy	the programme.	
human rights		Opho ding human rights is part of our ethics framework and is the responsibility of everyone at TT.	rdentified during 2021 We reaffirm annually our commitment to opposing slavery through the publication of our Modern	See Cur people, Penvironment and communities on pages \$6 to 61
		Key policies: Statement of Values and Business Ethics Code		
		Modern Slavery Policy	Slavery Statement	
		Mortem Slavery Statement ¹ :		
Anti-corruption and anti-bribery	Employees, customers and suppliers community, eventors	The fundamental principles of fairness, honesty and common sense leat the heart of our corporate.	Mandatory ethics training is provided for relevant employees on an annual basis	See Cur people environment and communities on pages 45 to 61
		standards. We do not tolerate fraud, corrupt practices or behaviour not in line with our standards.	Any ethical concerns can be reported to management for to our anonymous whisteblower reporting	See Principal risks and undertainties on pages 67 to 70
		Statement of Values and	, facility. Reports are investigated in detail and rany significant conceins	
		Whistleblower Policy*	are reported to the FAudit Committee	

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The rable above corresponds to curkey stakeholder groups set out on pages 44 to 45. These stakeholder groups and key to the long term sustainability of our business and inform the Board's engagement activities. The Strategic report also includes a description of our business model (see pages 14 to 15), our principal risks and how we manage them (see pages 67 to 70) and our KPIs including our non-financia. KPIs is repages 12 to 48; and the reasons why they are important.

The 2021 Strategic report, from pages InC to 73, has been reviewed and was approved by the Board of Directors on 8 March 2022

Richard Tyson	
Chief Executive Officer	

Mark Hoad Chief Financial Officer GOVERNALICE AT A REANCE

A SNAPSHOT OF **OUR LEADERSH**

Board statistics

Board diversity - gender

Board composition

Board attendance (1)

HED independence (3)*

Ecoals representations ()

Sau engagement activities



Our Board split



6 Board members

- 1 hoppointent face less little
- 2 Exercitive Directors

Skills and expertise











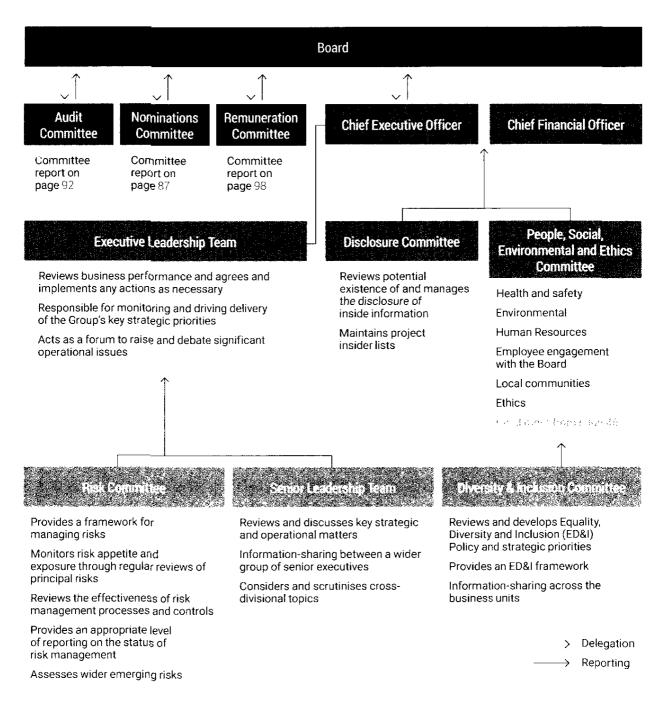




Board tenure in years



Leadership structure



	Councils	
Research & Development	Business Development	Operations
Supply Chain	HSE	Sustainability

A BLEND OF SHIELS AND EXPERIENCE

THE RIGHT TEAM



Warren Tucker Chairman

Joined: 2020

Current external appointments:

- · Non-executive director and chair of the audit committee of Tate & Lyle plu (UK listed)
- Trustee on the board of Magna. Learning Partnership

Relevant skills and experience:

- · Strategy/growth
- M&A/financing
- Equity and debt capital markets
- Financial and risk management.
- International business
- Manufacturing/engineering
- Operations/supply/chain
 Aerospace & defence sector
- Investor relations

Past appointments:

- Non-executive director of Reckitt. Benckiser Group old and the Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office
- · Chief financial officer of Cobhanapic



Richard Tyson Chief Executive Officer

Joined: 2014

Current external appointments:

- Non executive director of the Vites Group pla (UK listed, · Governor of St Swithurs' independent
- School for Girls in Hampshire

Relevant skills and experience:

- Leadership/management
- M&Azintegration
- · Strategy/growth
- . Operational excellence
- Supply chain
- Manufacturing engineering.
- international business.
- Froquet technology
- Rick monagement
- Aerospace & defende sector
- investor relations

Past appointments:

Member of the executive committee and president of the Aerospace & Security division of Cobhamiple



Mark Hoad Chief Financial Officer

Joined: 2015

Relevant skills and experience:

- Strategy-growth
- . eadership, management
- Financial management
- · International business
- Restructuring
- Transformation
- . M&A/financing
- Equity and debt capital markets
- !rivestor relations
- · Risk management
- Aerospace & defence sector

Past appointments:

 Group finance director of BBA Aviation pic

Board attendance

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🐌 Nomeratoria e ominittie 🗱 Bernuneration Committee Risk Committee

🐲 Andriformation 🚱 Feople, Social Brylio imental. and Ethics (PGEE: Committee Opair Jime Lenghidhe

Read mole on page 75



Jack Boyer OBE

Senior Independent Non executive Director

Joined: 2016

Current external appointments:

- Non executive director of Ricardo plo (UK listed).
- · Senior independent director and chair of remuneration committee of Elcogen pic
- Chair of the University of Bristol
- · Member of the board of the Henry Rayce Institute for Advanced Materials

Relevant skills and experience:

- Strategy/growth
- Corporate finance and Investment
- M&A
- Technology innovation
- · International business
- Manufacturing engineering
- Product technology
- Operations 'supply chain · Aerospace & defence sector
- Medical sector.

Past appointments:

- Non exceptive director of Mitte Group pic and Laird plo • Chairman of Eka plo ArM
- listed Sceing Machines illimited and the Academies Enterprise Trust



Alison Wood

Independent Non executive Director

Joined: 2016

Current external appointments:

- Non executive director and chair of remiuneration committee of Capricorn Energy pld (UK listed) and Oxford Instruments ele (UK I sted)
- · Non-executive director of British Standards Institution : (BS)

Relevant skills and experience:

- Strategy/growth
- Remuneration Policy setting
- M&A/financing
- International business
- BegulatoryFalent and succession
- · Risk management
- Investor relations.
- Aerospace & defence sector
- · Medical sector

Past appointments:

- Global director corporate development & strategy for National God plc
- Group strategic development airector for BAE Systems pic
- Non executive director of Cobhample le2v technologies plc, B1G plc THUS pic and Costain Group pic



Anne Thorburn

Independent Non executive Director

Joined: 2019

Current external appointments:

Senior independent director and chair of the audit committee of Diploma PLC (UK listed)

Relevant skills and experience:

- Strategy/growth
- Financial management Bisk management
- Audit and internal control
- M&A-financing International business
- · Operations/supply chain
- Medical and industrial sectors

Past appointments:

- Chief financial officer of Exova Group plc
- Group finance director at British Polythene Industries plc
- Non-executive director of BTA ptc



Lynton Boardman

General Counsel and Company Secretary

Joined: 2012

Relevant skills and experience:

A qualified sol citor, Lynton has many years of experience as general counsel and company secretary in international companies listed on the London Stock Exchange His expertise includes corporate law and governance, international operations and M&A

Past appointments:

- · Solicitor with Simmons & Simmons, Macfarlanes and Burges Salmon H.P.
- Head of legal (Europe, Middle Fast and Africa) at Syngenta Crop Protection
- Général counsel and company secretary of QinetiQ Group plo

CHARMANS ELTEODUCTION TO GUVERNAMOE

ING A STRONG FOUNDATION



What's inside

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TT's governance platform - dealing with the COVID-19 reality

In last year's Annual Report, we described the processes and systems we had put in place to limit the impact of the COVID 19 outbreak on Group. operations, which covered priority areas such as Health and Šafoty remote working (to meet local legal requirements) and modified customer/ supply chain activities. This embedded governance platform (supported by acd cated reporting structures; has served in I we'l in the year by providing a ready made framework through which we have managed the origing COVID-19 threat, whilst also refocussing our attention on growth opportunities and keeping our people safe. This has resulted in a fundamental shift in Board emphasic in the past year involving a move away from the factical challenges of keeping manufacturing sites. operational to a more strategic focus on investment led growth

This change of focus in 2021 has required 11 sign/ernance processes to evolve still further and guy, the busicess the necessary bandwidth to miget the red ard customer order levers experienced in 2221 III all at a time of unprecedented supply chain disruption. More specifically, the Board has been active in supporting a range of the latens in 2021 to promote 1.1 signovith agendal as field ws.

· Strengthening the betan le sheet through the execution of the US Private Flanement (PP) a ansaction and targeted site divestments las described in more dotal, in the Strategic report on page 41)

Governance and Directors' report

Ery highlights

- It is robust governance structures have provided an effective platform to support our strong business recovery in the post-COVID environment.
- Our clear strategic direction and strong focus on priority operational initiatives have been enhanced by a coherent and stable Board structure.
- Face-to-face meetings between Board members and wider staff/stakeholder engagement activity have been prioritised to allow insight into frontline operations, facilitate in depth decision making and promote active consideration of talent/succession planning
- An external Board evaluation exercise has laid the foundation for future governance, in support of the strategic growth plan.
- Enhancing TH's operational and employee related structures in key areas such as sustainability and ED&ias described in more detail in the Our people, environment and communities section on page 46).
- Prioritisation of rapid and efficient M&A integration, following the acquisitions of the Covina Power Solutions business and Torote, Incitas described in more detail in our Section 172 Statement on page 62),
- The increased focus on tarent management, retention and succession planning (as described in more detail in the Nominations Committee report on page 87)

Coherent and stable Board structure – promoting diversity

If has benefited significantly from an extended period of Board continuity with noich anges having been made at the composition of the Board or its principal Committees during 2021. It is my view that the core strength of our governance structures has been a major contributory factor to the excellent financial performance and operational recovery that we have witnessed in 2021, building on the foundations laid in the prior year, and supported by the horiest open and collegiate way in which the Board continues to operate

We have two female members of the Board who have been NEDs. throughout 2021, chairing our Audit and Remuse ration Committees and representing 50% of our NEDs Nevertheless, we are mindful of the proposals set out in the ECA's consultation codument on Diversity and inclusion, which proposes a higher evel of female representation on UK listed company boards (beyong TT's current position of one-third) and an increased focus on wider areas of diversity, including ethnicity. These considerations have been factored into the external Board evaluation exercise

we conducted in 2021, the key outputs of which are described on page 89. Having considered these issues in detail, the outcome of 1.1's external evaluation exercise was that the structure of the Board remained fit for purpose, given If the diversity of experience, approach mindset and thinking around the Board table. The Board concluded that none of the outputs of the evaluation exercise had identified an immediate need to aunch a recruitment process to secure an additional Board member, although this issue would be kept under regular review by the Committee going forward For more detailor. Et s'approach to ED&Lacross the organisation, see page 55 of the Our people section

Board and stakeholder engagement – a new approach in 2021

The evaluation exercise conducted in 2020 highlighted the Board's concern that the lockdown environment (and the absence of face to face dialogue) had made decision making more challenging following the COVID-19 outbreak particularly as this provided less opportunity for the Board to engage in "unstructured" gebate on key strategie topics. This has been a key area of focus in 2021, as travel restrictions eased. from May onwards, with face to face meetings having been held for each of the Soard meetings that followed (although this was too late to allow an "in person" AGM for 2021).

The Spart has taken every apportunity during 2021 to engage in more depth or key strategic topics, which has included

- Inviting ELF and other senior leaders to altend board dinners, and, in the case of the US leadership team, a specially converied breakfast event).
 covering important topics such as staff wellbeing and tilent management.
- Face to face dialogue with key advisers (including FF's brokers) in areas such as M&A strategy and development of the FR story,

- 6 Board visits to the Hartlepool and Bedlington sites in 2021, with the original plan to visit. It is facilities in Kansas and Plano in 2021 having been postponed as a result of ongoing COVID related US travel restrictions.
- A specially convened Board review of the new COO reporting structure established in Q3 under Michael Leahan's leadership.
- More active engagement with key stakeholders, which included the BEIS consultation on Audit and Governance Reform and discussion with TT's main institutional shareholders on proposed remuneration arrangements for Executive Directors.
- NED attendance by videoconference on "employee voice" sessions with staff at the Dongguan site and, separately with employees identified as "high potential" performers

We will ensure that Board visits to 1.1 sites and engagement with employees at all levels of the organisation remains a top priority for 2022.

Further information on our employed engagement framework, including the role of our SID in managing feedback on stakeholder engagement with the Board is set out on page 52.

Board evaluation and conclusion

Lam delighted that the operational resilience we witnessed last year. has been maintained in 2021, with our effective governance structures having played a pivotal role in creating a platform for susta nable growth. Luni also immensely proud that I despite the ongoing COVID related challenges we have experienced in year, the Board was able to increase its focus on delivering effective engagement with employees, senior management and our wider stakeholder group. Once again. Fam. indebted to my Board colleagues the senior management team and our except anal group of employees for delivering a year of record order. book growth and strategic progress. which is reinforced by the impressive reau is achieved in the 2021 employee. ringagement exercise.

As indicated on page 89, the external Board evaluation programme we conducted in 2021 has proved to be an extremely valuable exercise. This will form the basis for our future planning around our governance processes to position. It to derive maximum benefit from the growth opportunities we see alread of us.

UK Corporate Governance Code

Compliance statement

TT is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance. As at 31 December 2021, the Group was compliant with all of the relevant provisions set out in the UK Corporate Governance Code 2018 (the Code), other than provision 38 in aligning our Executive Directors' pension payments with the wider workforce. The current Remuneration Policy commits to aligning the retirement provision of newly appointed Executive Directors to those available to the wider UK workforce and it has been agreed that the pensions of the existing Executive Directors will also be aligned by the end of 2022. The reason for this non-compliance with provision 38 of the Code is that the Company has existing contractual agreements with the Executive Directors at a different rate to the wider workforce which required adjustment over time. The Code is available to view at the website of the Financial Reporting Council, www frc.org uk. Details and explanations of the application of the principles of corporate governance can be found as follows:

Board leadership and Company purpose	Read more on page
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LEARING AIR COMPANY PRESTS

BOARD ACTIVITIES

THE MAKE OF HELD WITH SECURIOR

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Strategy

- Managing growth in the post COVID environment (includes monitoring site impact)
- · Strategic planning
- Virolens investment activity/regulatory progress
- Review of med-cal strategy
- Site rationalisation activity—closure of Barbados/ Tunisia/Carrollton/Coipus Christi, opening of Plano, transfer of Lutterworth operations to Bedlington (with associated new investment) and transfer of Covinal operations to Kansas City
- Development of Power Solutions technology roadmap

ESG/engagement

- Sustainability planning/development including new Sustainability Council, KPIs and dashboards) MSCI AA rating
- · Site visits Hartlepool/Bedlington
- Employee engagement via vidéoconference at selected sites (e.g. Dongguan)

People

- Organisational design (i.e. creation of COO)
- Pensions review (GMP equal cation, data dieansing).
- FD&I p.anning/development (including staff wellbeing arrangements post COVID)
- Talent management and succession planning

IR

 IR focus and development of revised "equity story", includes appointment of new collaboration feedback analysis (run by Rothschild).

Financing

Private placement (completed December 2021)

M&A

- M&A integration activity (Torotel)
- M&A Ferrant, Power and Control acquisition, in addition, detailed consideration was given to five M&A opportunities, each linked to TT growth strategy which the Board decided not to proceed with

Operations

- Customer engagement die record order book/deeper customer relationships and opportunity pipeline.
- Supply chain challenges (impact on inventory management/working capital)

Company purpose, strategy and values

The Board's main role is to provide oversight and leadership of the Group, to determine and ensure the implementation of the Group's strategy, and to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance. Underpinning these aspects of the Board's responsibilities lies the principal aim of ensuring the sustainable, long term success of the Company.

The Board understands the relationship between the Company's purpose, strategy and values and their importance to the long term success of the Group. Along with strategy, purpose and culture are regular discussion points at Board meetings.

The Company's purpose statement is: We solve technology challenges for a sustainable world.

The Board considers that this purpose is an appropriate reflection of the Group's culture, strategic direction and impact on the world.

| Relationship between purpose | strategy and values |

Why?

Our corporate **purpose** describes **why we do what we do** and aligns the whole of the Company.

What?

Our **strategy** defines **what we do** for both our employees and our wider stakeholders. The Company's strategy is clearly defined and regularly reviewed by the Board. The multi-year strategic plan is discussed in detail and is approved annually, based on the Company's activities, its progress on delivering strategic priorities, and challenges identified within the business and in the wider macroeconomic environment.

How?

The Company's **values**, culture and behaviours drive **how we execute our relationships** with internal and external stakeholders and our **strategic vision**. Our T.F. Way values (see page 14) describe our culture and set out how we expect our employees, from the top down to conduct business and act with integrity, transparency and professionalism.

Good governance sets the tone for the culture of TT. The Board and Executive Directors stove to promote an atmosphere of openness and trust throughout the Group.



Board oversight of culture matters - our TT Way values

We do the right thing

From ethics within our workforce and safety matters, to consideration of our wider impact on the environment and our communities, we pride ourselves on doing the right thing and encourage others to do the same. Our customers benefit from our focus on providing cleaner, smarter and healthier solutions to technology challenges.

- Statement of Values and Business Ethics Code
- Whistleblowing reports
- Safety metrics
 - Employee support during COVID-19 pandemic
- Integration of ESG and sustainability matters into decision analing and business practices as a strategic priority
- Net Zero Scope 1 & 2 target by 2035 and other environmental impact reduction work
- Anti-bribery and corruption policies
 - Modern Slavery policy
- Global supplier standards for social and environmental practices
- Human Rights Code Gender Pay Gap reports



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Our people are our greatest asset. We know that supporting development, promoting wellbeing, ED&I and collaborating with our colleagues leads to better performance for our people and our business.

- Leadership programmes
 - Succession planning/talent reviews
 - Remuneration schemes and employee benefits
- Cross divisional working and information sharing
- ED&I initiatives including our Women in Leadership programme, strong focus on LGBTQ+ initiatives and awareness programmes, for example. Black History Month

Which is the might w



Throughout the business, our people are encouraged to share their ideas and feed back to improve the way we work. Our culture of openness and transparency is demonstrated through the reporting systems we have in place and the two-way conversations we have with our employees, our customers and our suppliers.

- Best practice sharing across the Group
- Ensuring transparency in reporting systems
- Employee engagement survey
- Voice of the Customer surveys
- SID (Jack Boyer) reports back from the PSEF Committee to the Board on stakeholder engagement processes
- Group wide incentives

Nephampian expertise

Our talented team of design, engineering and manufacturing experts operate in a supportive culture that champions knowledge, skills, innovation, problem solving and service. We cannot achieve our purpose without passionate support for technical expertise in the business – from R&D and manufacturing to marketing and sales.

- Focus on capabilities power, connectivity, sensing, and manufacturing and engineering
- R&D investment as a percentage of sales 5% target

- Targeted and complementary M&A to expand technology capabilities
 BE Inspired awards for individual achievements
- Focus on training and apprenticeship initiatives

We get the jub danc, well

TT's strong business performance is an indicator of getting the job done, but our success is based on a culture of pride within our organisation to do the best job we can. From the boardroom to our manufacturing sites, decision-making is based on achieving the best results the TT Way.

- Strategic decisions for long term success
- Strong capital discipline and financing to ensure continued availability of funds to invest in the business
- Successful integration of acquisitions

Customer feedback and Voice of Customer surveys

Leadership

The Board

Subject to the Company's Articles of Association, UK legislation and any directions given by special resolution, the Board manages the Company's husiness. The Roard has reserved contain specific matters to itself for decision. These include financial policy (including tax and treasury matters) and policy refating to acquisition and disposal.

The Board appoints its members, and those of its principal Committees having received the recommendations of the Nominations Committee. It also reviews recommendations of the Board Committees and the financial performance and operation of the Group's businesses. It requarly reviews the drill if continue, evaluation and management of the principal risks faced by the Group, including emerging risks and the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control as set out on pages 67 to 70.

Board and Committee meetings are scheduled in line with the Company of financial calendar, thereby enduring that the latest operating data is available for review and sufficient time and focus can be given to matters under consideration during the year there were seven.

principal Board montags on scheduled dans, for which full notice was given Four additional meetings were held in the year to progress the Board's work on IS matters, discuss organisational changes, review the US PP financing arrangement review the trading update and discuss W&A projects. The Board has held two principal meetings to date backets to be present at the Executive Directors present at the end of each scheduled Board meeting as a standing agendal tem.

During 2021, it was important for the Directors to maintain a level of flexibility. around the Soard calendar to ensure I that we were able to respond to the government guidelines and best practioas and when the CCVID 19 restrict and thinged. The first half of 2001 saw that Board continue with electronic meetings which had proved to work duedy safully in 2020, tolens, reithnisafety of all Board members and to allow for travel restrictions that viere in place. As the year progressed, the Board was about meet in person and complete site i is to tu Hardepool and Redlington in the UK Unfortunately the planned Board Histor to the Torote ate in Kansas and the new Plancifacility in Texas had to be postponed due to CCV Direlated trave restrictions, but it is hoped that there visits will be reacheduled for 2002

The main events in the Board calendar are the approval of the half year and fell year results, the Board site visits the review of the multi year strategic pian and the approval of the budget towards the end of the year. At each meeting during 2021 the Board discussed strategic issues (principally focused on key site rational sation projects, the M&A apportunity pipeline and the status of integration activity on recent, acquisitions) together with operational financial human resources, legal governance and averstor relations items.

The Directors reviewed, throughout the year the opportunities and risks to the future success of the business by receiving air discussing information from both internal and external sources recarding the issues affecting the business, the wider industry and the macroeconomic environment. The iron standard areas of focus for the Board in 2003 are shown on page \$1.

Division of responsibilities

Phalamana d'Orall, vecative Cilico

The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer has been defined, formalised in writing, and approved by the Board

Roles and responsibilities

Chairman

Maintains responsibility for:

- The leadership and effectiveness of the Board, and for setting its agenda;
- Ensuring all Directors receive accurate timely and clear information on financial, business and corporate matters so they can participate in Board decisions effectively.
- Facilitating the effective contribution of NFDs.
- Ensuring constructive relations between Executive and Non-executive Directors,
- Ensuring effective communication with shareholders, and
- Ensuring the performance of individual Directors, the Board as a whole, and its Committees are evaluated at least once a year.

Chief Executive Officer

Maintains responsibility for:

- The operations of the Group,
- Developing Group objectives and strategy, having regard to the Group's responsibilities to its shareholders, customers, employees and other stakeholders,
- Successful implementation and achievement of strategies and objectives, as approved by the Board, Managing the Group's risk profile, including its health and safety performance.
- Ensuring the Group's businesses are managed in line with strategy and approved business plans, and complying with applicable legislation and Group policy
- · Ensuring effective communication with shareholders, and
- Setting Group human resource policies including management development and succession planning for the schlor management team

Leadership structure

Details of Titis Board of Directors are set out on pages 76 and 77 of this report. The leadership structure chart on page 75 provides further information on how leadership at the Board level is discharged. Most importantly the Board comprises a majority of independent NEDs, with the division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer having been clearly articulated. The Board believes that its composition the structure of its principal Committees and the processes it has in place to discharge its primary areas of responsibility, meet the requirements of "Board ceadership" and "Composition" under the Code

. The Board has established a number of Committees, each with its own delegated authority defined in terms of reference. The Board reviews these terms periodically (the last occasion being in December 2021) and receives reports and copies of minutes of Committee meetings. The Board appoints the members of all principal Board Committees having received the recommendations of the Nominations Committee.

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A NED (Jack Boyer) has been norminated to be a member of the PSFF Committee with the purpose of receiving information about the Company's orgagement with its key stakeholders. As such he is the It designated NFD for the purposes of engagement with the workforce under I the Code This includes the outcomes of illour employee engagement activities as ± described on page 54 and sustainab⊜ty initiatives described from page 56. The designated NFD on the PSE-Committee reports this information directly to the Boaro following each Committee meeting. The key activities covered by the PSEE Committee are described in more detail in the readcrehip structure chart on page 75.

The this maked?

The Directors of the Company at 31 December 2021 held interests (directly or through their connected persons) in the following numbers of the Company's ordinary shares of 25 pence each on 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021 and 7 March 2022:

The interests of the Directors in the Company's share options and Long-Term Incentive Plan are shown in the Directors' remuneration report on page 114.

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Directors

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Group General Counsel and Company Secretary and are offered training to fulfil their role as Directors, both on appointment and subsequently. There is an agreed procedure for any individual Director to take independent professional advice at the Company's expense if they consider it necessary.

In accordance with the provisions on conflicts of interest in the Companies Act 2006, the Company has put in place procedures for the disclosure and review of any conflicts, or potential conflicts, of interest which the Directors may have, and for the authorisation of such conflicts by the Board. In deciding whether to authorise a conflict or potential conflict, the Directors must have regard to their general duties. under the Companies Act 2006. The author sation of any conflict, and the terms of authorisation, may be reviewed at any time and, in accordance with best practice, we conduct a leview of Director conflicts of interest annually

Fach member of the board, including the SID, has the right to include items on the Board agenda or the agenda of the Committees they sit on

Rules for the appointment and replacement of Directors are set out in the Company's Articles of Association Directors are appointed by the Board on the recommendation of the Nominations Committee, Directors may also be appointed or removed by the Company by ordinary resolution at a general meeting of holders of ordinary shares. The office of a Director shall be vacated if his or her resignation is requested by all the other Directors, not being fewer than three in number. Further details of the activities of the Nominations Committee are set out on page 87.

There are no agreements between the Company and its Directors or employees providing for compensation for loss of office or employment that occurs as plairesult of a takeover bid except that provisions of the Company's share. plans may cause options and awards granted under such schemes to vest on takeover, subject to the satisfaction of any performance conditions. Further details of the Executive Directors, service contracts can be found in the Directors' Remuneration Policy, Copies of the Executive Directors' service contracts and letters of appointment of the NFDs are available for inspection by any person at the Company's registered office, during normal business hours on any weekday (other than public holidays) and at the AGM from 15 minutes before the start of the AGM until its conclusion.

The Group maintains Directors, and Officers' Liability insurance. The Directors of the Company also benefit from a qualifying third party indemicity provision in accordance with Section 231 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Company's Articles of Association. The Company has provided a pension scheme internity within the meaning of Section 235 of the Companies Act 2006 to Directors of associated companies.

Relations with shareholders

The full list of engagement activities and our relations with shareholders during the year are set out on pages 44 to 45. The Chair of the Audit Committee engaged with certain shareholders on ESG matters during 2021. The Chair of the Remiuneration Committee engaged with shareholders in relation to changes to the performance conditions for the 2021 TEP alvards which were proposed at the 2021 AGM. See page 99 of the Remiuneration Committee report for more information.

Going concern

The Directors have reviewed the budgets for 2021 and the projections for 2023 and 2021 developed during the 2021 annual strategic planning cycle. They have assessed the future funding requirements of the Group as outlined on page 66 of this report. Based on this, the Directors are satisfied that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



CHAROSTORY SECRESION AND PLACE VALUE

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Principal responsibilities

- · Requiarly review the structure, size and composition of the Board as a whole and make recommendations for any changes to the Board
- · Review the overall leadership needs of the organisation by considering succession planning for NEDs (having due regard to their length of service), Executive Directors and members of the EL1, and make recommendations to the Board
- Manage the search for and selection of, suitable candidates for the appointment of replacement or additional Directors. and nominate candidates for the approval of the Board.

Key activities during the year

- No changes to the composition of the Board or Committees
- Detailed review of succession planning. at Executive Director and ELT level (plus a management layer below)
- · In depth review of talent ("high potential" and talent gaps) at a senior management level.
- · Oversight of the COO appointment process and the governance changes implemented as a result.
- · Board level requirements considered as part of evaluation exercise, factoring in succession and diversity considerations

Mark Control (All Control Cont



In last year's Annual Report, various criteria were highlighted as being important in the selection process for the new Chairman, which included the need to maintain a culture of openness and transparency, in a low-ego environment. To what extent do you think this has been achieved?

On joining 11, I benefited enormously from the fact that these important characteristics were already in place as part of our Board DNA Far be it for me to comment on my own performance since joining the Board, however the collegiate, honest and frank approach taken by the Board to decision making was very much in evidence from the external feedback we received as part. of the 2021 Board evaluation exercise, " feet this has been an important factor in the strong financial performance and operational recovery we have witnessed following the COVID-19 outbreak in 2020

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There have been no changes to the composition of the Board in 2021. Is that a good thing or not?

Looking at 2021 in isolation, this was a time when all companies required strong, stable leadership and, as such, I firmly believe this has been a good thing. It is also worth pointing out that the average length of tenure of the NEDs is less than four years That having been said, there is no room for complacency, which is why we regularly test to see we have the right skills and competencies in place to meet the evolving needs of FT's business. We did not identify any gaps for 2021, however, the independent feedback we have received from the evaluation exercise means that we now have some external input to consider, which the Committee will give attention to in the coming year

0

Why did the Nominations Committee focus on the governance structure underpinning the newly created COO role in 2021?

The new COO role was created to give key parts of the business autonomy to grew, which included a key focus on medical and defence markets in the US. At the same time, we wanted to ensure that our Executive Directors were given the necessary freedom and resources to focus on other priority areas, such as promoting further the iR story and significant M&A The Committee's objective here was to ensure that the governance structure underpinning this new arrangement was optimised to provide maximum opportunity for future success

2021 review

The Committee held two meetings in 2021, during which the Committee undertook a detailed evaluation of the current structure of the Board to ensure that it remained balanced and effective. with diverse skills, knowledge and experience. Consideration was also given to the future requirements of the Board on each of these fronts. The Committee concluded that TT had in place a group of highly experienced Directors, with I the skills and competencies necessary to meet the strategic and operational needs of the business. As a result, no changes to the composition or structure of the Board or its principal Committees were recommended in 2021 nor was it considered necessary to prioritise the recruitment of any new NEDs in the immediate future, given the diversity of experience, approach, mindset and thinking on the Board

As part of its remit to have oversight of succession planning activities. the Committee undertook a detailed review of FI stalest management programmic in Q4, which covered the senior management team (operating at ELT lever and a rayor belows, together with selected members of the wider feadership group. Attention was also focused on high performing individuals across the organisation, who had been identified as possessing the capability to progress into senior management roles over the medium to long term. This review exercise identified several candidates across the business with the potential for promotion to FL+ and or Executive Director roles in the future with talent development also being highlighted as a key priority area for the Group going forward. The Committee

agreed, as part of this process, to find opportunities for the NFDs to meet with key individuals identified in the Group wide succession plan, on a face to-face basis (wherever possible). The Committee also took the opportunity to review wellbeing initiatives across the Group in the post COVID environment as part of this process.

In addition to the activities referenced above:

- The Committee spent time reviewing the proposed new COO reporting structure (under Michael Leahan's leadership), together with the key roles/responsibilities and governance framework underpinning it which included an analysis of senior manager reporting lines into the COO and the overall structure of the North American business units.
- All Board members completed a conflicts of interest questionnaire which involved tracking the number of external appointments held by each Director, including the number of charmanships and executive director roles held, to avoid suggestions of "over-boarding". No points of concern were identified by the Committee from this process, and
- The Committee assessed its performance in 2021 by reviewing key activities during the year against its terms of reference. It was concluded that the Committee had performed satisfactorily and was structure of appropriately to provide effective support to the Soard.

Board composition

Throughout 2021, the Board coniprised two Executive Directors (Richard Tyson and Mark Hoad, and four NEDs. Therefore Loichards in Board composition during 2021, nor in reliation to the membership of Board Committees. We provide full data: sight-each unsubstitutional Scard and Committee threeting attendance or page. 6 and precing brographies including the Committees they serve on and chair can be found on pages, the and 27.

At the time of his appointment is Chairman, Warren Fucktriwas considered to be a acquerdant in accordance with the provisions of the Code. At the immaning NFDD are also considered to be undependent as defined by the Code.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Code Directors must offer themselves for releaction at the forthnoming ASM. This practice will continue in the future, to ensure complance with the requirements of the Company's Arthress of Association Company's Arthress of Association Following formal performance evaluation, the Board has concluded that the performance of each birector continues to be effective and to demonstrate commitment to the role. The Notice of ASM sets out details of the rey areas of contribution made by each of the Orincitors in previding featership to the Company.

Equality, diversity and inclusion (ED&I)

In 2020 the Company introduced its FD&I strategy to the workforce, setting out our three-step multi year strategy to enable the Company to understand the needs of its diverse workforce and embed ED&I as an integral part of the Company's strategy (see page 55 for further information). The Nominations Committee's remit includes having regard for issues such as culture and diversity when reviewing recruitment practices and succession planning and the new ED&I strategy will assist the Committee in overseeing a diverse. pipeline for senior management and Board positions The Committee will receive updates on the progress of the initiatives launched via the new FD&I strategy and will monitor the ach evement of targets set in line with the strategy.

At all times during 2021, the Committee has sought to ensure that the Board is balanced and effective, with diverse skills, knowledge and experience. The Committee attaches a high degree of importance to diversity at all levels across the Group and is committed to recruiting the best talent available, based on ment, and assessed against objective criteria of skills, knowledge, independence and experience.

Brown and of Harrist Par

However, we do not advocate a forced approach to diversity at any level of the organisation. Female representation on the Board stands at one third, which the Committee believes will have a positive impact on the Board's governance processes and sends out a strong message across the Group of the importance of a diverse workforce to the future success of the business.

Details of the number of employees, senior managers and Directors of each gender are given in the Our people section on page 65.

For more detail on 11's approach to ED&i across the organisation, see page 55 of the Our people section

Board and Committee performance evaluation

In accordance with the Code, the Board has conducted an evaluation of its performance and that of its principal Committees during 2021. The decision was taken in the year to undertake an external evaluation exercise for 2021, with Russell Reynolds (RR) being selected as the independent facilitator to conduct this project on behalf of the Board.

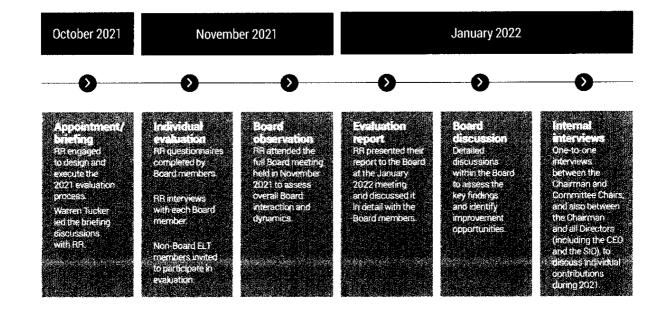
The lifting of COVID restrictions in the latter part of the year was a key factor in the Board's decision to use an external process for 2021, which provided increased scope to conduct the

evaluation in person and thereby derive maximum value from the exercise

Succession and diversity considerations formed a key part of the process of evaluating the future requirements of the Board and its Committees indeed, the evaluation process highlighted the need to ensure that succession and diversity were actively monitored by the Committee at both a Board and senior leadership level and remained firmly on the Board agenda. The Board is mindful of the current initiatives on promoting diversity, including the FISE.

"Women Leaders Campaign", the FCA consultation on changes to the UK Listing Rules, and the Parker Review on ethnic diversity of boards, and is supportive of these initiatives.

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Key conclusions

The evaluation report which was presented to the Board by RR evaluated Board performance across a range of key assessment criteria, including strategic thinking (pragmatic vs disruptive), Board dynamics (collaborative vs independent), stakeholder engagement (internal vs. external) and governance (conformance vs performance). The report also assessed the skills base of each Board member, covering a range of core areas. including strategic thinking/planning. M&A, stakeholder value creation, governance, people/HR/culture and US experience

The evaluation exercise highlighted the extremely positive Board dynamics experienced by the NEDs and the Executive Directors alike It was concluded that the Board was highly effective in discharging its responsibilities and benefited from a "low ego/high trust" culture with a strong focus on Tif values and no topics considered "off limits". In particular, it was noted that

- The Board scored highly on all key assessment critena used by RR, with ratings of at least five (out of a maximum score of six) on each individual measure. Strategic thinking, overall Board dynamics and the Board's approach to governance were recognised as the highest overall scoring areas.
- The evaluation exercise demonstrated a flexible approach to Board-level decision maxing and an ability to adapt behaviours on a case by-case basis, depending on the business at frand (e.g. a "transacting" approach to investment decisions, shrifting to "challenge" based behaviours for key strategic issues)
- Cultural factors are actively monitored (including reputational risks and organisational conduct; which is assisted by the characteristics of openness trust and mutual support at the Board lever whilst encouraging positive challenge and conflict (where necessary)

- The review process confirmed that the Board had delivered on its prior year objective of increasing the level of face-to-face dialogue (as COVID restrictions eased in the year), which had resulted in a more in-depth analysis of strategic priorities and a strong execution focus/alignment in areas such as sustainability and investor relations (including the development of the TTI equity story).
- The evaluation review highlighted that each Board member possessed the requisite skills and experience in each of the core areas relevant to 1 I's operations. Accordingly, the Board concluded that the composition of the Board (and its Committees) remained fit for purpose, with diversity of experience, approach, mindset and thinking around the Board table.

In summary, the Board concluded from the evaluation exercise that it (and its Committees) had performed well on all fronts in 2021 and that the performance of each Director was highly effective, whilst giving due commitment to his or her role.

Discussion points and areas of focus

- The 2021 evaluation review highlighted several developmental areas for further consideration, which included the following
- A very high degree of Board alignment was evidenced on the core strategy for the Group, however, the evaluation process highlighted the need to ensure that our strategic planning remained aiert to potential shifts in the macro environment and we retained the agility to react accordingly.
- Whilst the continued focus on succession planning was a key finding from the prior year's evaluation review, the need to prioritise the attraction retention of top talent was again considered a priority area for 2022 paracularly given the impact of the pandemic in creating organisational fatigue.
- The evaluation review reinforced the Board's coverage of core skills and experience relevant to 1.1's operations however, several additional areas were identified where (depending on the evolution of strategic positioning, there might be a need to develop or introductor additional capabilities in the future. The Board agreed to keep these potential developmental areas under review in the future.

The RR review exercise recognised the positive gender diversity at the Board level (and a range of different styles and approaches that allowed the Board to work effectively as a group), whilst also acknowledging the lower levels of cultural and ethnic diversity. As a result, it was agreed that any future recruitment activity would be focused on fostering a continued strong level of diversity in the make up of the Board

Having considered these issues in detail, the overall outcome of TT's external evaluation exercise was that the Board was operating in a very effective manner and that the structure of the Board remained fit for purpose, given the diversity of experience, approach, mindset and thinking around the Board table. The Board concluded that none of the outputs of the evaluation exercise had identified an immediate need to launch a recruitment process to secure an additional Board member, although this issue would be kept under regular. review by the Nominations Committee going forward

2022 Board objectives

- I-ollowing the conclusion of the 2021 Board evaluation exercise, the Board objectives for the year ahead are set out below.
- NEDs and Executive Directors to continue to operate in an engaged, constructive, open supportive and challenging manner
- Strong focus on strategic development and execution, whilst demonstrating agility in response to new operational challenges
- Driving forward T.Ls sustainability platform, for the benefit of all stakeholders
- Enhanced focus on HR priorities including succession, retention, talent management and FD81
- Continued facus on ensuring employee and wider stakeholder engagement through face to-face meetings wherever possible.

Governance and Directors' report

Directors' performance evaluation

In accordance with the Code, the performance of individual Directors was evaluated during 2021

For the NFDs, the output from a private meeting held between the Chairman and the Executive Directors formed the basis for individual appraisals held by the Chairman with each NED. This also provided an opportunity to discuss any issues which had arisen from either their individual assessments or those of the Board and its principal Committees. For the Chairman's performance, the other NFDs, led by the Senior Independent Director, and, with input from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, met privately to discuss this, with the outcomes being

fed back to the Charman by the Senior Independent Director for discussion.

At the beginning of the year, we set each Executive Director challenging performance objectives, and reviewed progress against these as the year progressed.

Both of the Executive Directors take part in the Group's performance management programme which. together with a review of progress against agreed goals and objectives. is used to assess performance and to set crear objectives and developmental plans for the following year (which are closely aligned with the Group's strategic priorities and values). The Chief

Executive Officer meets with the Chief Financial Officer at the beginning of each year to discuss and review performance | against objectives

The Chairman conducted the performance evaluation of the Chief Executive Officer, taking account of the output from the Group's performance management programme together with feedback provided by the other NFDs at a private meeting held to discuss this and any other matters which the NEDs wished to raise

Warren Tucker Chair, Nominations Committee 8 March 2022

AUDIT, RISK AND INTERNAL CONTROL

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT



Membership

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Principal responsibilities

- Monitor the integrity of the financial statements find uding significant, reporting/accounting issues, going concern, wability statements, and fair balanced and understandable reporting process; and the Group results amouncements.
- Recommend appointment and remuneration of the Auditor assess effectiveness and monitor provision of non-auditiser accis.

- Assess content of the Auditor's independence report in providing both audit and non-audit services, including the Auditor fee structure
- Review the remit, planned scope of activities, performance and effectiveness of internal Audit function.
- Review changes to accounting policies and procedures decisions of judgement affecting financial reporting and compliance with accounting standards and company law (including ERC recommendations)
- Review risk management assurance processes, including the principal risks and internal control findings highlighted by management or internal/external audit
- Monitor the Company's systems and controls for the prevention of bribery and fraud.
- Review Group whistleblowing arrangements and procedures

Key activities during the year

- Key areas of accounting judgement considered in detail, including. (i) Virolens related assets on the balance sheet, (ii) intangible assets relating to acquisitions, (iii) the Group's defined benefit obligation in relation to pensions
- Continued attention on the transition process to the new Auditor (in the first full year following Deloitte's appointment), particularly in light of ongoing COVID-19 lockdown restrictions
- Detailed consideration of findings from the risk/assurance reviews undertaken by the Internal Audit function, including roll out of the shared services model for the finance team and outcome of reviews at key sites
- Engagement with stakeholders on priority issues for the business, including the BEIS consultation on Audit and Governance Reform
- Detailed review of climate related risks (and associated TCFD disclosures), in light of new regulatory requirements
- Response to FRO request for information on two specific technical accounting matters arising from its review of the 2020 Annual Report, which were resolved to the FRO's satisfaction (see page 94 for more details).

08.4

Now that Deloitte has completed its first full audit cycle, what are your thoughts on how the external Auditor transition process has worked in practice?

2021 was clearly a challenging year, as the ongoing COVID-19 lockdown restrictions experienced in H1 continued to limit the amount of face-to-face activity (compared to what would typically be seen in an external audit programme). However both the internal and external audit functions have worked hard to maintain the positive momentum created from the original handover process from KPMG to Defotte. Overall having conducted the Auditor effectiveness survey in 2021.



which indicated an improvement compared to the prior year, the Committee is confident that this transition process has been well managed and that the quality of the external audit has not been compromised by remote working

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Did the COVID-19 "stay-at-home" measures in place during the first half of 2021 impose any significant challenges to the delivery of the audit programme during the year?

As stated above, the continuing COVID 19 lockdown arrangements presented some logistical challenges in 2021, but we benefited significantly from having put in place a series of remote working practices during 2020, such that the 2021 audit process felt much more like business as usual. As the year progressed, the audit programme was able to revert to more of an in person approach, to allow wider testing of specific site and Group-level audit issues. Overall, the Committee considers it has been able to review key areas of audit judgement in sufficient depth in 2021, despite lockdown restrictions, but will continue to focus on priority areas, building on the good practices that have evolved over the past two years.

Q

Why did you feel it was necessary to respond to the BEIS consultation on Audit and Governance Reform?

I I takes its governance responsibilities extremely seriously and welcomes the opportunity to enhance its audit, internal controls and wider governance processes in the interests of our stakeholder groups. We felt that many of the BEIS reform proposals were helpful and would not present too much of a stretch for TF with the Controls Framework structure we already have in place. However, in a few key areas the Committee considered that the recommendations were inherently vague and were unlikely to provide a cost effective basis for enhancing governance structures

Procedural and governance matters

Meetings of the Committee are structured on the following basis

- The Committee meets with the Auditor at the close of each meeting, without Executives being present. The Committee also has the opportunity to meet with the internal audit function at each meeting on the same basis.
- The CFO, the Group Director of Financial Control, the Company Secretary and Auditor representatives attend each Committee meeting, at which they present reports and provide analysis on key areas of accounting judgement. At the request of the Committee, the Chairman and the CEO also attend for part of the scheduled Committee meetings.
- The Director of Financial Projects and Risk presents on the progress on the internal audit plan (undertaken in conjunction with PwC under the directed outsource arrangement) and updates on the Group's risk management framework, to allow members to review principal risks and the effectiveness of risk management processes.

In relation to Governance considerations

- The Committee Chair, Anne 1 horburn, fulfils the Code requirement of at least one member of the Committee having recent and relevant financial experience (as a former CFO of several listed companies and as audit committee chair of Diploma PLC since 2015).
- The structures and methodologies that were put in place in 2020 to address the COVID 19 "stay at-home" measures were retained in the current year, to ensure that both internal and external audit activities could be fully completed and to support the transition to the new Auditor.
- The Committee undertook an evaluation of external Auditor performance in 2021, which included input from the heads of finance across the Group's operations. Through this process, several limited areas for improvement were ident fied and shared with the Auditor, however, this process indicated an improvement in overall Auditor performance in 2021, and
- The Committee assessed its performance in 2021 by reviewing key activities during the year against its terms of reference. It was concluded that the Committee had performed satisfactorily in the year and was structured appropriately to provide effective support to the Board.

2021 review

The Committee held four scheduled meetings during 2021. A summary of the key financial reporting and judgement issues considered by the Committee during 2021 is set out in the table on page 96. In addition, as part of the Committee's planning for the 2021 year-end audit process, a detailed assessment was under taken (in conjunction with the external Auditor; of the FRO's key areas of focus, as outlined in its letter to UK Ested companies published in October 2021.

Specific audit matters considered by the Committee in 2021 included. (i) the Group's defined benefit obligation with respect to pensions. (ii) the acquisition intangible asset impairment reviews conducted at the half-year and full year stages (with the Technology Products.) Division being the principal area of focus, but with the Committee concluding that sufficient headroom was available based on projected future trading), (iii) the carrying amount of Virolens-related

assets on the balance sheet, (iv) Group tax rates and provisioning (with the Committee concluding that, as a result of new processes adopted during the year the level of judgemental analysis applied in this area for the current year had been significantly reduced), (v) an in depth review of the Group's GDPR/data privacy and anti-briberly corruption controls, and (vi) the viability/going concern position for the Group (reflecting current year trading and the new US PP arrangement)

The Committee also reviewed the outputs of the internal audit projects conducted during 2021, which are undertaken both on a site specific basis (with each principal T1 site being reviewed at least once every three years) and for targeted functional areas, which for 2021 included H1 implementation HR and talent management, procurement and supply chain and project assurance. The Committee has continued to pay close attent on in the past year to the

progress made in developing the Group wide controls framework programme and its application in driving business performance across LT, particularly in the context of the Group's migration to a shared service environment, post-COVID trading, the financial integration of businesses having only recently adopted the Controls Framework and the impact of behavioural factors on the controls environment. For further details of TT's risk management and internal controls structures see pages 64 to 70.

During 2021, the Risk Committee continued to conduct a detailed review of possible emerging risks (in consultation with the Internal Audit function), which were not currently addressed in the Group risk register, but could have application in the future to an international business operating in ET's sector. The outputs of this analysis were discussed further at both the Board and Audit Committee level, which included a review of the risk appetite of the Group Eor further details of the Board's approach to assessing the Group's risk appetite, see page 64.

in the fourth quarter, the Committee undertook a detailed review of the Group's climate related risks and opportunities, with particular reference to the new TCFD disclosure ! requirements. A summary of the outputs of this review exercise is set out on page 51. A further, more detailed scenario analysis will be undertaken in 2022

FRC review

On 12 August 2021, we received a request for information from the FRC, which was addressed to the Company's Chairman. This information request focused on two specific areas, being share based payments and deferred tax and the related disclosures made in the 2020 Annual Report

If provided detailed responses to the queries raised by the FRC and the FRC wrote to the Group CFO on 6 December 2021, confirming that TT's responses had enabled the FRC to close its enquiries

In its correspondence, the FRC highlighted the requirement for the recognition of deferred tax in relation to certain hedging instruments, clarification in respect of classification of share based payments and the footnote disclosures of share based payments and deferred tax. The Company has carefully considered the suggested disclosures proposed by the FRC and these have been fully reflected in this Annual Report. None of the FRC's queries required resistement of prior year financial results or position.

The FRC has recognised in its latest correspondence that the Company may wish to refer to the exchange of correspondence with the FRC in this Annual Report but may do so only on the basis that we make clear the inherent limitations of the FRC's review. including the fact that: (i) the review is based on the content of IT's Annual Report (without detailed knowledge of 11's business or an understanding of the underlying transactions entered into by the Company), (ii) the FRC provides no assurance that TT's Annual Report is correct in all material respects, and (iii) the FRC (including its officers, employees and agents) accepts no liability for reliance on its correspondence, whether to TT or any third pailty (including investors and shareholders).

The Committee appreciates the opportunity to engage with the FBC and deliver further improvement in our disclosures.

Misstatements

Management has confirmed to the Committee that it was not aware of any marerial uncorrected misstatements or immaterial misstatements made intentionally to achieve a particular presentation. The Committee confirms that it is satisfied that the external Auditor has fulfilled its responsibilities with diligence and professional scepticism.

After reviewing the presentations and reports from management and consulting where necessary with the Auditor the Audit Committee is satisfied that the financial statements appropriately address the orbical judgements and key estimates (both for the amounts reported and the disclosures)

Fair, balanced and understandable

In accordance with the Code, the Board requested the Committee to advise it on whether it believed the Group's Annual Report taken as a whole is fair balanced and understandable, and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategic plan. Procedures are in place to facilitate the appropriate and timely review of the grafts of the Annual Report and specifically to highlight evidence of a fair and balanced representation. which supports input and challenge from all independent NEDs, the external Auditor and other external advisers

On careful review of the Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2021, and the basis for the statement made by the Board or "Fair balanced and understandable" on page 122, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board that taken as a whole the Annual Report is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance business model and strategic plan.

Governance and Directors' report

Auditor's independence, objectivity and effectiveness

The Audit Committee assesses the independence of the Auditor annually to ensure suitable policies and procedures are in place to safeguard the Auditor's independence and objectivity, having regard to length of tenure, provision of non-audit services and the existence of any conflicts of interest. The Committee

has formally reviewed the independence. of the Auditor as part of the 2021 review. Deloitte has provided a letter to the Committee confirming it remains independent within the meaning of the relevant regulations and in accordance with its professional standards

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The Committee also reviewed the quality and effectiveness of the audit programme during the year, as described on page 97

Policy on non-audit services

The Company has an established policy regarding the provision of non-audit services by external auditors, which was last refreshed in 2021. This policy provides that non audit services may be obtained from the most appropriate source, having regard to expertise, availability, knowledge and cost as confirmation that they comply with the whitelist of permitted services as set out in the Revised Ethical standard 2019 Non-audit services where fees are expected to exceed £25,000 should be approved, in advance, by the Chair of the Audit Committee or, in her absence. by another member of the Audit Committee. There is also a restriction that fees for non-audit services will not exceed those for audit services paid to the same service provider, for

more than two consecutive years. unless specifically recommended by I the Audit Committee and agreed by the Board. The overriding preference of the Committee is not to engage the Auditor for additional non assurance services, unless there are compelling reasons to the contrary, such as capability, time or cost

In 2021, the total fees paid to Deloitte were £1.4 million, while no other nonaudit service fees were paid to Deloitte in the year. This includes £0.1 million. paid to Deloitte for their review of the Company's interim results. Accordingly during 2021, non audit service fees paid to Deloute represented seven per cent , of audit service fees paid to them during the same period.

Significant issues considered in relation to the financial statements

The main areas of judgement and estimation are set out in the accounting policies on pages 138 to 148. The Committee received and reviewed reports from management and the external Auditor setting out the significant issues in relation to the 2021 financial statements as outlined below. They discussed these issues with management during the year and with the external Auditor at the time the Committee reviewed and agreed

the external Auditor's Group audit plan, when the external Auditor reviewed the half year results in July 2021, and also at the conclusion of the audit of the financial statements. The Committee is satisfied that the significant assumptions used for determining the value of assets and liabilities have been appropriately scrutinised and challenged, (and are sufficiently robust

Significant issues

Significant issue

Adjusted profit (see Note 6)

The Group reports non-trading income or expenditure outside of adjusted profit when the size, nature or function of an item or aggregation of similar items is such that separate presentation is relevant to an understanding of its financial position.

Provisions

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Current tax provisions held in respect of tax risks are included within current tax liabilities depending on the underlying circumstances of the provision

Goodwill and impairment review (see Note 13)

The Committee has reviewed management's computation of the present value of future cash flows from the five year plan and outer years. These have been compared to the carrying amounts in order to test for impairment, (iefer to Note 13 to the Group Financial Statements).

Going concern and viability (see Note 1d)

The Committee considered the outcome of management's reviews of current and forecast net debt positions and the various financing facilities and options available to the Group, including the risk and potential impact of unforeseen events.

Virolens (see Note 1q)

The Committee reviewed management's assessment of the recoverability of the Virolens related assets held at 31 December 2021

Other items

A provision is recognised in the financial statements when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources, that can be reliably measured, will be required to meet the obligation.

Provisions are recognised at an amount equal to management sibest estimate of the expenditure required to meet the Group's hability taking into account the time value of money where this is considered materia.

Committee actions/work undertaken

The Committee challenged the items that were excluded from adjusted profit and were satisfied that these were in accordance with the Group's disclosed accounting policy and gave a true and fair view of the Group's underlying financial position.

The Auditor explained to the Committee the work they had conducted and the results of their audit procedures on significant items recorded outside adjusted profit.

Management confirmed to the Committee that the provisions recorded at 31 December 2021 represent its best estimate of the potential financial exposure faced by the Group. The Committee reviewed each significant provision and challenged the basis of management's judgement and concurred with the estimates.

The Auditor explained to the Committee the work they had conducted during the year, including how their audit procedures were focused on those provisions with the highest level of judgement on recognition criteria and/or measurement.

The Committee considers management's conclusion that no new impairment charges for goodwill and acquired intangibles have been required for 2021 to be appropriate.

The Committee reviewed the reasonable possible change disclosure for the IoT Solutions CGU and challenged management's assumptions and sensitivities. The Committee confirmed both the disclosures and assumptions were appropriate.

The Committee reviewed the going concern and viability assessment over the three year period based upon 2022 budget and the strategic plan to 2024.

The Committee confirmed that the application of the going concern basis for the preparation of the financial statements continued to be appropriate

The Auditor explained to the Committee the work they had conducted and the results of their audit procedures on going concern and viability.

The Committee considers management's conclusion that no impairment is required for 2021 (with the exception of the trade receivables) to be appropriate.

The Committee reviewed the key sources of estimation uncertainty disclosure for Virolens. The Committee confirmed both the disclosures and assumptions were appropriate.

The Auditor explained to the Committee the work they had conducted and the results of their audit procedures on the assessment of the recoverability of the Virolens related assets.

On legal and contractual exposures, the Committee received periodic reports from the Group General Counsel and Company Secretary outlining the open legal and contractual disputes and best estimates of the expected costs associated with such matters.

Management has confirmed to the Committee that the provisions recorded at 31 December 2021 represent its best estimate of the potential financial exposure faced by the Group. The Committee reviewed each significant provision and challenged the basis of management's judgement and concurred with management's estimates.

The Auditor explained to the Committee the work they had conducted auring the year in this area. Further information about the specific categories of provisions held by the Group is set out in Note 18.



Committee activities in 2021

Financial reporting

- Monitored and reviewed the Group's financial statements and results announcements.
- · Reviewed significant financial reporting and accounting issues.
- · Reviewed going concern and viability statements. including appropriate sensitivity analysis
 Reviewed the fair, balanced and understandable
- process for the financial reports
- Reviewed and discussed 2021 H1 and year end accounting issues

Governance

- Reviewed and responded to the BEIS consultation on Audit and Governance Reform.
- Responded to the FRC request regarding our 2020
 Annual Report and financial statements
- · Reviewed Terms of Reference.
- · Received and considered whistleblowing matters reported through the Group's multi-lingual, anonymous ethics and integrity portal.
- Undertook an evaluation on the effectiveness of the Committee
- Considered new areas of audit disclosure under UK legislation/regulation

Internal audit and risk and assurance

- · Received a report at each meeting on the internal audit and risk assurance plan
- Reviewed internal audit planned activity.
- Agreed the remit of the internal audit programme of work
- · Considered the results of the 2021 internal audit activities
- Reviewed and approved the 2022 internal audit plan
- · Conducted the annual review of the Group's internal auditor.
- · Reviewed systems and controls for the prevention of bribery and fraud and in relation to GDPR.

Anne Thorburn Chair, Audit Committee 8 March 2022

External audit

- · Discussed and approved the external audit plan and audit fee.
- Reviewed external Auditor planned activity
- · Reviewed and confirmed both the independence of the external Auditor as part of the 2021 review, and nonaudit fees.
- Assessed the quality and effectiveness of the audit programme, including the performance of the Auditor relative to prior year

INTRODUCTION TO OUR.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE REPORT



Membership

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Principal responsibilities

- Determine the Remuneration Policy for Directors for approval at least every three years
- Determine retriuncration packages and terms and conditions of employment for the Executive Directors, senior managers and the Chairman of the Board
- Approve the design iperformance measures, targets and outruins of incentive schemes for the Executive Directors and serior managers
- Set Remundration Policy within the wider context of remuneration trends across the workforce
- Produce an armual report of the implemental on of the Directors' Remuneration Policy in respect of the last financial year and for the current year.

Key activities during the year

- We're engaged shareholders following the 2021 AGM for feedback following the shareholder consultation on the 2020 short-term incentive outcome for the Executive Directors and a change to performance measures of the 2020 LTIP awards which were granted shortly before the first UK COVID-19 lockdown in early 2020
- We sought to support our lowest paid UK colleagues with higher salary increases in April 2021 and redesigned their incentive scheme with the aim of improving payments total reward opportunity and engagement
- We concluded a strategic review of remuneration practices in our growth markets and, in line with established local market practice, introduced a hybrid LTI model for US below Board leadership roles
- We reviewed performance measures in our incentives, including the use of alternative financial measures and ESG sustainability measures aimed at driving material improvement in the Group's environmental footprint
- We considered remuneration outcomes to ensure they remain fair, appropriate, and in line with our remuneration principles and the strong Company performance.
- Short term Investment Plan (STIP)
 payments are between on target
 and maximum reflecting the strong
 year of growth in both revenue, profit
 and margin.
- Long-term Incentive Plan (LTP)
 vested at only 18.3 per centiref.ecting
 the impact of the pandemic on the
 momentum of the business and the
 halt in progress during 2020 as a result
 of a pause in our end markets.





Q

At the 2021 AGM, shareholders voted to pass the advisory vote on the Directors' remuneration report but 23% did not support the resolution. What feedback did you subsequently receive from shareholders?

In line with the provisions of the Code, we engaged with our largest shareholders to gain an understanding of the reasons behind the votes against. Prior to the 2021 AGM, we undertook a significant consultation exercise with our largest institutional investors and the key advisory bodies. While most investors were supportive of the Committee's proposals, a minority of shareholders did not support the proposed amendment of the performance conditions for the 2020 LTIP awards to a single measure of total shareholder return (TSR) given the uncertainty around earnings and the benefit of being more fully aligned with shareholder outcomes, and/ or the 2020 STIP award where the entire award was deferred into shares Following the AGM, the vast majority. of investors reiterated their support for the remuneration decisions taken by the Committee with no material additional feedback received



The pandemic had a material impact on end markets impacting the motivation/ attainability of long-term performance measures and their effectiveness with respect to retention. What actions have been taken to improve motivation and retention of critical roles/key talent?

The Group's talent and succession approaches ensure that the Board retains a strong oversight of the retention risks for critical roles and key talent. As a Committee we have continued to consider the effectiveness of remuneration based retention arrangements which have been materially impacted by the pandemic. The review was extended this year to go deeper into the organisation and take account of a broader set of critical roles. and the Committee subsequently has taken appropriate action to strengthen retention. To date, our actions to retain critical roles and key talent have remained effective



What actions have the Committee taken to ensure that performance targets are appropriately stretching during the period of volatility and unpredictability arising from the pandemic?

Our role as a Committee includes encouraging enhanced performance and rewarding contribution to the Group's success. This year a major consideration has been the setting of motivational yet stretching performance targets whilst recognising the continuing uncertainty that COVID 19 brings The Committee decided to delay the setting of the 2021 LTIP performance targets to enable a more appropriate and stretching performance range to be set to include the expectation for a significant recovery in earnings per share (EPS) over the three year performance per od. We remain mindful of the perception of windfall gains and will ensure incentive outcomes are reflective. of the wider stakeholder experience. The Committee also reviews total remuneration outcomes to ensure that they are fair, appropriate and in line with our principles.



During the year the Committee reviewed the performance measures for future LTIP awards. Are there any immediate changes for remuneration in 2022?

Shareholder consultation during the year solicited a range of feedback on the types of long-term performance measures employed. Shareholder feedback was supportive of the current remuneration structures whilst also making a number of possible suggestions. The core themes remained focused on shareholder return measures such as TSR, profit measures such as EPS, with some interest in returns on equity/capital employed measures such as return on capital employed We reviewed the feedback, sector trends on performance measures and, importantly, the applicability to this phase of the Group's strategy. We concluded that the LFIP performance measures for 2022 would remain. based on FPS and TSR. During this year's Remunctation Policy review we will again consider the overall mix of measures including the use of ESG and returns on equity/capital employed

Annual statement

On behalf of the Board, Lam pleased to introduce the Directors' remuneration report for the year ended 31 December 2021 The report sets out our philosophy, together with the key activities and decisions made by the Remuneration Committee The report is split into the following sections

- This annual statement which contains a summary of the activities of the Remuneration Committee during the year, including the key remuneration decisions taken by the Committee and the context within which these decisions were reached.
- ii. Ari at-a glance summary of the Remuneration Policy and the key remuneration outcomes for the year A full version of the Remuneration
- Policy that was approved by shareholders at the 2020 AGM can be found in the 2019 Annual Report and Accounts
- iii. The annual report on remuneration and the implementation of the Policy in the year ended 31 December 2021 and the proposed implementation of the Policy for the current financial year. The Policy operated as intended during the year with no changes.

Context for the year

2021 has been a year of strong growth. and recovery demonstrating the strength of the business and its strategy, despite the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic continuing in the year. The Committee together with the Board, continues to be impressed by the resilience and dedication of our incredible employees helping to keep our facilities safe and operational throughout the year Against the backdrop of the orgoing pandemic the performance of the Group has been even more encouraging and enabled us to confirm the resumption of the dividend in the early part of the year

The year has not been without its chalfenges from COV₂D 19, with continued uncertainty in commercial aerospace supply chain challenges and changes to the dynamics of employment markets. The Group has navigated these chairenges without the need to access any coronavirus support from the UK Government during 2021

As previously disclosed, the Group repaid all Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme payments in early 2021 which had been fully accrued in 2020, the Company did not utilise any other UK Government support

In October 2021, we undertook our regular Group wide employee survey and we were delighted with the results, with improved feedback from colleagues across a number of our facilities and our Group rating further improved our standing as a two star employer, continuing to benchmark the Company alongside the very best global corporations in terms of employee engagement. As previously disclosed we have updated our purpose to better reflect our core values of sustainability and weilbeing. Employees continued to give strong feedback in respect of these area's and the actions taken. to improve sustainable, safe and supportive workplaces

The Committee has continuously monitorea remuneration decisions being taken across the Group and has considered executive pay in the context Lof the wider workforce, the broader impaction society, its shareholders and maintaining the sustainability and strategic growth of the Group. The Committee continues to be minaful of the impact of the pandemic or remuneration and has adopted a holistic and rigorous approach to decision making to ensure alignment with stakeholders and our shareholders Details of the Committee's approach to remuneration in 2021, and the proposed Policy implementation for 2022, are set out in detail in this report

Business performance

Since 2015, the Group has undergone significant transformation and is continuing to become a higher quality better balanced business aligned to structural growth markets, COVID-19 tested our business moder and strategy which displayed the resilience we have developed in the Group

The Group entered 2021 with good order book momentum and on a sound financial footing following the actions taken in 2020. The year has been one of high performance growth and recovery with record order books, strong momentum, and good margin progression. This has been as a result of management offsetting the significant incremental beadwinds on material costs, freight and COVID-19

disruption via pricing and efficiency actions. Cash flow management has been robust in the context of being tested during the year in particular by tightness in the supply chain requiring extra inventory investment to ensure derivery performance to customers was maintained. However, a series of actions have maintained balance sheet strength enabling the acquisition of the Power and Control business. of Herranti Technologies ittd in early 2022. The business is now positioned for further acceleration of nur strategy and margin growth

- Overall, the recovery and performance has been strong
- · Adjusted profit before tax was £31.5 million, up by 32 per cent.
- · Free cash frow was a £1.3 million cutflow
- Adjusted EPS was 14.5 pende up by 24 per cent.



Governance and Directors' report

Performance-related remuneration for 2021

In determining the Executive Directors' remuneration outcomes in the context of the challenges of the ongoing pandemic, the Committee has focused on balancing the principles of, aligning pay with performance, ensuring the appropriate level of motivation and focus required to deliver the next phase of the Group strategy, and reviewing remuneration outcomes in the context of our stakeholder experience. The Committee believes that the following outcomes are a fair reflection of business performance and the personal performance of the Executive Directors In respect of performance related remuneration outcomes for the wider workforce, short-term incentive awards continue to recognise performance and the attainment of relevant business performance measures in 2021. This ensures alignment with the approach for the Executive Directors

 The 2021 short term incentive for Executive Directors was 75 per cent based on financial measures (50 per cent Group arliusted profit before tax and 25 pericent Group free cash flow) and 25 per cent based on the achievement of strategic objectives For the year ended 31 December 2021, adjusted profit before tax grew 32 per cent to £31.5 million, in line with the increase in full year earnings expectations announced with the H1 2021 results, the full year profit performance was ahead of the maximum performance target, net of £3.8 million of Virolens start up costs. Free cash flow performance was robust and we maintained

balance sheet strength even in the context of the material challenges experienced from the supply chain. the expected investment in the final phase of the self-help programme and the investment in Virolens start-up to create the potential for a material growth opportunity. The impact of these investments was mitigated through the accelerated disposal of freehold property and, as a result, the Group's leverage was maintained compared to the end of 2020. The business delivered cash conversion of 65 per cent and a free cash outflow of £1.3 million being between the target and maximum performance levels The Executive Directors delivered another year of strong leadership with significant progress against the Group's strategic objectives. The combined performance led to an incentive achievement of 97 per cent of the maximum for the CEO and CFO Eighty per cent of the award will be paid in cash and 20 per cent deferred into shares per the Bernungration Policy Details of the short term incentive performance targets and performance achieved is presented on page 111.

 The 2018 LTIP awards vested in March 2021. The awards were based on two equally weighted measures, absolute adjusted EPS and relative TSR performance. As reported last year, until the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, EPS performance was forecast to achieve significant vesting. However, the impact of the pandemic on the business momentum and progress linked to this award incant. that the threshold EPS performance measure was not met. TSR performance over the three year period was slightly ahead of the median rank threshold performance hurdle which meant that this half of the awards vested at 36 6 per cent, as presented on page 112

· The 2019 LTIP awards vest in March 2022 based on performance against EPS and TSR Similar to the 2018 LTIP awards, FPS performance was forecast to vest in full until the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, whilst the growth in 2021 and the recovery have been significant, the threshold ÉPS performance measure was not met due to the pause in the growth momentum. caused by the pandemic. The TSR performance measure concludes in March 2022 and is anticipated to vest between the threshold and maximum performance targets. The final vesting will be disclosed in next year's Directors' remuneration report. Further detail is presented on page 112.

OUR EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION AT A GLANCE

Business performance

£32.6m £1.3m

14.5p

Above median rank

Adjusted profit before tax'

Group free cash outflow

Adjusted earnings per share? Total shareholder return

- Li llurget and actual de formani e are insessed at constituit orget expluige: ates
- 4 Sends in the performance is eventually to the companies were of the purpose of the performance of the p

Performance outcomes

The Committee believes that incentive outcomes are a fair reflection of business performance and of the personal performance of the Executive Directors. The Committee did not apply judgement or exercise discretion to performance related remuneration during the year.

Short-term incentive plan

Long-team incentive plan

970/0

 $0^{\rm o}/_{\rm o}$

97%

18.3º/o 0º/o

18.3%

Flatures (Spot. or we gitting)

Adjusted profit before tax (5.3%). Group free cash thw 25%. 24.6%

Strategic objective, it is weighting)

Estimated opinion (7.5%)

cenerage reductor 128 in

Khi 1 k (*)

Performance dimensions: [1] ineightings:

Adjusted as in ogsider share (5.2%) KPr 0% Jotal shareholder engin (Satia)

Total remuneration for 2021

Richard Tyson, an of Executive Officer



40% + Sala y And proetits **6% –** Ponasti 45% - Snort-term, or visitue 9% – Sarigeterminisent Je

Mark Hoad, Other Financias Officer



40% – Salary and becettls 5% ~ F ≥ 5 m; **45%** + Short term is lerrive Ø 9% – Lurighterm ninem je

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Alignment with stakeholders

Share ownership requirement: int is an forever . . Ventas



Short-term incentive

Long-term incentive

place to the second room of the lead of the second room of the second the frequencies

Workforce alignment

Electrical endangment of the in-The postery of widen workfor s remail on Africa

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Post-employment share ownership

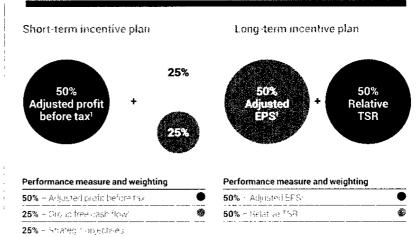
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Executive Director remuneration for 2022

Looking ahead to the review of the Remuneration Policy which will be undertaken during the year and the challenges posed by the ongoing pandemic, the Committee believes the existing incentive design and performance measures remain appropriate for 2022.

- Base salaries for the Executive Directors were increased by 2.5 per cent on 1 January 2022. Wider UK workforce increases are expected to average around 3.4 per cent
- Executive Directors' pension allowances will align with those available to the wider UK workforce from the end of 2022.
- The STIP will remain unchanged, building on our momeritum to grow our profitability and deliver good free each flow to support the ongoing strategic development of the Group The STIP wit be based on Group. adjusted profit before tax (50%), Group free cash flow (25%) and strategic objectives (25%). The opportunity remains at 125 per cent of salary with at least 20 per cent of any award deferred into shares for two years Strategic objectives continue to reflect the creation of sustainable value for stakeholders with a continued focus on FSG development, execution of the Company inorganic growth strategy and a focus on our people talent development.
- LTP awards are planned to be made in March 2022. Performance targets are anticipated to be based on two equally weighted performance measures. EPS and TSR. Award levels for the CEO and CFO are expected to be 150 per cent and 135 per cent of salary respectively. LTIP awards will be subject to a two year post vesting holding period.

Our Executive Director remuneration framework



Collarget air isstualise in minorinaria, reservation or activity meteorie age afect

What they measure

- Operational performance encompassing our strategic prior ties of strategic business development and operational excellence.
- Cash flow performance, encompassing our cash conversion and cash generation for capital reinvestment
- Progress of the Group's strategic aims to deliver sustainable growth in stakeholder value.
- All incentives are subject to malus and clawback provisions.
- In-employment shareholding guidelines apply (200% of salary) and postemployment shareholding guidelines (100% of salary) apply for two years.

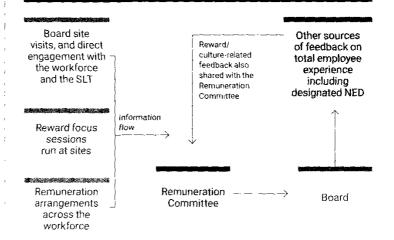
What they measure

- Sustainable growth in the Group's profitability per share over three years
- Performance of the Group's share price and dividend performance relative to a peer group over three years

Pay in the wider workforce

- The Committee spends considerable time on matters relating to remuneration across the workforce. This provides important context to frame decision making on Executive Director remuneration as well as ensuring that reward principles are consistently applied throughout the organisation and reward practices are aligned and complementary.
- If Electronics overarching remuneration is designed to underpin the Group's core purpose and delivery of strategic priorities, the framework is commonly applied across the Group and supports the people strategy to create an inclusive. equitable and performance related organisational culture. Where practicable, remuneration practices are aligned with those of the Executive Directors to ensure alignment of focus and motivation
- . During the year, a revised site incentive scheme has been launched which applies to the majority of our workforce, ensuring that we continue to have alignment in our remuneration. principles and our strategic priorities
- · In addition to existing site employee forums, we built on our existing modianisms to engage the workforce on our remuneration principles and how these align with our remuneration arrangements. Pilot sessions have been run in three of our UK sites to ensure their success, clarify and engagement
- NED virtual site visits and re establishment of in-person site visits continue to allow for open and frank dialogue directed by feedback and priority areas from our employees

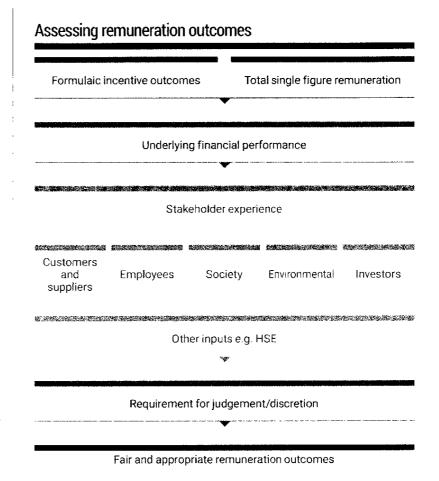
Employee voice in the boardroom



- Foi 2021, the median CFO pay ratio has increased from 40.1 in 2020 to 52.1. This reflects our remuneration principles, with the majority of CEO remuneration based on variable performance related pay and the wider workforce having the majority of remuneration based on fixed pay In particular the increase in ratio results from a higher STIP award for 2021 reflecting the strong growth and recovery of the business whilst a lower LHP vesting reflects the longer term impact of the pandemic.
- Creating a safe and positive work environment where all employees can develop and build their expertise is of paramount importance to 11. We strive to build a supportive diverse
- and engaging culture and place to work built around the TT Way. We are confident that our people policies and approaches to recruitment, training, development and remuneration are fair and free of bias.
- Across the Company we are broadly evenly split by gender, however, we acknowledge that there remain longterm objectives to further improve diversity amongst our professional and managément roies. We are making progréss by championing a fomalé friendly workplace and targeting our talent processes to improve our diversity. We are starting to see improved representation of female employees in professional, manager and leadership roles. Details of our UK Gender Pay disclosures can be found on www.itelectronics.com

Discretion, independent judgement and shareholder engagement

- · As a Committee, we are willing to exercise judgement and discretion when determining remuneration outcomes for the Executive Directors.
- · Before agreeing remuneration outcomes we reflect on whether the Company's overall performance and stakeholder experiences are appropriately represented by the performance measures we have set by taking into account performance against non-financial measures, ESG matters, the demonstration of leadership qualities, living our values and conversations with our major shareholders where relevant
- The Committee did not apply judgement or exercise discretion to performance related remuneration in respect of 2021
- . In line with good practice, the Committee reviews its effectiveness on a regular basis. The Committee believes that the openness and transparency provided by the Company is of significant benefit to enable extensive and well informed decision making
- · We welcome shareholder engagement and are committed to shareholder consultation with respect to the material application of discretion, such as that taken ahead of the 2021 AGM



The year ahead

As the Company continues to transform, the Committee, working with management, will continue to assess and ensure our arrangements remain fit for purpose. In particular, in 2022, the Committee will undertake a review of the Remuneration Policy for approval at the 2023 AGM to ensure the alignment of remuneration arrangements with TT's strategy, business results and market demands.

Alison Wood Chair, Remuneration Committee 8 March 2022

REMUNERATION POLICY

Key Policy objectives

The remuneration principles shown below informed the design of our current Remuneration Policy which:

- · Enables us to attract, retain and motivate high-calibre executive talent in a challenging and competitive business environment to promote the strategic and financial performance of the business.
- Delivers an appropriate balance between fixed and variable compensation for each Executive
- · Places a strong emphasis on performance, both short and longer term.

- · Strongly aligns to the achievement of strategic objectives and the delivery of sustainable value to shareholders, and
- · Seeks to avoid creating excessive risks in the achievement of performance targets.

Remuneration principles

- · Performance related: the majority of the Executive and Senior Managér remuneration packages should be determined based on the performance of the Group. A significant proportion of this is aligned with shareholder interests, such as measures based on EPS and/or TSR
- Transparency and culture to engender a fair and collaborative culture, total remuneration frameworks should be clear, openly communicated and easy to understand.
- · Competitive through a combination of base salaries and competitive performance related incentive schemes, the Committee aims to provide competitive total remuneration in return for superior performance Base salaries are designed to reflect the requirements of the role and responsibility, together with the overall level of individual performance, taking account of prevailing market and economic conditions and remaineration levels across the Group

Alignment with the Code

The table below details how the Committee addresses the factors set out within Provision 40 of the Code, which align well with our principles

- Clarity The Remuneration • We are mindful Policy sets out the terms for remuneration including limits in terms of quantum, the measures which can be used and discretions which could be applied if appropriate
- We believe in being open and transparent Detailed disclosures of the relevant performance assessments and outcomes are provided so stakeholders can assess whether remuneration paid to Executives s appropriate We continually review feedback to erihance the clarity and transparency of the report.
- We welcome stakeholder engagement and are committed to shareholder consultation in respect of the material application of discretion, such as that undertaken during the year

Simplicity

- to avoid overly complex remuneration structures. Our arrangements include market standard short, and long term incentive designs, each of which are explained ın detail
- · No complex or artificial structures are required to operate incentive plans.
- · Participants in incentive plans receive appual communications to confirm award levels and performance measures During the year one-toone conversations were held with our senior leaders in respect of their total remuneration opportunity

Risk

- · The Committee undertakes an annual review of risks. Identified with appropriate mitigation strategies or tolerance levels agreed

- risks are considered
- The Committee considers that the structure of variable incentive arrangements does not encourage unnecessarý risk taking
- The Committee considers the effective risk management throughout the delivery of variable incentive plans, applying reasonable. discretion to override formulair. outturns as appropriate
- · Clawback and malus provisions are in place across all incentive plans and are clearly communicated

Predictability

- Our Policy clearly outlines the maximum award levels and vesting outcomes applicáble to our variable incentive plans. Possible reward outcomes can be easily quantified, and these are reviewed by the Committee.
- Performance is reviewed regularly so there are no surprises at the end of performance periods.
- Our approach to decision making ensures pay outcomes are fair proportionate and do not reward poor performance

Proportionality

- There is a robust link between the delivery of strategic business objectives and performance outcomes in our variable incentive plans Performance is assessed on a broad basis, including a combination of financial, operational, FSG and strategic progress which ensures there is no undue focus on a single metric which may be to the detriment of other stakeholders.
- The Committee has appropriate discretion to override formulaic outturns if they are deemed inappropriate in light of the wider performance of the Group and considering the experience of stakeholders

Alignment to culture

- Our remaineration principles place a strong emphasis on performance, both short and long term to deliver a sustainable business in the long term. This is a key part of our purpose and informs our approach to target setting, operation of discretion and setting of strategic objectives
- Our remuneration principles underpin our Remuneration Policy for the Executive Directors and that of the wider workforce to ensure cultural alignment through the Group and that performance aligns with our 1 F Way vaiues.



Remuneration Policy

A summary of the Policy is outlined below. The Remuneration Policy was approved by over 91 per cent of shareholders at the 2020 AGM. The Policy supports and rewards the achievement of the Group's strategy to deliver profitable and sustainable growth over the short and longer term. The full Remuneration Policy can be found in the 2019 Annual Report and Accounts which can be found at www.ttelectronics.com.

Executive Dir	ector remunerat	tion for 2022					
lement		Maximum	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Fixed Pay	Salary	Market competitive. Increases set with reference to the wider workforce.	Salary paid.				
	Benefits	Market competitive.	Benefits paid.				
	Pension	Aligned to those available to majority of local workforce for newly appointed Executives. 15% of salary for existing Executive Directors and aligned to the workforce from the end of 2022.	Pension provision paid.				
/ariable Pay	Short-term incentive plan	CEO/CFO 125% of salary. 80% cash and 20% in deferred shares.	Annual performance conditions apply. Majority weighting on Group financial targets, minority to strategic objectives.	Cash element paid (80% of incentive). Two-year s deferral (20% of inc		1	
Governance		Uncertain	Makes in Francisco				
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	ins Profession Signs						

ANNUAL REPORT ON

EMUNERATION

Implementation of the Remuneration Policy for the year ending 31 December 2022

A summary of how the Directors' Remuneration Policy will be applied during the year ending 31 December 2022 is set out below.

Basic salary

The Remuneration Committee agreed that it would be appropriate to increase the base salaries of the Executive Directors by 2.5 per cent effective 1 January 2022, a level which is below the expected average increase for the wider UK workforce

Ske it we	2022	2027	(Lut), 64.7 365
Share Type		E495.001	21.51
Many straid	£373,215	es in	1.

The Group's UK employees, in general, are expected to receive pay rises averaging 3-4 per cent depending on location. promotional increases and individual performance

Pension and benefits

The Executive Directors have agreed that their pension allowance (currently 15 per cent of salary) will be aligned with those available to the wider UK workforce by 31 December 2022 by way of a single reduction

Short-term Incentive Plan

The Committee believes it is important that a significant proportion of Executive Director remuneration be performance related and that the performance conditions applying to incentive arrangements support the delivery of the Group's strategy. For 2022 the maximum short term incentive opportunity will remain 125 per cent of base salary, with 20 per cent of any incentive deforred into shares for a period of two years

The split between financial and strategic performance measures will remain consistent with prior years, continuing to be focused on profit, each flow and strategic progress

Spit imanisme wile	Weighting	Threshold opportunity (fluotis Mary)	Maximum epocituality Australiany	Paid in cast	Awarded Inshares
Agrate port tom retail	41	220	1. 5		
An of the second	25			•	
om to the second of the second			·		-
Total	100%	•	125%	80%	20%

Targets are set taking account of internal and external forecasts relating to the Group's performance, the ongoing economic and societal uncertainty arising from the pandemic and reflecting the Soard's expectation of the development of the Group. The majority of targets for the 2022 STP are currently considered to be commercially sensitive, the targets and respective levels of ach evenient will be disclosed in the 2022 Directors in numeration report. The strategic objectives reflect the creation of sustainable value for all our stakeholders with a focus on ESG development. Group strategic development and people development. No award will be payable in respect of the strategic objectives unless the threshold profit before tax or threshold free cash flow target is reached

Long-term Incentive Plan

TTIP awards are expected to be granted in March 2022. For 2022 the performance measures will remain unchanged. Vesting is intended to be based on performance against the following equally weighted measures over three year performance periods.

Performance measure	Weighting	Threshold (25°, vesting)	Maximum (50% vecting)
Any istemble to compound an industriew to only our translourness visits and the Billing your proformance period.	ār r	57	12".
Point le TSIS performable against the clif SE Small lap telsof liding investment flootist	ât'	Modich ralik	Japan qualitin rank rit above

The performance measures ensure the alignment of senior management and shareholder interests. Target ranges for the 2022 awards have been set taking into account the latest internal and external forecasts for the business, including both economic and political uncertainty and TT's principal risks. The Committee believes that the EPS growth targets pose a similar level of stretch to those of prior years, with maximum performance aligning with upper quartile growth forecasts and following the significant year of recovery in 2021.

The Committee will continue to consider the impact of any significant future portfolio development on the outstanding performance targets at the time of the capital deployment. Any further changes to the performance targets in these circumstances will be communicated to shareholders.

The awards, as a percentage of salary, are expected to be as follows:

Executive	2022	9(2)
F - 47, 1	150%	1.77
Makeron	135%	15 1

The Committee is mindful that share price falls can lead to the perception of windfall gains. The Committee will review the share price at grant when determining final award values. Discretion may be applied at grant or on vesting to manage any relevant windfall gain from the allocation.

The awards will vest on the third anniversary of grant to the extent the performance targets have been satisfied, followed by a two-year holding period

Shareholding requirement

No changes will be made to the shareholding requirements. Executive Directors are required to build and maintain a shareholding in employment of 200 per cent of basic salary. Post cessation of employment, Executive Directors are required to maintain for two years, a shareholding of half this requirement or maintain their actual holding if lower. During the two-year period. Executive Directors will be required to self-certify their holdings on an annual basis. In addition, it is anticipated that some vested shareholding will be subject to holding periods during the post cessation requirement.

Fees for Non-executive Directors

The Chairman's fee NED base fee and NED additional fees increased by 2.5 per cent effective 1 January 2022, a level which is below the average expected increase for the wider UK workforce.

	2022		Loses
	£187,268	# %) · · ·	- 5° ·
and the second of the second o	£46,968	+45/322	15.
Approvides			
Secromoguescent (general)	£8,200	¥810, U	2.5
Audit to onther care	£8,200	도움 마	. n
Remandation Competitives and	£8,200	£8101	

Implementation of the Remuneration Policy for the year ended 31 December 2021

Single figure for total remuneration (audited)

Directors' remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2021 was as follows:

£ 100		Salary fees	Taxable benefits	Pension	Tota ^t fixec pay	Short term Incentive:		Other	Maius and clawback	Total variable pay	Single total figure
Executive Directors											
Birtarilyson	2021	485	37	73	595	589	119	3		711	1,306
	2070	451	25	64	547	219	237		***	45.5	1(0)
Mark Horas	2021	364	32	55	451	442	82	3		527	978
-	102	31.		51	413	Ind	131			2,14	768
Chairman											
Water Base	2021	183			183						183
	7.50	125			1,7+		·				l, t
Non-executive Directors											
eck 20you	2021	54	,	-	54			•			54
		47				•				•	, -
San with a com-	2021	54			54	•				•	54
	Mark	13			48						11.0
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	2021	54			54				-		54
	.9%	٦(-			40						5.

to december of the second of t

Base salary/fees

Base salaries for the Executive Directors were reviewed in December 2020 and were increased by 1.5 per cent with effect from 1 January 2021. Base fees for the Charrman and NEDs were also increased by 1.5 per cent with effect from 1 January 2021. The SID fee was aligned with the other Chair fees which remained unchanged

Fixed pay to the Directors in 2020 included a 20 per cent salary, fee reduction for a three month period that was volunteered by the Directors in response to the COViD 19 pandemic and the actions taken by the Group to reduce costs and protect cash flows.

Taxable benefits

The Executive Directors, taxable benefits consist of a car allowance and insurance benefits

Pensions

Employer contributions are pard at 15 per cent of base salary as defined contribution pension and for a cash supplement

Pension contributions in 2020 were 20 per cent lower during the penod of the voluntary salary reduction in relation to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic

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Governance and Directors' report

Short-term incentive

Short term incentive opportunity was up to 125 per cent of salary. Performance was assessed against Group adjusted profit before tax (up to 62.5 per cent of salary) and Group free cash flow (up to 31.25 per cent of salary) measured at constant budget exchange rates and strategic objectives (up to 31.25 per cent of salary) as measured over the 2021 financial year.

The strategic objectives of the Executive Directors focused on the creation of sustainable value for all our stakeholders with a focus on delivery of critical operational and strategic goals. Performance against these is set out in the table below.

Strategic objective	Performance commentary	Maximum potential (% of salary)	Achievement
FSG development	Full audit and update completed on emission tracking, verifying 20% carbon reductions in 2020. Carbon reduction plans have been established per site.	9375%	1111
	Environmental progress delivered in accordance with plans to deliver on carbon net neutral commitments by 2035 with a cumulative 41% reduction in carbon emissions since 2019 and plans for further reduction in 2022. Further progress enables commitments to be revised to Net Zero carbon for Scope 1 & 2 emissions by at least 2035. Position on Scope 3 emissions has been reviewed enabling a more encompassing evaluation.		
	Sustainability strategy has been established to deliver the Group's long term targets and further embed sustainability across the Company		
	FD&I strategy rolled out across the Group to further support improvements in diversity with steps taken during the year to accelerate improvements in the gender diversity of our senior leadership group		
Development of our investment proposition	Process for a joint broker completed with appointment of Baiciays Capital which is now fully integrated	12.5%	1111
	Investment proposition refreshed and communicated to existing and prospective institutional investors resulted in heightened investor interest with five new shareholders holding 10%+ of our share capital.		
Progressive cash flow management beyond planned activity for the year	Cash flow management has been robust with tightness in the supply chain requiring extra inventory investment. Balance sheet strength was enhanced and maintained through a series of additional actions enabling both the acquisition of the Power and Control business of Ferranti Technologies Ltd and the investment in Virolens start up and inventory, which continues to offer significant potential benefits for stakeholders	93/5%	
	Progressive actions undertaken delivered additional cash flow of approximately £10 million which included the safe of surplus land freeholdings across our US sites. Portfolio strategy identified potential disposals with one significantly progressed but was undermined by the uncertainty in the future revenue streams of the business due to customer mergers and the ongoing economic disruption caused by the pandemic		

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The formula cloutcomes of the short term incentive awards for financial and strategic performance in 2021 are summarised below

Short-term incentive payments for 20211

Fernal Emparate	Threshold potential (%-of-seary)	Maximum potentiai Suofisalaryi	Required for threshold bonis (£m)	Required for maximum bonus (£m)	Outturn for incentive plan purposes (£m)	Ach evenient (% of salary)	
Triving abouted cooff before this	1.	? -	.55	3 1.	22.6	t 5	
rollairee te 📑 🖦	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 - 4°	-5 Bi		. (2)	3113	
Strategy interesting	1.1	21.5	Apoint ned			28 3	
10/1 should run to eithen word		125				1,111,4,21	

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Summary

The Executive Directors have delivered another year of strong leadership with significant progress against the strategic objectives. The Company has protected and supported employees, customers and the supply chain through the impacts of the ongoing volatility from the pandemic.

We were pleased to see the agility, commitment and contribution of the Executive Directors reflected in our financial performance with 2021 being a year of high performance, growth and recovery with record order books, strong momentum, and good margin progression. Accordingly, at the HT results the Company announced an increase in full year earnings expectations. Cash flow management has been robust with additional inventory investment to manage tightness in the supply chain and maintain customer delivery performance. An additional series of unbudgeted actions maintained our balance sheet strength enabling the acquisition of the Power and Control business of Ferranti Technologies Ltd and investment in the Virolens start-up which continues to offer significant potential benefits for stakeholders. The actions taken during the year ensure that the business is positioned for further acceleration of our strategy and margin growth

In carrying out the review of the strategic objectives, the Committee determined that performance was generally at the stretch performance level. Progress on the sustainability and environmental strategy place ESG at the core of our strategy and purpose, and positions T1 ahead of many of our peers enabling commitments to be revised to Net Zero carbon for Scope 1 & 2 emissions by at least 2035.

The Committee considered whether the formulaic outcome of the financial and strategic assessment was reflective of the performance of the Group during 2021 and was satisfied that the outcome was a fair reflection of business and personal performance and that no discretion was required. In line with the Remuneration Policy 80 per cent of the award will be a cash payment and 20 per cent deferred into shares for two years

Long-term incentive

The LTIP awards over conditional shares granted in 2018 and 2019 vest depending on performance against two equally weighted measures over separate three year performance periods. The EPS performance condition is over the three year period aligned with the Group's financial year. The TSR performance condition is over a separate three year performance period, ending on the third anniversary of the award date. Accordingly, the performance periods of the two performance conditions end in separate reporting years. Both the 2019 and 2019 LTP awards had performance periods that ended on or by 31 December 2021 which are included in the single figure for total remuneration for 2021.

Automatemorphisms messure	15 eshald (251, vesting)	Maximum (130% vesting)	Outcome	Percentage of maximum achievement
De l'illinau architetta de l'est personna le aggiorna el El el Sing Des		का शासनाय के अ स्टब्स्टर की सम	(@etaker	75 C.,
e komponijski travit Navite. Pomovnijski			nesta est ples qualit e	
CONTROL OF AN OLD STANDARD CONTROL OF THE STANDARD CON		R 5	Pilipe 15 etc. 15 de 190 de	٠.

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Other

No disclosures accumed during the period

Malus and clawback

No malus or diawback events occurred during 2021.

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Long-term incentives granted during the financial year (audited)

LTIP awards over conditional shares were granted to Executive Directors on 16 March 2021. As outlined in last year's report, the Committee felt it appropriate to align the awards for the Executive Directors to ensure that they are adequately tied into the longer-term performance of the Company. The one-off increase in award for Mark Hoad recognised his continued strong contribution and his importance to the development of the Group and ongoing value to all stakeholders. Awards are subject to a three-year vesting period plus an additional two-year holding period.

Extaction	Basis of awarri granted (% of salary)	Share price at date of grant (perice)	Number of shares over which award was granted	Face value of award (£)	% of award that wou'd vest at threshold performanne	Performance periodieno riate
Probability sco	[51Ye.	208.25	%49 b21	7 × 8 0 9 7	25°.	In. 06: 2021
Mark Hoad	Bit s	258.25	267 255	545108	25%	(5)/03/2024

To be included the forest entering a consistant of these specifies are refugited to a day

The Committee is mindful that share price falls can lead to the perception of windfall gains. The share price used to calculate the number of shares under the 2021 award was 6 per cent higher than that of the 2020 award. As such the Committee believes that windfall gains would not apply to this award as a result of any share price volatility at the time of grant.

Performance measures for LTIP awards granted during the financial year (audited)

The setting of performance measures attributable to the 2021 awards to Executive Directors were delayed until after the grant date in line with the Investment Association addendum to its guidance on shareholder expectations during the COVID 19 pandemic to ensure that targets were appropriately stretching. Performance measures and targets were set within six months of the date of grant, performance is subject to the two equally weighted measures of EPS and TSP as follows.

P4 formers cineralizes	Weighting	Threshold (25% vesting)	Maximum (100%- vesting)
EP soumpound annual growth over the think-you her of an also stratic the ency basis.	501	.4	را ۋا
Celarue TS riperformance against the TTSS		Median	2000 FOLG 108
Smith aplies) using investment in its vi	L.	6,5 66	7.75 (T. 4Des) (e.

To better manage some of the uncertainty resulting from the pandemic and to ensure that EPS performance targets were appropriately stretching, the EPS performance targets will be measured on a constant currency basis going forward. In light of the expected recovery during the three year performance period and of the constant currency change the threshold and maximum performance targets were set at a significantly higher level than historical growth targets.

The Committee is mindful of the perception of windfall gains and retains discretion to adjust formulaic incentive vesting outcomes to ensure they reflect underlying business performance and shareholder interests.

Deferred short-term incentive awards

During the year the Executive Directors were awarded conditional shares as deferred bonus awards in relation to the 2020 STIP outcome. As disclosed in last year's report, the Committee applied its discretion to defer the full 2020 STIP award into shares. Details of the awards are summarised in the table below. No performance conditions apply to these awards.

Lar Hos	Date of grant	Number Orshares awarded	Share price at date of grant (pence)	Face value of award (£)	Date of vesting
Profession Sylven	 0 (- , ()	8,5947		75 125	10000
·	6 . 7 263	1.)(1	เกลเร		3 2322
Stakes d	 6 322		. 48 25	1.87.5718	oo 53.1 12
	15 (3 212	15,61	20872	32,502	15 3.2027

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Executive Director interests in shares subject to Company performance conditions

The table below sets out details of outstanding LTIP share awards held by the Executive Directors at 31 December 2021.

Executive		Date of grant	1 January 2021	Granted during the year	Lapsed	Vested	31 December 2021	Market value at 31 December 2021 (€)	Market price at grant date (perice)	Vesting date
Richard Tyson		(4) 13 2018	294.50		211-279	59.873			232	14 03 2021
	**	11.013-2019	355 993				355 493	911542	2115	17/03/2002
		13 V N2020	364.983				905.083	93690	- 96	3 63,2023
		10,73,2021		319621			349621	395,0°9	298	16/13/2014
Futal outstanding							,071597	2743288		
Ataik Hood		4 03 2576	200 445	-	165 359	52.72	***	*	23.2	146 6202
		11/3/2019	24634(24), 340	615 27-1	21.2	41.03/2022
-	•	13/03/2020	,4"),35°		-		24-1-65	632,538	(9)5	2 16 202
		61 (3 20, 1	• •	1,02,135			210,765	n 1, 293	.5 rs	16 53 2074
Tura cutst ending							7410.531	9.4150	-	•

TT Electronics plc Sharesave scheme

Sarata		January d		Lapsed Exertised	21 december 2021		Market	Vestrig Håte
Fath fait in typicon	, 1 2:18				:		7.5	18 W.T. 38 A A . 122
100 Mary 100	24 16/2011		19,4	Ner Acres		2,270		0.111 _0.04 = 20_004, 0.04v
Mark of the second		236		\$ }** •	r	-	. 3	11 72
	1 42.1		7 art 4		# ₄ ,	, 191		1 H 15124 1 F 2 1 - 5

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Payments to past Directors (audited)

No payments were made in 2021

Payments for loss of office (audited)

No payments were made in 2021

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Statement of Directors' shareholding and share interests (audited)

The Executive Directors are required to build and hold a shareholding of 200 per cent of salary. Executive Directors must retain 50 per cent of the net of tax value of any vested LTIP shares until the guideline is met. At 31 December 2021, the Executive Directors were compliant with the requirement.

Exercised	Beneticially owned at 1 January 2021	Beneficially owned at 31 December 2021	Univested share awards subject to Company performanne conditions	unvested deferred bonus share blan awards as at 31 December 2021	Outstanding share awards under all employee share plans as at 31 December 2021	Shareholding as a 14 of salary at 3 LDecember 2021	Value of beneficially owned at 31 December 2021 (£)
Executive Directors							
Biohard Tyson	973530	91) 454	1071597	105,553	7964	430°.	2,330,762
Mark Hoard	F83 127	7 (149	749 690	78.838	7964	5001	righta
Chairman							
Warra Turkar	JO 15	- 0.075					
Non-executive Directors							•
Sack Boyer	45 m14	N.5(4					
Aligna Wigner		- -					
Asin floorage	0400,00	(i.i)					

and the control of the management of the energy because of the another one are

There have been no charges to shareholdings between \$1 December 2021 and the date of this report.

Post dessation of employment, the Executive Directors are required to hold for two years the lower of half of the share ownership requirement or the shareholding at dessation.

The closing middle market prices for an ordinary share of 25 pence of the Company on 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021 as derived from the Stock Exchange Daily Official List were 205 pence and 256 pence respectively. During 2021, the middle market price of TT Electronics plc ordinary shares ranged between 199 pence and 290 pence.

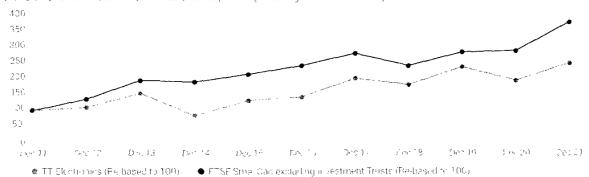
Directors' service contracts

Decator	Date of appointment	Date of current contract letter of appointment	Notice from	Notice from on vidual	Unexpired period of service politract
Executive Directors	reass and	23/3/1/21 1/1	(3.115/31)	11. V. (311	7 - 417 - 67 - 61 - 516 -
Fight: J.Tysen	28.742001	4501-2514	L acris s	Izmenth.	Haray Jergel
Mark Folia		03/12/2014		1_ perdis	- Bourdontain
Chairman War on Tooker	00 (55/2) Z1	ng . I wed	, tillicity	- Importo	Pologosties
Non-executive Directors					
a 650y-8	10 (66.7 ° Je	(n.)(j. 25. k.	intentr	Langerte.	Bolingo stract
Austra Vielo (10.12.16	1.07.27.6	Leight	1 (***) 1*	Responding
American gar	a 67 to 19	1.10(0.9)	Limonth		Homeon through

Performance graph and table

The following graph shows the cumulative TSR of the Company over the last 10 financial years relative to the ETSE SmallCap Index (excluding investment Trusts). The ETSE SmallCap Index has been selected for consistency as it is the index against which the Company's TSR is measured for the purposes of the LTIP. In addition, the Company is a constituent of the Index.

The graph shows the value, by 31 December 2021, of £100 invested in TT Electronics pic on 31 December 2011 compared with the value of £100 invested in the FTSE SmallCap Index (excluding Investment Trusts).



Total remuneration figures for the Chief Executive Officer

The total remiuneration figures for the Chief Executive Officer during each of the last ten financial years are shown in the table below. The total remuneration figures include the short-term incentive based on that year's performance and LTIP awards based on three year performance periods ending in the relevant year.

		2012	2513	2014	Z014	2315	2015	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total emoreration Allinois		1684	,94		40			1,344	2 189	1,430	. 1.03	* 2 *
an interminationally	•											
90, 64 7- 64 m		5.17	4 - (1.17	2 th 10 to	૧૭.	1.	12.00	975	646	353	3
Elforestrop, Folder wich bill		19.1	2) 5	39.5	652		7.1	5.67	'i+11"	80.5	5.0	4.5

Using the property of the second control of

Annual percentage change in remuneration of Directors and employees

The following table shows the percentage change in each Executive and Non-executive Director's remuneration compared with the average change for all employees of the parent Company for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021. Going forward this disclosure will build up over time to cover a rolling five-year period.

	grui trante i taatvit				3. Phargos benefits. F	
Executive Directors						
Reserved to the second				78		= " .~
Transfer of the second of the	: .		15141	8.5		25 5
Chairman	-	-		-		
An entire of		:	f	4.4	î	′ +
Non-executive Directors						
	: 5	-	0.00	:	1	1
4 (10 Merc)	4.11	7	1 4	5.		·
North Charles		9			1 -	1 4
Turkye i 17 Europe Karumanniya 🗀	2		£ 1	\$ 3	*	4 + 1

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Governance and Directors' report

The Directors received salary/fee increases of 1.5 per cent in January 2021, a level below that generally received across the UK workforce. The majority of the increase in respect of salaries/fees is related to the 20 per cent voluntary reduction for a three month period in 2020 as part of the cost reduction and cash flow protection actions in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The change in average salaries across parent Company employees was in part due to increases received during the annual salary review and increases in relation to promotions, progression in role and market realignment in response to specific retention risks.

Chief Executive Officer pay ratio

The table below shows the ratio of the total remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer to that of the UK employees of the Group. The CEO's pay is based on the single figure of remuneration.

(£ ai	Methocalagy used	Lower quartile	Median	Upper qualit le
365.	Option B	69 °	52:	(54.1
20%)	Option 8	÷14.	4.7 !	291
2018	Option 8	be l	551	38

¹ A 10 to describe precision for the control of service medicals with increased and the cytes of the control of the control

We have chosen to use Option B of the available methodologies as permitted under The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting). Regulations 2018. Given the complexity of the Group, this approach enables us to use our existing Gender Pay reporting datasets as the foundation for our calculations. We determined the hourly rates at each quartile of our 5 April 2021. Gender Pay data then calculated the average annual satary and total remuneration for representative employees at each quartile. Representative employees must have been employed on 31 December 2021 and employee data is based on full time equivalent pay and calculated in accordance with the single figure of remuneration. Adjustments may be made to ensure that quartiles are representative ine adjustments were required for 2021.

Across the UK, the majority (80 per cent) of the workforce undertake operational roles in our facilities. The employee lower quartile and median remuneration values are generally reflective of the roles held by our semi-skilled/skilled operators. The quartile data is considered to be broadly representative of total remuneration across the workforce in the UK.

The change in the median CEO pay ratio is attributable to changes in the remuneration of the CEO and of the company's UK employees as a whole, in line with our remuneration principles, the majority of the CEO's remuneration opportunity is performance-related variable pay. The CEO's pay ratio is, therefore, heavily dependent on the outcomes of the short-term and long term incentive plans and, in the case of long-term share based awards, share price movements. As such it is expected that there will be considerable year to-year changes in the pay ratio notwithstanding the impact of COVID-19 on total remuneration outcomes in 2020 and 2021. Context to the CEO total remuneration is set out on in detail in this report, in particular the CEO pay ratio results from a higher STP award for 2021 reflecting the strong growth and recovery of the business in the year whilst the lower LTIP vesting reflects the pause in the growth momentum of the Company caused by the pandemic. The Committee believes that the pay ratio is appropriate and is reflective of the performance of the Group and the roles undertaken by employees in the UK.

The following table summarises the representative salary and single figure of total remunoration pay quartiles of UK employees.

	Loke arm		denkrijest e
Serially	2,3,969	2.45.7	
Singer operation and remained at the	€200 dele	€್ರಿಗಿ ೌರ≴	£ - 3 Tu 5

Relative importance of spend on pay

A year on year comparison of the relative importance of spend on pay with significant distributions to shareholders and others is shown below.

		2021	2020	Change
staff chisto finithe and 40 of hi	The second of th			V.2
Discounds relativist of energy (em-			3, _	1
is in a construction of the construction of t			Γ,	P

Advisers to the Remuneration Committee

The Committee received advice during the year from FIT Remuneration Consultants LEP (FIT). FIT is a member of the Remuneration Consultants Group and has signed up to that group's code of conduct. FIT was appointed by the Committee following an adviser review in 2019. The Committee is satisfied that the advice it received during the year was appropriate, objective and independent. F17 did not provide any other services to the Group and does not have any other connection with the Company or individual Directors

Work undertaken by FIT in its role as independent advisers to the Committee included advice in respect of the developments in good governance, advice relating to share schemes, the provision of market information and market practice, and other governance matters. The fees paid to FTT for providing advice in relation to Executive remuneration over the financial year. based on time and materials, totalled £39,477

The Group's approach to the Chairman's and Executive Directors' remuneration is determined by the Board on the advice of the Remuneration Committee. The Committee considers the views of the Chairman on the performance of the CFO, and of the CEO on the performance and remuneration of the other members of the ELT. The Committee is also supported by the Group General Counsel and Company Secretary who acts as Secretary to the Committee, the CFO, the Chief People Officer, and the Group Reward Director who attend meetings at the invitation of the Committee. No Committee members or attendees take part in any discussions relating to their own remuneration.

Shareholder voting

At the AGM held on 13 May 2021, the proxy votes east in respect of the resolutions on the Directors' Remuneration Policy and Directors' remuneration report were as follows:

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Nr onber of votes	\$(51)J	Sis extirman.		Agaz st		₩ [*] Liner:	, eta ,	
Exercise Games September 2 day	Mary (1,21)	1927-141	ા કેસ	9742.07	9.	17273978	100,18, %	
Directors remove abovies of	May 2121	1.5 5554	1 1-	29 430, 96	2,11/4.1	(3),173,399	40 mm 71 3	

A full schedule in respect of shareholder voting on the above and all resolutions at the 2021 AGM is available at www.ttelectronics.com

The Remuneration Committee considers shareholder feedback received in connection with the AGM each year at a meeting immediately following the AGM and at other times of the year. This feedback is considered as part of the Group's annual review of the Remuneration report and Remuneration Policy. In addition, the Remuneration Committee endeavours to consult directly with the largest shareholders and their representative bodies on proposals aheud of significant changes

At the 2021 AGM, shareholders voted to pass the advisory vote on the Directors remuineration report but 22 5 per cent did not support the resolution. In line with the provisions of the Code we engaged with our largest shareholders to gain an understanding of the reasons behind their votes. Prior to the 2071 AGM, we undertook a significant consultation exercise with our largest institutional investors and the key advisory bodies and, while most investors were supportive of the Committee's proposals a minority did not support the proposed amendment of the performance conditions for the 2020 LTIP awards and/or the 2020 STIP award where the entire award was deferred into shares. Following the AGM, the vast majority of investors reiterated their support for the remuneration decisions taken by the Committee with no material additional feedback received

The Directors' remuneration report has been approved by the Board on 8 March 2022 and signed on its behalf by

Alison Wood Chair, Remuneration Committee 8 March 2022

OTHER STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

This Annual Report and Accounts moludes the Directors' report and the audited finencial star aments. for the year orded 31 December JACA ASHAR BRANCES required to be disclosed in the Directors report is provided in other sections of this Annual Report This includes the overview, the operating and housers reviews the Governmence and Rennameral on reports and specific elements or the financial statements mated below in the trible below have items that are relevant to this report, and which are preopporated by reference including information required in accordance with the UK Companies Act 2006 and LICE OF Rain 9 8 4R

AGM rightnesses	กิมชุก 20ช
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English energangnen	$_{\mathbb{P}^{2}}(0) \cdot \mathbb{P} 1$
$-1+\varepsilon + (-\sqrt{\epsilon} \sqrt{\epsilon}) \cdot (\epsilon \sqrt{\epsilon})^{1/2} \cdot$	1945
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year Tylaternort	Rogerija

Results and dividend

The Group's profit on ordinary activities after taxation was £12.8 million (2020, £1,3 million). The audited financial statements of the Group and the Company are set out on pages 133 to 207. Further details of the Group's activities are set out in the Strategic report on pages £C to 73 which is incorporated into the Directors' report by reference.

Full details of the Company's
dividend policy and proposed final
dividend payment for the year ended
31 December 2021 are set out on page
40 and Note 8 to the consolidated
financial statements

Tax principles and strategy

The Group applies a conservative approach to tax and seeks to comply with the OECD Transfer Pricing guidelines, which should ensure that profits are taxed where value is created and business risks are managed. The Group's full Tax Principles and Strategy document is published on the Group's website.

Important events since the end of the financial year

On 7 January 2022, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary. IT Flectronics Power Solutions (UK) umited, completed an Asset Purchase Agreement to acquire the Power and Control business based in Greater Manchester, UK, of Ferrantifechnologies at d., a subsidiary of Elbit System UK I td. The consideration for the transaction was £9.0 million in cash subject to customary post completion working capital adjustments.

Auditor

In 2019, the Company undertook a competitive re-tender exercise for external audit services, following which Deloitte LLP (Deloitte) was appointed as external Auditor for the financial year 2020 onwards, Deloitte was appointed by the Company's shareholders at the AGM held on 6 May 2020 and reappointed at the 2021 AGM. See page 92 for further details on the Auditor transition process.

The Auditor's responsibilities are set out on page 130 and should be read in conjunction with those of the Directors as set out at the end of this report.

Significant agreements relating to change of control

The Group has a number of borrowing facilities provided by various banking groups. Some of these facility agreements include change of control provisions which, in the event of a change in ownership of the Company, could result in renegotiation or withdrawal of these facilities.

In August 2021, the Group agreed a debut issue of £75 million of private placement fixed rate loan notes with three institutional investors. The PP transaction completed in December 2021, where upon funds were received by the Group with the issue being evenly split between seven, and ten year maturities with an average interest rate of 2.9%. This PP transaction also contains change of control provisions which, in the event of a change in ownership of the Company, could again result in renegotiation or withdrawal of funds.

There are a number of other agreements. that may be renegotiated upon a change of control of the Company None is considered to be significant in terms of their potential impact on the business of the Group as a whole

Employment

The Group is committed to the fair and equal treatment of all its employees regardless of gender, race, age, religion, disability or sexual orientation. Where existing employees become disabled. the policy of the Group is to provide continuing employment and training wherever practicable

The Group makes significant efforts to ensure it maintains high standards of employee welfare in all its operations, irrespective of where in the world, and of local market conditions. Together, with many other global companies operating in this sector, the Group is a member of the Responsible Business Alliance (formerly the Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition), a leading industry organisation promoting best practice an corporate responsibility, which is committed to raising standards of employee welfare, (addressing such issues as modern slavery) in all jurisdictions and at all levels of the supply chain for electronic products Further details on the Group's policies relating to its employees are given on pages 72 to 73

Political contributions

The Group made no political contributions during the year

Authority to allot shares and disapply statutory pre-emption rights

The Directors will be seeking to renew their authorities to allot unissued shares and to disapply statutory pre emption rights at the Annual General Meeting, to be held on 13 May 2022. During 2021 this authority was used in respect of customary allotments of shares resulting from the operation of the Group's share schemes

Purchase of own shares

At the Annual General Meeting held on 13 May 2021, the Company was given authority to purchase up to 17,482,574 of its ordinary shares until the date of its next AGM. Other than market purchases made by the Employee Benefit Trust. no purchases were made during the year by the Company The Directors will be seeking a new authority for the Company to purchase its ordinary shares at the forthcoming Annual □ General Meeting

Further details regarding the authority to allot shares and disapply statutory pre emption rights and the purchase of own shares are set out in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting. which accompanies this document and is available to view on the Company's website.

Shares held by the Employee Benefit Trust

The Company has established an employee benefit trust (FBT), the !rustee of which is Sanne Liduciary Services Limited, part of Sanne Group. As at 31 December 2021, the Trustee held 1,064,565 shares with a nominal value of £266 141.25 and an aggregate purchase price of £0.28 per share, representing 0.604 per cent of the total issued share capital at that date. These shares will be used to satisfy awards made under the LT Electronics plc Restricted Share Plan, the T.I. Flectronics plo Long Term. Incentive Pian or other employee share schemes. The maximum number of shares held by the EBT during the year was 1 064,565. The voting rights in relation to these shares are exercisable by the Trustee However in accordance with investor protection guidelines, the Trustee abstains from voting. A dividend waiver is in place under which the trustee waived its right to receive dividends on the shares it held during the year, and any future dividends. The Executive Directors, as employees of the Company are potential beneficiaries of shares held by the FBT

Disclosure of information to the Auditor

to the best of each Director's knowledge and belief, there is no audit information relevant to the preparation of the Auditor's report of which the Auditor is unaware and each Director has taken all steps which might be expected to be aware of such relevant information and to establish that the Auditor is also aware of that information

Approved by the Board on 8 March 2022 and signed on its behalf by

Lynton Boardman Group General Counsel and Company Secretary



STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chrectors are responsible for precaring the Annital Report and Accounts and the Group and parent Company financial statements in accordance will applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Group and parent Company. financial statements for each financial year Under that law the Directors are required to prepare the Group financia: statements in accordance with international accounting standards. in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by the IASB 📳 The Directors have elected to prepare the ± parent Company financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework

- Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and parent Company and of their profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the Group and parent Company financial statements, the Directors are required to:
 - Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- Make judgements and est mates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable,
 - For the Group financial statements, state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU.
 - For the parent Company financial statements, state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the parent Company financial statements.
 - Assess the Group and parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern, and
 - Use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements. comply with the Companies Act 2006 They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility. for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets. of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregular ties

Under applicable law and regulations the Directors are also responsible for preparing a Strategic report, Directors' report, Directors' remuneration report and Corporate Governance statement that complies with that law and those regulations

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Responsibility statement of the Directors in respect of the Annual Report and Accounts

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge.

- The financial statements, prepared in accordance with the applicable set of accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, and
- The Strategic report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

We consider the Annual Report and Accounts, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Group's position and performance, business model and strategy

The coordination and review of Group wide input into the Annual Report is a key element of the control process upon which the Directors rely and is an exercise which spans a period wider than the timetable for compiling the Annual Report itself. This control process incorporates the controls the Group operates throughout the year to identify key financial and operational issues and inclindes.

- Strategy meetings held as part of most Board meetings, at which the entire Board is present, resulting in a clear agreement of the Group's strategy.
- The identification of the key milestones and the related KPIs to be monitored and measured throughout the period
- Monthly reviews of business performance conducted by Executive management (in consultation with divisional management), supplemented by reports highlighting key issues and analysis of the main variances from budget and prior year
- Preparation of a detailed budget, reviewed and agreed by management and then the Board, which is used to all brate strategy implementation and against which actual performance is measured.

- A timetabled process coordinating input from each division, identifying significant market issues and key elements of performance for each business area, and appropriately incorporating them into the structure of the Annual Report
- The identification of key risks from the risk management process, for inclusion within the Annual Report, ensuring a consistency of approach with regard to the risks and the ongoing review programme
- A planned Audit Committee sign-off process which incorporates meetings of the Chair of the Audit Committee with the Executive Directors, the Risk and Assurance function and external Auditor to identify and timetable potential issues of significance to be addressed.
- A process for internal distribution and comment on the Annual Report, including those of the members of the Board, the ETT key advisers and external Auditor

By order of the Board

Lynton Boardman Group General Counsel and Company Secretary 8 March 2022



THOSPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF TT ELECTRONICS PLC

Report on the audit of the

furnical statements

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements of 11 Electronics plc (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended.
- the Group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards and international Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB),
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise

- the consolidated income statement.
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income;
- the consolidated and parent company balance sheets,
- the consolidated and parent company statements of changes in equity,
- the consolidated cash flow statement, and
 - the related Notes 1 to 31 of the consolidated financial statements and the related Notes 1 to 15 of the parent company financial statements

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the Group financial statements is applicable law, United Kingdom adopted international accounting standards and IFRSs as issued by the IASB. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the parent company financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including F.BS. 191. 'Reduced Disclosurc Framework' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

2. Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Group and the parent company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC') Ethical Standard as applied to listed public interest entities, and we have fuffilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We confirm that we have not provided any non-audit services prohibited by the FRC's Ethical Standard to the Group or the parent company.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

3. Summary of our audit approach

o. Garmany or	
Key audit matters	The key audit matters that we identified in the current year were.
	 Impairment of goodwill. Classification of adjusting items, and Recoverability of assets related to the Virolens product
	Within this report, key audit matters are identified as follows
	Newly identified
	Increased level of risk
	Similar level of risk
	Decreased level of risk
Materiality	The materiality that we used for the Group financial statements was £1.6 million which was determined based on 6% of the adjusted income before tax after amortisation
Scoping	Our Group audit scope focused on audit work at 22 components representing 79% of the Group's revenue, 89% of the Group's adjusted operating profit and 88% of the Group's net assets.
Significant changes in our approach	Our key audit matters have evolved from the prior year as discussed below
т оск арргодоп	in the prior year we identified a key audit matter relating to "Uncertain tax provisions". This has not been identified as an area where significant audit effort is required for the current year's audit as there have been no significant developments in key provisions that would lead to a change in judgements made.
	We have a identified a new key audit matter relating to "Recoverability of assets related to the Virolens product". We have spent a significant amount of audit effort assessing the recoverability of the Virolens related assets which is dependent upon the success of the new technology and commercial demand for the product which is underpinned by obtaining regulatory approvals. The inherent future uncertainty has elevated the risk of recoverability.

4. Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate

Our evaluation of the Directors, assessment of the Group's and parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included.

- · obtaining an understanding of the key processes relating to the Group's forecasting,
- Inspecting loan documents to assess the principal terms and related financial covenants
- assessing management's key assumptions underprinting the Group's forecasts, specifically the forecast COVID-19 recovery. the forecast adjusting items expense and cash flows and the achievability of forecasts with reference to external data such as
- market growth rates and industry data,
 assessing the reasonableness of the assumptions in the forecasts and the impact of reasonably possible downside scenarios on the Group's funding position including forecast financial covenants.
- comparing forecasts to historical financial information to assess management's historical forecasting accuracy.
- assessing the mit gating actions available to the Group and the likelihood of being able to take the benefit of these in the next. 12 months and
- assessing the appropriateness of the doing concern disclosures in the financial statements.

Based or the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that individually or collectively, may cast significant coubt on the Group's and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least tweve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In relation to the reporting on how the Group has applied the UK Corporate Governance Code, we have nothing material to add or graw attention to in relation to the Directors statement in the financial statements about whicher the Directors considered it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report



5. Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) that we identified. These matters included those which had the greatest effect on, the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit, and directing the efforts of the engagement team.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters

5.1. Impairment of Goodwill

Key audit matter description

Total goodwill on the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 is £156.5 million (2020-£155.7 million) arising from past acquisitions. As required by IAS 36 Impairment of assets management performs an impairment review for all goodwill balances on an annual basis. The impairment review for the IoT Solutions cash generating unit ("CGU") was particularly sensitive to reasonable changes in assumptions. This CGU accounts for goodwill of £27.6 million (2020-£27.6 million)

The impairment assessment of goodwill for the IoT Solutions CGU has been identified as a key audit matter as a result of the quantitative significance of the balance, the low headroom, and the application of management judgement and estimation in its impairment assessment. We note that the risk has increased in 2021 as a result of estimates taken in the following factors.

- the effection future cash flows of (a) success of the new product launches reaching management forecast levels, (b) the pace of recovery from COVID 19 and global supply chain issues, and (c) ability to improve operating profit margin in light of rising material/freight costs, and
- determination of the discount and growth rates used in the model

No impairment was recognised in the current year. Further details are included in note 13 to the financial statements in relation to the sensit vities reflecting the risks inherent in the value in use calculations used in performing the impairment review to support the valuation of goodwill and also in Note 1g of the financial statements in relation to the key sources of estimation uncertainty which includes the reasonably possible change disclosure for this CGU.

Refer also to page 96 of the Audit Committee report.

How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter

We obtained an understanding of the relevant controls over the valuation of goodwill, in particular controls over the future cash flows including the discount and growth rates that underpin the impairment model and controls around management's preparation of the model

We assessed management's impairment paper, underlying analysis and supporting financial models, and chailenged the reasonableness of the assumptions which underpinned management's forecasts. Specifically, our work included, but was not limited to.

- challenging management's key assumptions relating to the 2022 forecast and later forecast periods with
 reference to the recent and historical performance of the IoT Solutions business, expected order book
 levels, our knowledge of the businesses benefits from current and prior year restructuring activity from
 the Group's self-help programme and the status of new product launches.
- challenging management's assumptions around the impact of global supply chain issues and COVID 19, and assessing management's ability to recover such costs.
- challenging management on revenue forecast growth rates including the recovery of revenues against a variety of external market reports
- retrospective review of performance against budget, including consideration of post year end actual
 against budget.
- benchmarking long term growth rates to applicable macro-economic and market data.
- involving our valuation specialists to challenge the discount rate applied, by benchmarking against
 market data and comparable organisations, and by evaluating the underlying process used to determine
 the risk adjusted cash flow projections.
- checking the integrity of the impairment models through testing of their mathematical accuracy,
- checking the application of the input assumptions and testing its compliance with IAS 36
- assessing and re-performing management's sensitivity analysis to assess the key assumptions which have a significant effection the model.
- challenging management on the key drivers of the value in use model such as forecast revenues, operating margins, discount rate and long term growth rate which would either individually or collectively impact the level of headroom whilst also considering the likelihood of such movements, and
- assessing the adequacy of the disclosures including whether the IoT goodwill is appropriately disclosed in the financial statements as an area with key sources of estimation certainty and reasonably possible change discrosure has been included which appropriately reflects the sensitivity in the IoT's CGU impairment review.

Key observations

We determined that the assumptions applied in the impairment model were within acceptable ranges and that the overall position adopted was reasonable. We assessed that the disclosures including the impairment assessment of goodwill for the IoT Solutions CGU are appropriate.

5.2. Classification of adjusting items

Key audit matter description

In addition to the statutory results, the Group continues to present adjusted profit measures in the consolidated income statement. While the key measure used by management to monitor performance is adjusted operating profit, adjusted profit before tax is also a key measure used by management in communication with shareholders. The Group's policy on adjusting items is set out in note 1c to the financial statements.

Judgements made by management regarding the classification of adjusting costs and income therefore have a significant impact on the presentation of the Group's results. In total, adjustments of £15.5 million (2020 £20.9 million) have been made to the statutory operating profit of £19.3 million (2020: £6.6 million) to derive adjusted operating profit of £34.8 million (2020-£27.5 million)

Adjusting items in 2021 include.

- · Restructuring costs £9.7 million;
- Amortisation of intangible assets arising on business combinations (£5.1 million).
- Gain on property disposals (£1.7 million),
- Pension costs (£1.5 million) and Gain on pension increase exchange exercise (£1.8 million).
- Torotei and Covina integration costs (£1.5 million), and
- Other acquisition related costs (£11 million)

The identification of adjusting items and the presentation of adjusted profit and earnings measures that show a consistent and balanced view of the performance of the Group involves significant judgement

Significant judgement is also involved in ensuring that undue prominence is not given to underlying financial information, which could be misleading to the readers of the financial statements. Therefore, we determined that the presentation of underlying operating profit requires a high degree of judgement and was therefore a key audit matter

There is a risk that items may be classified as adjusting which do not meet the Group's definitions, and therefore distort the reported adjusted profit whether due to manipulation or error, which may impact financial covenants reported and management remuneration. Consistency in the identification and presentation of these items is important for the comparability of year on year reporting

Explanations of each adjustment are set out in Note 6 to the financial statements. Refer also to page 96 of the Audit Committee report

How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter

We obtained understanding of the relevant controls over the classification of adjusting items in the financial statements.

We evaluated the appropriateness of the inclusion of items, both individually and in aggregate, within adjusted results. Specifically our procedures included.

- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ assessing the consistency of the Group's policy and items included year on year, and the application of management's accounting policy, challenging the nature of these items in comparison to FSMA quidance and latest FRC guidance on alternative performance measures, and chaireriging in particular the inclusion of those items that recur annually,
- · focusing our challenge on restructuring activities within adjusted items which had increased level of gudgement applied by management in assessing them as adjusting in nature and therefore there was an increased opportunity for fraud or error
- for restructuring costs related to severance, assessed whether these met the criteria of IAS37 Provisions', including a review of announcements and other communication to employees
- testing a sample of adjusting, tems by agreeing to source documentation and evaluating the classification of the individual costs against the Groups definition of adjusting terms and whether reasonable when considering FSMA and FRC guildance, and • assessing whether the disclosures within the financial statements provide sufficient detail for the reader
- to understand the nature of these items and how adjusted results are reconciled to statutory results.

Key observations

The value of adjusting items results in a material difference between the statutory and adjusted results Whilst we note that the majority of adjusting items recui from period to period, their classification and presentation is reasonable and consistent with the Group's policy



5.3. Recoverability of assets related to the Virolens product

Key audit matter description

As at 31 December 2021, the Group held £4.8 million (2020-£4.5 million) on the balance sheet relating to assets linked to a new COVID-19 testing machine known as Virolens. These assets include Inventory, Property, plant and equipment (IPPE), Capitalised R&D and Trade receivables

MHRA (UK regulatory authorities) have already approved the Virolens technology however the recoverability of these Virolens assets is dependent upon future regulatory approvals by FDA (U.S. Food and Drug Administration) and other regulatory bodies, commercial demand and other use of such assets should the aforementioned regulatory approvals not be obtained. There is a wide range of potential financial outcomes for the future of Virolens.

Notwithstanding these uncertainties, management believes that the opportunity that this technology could create for the Group carries future value which is further protected by the Group's exclusive manufacturing agreement with its technology development partner.

No impairment has been recorded for the Inventory, PPE or Capitalised R&D balances associated with Virolens due to the anticipation of future revenue from the technology. Long outstanding receivables have been provided for in line with the accounting policy

Given the magnitude of these Virolens balances and the continued uncertainty of future economic benefits from the technology, management has added a key source of estimation uncertainty to highlight this risk to readers in Note 1g of the financial statements. Before also to page 96 of the Audit Committee report.

How the scope of our audit responded to the key audit matter

We obtained an understanding of the relevant controls over the valuation of assets associated with Virolens, in particular management review controls over the Virolens position paper.

We assessed management's Virolens accounting paper, underlying analysis and supporting documents and assessed the reasonableness of the assumptions which underprined management's assessment.

Specifically, our work included challenging management's key assumptions relating to the recoverability of Virolens assets, this included but was not limited to

- reviewing the evidence of approval of Virolens technology by MHRA (UK regulatory authorities) as well as
 reviewing available evidence of the current status of submission for approval of the EDA (U.S. Food and
 Drug Adm:nistration) and other regulatory bodies.
- reviewing available évidence of commercial interest in the technology from potential customers.
- · reviewing the exclusive manufacturing agreement with the Virolens technology development partner
- independently assessing the likelihood of recovery of the Virolens asset balances including consideration
 of the future potential pipeline of orders for the product and other use of such assets should the
 aforementioned regulatory approvals not be obtained,
- consideration of any contradictory evidence and impact on the assessment performed, and
- assessing the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements.

Key observations

We determined that the assumptions applied in the Virolens asset recoverability assessment and the carrying amount of the Virolens related assets are reasonable. We assessed that the disclosures are appropriate.

6. Our application of materiality

6.1. Materiality

We define materiality as the magnitude of misstatement in the financial statements that makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable person would be changed or influenced. We use materiality both in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

Group financial statements	Parent company financial statements
£16 million (2020, £1.2 million)	£0.6 m:llion (2020, £0.8 million)
6% of adjusted income before tax after amortisation as disclosed in Note 6 of the financial statements. We considered other measures such as adjusted profit before tax and statutory profit before tax	Parent company materiality equates to 0.2% of net assets which is capped at 60% of group performance materiality in order to address the risk of aggregation when combined with other businesses
Materiality for the current year represents. • 0.3% of revenue (2020-0.3%). • 4.6% of adjusted profit before tax (2020-4.4%), and • 0.5% of net assets (2020-0.4%).	This is consistent with the prior period
In the pr-or period, due to the earnings volatility as a result of COVID 19, we used a blended approach in our determination of materiality which equated to 7% of adjusted income before tax after amortisation.	
We considered the financial measures that were most relevant to users of the financial statements and concluded that the adjusted profit measure provided a stable materiality level which is commensurate with the current size and scale of the Group	We believe that use of a balance sheet measure was appropriate given that the parent acts as a holding company
	6% of adjusted income before tax after amortisation as disclosed in Note 6 of the financial statements. We considered other measures such as adjusted profit before tax and statutory profit before tax. Materiality for the current year represents. • 0.3% of revenue (2020-0.3%). • 4.6% of adjusted profit before tax (2020-4.4%), and • 0.5% of net assets (2020-0.4%). In the prior period, due to the earnings volatility as a result of COVID-19, we used a blended approach in our determination of materiality which equated to 7% of adjusted income before tax after amortisation. We considered the financial measures that were most refevant to users of the financial statements and genefulched that the adjusted profit measure provided a stable materiality level which is comminishing with

6.2. Performance materiality

We set performance materiality at a level lower than materiality to reduce the probability that, in aggregate, uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed the materiality for the financial statements as a whole

	Group financial stationisats	Parent compley foranciel statements			
Performance materiality	65% (2020-65%) of Group materiality	65° (2020-65%) of parent company materiality			
Basis and rationale for determining	In determining performance materiality, we o	onsidered the following factors			
performance materiality	 our assessment of the complexity of the Group and nature of the Group's business mode); the delicentralised nature of the Group's control environment its variation across the Group and the reduced impact of CCVID 19, and the low number of uncorrected misstatements identified in the provious year. 				

6.3. Error reporting threshold

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to the Committee all audit differences in excess of £80x (2020-2608) as well as differences below that threshold that, in our view warranted reporting on qualitative grounds. We also report to the Audit Committee on disclosure matters that we identified when assessing the overall prescritation of the financial statements.



7. An overview of the scope of our audit

7.1. Identification and scoping of components

Our Group audit was scoped by obtaining an understanding of the Group and its environment, including Group wide controls, and assessing the risks of material misstatement at the Group and component level

There are 72 (2020-74) reporting components in total, each of which is responsible for maintaining their own accounting records and controls and using an integrated consolidation system to report to the UK head office

Our Group audit scope focused on audit work at 22 components (2020: 23 components) representing 79 & (2020: 78%) of the Group's revenue, 89% (2020, 90%) of the Group's adjusted operating profit and 88% (2020: 86%) of the Group's net assets

Each component was set a specific component materiality, considering its relative size and any component specific risk factors such as the location of components. The component materialities applied were in the range £0.4 million to £0.6 million (2020, £0.3 million to £0.4 million).

We tested the consolidation process at the parent company level and conducted analytical procedures for entities not subject to detailed audit work to confirm our conclusion that there were no material misstatements in the aggregated financial information.



7.2. Our consideration of climate-related risks

Climate change and the transition to a low carbon economy ("climate change") were considered in our audit where they have the potential to directly or indirectly impact key judgements and estimates within the Group financial statements. The Group continues to develop its assessment of the potential impacts of climate change, as explained in the Our people, environment and communities section on pages 59 to 60. Management have identified sustainability, climate change and the environment as a principal risk to the business. Management assessed that there is no material impact to the financial statements arising from climate change and this has been disclosed in Note 1g of the financial statements.

We performed the following procedures to address the crimate related risks

- We held discussions with management to obtain an understanding of the process for considering the impact of climate related risks and controls that are relevant to the entity
- We performed our own qualitative risk assessment of the potential impact of climate change on the Group's account balances
 and classes of transaction and did not identify any reasonably possible risks of material misstatement.
- With the involvement of our Environmental Social & Governance (ESG*) specialist learning we assessed the climate change related disclosures including TCFO in the financial statements against regulatory requirements and market peers.
- We also considered whether information included in the climate related disclosures in the Annual Report were materially
 consistent with the financial statements and our knowledge obtained in the audit

7.3. Working with other auditors

Given the Group's geographical presence across the world, we cirected and supervised our many component audit teams in the execution of our audit referral instructions, as summarised below.

- Due to intermittent restrictions on working practices caused by COVID 19 the majority of the audit work was executed remotely Limited sites were visited due to the restrictions on travel. The Group engagement team had online interaction with the Group's largest and most complex businesses during 2021 with a particular focus on locations where work was performed on significant or material components.
- In addition to the above, the Group engagement partner held Group wide, divisional and individual planning and close meetings which covered all businesses. Each division has a dedicated senior member of the Group audit team responsible for the supervision and direction of components, including where appropriate sector specific expertise. We included the component audit team in our team briefing, discussed and reviewed their risk assessment, and reviewed documentation of the findings from their work. We also reviewed the audit work papers supporting component teams' reporting to us remotely using shared desktop technology.

8. Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

9. Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material missfatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no reasistic alternative but to do so

10. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the aurlit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at, www.frc orq.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

11. Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

11.1. Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following.

- the nature of the industry and sector, contrivent incoment and business performance including the design of the Group's
 remuneration policies, key drivers for Directors remuneration, bonds levels and performance targets.
- results of our enquiries of management, intomal audit and the Audit Committee about their own identification and assessment
 of the risks of irregularities.
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the Group's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of noncompliance.
- detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any autual, suspected or alleged fraud, the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations, and
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team including significant component audit teams and rolevant internal specialists including tax, valuations, pensions and iT specialists regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraudiand identified the greatest potential for fraudic the classification of adjusting items. In common with all audits under 'SAs (cik), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.





We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Group operates in focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act, Listing Rules, pensions legislation and tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty

11.2 Audit response to risks identified

As a result of performing the above, we identified the classification of adjusting items as a key audit matter related to the potential risk of fraud. The key audit matters section of our report explains the matter in more detail and also describes the specific procedures we performed in response to that key audit matter.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- enquiring of management, the Audit Committee and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims,
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal audit reports and reviewing correspondence with tax authorities, and
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments, assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias, and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members including internal special sts and significant compenent audit teams, and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit

Report on other legal and equipments

12. Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the part of the Directors' remuneration report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit.

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements, and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report

13. Corporate Governance Statement

The Listing Rules require us to review the Directors statement in relation to going concern, longer term viability and that part of the Corporate Governance Statement relating to the Group's compliance with the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code specified for our review

Based on the work undertaken as part of our audit, we have concluded that each of the following elements of the Corporate Governance Statement is materially consistent with the financial statements and our knowledge obtained during the audit

- the Directors' statement with regards to the appropriateness of adopting the going concern basis of accounting and any material uncertainties identified set out on page 86,
- the Directors' explanation as to its assessment of the Group's prospects, the period this assessment covers and why the
 period is appropriate set out on page 66.
- the Directors' statement on fair, balanced and understandable set out on page 94.
- the Board's confirmation that it has carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks set out on page 64.
- the section of the Annual Report that describes the review of effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems set out on page 65, and
- the section describing the work of the Audit Committee on pages 92 to 97

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

14.1. Adequacy of explanations received and accounting records

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

14.2.Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are also required to report if in our opinion certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration have not been made or the part of the Directors' remuneration report to be audited is not in agreement with the accounting records and returns

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Other matters which we are required to address

15.1. Auditor tenure

Following the recommendation of the Audit Committee, we were appointed by the Board of Directors of the parent company on 6 May 2020 at the 2020 Annual General Meeting, to audit the financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2020 and subsequent financial periods. The period of total uninterrupted engagement including previous renewals and reappointments of the firm is 2 years, covering the years ending 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021.

15.2. Consistency of the audit report with the additional report to the Audit Committee

Our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report to the audit committee we are required to provide in accordance with ISAs (UK).

16. Use of our report

This report is made sofely to the Company's members, as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

As required by the Einancial Conduct Authority (FCA) Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rule (D1R) 4.1.14R, these financial statements form part of the European Single Electronic Format (ESEF) prepared Annual Enancial Report filed on the National Storage Mechanism of the UK ECA in accordance with the ESEF Regulatory Technical Standard ((ESEF RTS)). This auditor's report provides no assurance over whether the Annual Chandrai Report has been prepared using the single electronic format specified in the ESEL RTS

Robert Knight (Senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London/United Kingdom 8 March 2022



Consolidated mount statement

Enamor (unless otherwise stated)	facto	2021	202C
Revenue	3	476.2	431 8
Cost of sales		(360.6)	(332.7)
Gross profit		115.6	99.1
Distribution costs		(26.9)	(24.6)
Administrative expenses		(69.4)	(67.9)
Aperatus posit		19.3	6.6
Analysed as:			
Adjusted operating profit	3	34.8	27.5
Restructuring and other	6	(7.8)	(14.5)
Acquisition and disposal related costs	6	(7.7)	(6.4)
Finance income	4	1,1	0.6
Finance costs	4	(4.4)	(4.3)
Post the size (seature	•	16.0	2.9
Taxation	7	(3.2)	(1 6)
Postatoria, quare a subject to the consist one consist one consist.		12.8	1.3
each ato our divinishment of the above one will be			
Basic	9	7.3	8.0
Diluted	9	7.2	0.8

Consolidated statement of comprehensive meomo-

Emellion	2021	2020
Profit for the year	12.8	13
Other comprehensive income for the year after tax		
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to the income statement		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	3.4	(5.0)
Tax on exchange differences	-	03
(Loss)/gain on hedge of net investment in foreign operations	(0.2)	0.7
(Loss)/gain on cash flow hedges taken to equity less amounts recycled to the income statement	(3.2)	7.1
Deferred tax gain on movements in cash flow hedge reserves	0.5	-
Bons that will never be reclassified to the moune scatement		
Remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	35.8	8.6
Tax on remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	(11.4)	(2.1)
and compactions are not selected by the period at most able is the states of the Chropady	37.7	10.9



Consolidated statement of financial position

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£million	Note	2021	2020
ASSELS	•		
Non-current assets			
Right-of-use assets	11	19.6	12.4
Property, plant and equipment	12	50.4	53.0
Goodwill	13	156.5	155.7
Other intangible assets	14	51.7	57 1
Deferred tax assets	7	11.3	8.9
Derivative financial instruments	20	0.6	1.8
Pensions	.21	78.4	35.4
Total non-current assets		368.5	324.3
Critical assists			
Inventories	15	141.8	98.2
Trade and other receivables	16	86.2	71 3
Income taxes receivable		2.6	3.0
Derivative financial instruments	20	4.0	5.8
Cash and cash equivalents	29	68.3	70.2
Total current assets		302.9	248.5
todicals		671.4	572.8
Contract Contract			
The second of th			0.0
Borrowings	19	1.1	2.3
Lease liabilities	28	4.1	3.6
Derivative financial instruments	20	1.3	11
Trade and other payables	17	133.9	90.2
Income taxes payable	18	7.1 2.5	7.5 6.6
Provisions Table Assessment liabilities	10	2.5 150.0	111.3
Total current liabilities		150.0	111.3
	19	147.1	135.9
Borrowings Lease liabilities	28	18.5	12.3
Derivative financial instruments	20	0.7	0.8
Deferred tax liability	7	20.2	8.6
Pensions	21	3.9	4,9
Provisions and other non-current liabilities	17, 18	1.0	1.0
Total non-current liabilities	.,,.,	191.4	163.5
100 to go branch		341.4	274.8
		330.0	298.0
Share capital	22	44.1	43.6
Share premium		22.6	21.7
Translation reserve		33.2	30.0
Other reserves	22	7.1	5.5
Retained earnings		221.0	195.2
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		328.0	296 0
Non-controlling interests		2.0	2.0
and the state of t		330.0	298.0

^{1.} Goodwill, celebred to label in an attace and other leverable hambounts at 21 December 1996 by which leads and the time seat on of the unique single per 400 to restrict the discrete for

Approved by the Board of Directors on 8 March 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

£milion	Share capital	Share premium	Translation Reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Sub total	Nor controlling interest	Total
At 31 December 2019	41.0	4.1	34.0	(0.5)	187.4	266.0	2.0	268.0
Profit for the year	_		-	-	13	13	-	1.3
Other comprehensive income	*				1,7			
Exchange differences on translation								
of foreign operations	-	_	(5.0)	-	-	(5.0)	-	(5.0)
Tax on exchange differences	-	-	0.3	-	-	0.3	-	0.3
Gain on hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-	_	0.7	-	-	07	.	0.7
Gain on cash flow hedges taken to equity less amounts recycled to the income statement	_	_	_	7.1	_	7.1	_	7.1
Remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	-	-	-	_	8.6	8.6	_	8.6
Tax on remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	_	-	-	_	(2.1)	(2.1)	_	(2.1)
Total comprehensive income	-	_	(4.0)	7.1	7.8	10.9	-	10.9
Prairie in the best for a wight of section of the control of the c								
Share-based payments	_	-	=	(0 8)	-	(0 8)	-	(8.0)
Deferred tax on share-based payments	-	-	-	(0 3)	-	(0.3)	-	(0 3)
New shares issued	26	17.6	-	-	-	20.2	-	20 2
At 51 December 2005	43.6	21.7	30.0	5 5	195.2	296.0	2.0	298.0
2* 30 Bye Charles (2023) Denta (Tail Shary wa	43.6	21.7	30.0	5.5	195.2 12.8	296.0 12.8	2.0	298.0 12.8
Market of the Contract of the								
Exchange differences on translation								
of foreign operations	-	-	3.4	-	-	3.4	-	3.4
Loss on hedge of net investment in foreign operations	_	_	(0.2)	_	_	(0.2)	-	(0.2)
Loss on cash flow hedges taken to								
equity less amounts recycled to income statement	-	-	_	(3.2)	-	(3.2)	-	(3.2)
Deferred tax on gain on movement in cash flow hedges	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5
Remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	_	-	-	-	35.8	35.8	-	35.8
Tax on remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	_	_		-	(11.4)	(11.4)	-	(11.4)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	3.2	(2.7)	37.2	37.7	-	37.7
en e								
Equity dividends paid by the Company	-	-	-	-	(11.4)	(11.4)	-	(11.4)
Share-based payments	-	-	_	3.8	-	3.8	-	3.8
Deferred tax on share-based payments	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5
New shares issued	0.5	0.9	-	-	(0.3)	1.1	-	1.1
Other movements	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	-	0.3
131.11 (3.7)	44.1	22.6	33.2	7.1	221.0	328.0	2.0	330.0



Consulidated statement of cash flows

THE RESIDENCE TO SECURE AND A S

£million	Note	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities			*
Profit for the year		12.8	1.3
Taxation	7	3.2	1.6
Net finance costs		3.3	3.7
Restructuring and other		7.8	14.5
Acquisition related costs		7.7	6.4
Adjustos opcietny pistit		34.8	27.5
Adjustments for			
Depreciation	11, 12	13.6	14.0
Amortisation of intangible assets	14	2.5	3 0
Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	12, 14	-	0.2
Share based payment expense		3.8	1.0
Other items		1.1	(0.3)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(42.6)	4.2
(Increase)/decrease in receivables		(15.7)	11.2
Increase/(decrease) in payables and provisions		42.0	(11.8)
Gas an apple the growth town		39.5	49.0
Special payments to pension funds		(5.5)	(5.4)
Restructuring and acquisition related costs		(15.0)	(15.1)
and the second of the second to the second of the second o		19.0	28.5
Net income taxes paid		(4.7)	(0.3)
The contribution of the production of		14.3	28.2
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	12	(14.6)	(9.3)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and government grants received		9.3	3.4
Capitalised development expenditure	14	(1.9)	(3 3)
Purchase of other intangibles	14	(0.5)	(0.8)
Acquisitions of businesses		(0.5)	(43.3)
Cash with acquired businesses		-	1.4
the marketing are the constraint and that is the		(8.2)	(51.9)
The state of the s	0.0		20.2
Issue of share capital	22	1.4	20 2
Interest paid		(4.0)	(3.5)
Repayment of borrowings		(86.9) 96.4	(27.2)
Proceeds from borrowings			49.8 (4.1)
Capital payment of lease liabilities		(3.9) (0.5)	(1.8)
Other items	8	(11.4)	(1.0)
Dividends paid by the Company	0	(8.9)	33.4
tom perchasi paggin international agraphics of		(2.8)	9.7
Cook and each organization as the signing of year	24, 29	(2.8 <i>)</i> 69.0	60.2
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	24, 29 24, 29	1.0	
Exchange differences		67.2	(0.9) 69.0
	_24, 29	01.2	
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		68.3	70.2
Cash at bank and in hand		(1.1)	
Bank overdrafts	-	67.2	(1_2 <u>)</u> 69.0
		V1.2	09.0

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

1 Basis of preparation

a) Basis of accounting

T f Electronics Plc ("the Group") is a public company limited by shares (company number 00087249). The Group is incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 'TT Electronics Plc, Fourth Floor, St Andrews House, West Street, Woking, Surrey, GU21 6EB'. The nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities by operating segment are set out in note 3 and in the divisional reviews on pages 34 to 39. The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 were authorised in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of TT Electronics Plc on 8 March 2022.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in pounds sterling, which is also the functional currency of the Company. Foreign operations are included in accordance with the policies set out in note 2.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis modified by derivatives held at fair value. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have also been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the IASB.

The financial statements set out on pages 133 to 207 have been prepared using consistent accounting policies except for the adoption of new accounting standards and interpretations noted below.

b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements set out the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2021 and the Group's financial performance for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Subsidiaries are those enterprises controlled by the Group Control exists when the Group is exposed, or has hights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group

All intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealised profits arising from intra group transactions, have been eliminated in full. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains except that they are only eliminated to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

c) Alternative performance measures

The Group presents Alternative Performance Measures ('APMs") in addition to the statutory results of the Group. These are presented in accordance with the guidelines on APMs issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority ('FSMA").

Adjusted operating profit has been defined as operating profit from continuing operations excluding the impacts of significant restructuring programmes, significant one-off items including property disposals, business acquisition, integration, and divestment related activity; and the amortisation of intangible assets recognised on acquisition. Acquisition and disposal related items include the writing off of the pre-acquisition profit element of inventory written up on acquisition, other direct costs associated with business combinations and adjustments to contingent consideration related to acquired businesses. Restructuring includes significant changes in footprint (including movement of production facilities) and significant costs of management changes.

In addition to the items above, adjusting items impacting profit after tax include:

- The net effect on tax of significant restructuring from strategy changes that are not considered by the Group to be part of the normal operating costs of the business, and
- The tax effects of adjustments to profit before tax

These financial statements include alternative performance measures that are not prepared in accordance with IFRS. These alternative performance measures have been selected by the Directors to assist them in making operating decisions because they represent the underlying operating performance of the Group and facilitate internal comparisons of performance over time

The Directors consider the adjusted results to be an important measure used to monitor how the businesses are performing as this provides a meaningful reflection of how the businesses are managed and measured on a day-to-day basis and achieves consistency and comparability between reporting periods.





Financial statements

1 Basis of preparation

These alternative performance measures exclude certain significant non-recurring, infrequent or non cash items that the Directors do not believe are indicative of the underlying operating performance of the Group (that are otherwise included when preparing financial measures under iFRS)

Adjusted profit is not a defined term under IFRS and may not be comparable with similarly titled profit measures reported by other companies. It is not intended to be a substitute for, or superior to, GAAP measures. All APMs relate to the current year results and comparable periods where provided.

The Directors consider there to be four main alternative performance measures; adjusted operating profit, free cash flow, adjusted EPS and adjusted effective tax rate.

All alternative performance measures are presented on pages 201 to 207 and are reconciled to their equivalent statutory measures where this is appropriate

d) Going concern

The Group's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out within the Strategic Report on pages 1 to 73. The Strategic Report analyses the financial position of the Group, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities. In addition, note 20 to the financial statements includes the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital; its financial risk management objectives, details of its financial instruments and hedging activities; and its exposures to credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group has experienced continued improvement in trading momentum and strong growth on our 2020 numbers. The structural growth markets we have selected to focus on have moved back towards their long-term growth trajectory, the benefits of our strategic repositioning and focus on building close relationships with our clients can be seen in both the order book and financial performance of the Group.

The Group's financial position remains strong, at 31 December 2021 it had:

- £318.9 million of total lease liabilities and borrowing facilities available comprising committed facilities of £276.3 million (net of £1.3 million loan arrangement fees and inclusive of £22.6 million of finance leases), uncommitted facilities of £42.6 million representing overdraft lines and an undrawn accordion facility of £30 million. The Group's primary source of finance is the £180 million committed revolving credit facility (RCF), at 31 December 2021.£73.4 million of this facility had been drawn down. The Group's RCF will mature in November 2023. In August 2021, 117 agreed a debut issue of £75 million of private placement fixed rate loan notes with three institutional investors. The funds were received in December 2021 and the issue is evenly split between 7 and 10 year maturities with an average interest rate of 2.9% and covenants in line with our bank facility. The private placement complements, at an attractive rate, the Group's existing bank RCF, diversifying our sources of debt funding and providing us with a stable, long term financing structure.
- A leverage ratio (banking covenant defined measure) of 1 / times at 31 December 2021 compared to a RCF covenant maximum
 of 3.0 times. Interest cover (banking covenant defined measure) of 13.5 times compared to a RCF covenant minimum of
 4.0 times.

The Group has prepared and reviewed cash flow forecasts across the business over the twelve-month period from the date of the approval of these financial statements, considering the Group's current financial position and the potential impact of our principal risks on divisions.

The Group's financial projections contain key assumptions surrounding revenue and operating profit growth in 2022. Under the Group's base case financial projections, the Group retains significant liquidity and covenant headroom, with both metrics improving from the position as at 31 December 2021.

The Group's financial projections have been stress tested for "business as usual" risks (such as profit growth and working capital variances), and the impact of the following principal risks: general revenue reductions, contractual risks, people and capability, supplier resilience and health and safety (occurring both individually and in unison). Principal risks which were not specifically modelled were either considered not likely to have an impact within the going concern period or their financial effect was covered within the overall downside economic risks implicit within the stress testing. Under the stress tested modelling, the liquidity headroom within the group remains significant. Financial covenants continue to be in compliance under the stress tested model and management have a number of mitigating actions which could be undertaken if required.

Notes to the Consulidated financial statements

1 Basis of preparation

The Group's downside stress test scenario has been sensitised for supply chain challenges and inflationary pressure which shows a reduction in revenue and operating profit compared to the latest forecast. Despite this further reduction these projections show that the Group would remain well within its facilities headroom and within bank covenants for the next 12 months after the approval of these financial statements. A "reverse" stress-test was also modelled to understand the conditions which could jeopardise the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern including assessing against covenant testing and facility headroom. The stress testing also considered mitigating actions which could be put in place. Mitigating actions included limiting capital expenditure and reducing controllable costs including items such as discretionary bonuses and pay rises. The reverse stress test is deemed to have a remote likelihood and help inform the Directors' assessment that there are no material uncertainties in relation to going concern

The Group's wide geographical and sector diversification helps minimise the risk of serious business interruption or catastrophic reputational damage. Furthermore, the business model is structured so that the Group is not overly reliant on any single customer, market or geography

The Directors have assessed the future funding requirements of the Group with due regard to the risks and uncertainties to which the Group is exposed and compared them with the level of available borrowing facilities and are satisfied that the Group has adequate resources for at least twelve months from the date of signing these accounts. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

e) New and revised standards and interpretations adopted, not yet adopted and those in issue but not yet effective New and revised standards and interpretations adopted during the year

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the Group has applied the following revised IFRS Standards

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2' (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16)

At the start of the year the Group was exposed to the following interest rate benchmarks within its hedge accounting relationships and borrowings, which are subject to interest rate benchmark reform; GBP LIBOR and USD LIBOR ("IBORs"). The hedging instruments are interest rate swaps (see note 20a) and the hedged items are Sterling and US Dol'ar floating rate debt (see note 19) On 4 January 2022 the Group transitioned away from GBP LIBOR to be replaced by GBP SONIA. There will be no impact of this transition. As USD LIBOR will still be in use up until mid 2023 the Group does not expect to transition away from USD I IBOR within the next 12 months

New and revised standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The Group does not consider that any standard, amendment or interpretation issued by the IASB, but not yet applicable, will have a significant impact on the financial statements.

New and revised IFRS Standards in issue but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group has not applied the following new and revised IERS Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective.

- COVID 19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendment to FRS 16)
- Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37)
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 2020
- Property Plant and Equipment Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to AS 16)
- Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)
- IEBS 17 insurance
- · Classification of liabilities as current or non current (Amendments to IAS 1)
- · Amendments to ICRS 17
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)
- Definition of Accounting Estimate (Amendments to IAS 8)
- Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes



Financial statements

I Basis of preparation

f) Change in accounting policies

Adoption of new and amendments to published standards and interpretations effective for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 did not have any material impact on the financial position or performance of the Group

g) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experiences and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods

Critical judgements

In the course of preparing the Financial Statements, a critical judgement within the scope of paragraph 122 of IAS 1 "Presentation of financial Statements" is made during the process of applying the Group's accounting policies

Adjusting items

Judgements are required as to whether items are disclosed as adjusting, with consideration given to both quantitative and qualitative factors. Further information about the determination of adjusting items in the year ended 31 December 2021 is included in note. It

There are no other critical judgements other than those involving estimates, that have had a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Financial Statements. Those involving estimates are set out below

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below

• Note 13 Goodwill in relation to the IoT Solutions cash generating unit ("CGU") The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 December 2021 was £156.5 million (2020 £155.7 million). Determining whather goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the CGUs to which the goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires management to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from CGUs and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. At 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, the Group recognised no impairment loss in respect of goodwill. Further information, including a sensitivity analysis on the key assumptions, is provided in note 13. The carrying amount of the IoT Solutions CGU's goodwill was £27.6 million (2020; £27.6 million). Due to the impact of current supply chain challenges, as explained in note 13, IoT Solutions CGU shows headroom of £5.8 million and is sensitive to a reasonably possible change in assumptions; discount rate, long-term growth rate, successful launch of new products and short term operating cash flow. At 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, the Group recognised no impairment loss in respect of these assets. Further information, including a sensitivity analysis on the key assumptions, is provided in note 13.

Notes to the Commidated insporal statements

- · Note 7 Taxation. Accruals for tax contingencies require management to make judgements and estimates in relation to tax authority audits and exposures. Amounts accrued are based on management's interpretation of country-specific tax law and the likelihood of settlement. Tax benefits are not recognised unless the tax positions are probable of being sustained. Once considered to be probable, management reviews each material tax benefit to assess whether a provision should be taken against full recognition of the benefit on the basis of potential settlement through negotiation and/or litigation. These amounts are expected to be utilised or to reverse as tax audits occur or as the statute of limitations is reached in the respective countries concerned. The Group's current tax liability at 31 December 2021 includes tax provisions of £6.9 million (2020: £6.4 million). The Group believes the range of reasonable possible outcomes in respect of these exposures is tax liabilities of up to £9.0 million (2020: £8.2 million).
- Note 21 Defined benefit pension obligations. At 31 December 2021 the Group operated two defined benefit schemes in the UK (the TT Group (1993) Pension Scheme and the Southern & Redfern Ltd Retirement Benefits Schemes) and overseas defined benefit schemes in the USA. These schemes are closed to new members and the UK schemes are closed to future accrual. The defined benefit obligations in respect of the plans are discounted at rates set by reference to market yields on high quality corporate bonds. Significant estimation is required when setting the criteria for bonds to be included in the population from which the yield curve is derived. The most significant criteria considered for the selection of bonds to include are the issue size of the corporate bonds, quality of the bonds and the identification of outliers which are excluded. In addition, assumptions are made in determining mortality and inflation rates to be used when valuing the plans' defined benefit obligations. Whilst actual movements might be different to sensitivities shown, there is a reasonably possible change that could occur. At 31 December 2021, the retirement benefit plan was in a surplus of £74.5 million (2020: £30.5 million). Note 21 outlines the
- Virolens. The carrying amount of Virolens related assets at 31 December 2021 was £48 million (2020; £45 million). The assets consist of inventory, property, plant and equipment, and capitalised development expenditure. The value of these assets is dependent upon the success of the Virolens product, requiring management to estimate the future cash flows in a range of possible outcomes. The key sources of estimation uncertainty are our customers' ability to obtain regulatory approval and potential end customers converting expressions of interest into firm funded orders. Our customer continues to progress with regulatory approvals and global interest remains strong given new COVID strains and vaccine limitations (efficacy and supply) If regulatory approval is not obtained it is likely the assets related to Virolens will require impairment

Con many of ago to establish though it will

significant assumptions and associated sensitivities.

The following significant accounting policies have been applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements These accounting policies have been consistently applied across the Group

a) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the right to consideration, usually the invoiced value, for the provision of goods to external customers excluding value added tax and other sales related taxes and is recognised when the customer obtains control of goods In most cases this is at the point in time of transfer of legal title of the goods, terms vary by customer, but the two most common arrangement are at the time of dispatch and at the time of delivery. For sales to customers where a right to return an item is granted, revenue is recognised to the extent of the consideration to which the Group ultimately expects to be entitled (i.e. revenue is not recognised for goods expected to be returned). Where a service warranty is provided to customers, the associated revenue, based upon an allocation of the overall cost of performance, is recognised over the warranty period. Payment terms typically range from 30 to 120 days

b) Finance income

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, the calculated interest income on pensions assets for schemes which are in surplus and net foreign exchange gains or losses on cash balances and loans receivables. Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate. Net foreign exchange gains or losses on other monetary assets or liabilities are recognised either within other income or cost of sales, depending on what the underlying monetary asset or liability relates to





Financial statements

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

c) Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings which are not capitalised under the borrowing costs policy, the calculated interest expense on pension liabilities for schemes which are in deficit, the interest costs on lease liabilities and net foreign exchange gains or losses on external loans. Net foreign exchange gains or losses on other monetary assets or liabilities are recognised either within other income or cost of sales, depending on what the underlying monetary asset or liability relates to

d) Discontinued operations and assets held for sale

The Group reports a business as a discontinued operation when it has been disposed of in a period, or its future sale is considered to be highly probable at the balance sheet date, and results in the cessation of a major line of business or geographical area of operation. An asset is classified as held for sale if it is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets and that it is highly probable the asset will be sold within one year from the date of classification.

e) Dividends

Dividends are recognised as a liability in the period in which they are approved by shareholders. Dividends receivable are recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established

f) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. Goodwill on business combinations is recognised as the fair value of the consideration, including the full cost of any derivative financial instruments used to hedge this item, less the fair value of the dentifiable assets and liabilities acquired and is recognised as an asset in the consolidated balance sheet. Costs directly attributable to business combinations are recognised as an expense within the income statement as incurred

Acquisitions and disposals of non-controlling interests that do not result in a change of control are accounted for as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners and therefore no goodwill is recognised as a result of such transactions. The adjustments to non-controlling interests are based on a proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary. Any difference between the price paid or received and the amount by which non-controlling interests are adjusted is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the parent.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (which is no longer than 12 months from the acquisition date), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

g) Property, plant and equipment

Initial measurement

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing it into working condition for its intended use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads.

Depreciation

The cost of each item of property, plant and equipment is depreciated over its useful life. Depreciation is charged to the income statement so as to write-off the cost less estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset Depreciation commences on the date the assets are ready for use within the business and the asset carrying values are reviewed for impairment when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Freehold land is not depreciated

The depreciation rates of assets are as follows:

Freehold buildings 50 years

Leasehold building improvements 50 years (or over the period of the lease, if shorter)

Plant and equipment 3 to 10 years

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset.

Notes to the Convolidated faranced state neets

2 Summary of significant accounting poticies

h) Investment property

Property held to earn rental income rather than for the purpose of the Group's principal activities is classified as investment property. Investment property is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and any recognised impairment loss. The depreciation policy is consistent with that described for other Group properties. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in the income statement in the period of derecognition.

i) Leases

The Group applies IERS 16 'Leases' and recognises right-of use assets and lease liabilities for most leases (unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value)

The Group recognises a lease liability at the lease commencement date, measured as the present value of the future lease payments, discounted at the incremental borrowing rate. A corresponding right-of-use asset is recognised separately on the face of the consolidated balance sheet, not of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The Group has applied judgement to determine the lease term for contracts that include renewal options. The assessment of whether the exercise of such options is reasonably certain impacts the lease term, which affects the amount of lease liability and right-of-use asset recognised.

j) Government grants

Government grants relating to non-current assets are treated as deferred income and credited to the income statement by equal instalments over the anticipated useful lives of the assets to which the grants relate. Other grants are credited to the income statement over the period of the project to which they relate.

k) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business, representing the difference between the cost of acquisition and the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired, is capitalised and is tested annually for impairment. Goodwill is not amortised, and any impairment losses are not subsequently reversed. On the subsequent disposal or discontinuance of a previously acquired business, the relevant goodwill is included in the gain or loss on disposal within the consolidated income statement except to the extent it has been previously impaired.

Regative goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business is credited to the consolidated income statement on acquisition as part of acquisition costs reported outside adjusted profit.

Cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rate on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period

I) Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are stated in the balance sheet at their fair value at the date of acquisition less accumulated amortisation.

Expenditure on research activities uncertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding is recognised in the income statement as incurred. Expenditure on development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Group has sufficient resources to complete development. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Other development expenditure is recognised in the income statement as incurred. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The carrying values of intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.





Financial statements

2 Summary of significant accounting policies.

Customer relationships and contracts are valued on the basis of the net present value of the future additional cash flows arising from customer relationships with appropriate allowance for attrition of customers.

Acquired computer software licences for use within the Group are capitalised as an intangible asset on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs that are directly associated with the implementation of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Group, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year are recognised as intangible assets. Capitalised software development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The amortisation rates for intangible assets are:

Acquired patents and licences up to 10 years
Product development costs 5 years
Customer relationships 3 to 22 years
Order backlog up to 2 years
Software 3 to 5 years

Amortisation is charged on a straight line basis

m) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding tax bases. No provision is made for deferred tax which would become payable on the distribution of retained profits by overseas subsidiaries where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates expected to apply when the asset is realised, or the liability settled based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax is not provided on the initial recognition of goodwill, nor on the initial recognition of an asset or liability unless the related transaction is a business combination or affects tax or accounting profit.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised or that they will reverse. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority

n) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, including related overheads, and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and the overheads incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provisions are made for obsolescence or other expected losses where necessary.

o) Financial instruments

Recognition

The Group recognises financial assets and liabilities on its balance sheet when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a logally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Measurement

When financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised, they are measured at fair value being the consideration given or received plus (or minus) directly attributable transaction costs.

Trade receivables are recognised at transaction price (i.e. original invoice price) and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision made for loss allowance of these receivables based upon the expected credit loss model (simplified model). All trade receivables are held to collect contractual cash flows within a business model and meet the 'Solely Payments of Principal and Interest' (SPPI) test

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

Trade payables are carried at the amounts expected to be paid to counterparties and are held at amortised cost.

Borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, short-term deposits held on call or with maturities of less than three months at inception, and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Within the cashflow statement this definition also includes bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management. Cash and cash equivalents are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently are measured at amortised cost because they meet the 'Solely Payments of Principal and Interest' (SPPI) test

In determining estimated fair value, investments are valued at quoted bid prices on the trade date.

Derivatives and hedge accounting

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward foreign exchange contracts and interest rate derivatives to hedge risks associated with foreign exchange fluctuations and interest rate risk. These are designated as each flow hedges (CFH). At the inception of the hedge relationship, the Group documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Croup documents whether the hedging instrument that is used in a hedging relationship is highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged item

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are deferred in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement

Amounts deferred in equity are reclassified to the income statement in the periods when the heaged item is recognised in the income statement, in the same line of the income statement as the recognised hedged item

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hodge accounting. Any cumulative gain or loss deferred in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was deferred in equity is recognised immediately in the income statement

When hedging the forecast acquisition of the business for the FX risk, once the transaction happens, the Group removes directly from the cash flow hedge reserve accumulated gains or losses on hedging instruments and include them within goodwill as a basis adjustment

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the Group loses control over the contractual rights that comprise that asset. This occurs when the rights are realised, expire or are surrendered. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished. Originated loans and receivables are derecognised on the date they are transferred by the Group

Impairment of financial assets - other financial assets

At each reporting date the Group assesses credit risk by considering reasonable and supportable information that may indicate increases in credit risk. Indicators that an asset carries a higher credit risk compared to at inception or that an asset is creditimpaired would include observable data in relation to the financial health of the debtor; significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the debtor; the debtor breaches contract; it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation.

The amount of credit risk provision is the difference between the original carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of expected cash flows receivable (discounted using the original effective interest rate). The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement within administrative expenses.

Financial assets are written off when there is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery. Receivables written off are still subject to enforcement activity and pursued by the Group.

p) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current and defeired tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case it is recognised in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years



Financial statements

2 Summary of significant acces mad policies ...

a) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable est mate can be made of the amount if the effect of the time value of money is material provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost

r) Employee benefits

The Group operates defined benefit post retirement benefit schemes and defined contribution pension schemes

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised in the income statement in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Defined benefit plans

The liability recognised in the balance sheet for defined benefit schemes is the present value of the schemes' liabilities less the fair value of the schemes' assets. The operating and financing costs of defined benefit schemes are recognised separately in the income statement. Operating costs comprise the current service cost, any gains or losses on settlement or curtailments, and past service costs. Net interest income and expense on net defined benefit assets and liabilities is determined by applying discount rates used to measure defined benefit obligations at the beginning of the year to net defined benefit assets and liabilities at the beginning of the year and is included in finance income and costs. Remeasurements arising from defined benefit plans comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest).

The Group recognises them immediately in other comprehensive income and all other expenses related to defined benefit plans in employee benefit expenses in profit or loss. Surpluses are recognised where, on wind-up, the Group has unconditional right to any surplus and Trustees do not have unitateral power to after members' benefits.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Group is committed demonstrably, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the Group has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably

Short-term employee benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Share-based payments

Certain employees of the Group receive part of their remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (equity-settled transactions). The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured at fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of share awards with market related vesting conditions is determined by an external consultant and the fair value at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest. The estimate of the number of awards likely to vest is reviewed at each balance sheet date up to the vesting date at which point the estimate is adjusted to reflect the actual outcome of awards which have vested. No adjustment is made to the fair value after the vesting date even if the awards are forfeted or not exercised.

s) Own shares

Own equity instruments which are re acquired (own shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in the income statement on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration baid to acquire such equity instruments is recognised within retained earnings.

Notice to the Ocusekdated foreneal sectioneds

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

t) Foreign currency translation

The functional currency for each entity in the Group is determined with reference to the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are initially recorded at the functional currency rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses on settlement of foreign currency transactions translated at the rate prevailing at the date of the transactions, or the translation of monetary assets and liabilities at period end exchange rates, are taken to the income statement. Non monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at historical cost are translated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction

On consolidation, income statements of subsidiaries are translated into sterling at average rates of exchange. Balance sheet items are translated into sterling at period end exchange rates. Exchange differences on the retranslation are taken to equity. Exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings financing those net investments (which are designated as net investment hedges) and exchange differences on intercompany loans which will not be repaid in the foreseeable future (which are treated as quasi equity) are also dealt with in equity and are reported in the statement of comprehensive income. All other exchange differences are charged or credited to the income statement in the year in which they arise. Cin disposal of an overseas subsidiary any cumulative exchange movements relating to that subsidiary held in the translation reserve are transferred to the consolidated income statement

u) Impairment of non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (excluding goodwill) carrying amounts are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the est mated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate. Assets that do not generate largely independent cash flows are assessed based on the CGU to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement



Financial statements

3 Segmental reporting

The Group is organised into three divisions, as shown below, according to the nature of the products and services provided Each of these divisions represents an operating segment or an aggregation of operating segments in accordance with IFRS 8 'Operating Segments'. The chief operating decision maker is the Chief Executive Officer. The operating segments are:

- Power and Connectivity The Power and Connectivity division designs and manufactures power application products and
 connectivity devices which enable the capture and wireless transfer of data. We collaborate with our customers to develop
 innovative solutions to optimise their electronic systems; Power and Connectivity is an aggregation of two operating segments
 due to similarities in products and markets served.
- Global Manufacturing Solutions The Global Manufacturing Solutions division provides manufacturing services and engineering solutions for our product divisions and to customers that often require a lower volume and higher mix of different products. We manufacture complex integrated product assemblies for our customers and provide engineering services including designing testing solutions and value engineering; and
- Sensors and Specialist Components The Sensors and Specialist Components division works with customers to develop standard and customised solutions including sensors and power management devices. Our solutions improve the precision, speed and reliability of critical aspects of our customers' applications.

The key performance measure of the operating segments is adjusted operating profit. Refer to the section titled 'Reconciliation of non IFRS measure' for a definition of adjusted profit.

Corporate costs – Resources and costs of the head office managed centrally but deployed in support of the operating units are allocated to segments based on a combination of revenue and operating profit. Resources and costs of the head office which are not related to the operating activities of the trading units are not allocated to divisions and are separately disclosed, equivalent to the segment disclosure information, so that reporting is consistent with the format that is used for review by the chief operating decision maker. This gives greater transparency of the adjusted operating profits for each segment.

Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arms length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

The Group's geographical segments are determined by the location of the Group's non-current assets and, for revenue, the location of external customers. Group financing (including finance costs and finance income) and income taxes are managed on a Group basis and are not allocated to operating segments. Goodwill is allocated to the individual cash generating units which may be smaller than the segment of which they are part.

a) Income statement information - continuing operations

,						2021
Emilier	Power and Connectivity	Global Manufacturing Solutions	Sensors and Specialist Components	Total Operating Segments		Total
8:4570 8:208						
45 T. 3. 15	140.2	220.1	115.9	476.2	-	476.2
- Admitted to the end	7.8	18.3	16.4	42.5	(7.7)	34.8
35 (21s)	1.0	10.5	10.4	42.5	(1.1)	34.0
Add back adjustments						
made to operating profit						(15.5)
(note 6)						19.3
A CENTRAL CONTRACTOR						
Net finance costs						(3.3)
t v i transfer of						16.0
						2020
		Global	56ti2013-30d	Tutal		
£million	Power and Connecte sty	Manufacturing Solutions	Specialist Components	Operating Segments	Corporate	Total
AND A MARKET OF A STATE OF	125.1	197.5	109.2	431.8	-	431.8
and great with the grade and the first	10.3	15.0	9 4	34.7	(7 2)	27.5
Add back: adjustments made to)					
operating profit (note 6)						(20 9)
Contract Special				-		6.6
Net finance costs						(3.7)
Company Commence	•			•		2.9

Notes to the Consolidated Imageial statements

3 Segmental reporting

b) Segment assets and liabilities

		Assets		Liabilities
Emilion	2021	2/12/1	2021	2020
Power and Connectivity	219.6	216.9	39.0	29.1
Global Manufacturing Solutions	162.8	119.6	84.3	58.3
Sensors and Specialist Components	121,4	110.2	30.4	22.2
Segment assets and hubblines	503.8	446.7	153.7	109.6
Pensions	78.4	35.4	3.9	49
Unallocated	89.2	90.7	183.8	160.3
Total assets/hibbilities	671.4	572.8	341.4	274.8

Unallocated assets of £89.2 million (2020: £90.7 million) comprise deferred tax of £11.3 million (2020: £9.1 million), cash and cash equivalents of £68.3 million (2020: £70.2 million) and income tax of £2.6 million (2020: £3.0 million) and assets associated with the central corporate function of £7.0 million (2020; £8.3 million)

Unallocated liabilities of £183.8 million (2020, £160.3 million) comprise borrowings (excluding leases and overdrafts) of £147.1 million (2020 £135.9 million), overdrafts of £1.1 million (2020; £1.2 million), deferred tax of £20.2 million (2020; £8.6 million), income tax of £7.1 million (2020: £7.5 million) and liabilities associated with the central corporate function of £8.3 million (2020: £7.1 million).

	Capita	Capital expenditure Depreciation and		amortisation
Em a or	2021	2020	2021	2c)0
Power and Connectivity	6.1	3.1	5.6	5.2
Global Manufacturing Solutions	1.7	2.6	4.8	5.2
Sensors and Specialist Components	9.2	4.3	5.7	6.6
Total Control of the	17.0	10.0	16.1	17.0

c) Geographic information

Revenue by destination

The Group operates on a global basis. Revenue from external customers by geographical destination is shown below. Management monitors and reviews revenue by region rather than by individual country given the significant number of countries where customers are based

fm co	2021	_0.20
United Kingdom	100.2	100.2
Rest of Europe	78.6	74.8
North America	182.7	164.9
Asia	113.3	88.8
Rest of the World	1.4	3,1
	476.2	431.8

Revenue from services is less than 1% of Group revenues. All other revenue is from the sale of goods.



3 Segraental reporting -

Non-current assets

The carrying amount of non-current assets, excluding deferred tax assets, derivatives and pensions, analysed by the geographical area is shown below

£million	2021	2020
United Kingdom	116.3	118.9
Rest of Europe	0.3	0.4
North America	144.8	143.5
Central and South America	4.4	4.4
Asia	12.4	11.0
	278.2	278.2
d) Market information Revenue by market The Group operates in the following markets		
fmillion	2021	0020
Healthcare	118.8	100.4
Aerospace and defence	85.5	91.9

^{1.} Projectie by marke im 2010 has been restated following a replay at cation of mid-harkets this several coypositemens.

A Property and the following a service

Automation and electrification

Distribution

£m.l/cn	2021	2020
Interest income	0.2	0.1
Net interest income on pension schemes in surplus	0.9	0.5
Commence in the second	1.1	0.6
Interest expense	3.1	3.0
Interest on lease liabilities	0.8	0.8
Net interest expense on pension schemes in deficit	0.1	0.1
Amortisation of arrangement fees	0.4	0.4
Large to Sept.	4.4	4.3
With some of the	3.3	3.7

186.3

85.6

476.2

157.9

81.6

431.8

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

5 Profit for the year

Profit from continuing operations for the year is stated after charging/(crediting).

fmlion	2021	2020
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	9.9	10.8
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	3.7	3.2
Amortisation of intangible assets ¹	7.6	7.2
Net foreign exchange (gains)/losses recognised within operating profit	(4.1)	2.1
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	360.6	332.7
Research and development	10.2	9.2
Staff costs (see note 10)	135.3	130.1
Restructuring (excluded from adjusted operating profit)	7.8	14.5
Acquisition and disposal related costs (excluded from adjusted operating profit)	7.7	6 4
Remuneration of Group Auditor:		
- audit of these financial statements	0.6	0.5
- audit of financial statements of subsidiaries of the Company	0.7	0.7
– assurance and other services ²	0.1	0.3
Government grants	(0.2)	(1.6)
Share-based payments	3.8	1.0
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment (excluded from adjusted operating profit)	(1.7)	(1.2)

Consided but to a mort back of intangle of a more of them in 2003/442 or connected within terms or lader from a cotted operating profit. The remainder shall be a supported by the contraction of the contr

adjuncts at the expenses.

Assuming and other reduces of £0.1 indicate a gift is 60.9 but a gift method year every 0.20 £94 that and leating to the interpretation desired to and relating to due diligence.)



Financial statements

6 Adjusting items

As described in note 1c, adjusted profit measures are an alternative performance measure used by the Board to monitor the operating performance of the Group.

		2021		2020
€m ion	Operating profit	Тах	Operating profit	Tax
Assessed 6	19.3	(3.2)	6.6	(1.6)
heavestar on wideth in				
Restructuring	(9.7)	1.2	(14.8)	1.8
Property disposals	1.7	(0.2)	12	-
Pension costs	(1.5)	0.2	(0.9)	0.1
Pension increase exchange exercise	1.8	(0.2)	-	-
Other items	(0.1)	_	-	-
	(7.8)	1.0	(14.5)	1.9
A tropial internity materials and interpretational control of	•			
Amortisation of intangible assets arising on business combinations	(5.1)	(0.3)	(4.2)	0.4
Release of warranty and claims provision	-	-	1.0	(0 1)
Torotel acquisition and integration costs	(1.5)	0.6	(1.3)	0.2
Covina acquisition and integration costs	(0.2)	0.1	(1.3)	0.2
Ferranti Power and Control acquisition costs	(0.5)	0.2	-	-
Other acquisition and disposal related costs	(0.4)	0.1	(0.6)	0.1
Tax losses relating to the disposal of the transportation division	-	1.3	-	-
	(7.7)	2.0	(6.4)	8.0
The label to the marked and a first a project come and the com-	(15.5)	3.0	(20.9)	2.7
A genteches y two	34.8	(6.2)	27.5	(4.3)

Restructuring and other £7.8 million (2020: £14.5 million)

Restructuring costs charged in the period primarily relate to cost of the Group's self help programme which began in 2020 and it is expected to conclude in 2022. To date the total income statement expense of the self help programme has been £21.0 million and with the total cost estimated to be £23.4 million.

Within the costs above there was £5.9 million of costs relating to the restructure of the US resistors business, £1.5 million relating to the closure of our facility in Lutterworth, UK, £1.1 million relating to the restructure of the US Power North America business, £0.9 m relating to the closure of our facility in Tunis, Tunisia and £0.4 million of other costs.

Gains on property disposals of £1.7 million (2020 £1.2 million Lutterworth site, UK) relates to the sale of property in Covina, USA (£1.3 million), Corpus Christi, USA (£0.6 million) and Olathe, USA (£0.2 million loss).

A £1.8 million gain was realised on a 'Pensions Increase Exchange' exercise whereby eligible current pension members were offered the option to exchange their non statutory pension increases for an additional amount of level pension. Pension costs of £1.5 million relate to data cleanse work as we work towards a buyout of the scheme.

2020's restructuring and other costs amounted to £14.5 million, primarily related to restructuring of the Group's footprint, gain from property disposals and costs relating to the pension past service charge as a result of UK pensions schemes having to equalise male and female members' benefits in respect of guaranteed minimum pensions

Acquisition and disposal related costs £7.7 million (2020: £6.4 million)

Acquisition and disposal related costs charged in the period relate to amortisation of acquired intangible assets (£5.1 million), integration costs of Torotel, Inc. (£1.5 million, Torotel was acquired in 2020), acquisition costs of Ferranti Power and Control (£0.5 million), integration costs of Covina (£0.2 million) and other acquisitions and disposal costs primarily relating to terminated deals (£0.4 million). A £1.3 million credit has been recognised in the period on tax losses arising in relation to the disposal of the transportation division due to the statute of limitations being reached.

flotes to the Consolidated Engineral statements

6 Adjusting items

2020's acquisition related costs amounted to f6.4 million and primarily related to amortisation of acquired intangible assets (f4.2 million), acquisition and integration costs of Covina (£1.3 million) acquisition and integration costs of Torotel, inc. (£1.3 million) a credit related to settlement against a warranty claim provision on the disposal of the transportation division in 2017, (£1.0m), and other costs (£0.6m)

Z Tayarea

a) Analysis of the tax charge for the year

fm llion	2021	2020
Control tax		
Current income tax charge	5.1	5.1
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year	(0.9)	(3.4)
Total current tax charge	4.2	1.7
Trace and fax	,	
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(0.4)	(0.5)
Change in tax rate	0.8	(0.4)
Recognition of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	(1.4)	0.8
Total deferred tax credit	(1.0)	(0.1)
The Contract of the matter of	3.2	16

The applicable tax rate for the period is based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax of 19% (2020-19%). Overseas taxation is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisd ctions. The Group's effective tax rate for the year was 20.0% (the adjusted tax rate was 19.6%, see section 'Reconciliation of KPIs and non IFRS measures')

The enacted UK tax rate applicable since 1 April 2017 to current year profits is 19%. An increase in UK rate has been enacted to occur from 1 April 2023 to 25%. The impact on deferred tax as a result of this change was £5.9 million of which £0.8 million was recognised in the income statement and £5.1 million was recognised within equity.

Included within the total tax charge above is a £3.0 million credit relating to items reported outside adjusted profit (2020; £2.7 million)

b) Reconciliation of the total tax charge for the year

2021	2926
16.0	2.9
3.0	06
0.8	(0.4)
0.7	14
2.2	2.6
(0.9)	(3 4)
(1.2)	0.1
(1.4)	0.7
3.2	16
	16.0 3.0 0.8 0.7 2.2 (0.9) (1.2) (1.4)

The adjustment to current tax in respect of prior periods largely relates to the release of tax provisions in respect of concluded disputes and uncertainties



Financial statements

7 Taxation .

The overall aim of the Group's tax strategy is to support business operations by ensuring a sustainable tax rate, mitigating tax risks in a timely and cost-efficient way and complying with tax legislation in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. It is however inevitable that the Group will be subject to routine tax audits or is in ongoing disputes with tax authorities in the multiple jurisdictions it operates within. This is much more likely to arise in situations involving more than one tax jurisdiction. Differences in interpretation of legislation, of global standards (e.g. OECD guidance) and of commercial transactions undertaken by the group between different tax authorities are one of the main causes of tax exposures and tax risks for the group.

In order to manage the risk to the Group an assessment is made of such tax exposures and provisions are created using the best estimate of the most likely amount to be incurred within a range of possible outcomes. The resolution of the Group's tax exposures can take a considerable period of time to conclude and, in some circumstances, it can be difficult to predict the final outcome.

The current tax liability at 31 December 2021 includes tax provisions of £6.9 million (2020: £6.4 million). The Group believes the range of reasonable possible outcomes in respect of these exposures is tax liabilities of up to £9.0 million (2020: £8.2 million.

c) Deferred tax

The amounts of deferred taxation assets/(liabilities) provided in the financial statements are as follows:

A deferred tax asset of £6.7 million has been recognised in respect of territories where the group has made net tax losses in the current year. The net tax losses have been driven by one-off costs excluded from adjusted measures which the Group does not expect to recur in future periods. The Group completed a five year forward looking strategic plan covering the periods from 2022 to 2026 in which it was forecast that all divisions would show increasing profitability. Therefore, a deferred tax asset is recognised on the basis that it is considered probable that net taxable profits will be recognised in these territories in future

fimilio i	As at 1 January 2021	Continuing operations	Recognised on acquisition	Recognised in equity/ OCI	Net exchange translation	As at 31 December 2021
Intangible assets	(10.6)	(0.8)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		(11.4)
Property, plant and equipment	1.7	(0.2)	=	_	-	1.5
Deferred development costs	(0.5)	-	-	-	-	(0.5)
Retirement benefit obligations	(5.7)	(1.8)	-	(11.4)	-	(18.9)
Inventories	1.0	0.1	-	-	-	1.1
Tax losses	7.5	1.9	(0.2)	<u>.</u>	0.1	9.3
Unremitted overseas earnings	(2.0)	(0.3)	-	-	-	(2.3)
Share-based payments	0.7	0.7	-	0.5	-	1.9
Cash flow hedges	-	-	_	0.5	-	0.5
Short-term temporary differences	8.4	1.3	(0.1)	-	0.3	9.9
Net deferred tax asset/(liability)	0.5	0.9	(0.3)	(10.4)	0.4	(8.9)
Deferred tax assets	8.9					11.3
Deferred tax liabilities	(8.6)					(20.2)
Net deferred tax asset/(liability)	0.5					(8.9)

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

7 faxation

Deferred tax	Description
Intangible assets	Deferred tax relating to intangible assets created on acquisitions by the Group. This excludes any internally generated intangibles relating to product development costs.
Property, plant and equipment	Deferred tax relating to temporary differences in the value of property, plant and equipment between Group accounting and local accounting and/or tax returns
Deferred development costs	Deferred tax relating to deferred development costs
Retirement benefit obligations	Deferred tax relating to retirement benefit obligations
Inventories	Deferred tax relating to temporary differences between the local book value and Group consolidated value of inventory
Tax losses	Deferred tax relating to recognised tax losses carried forwards for offset against future profits of the Group
Unremitted overseas earnings	Deferred tax relating to the repatriation of subsidiary profits to the Group's ultimate holding company
Share based payments	Deferred tax relating to share based payment
Short term temporary differences	Deferred tax relating to temporary differences between Group accounts and local accounts or tax return arising where a tax deduction is received on payment of an amount either between Group companies or to external unconnected third parties rather than on an accounting basis. This includes product development costs.

fm "or	At 3 December 2019	Cuntrioling operations	ñ≈, dignised di acquartion	Helicynised in Hegisty/ CC	Test ex drange translation	Asiat 3 : December 2020
Intangible assets	(9.0)	0.2	(2.2)		0.2	(10 8)
Property, plant and equipment	1.9	(0.2)	(0.1)	~	0.1	1.7
Deferred development costs	(1.0)	0.4	-	-	0.1	(0 5)
Retirement benefit obligations	(2.5)	(1.1)	-	(2.1)	_	(5 7)
Inventories	1.5	(0.5)	_	-	-	1.0
Tax losses	3.6	39	0.3	_	(0.3)	7.5
Unremitted overseas earnings	(1.7)	(0.4)	_	_	0.1	(2.0)
Share-based payments	1.3	(0.3)	_	(0.3)	_	0.7
Short-term temporary differences	9.4	(2.1)	1 2	_	(0.1)	8.4
Net deferred tax asset	3.5	(0.1)	(8.0)	(2 4)	0.1	0.3
Deferred tax assets	8.1					89
Deferred tax liabilities	(4 6)					(8.6)
Net deferred tax asset	3.5					0.5

At 3' December 2021, the gross amount and expiry date of losses available for carry forward are as follows:

£m liur	Expiring within 5 years	Expiring within 6-10 years	Unlimited	Total
Losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	0.4	, <u>-</u>	71.1	71.5

Tax losses of £58.2 million are subject to substantial limitations in the type of profits they can be offset against and no such capital disposa's are currently anticipated.

At 31 December 2020, the gross amount and expiry date of losses available for carry forward were as follows:

	wish t Extribit			
$\overline{\tau}$ U_{e} $+$ U_{G}	5 vears	s vears	nlin ted	Foral
Losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	0.7	7 -	77 0	77 7

At 31 December 2021, the Group had no other items for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised (2020 £nit)



Financial statements

8 Dividends

	2021		2020	
	pence	2021	pence	2020
	per share	£million	per share	£m Hon
Final dividend paid for prior year	4.70	8.2	_	
Interim dividend declared for current year	1.80	3.2	-	-

The Directors recommend a final dividend of 3.8 pence per share. The Group has a progressive dividend policy. The final dividend will be paid on 20 May 2022 to shareholders on the register on 29 April 2022.

diamengs problems

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year

Pence Etalog pro Care		-	 	,	2021	. 2029
Basic					7.3	0.8
Diluted					7.2	0.8

The numbers used in calculating adjusted, basic and diluted earnings per share are shown below. Adjusted earnings per share is based on the adjusted profit after interest and tax

Acjusted earnings per share

Emilion judiess otherwise stated:	2021	0(42)
प्रेन्टाक		
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	12.8	1.3
Restructuring and other	7.8	14.5
Acquisition and disposal related costs	7.7	6 4
Tax effect of above items (see note 6)	(3.0)	(2.7)
Adjusted earnings	25.3	19.5
April to the configuration of the second	14.5	11.7
And the Contraction of the second	14.2	11.6

The weighted average number of shares in issue is as follows (new shares issued in the year described in note 24)

norhon			2021	2320
Basic	•	·	 174.8	166.5
Adjustment for share awards			3.3	1.6
Diluted			178.1	1681

Notes to me Consolidated Insololal statements

10 Employers information. The average number of full time equivalent employees (including Directors) during the year from continuing operations was.

Number	2021	2020
By function	(a)	
Production	4,075	3,987
Sales and distribution	270	293
Administration	287	298
	4,632	4,578
By division		
Power and Connectivity	1,597	1,447
Global Manufacturing Solutions	1,456	1,475
Sensors and Specialist Components	1,579	1,656
Total	4,632	4,578
Aggregate emoluments, including those of Directors, for the year were		
£m ilion	2021	2020
Wages and salaries	103.1	103.1
Social security charges	24.0	21.7
Employers' pension costs	3.0	3.2
Defined benefit pension costs	1.4	11
Share based payments expense	3.8	1.0
	135.3	130 1
Remuneration in respect of the Directors was as follows:		
Faction	2021	70.70
Emoluments	2.3	1.8
The remuneration of key management during the year was as follows:		
finage	2021	20 10
Short-term benefits	4.0	3.0
Pension and other post-employment benefit expense	0.1	0.1
Share based payments	1.8	0.3
	5.9	34



Financial statements

11 Right of use assets

£million	t and and buildings	Olmer	Right of use assets
(505)	201 A		
At 1 January 2020	31.6	1.6	33.2
Additions	0.4	02	0.6
Lease reassessment	1.3	-	13
Businesses acquired	2.0	-	2.0
Net exchange adjustment	(0.4)	_	(0.4)
At 1 January 2021	34.9	1.8	36.7
Additions	10.5	0.3	10.8
Disposals	(4.4)	(0.1)	(4.5)
Net exchange adjustment	0.5	-	0.5
or 33 (Moderny), in the fi	41.5	2.0	43.5
(10g/09F)(191C))			
At 1 January 2020	198	0.6	20.4
Depreciation charge	2.8	0.4	3.2
Impairment	1.0	-	1.0
Net exchange adjustment	(0.3)	-	(0 3)
At 1 January 2021	23.3	1.0	24.3
Depreciation charge	3.4	0.3	3.7
Impairment	0.1	-	0.1
Disposals	(4.4)	(0.1)	(4.5)
Net exchange adjustment	0.2	0.1	0.3
Prostocial Control	22.6	1.3	23.9
11.35 31000 A 4012			
All of the contacts of the	18.9	0.7	19.6
At 31 December 2020	11.6	8.0	12.4

All impaired assets have been impaired down to a recoverable amount of £nil.

Additions during the year relate to a new site in Plano, US (£6.3 million), lease renewals in Suzhou, China (£2.1 million), Boston, US (£0.8 million) and other locations throughout the Group (£1.6 million).

In 2020 the Group identified indicators of impairment due to the planned relocation of our office in Carrollton, US (£0.9 million) and the planned closure of one of our facilities in Barbados (£0.1 million), both within the Sensors and Specialist Components segment. A total of £1 0 million was recognised within items excluded from adjusted profit.

The Group only leases land and buildings for use in trading activities. Lease liabilities are disclosed in note 20. Contractual cashflows for these leases are disclosed in note 20e.

Note: to the Consolidated featural statements

12 Property, plant and equipment

Emillion), and and walldings	Plant and ecoponent	Total
Cost			
At 1 January 2020	28.2	179.8	208.0
Additions	1.2	8.1	9.3
Businesses acquired	6.3	0.9	7.2
Disposals	(5.5)	(9.2)	(14.7)
Net exchange adjustment	(0.5)	(2.6)	(3.1)
At 1 January 2021	29.7	177.0	206.7
Additions	7.9	6.7	14.6
Disposals	(13.5)	(13.2)	(26.7)
Net exchange adjustment	0.1	1.3	1.4
25 31 5 A may 2 2325	24.2	171.8	196.0
Section of the sectio			
At 1 January 2020	13.2	143.7	156.9
Depreciation charge	1.2	9.6	108
Impairment	-	10	1.0
Disposals	(3.5)	(9 0)	(12.5)
Net exchange adjustment	(0.1)	(2.4)	(2.5)
At 1 January 2021	10.8	142.9	153.7
Depreciation charge	1.1	8.8	9.9
Impairment	-	(0.1)	(0.1)
Disposals	(5.7)	(13.2)	(18.9)
Net exchange adjustment	0.1	0.9	1.0
Control Street Street	6.3	139.3	145.6
and the second			
2 × 6 × 380 2 24	17.9	32.5	50.4
At 31 December 2020	189	34.1	53 0

All impaired assets have been impaired down to a recoverable amount of £nil.

Included within land and buildings is one investment property with a carrying value of £nil (2020; £1.1 million, two properties) and a fair value of £0.7 million (2020; £0.1 million, two properties). Rental income of £0.2 million (2020; £0.1 million) was recognised within other income in relation to these properties

In 2020 the Group identified indicators of impairment within plant and equipment as a result of divisional restructuring in the Sensors and Specialist Components division (£0 6 million) and the planned closure of the operation in Lutterworth, UK in the Power and Connectivity division (£0.4 million). A total of £1.0 million was recognised within items excluded from adjusted profit.



Financial statements

13 Goodwill

Emillion	
	Companies to the first state of the second sta
Cost	
At 1 January 2020	136.1
Additions	237
Net exchange adjustment	(2.9)
At 31 December 2020	156.9
Remeasurement of acquired fair values	(1.2)
Adjusted balance as at 31 December 2020	155.7
Net exchange adjustment	0.8
4/ 31 December 2721	156.5

In June 2021 the Group received new information about conditions which were present at the time of the acquisition of Torotel, Inc. namely that the PPP loan from the US government Covid-19 support scheme that was recognised in full on the acquisition balance sheet, was waived. The Group has updated the acquisition balance sheet to reflect this new information. The effect on the acquired balance sheet and the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020 was to decrease goodwill by £1.4 million with a corresponding increase in other receivables

During the year it was determined that the deferred tax asset on the acquisition balance sheet for Torotel, Inc. was overstated by £0.2 million. The Group has updated the acquisition balance sheet to reflect this new information. The effect on the acquired balance sheet and the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020 was to increase goodwill by £0.2 million with a corresponding decrease in deferred tax assets

The goodwill generated as a result of acquisitions represents the premium paid in excess of the fair value of all net assets, including intangible assets, identified at the point of acquisition. The future improvements applied to the acquired businesses, achieved through a combination of revised strategic direction, operational improvements and investment are expected to result in improved profitability of the acquired businesses during the period of ownership. The combined value achieved from these improvements is expected to be in excess of the value of goodwill acquired.

Goodwill is attributed to the following CGUs in the divisions shown below

Emilion	2021	2021
Darwer to John Color		
Power Solutions?	57.0	56.7
IoT Solutions	27.6	27 6
Programme and the second to the second		
Global Manufacturing Solutions	18.4	18.2
Security and the experience of the second		
Resistors	30.5	30.1
Sensors ¹	23.0	23.1
	156.5	155.7

^{1.} In the prior year the Sanson 2000 accompress of the Wast Personnel 100 unding 860 ppin CGU with respectively cooked of £01.0 million and £2.1 million.
2. The carrying value of Concert lath courable for the Power Source of CCU at 3., 200 units by 1000 as open restated following the first sacron of the argument and according

The Group tests goodwill impairment annually or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired. Effective from the year ended 31 December 2021, the date of the annual impairment test has been moved to 30 September 2021 to better align with internal forecasting and review processes. The key assumptions used in the 30 September impairment testing were reassessed at 31 December, however, there were no further indicators of value decline that necessitated further consideration

Notes to the Consolidated linarical statements

13 Goodwill

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and operating cash flow projections over a forecast period. The growth rate assumed after this forecast period is based on long-term GDP projections capped at long term growth rates (which are approximated as long term inflation rates) of the primary market for the CGU, in perpetuity. Long-term growth rates are based on long-term forecasts for growth in the sectors and geography in which the group of CGUs operates. Long-term growth rates are determined using long-term growth rate forecasts that take into account the international presence and the markets in which each business operates.

Management estimate discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the Group's time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU being measured.

In determining the cost of equity, the Capital Asset Pricing Model ("CAPM") has been used. Under CAPM, the cost of equity is determined by adding a risk premium, based on an industry adjustment, to the expected return of the equity market above the risk-free return. The relative risk adjustment reflects the risk inherent in each group of CGUs relative to all other sectors and geographies on average.

The cost of debt is determined using a risk-free rate based on the cost of government bonds, and an interest rate premium equivalent to a corporate bond with a similar credit rating to TT Electronics Plc.

The growth rates assume that demand for our products remains broadly in line with the underlying economic environment in the long-term future. Taking into account our expectation of future market conditions, we believe that the evolution of selling prices and cost measures put into place will lead to a sustained improvement in profitability.

Management has detailed plans in place reflecting the latest budget and strategic growth plan. The pre-fax discount rates and per ods of management approved forecasts are shown below. The discount rates used in the armual impairment test for the year ended 3 December 2021, which was performed on 31 September 2021 are shown below

			2021			JU20
	Pre-tax discount rate	Long term growth rate	Period of forecast (years)	Pre tax discount rate	rong (erm growth rate	frei od of forecant iyealis)
Power Solutions	12.2%	1.7%	5	11.6%	1.7%	3
IoT Solutions	12.2%	1.6%	5	11.5%	1.8%	5
Global Manufacturing Solutions	13.2%	1.8%	5	13 3%	2 2%	3
Resistors	13.3%	1.6%	5	12.9%	1 7%	3
Sensors 1	13.8%	1.7%	5	11.8%	1.6%	3

in the group year the Service of Cluden lineal with in order equipments of all the notice expressions and the notice expression of the service expre

No impairment losses have been recognised in the current or prior year as recoverable amounts exceed the total carrying value of assets for all of the CGUs

Key assumptions in the value in use test is the projected performance of the CGUs based on sales growth rates, cash flow forecasts and discount rate. Forecast sales growth rates are based on past experience adjusted for the strategic direction and near term investment prior ties within each CGU. The key assumptions include externally obtained growth rates in the key markets disclosed in note 3 and customer demand for product lines. Cash flow forecasts are determined based on historic experience of operating margins, adjusted for the impact of changes in product mix and cost-saving initiatives, including the impact of our restructuring projects and cash conversion based on historical experience

The recoverable amounts associated with the goodwill balances which are based on these performance projections and based on current forecast information do not indicate that any goodwill balance is impaired. If a company's actual performance coes not meet these projections this could lead to an impairment of the goodwill in future periods. The pandemic resulted in supply chain challenges within the markets in which the Group operates and are restricting the level of growth in the near term, inflationary pressure on materials is assumed to be largely passed on in the base case



10 Goodwill

Sensitivity analysis has been performed on the key assumptions; operating cash flow projections, revenue growth rates and discount rate. Cash flows can be impacted by changes to sales prices, direct costs and replacement capital expenditure; individually they are not significant assumptions. Forecast sales growth rates are based on past experience adjusted for the strategic direction. and near-term investment priorities. Cash flow forecasts are determined based on historic experience of operating margins, adjusted for the impact of changes in product mix and cost saving initiatives, including the impact of our committed restructuring projects and cash conversion based on historical experience

The Directors have not identified changes in significant assumptions that would cause the carrying value of recognised goodwill to exceed its recoverable amount except for IoT Solutions.

Due to reduced forecast revenues resulting from the short term supply chain challenges, an indicator of impairment was identified in respect of goodwill allocated to IoT Solutions

lo 1 Solutions CGU operates in markets with strong growth fundamentals and the short term forecasts for the lo 1 Solutions CGU include revenue and margin growth from successful product launches, and post Covid 19 demand recovery in the short and medium term. These forecasts exclude any potential benefits from the Virolens® rapid COVID-19 screening device given the wide range of possible outcomes

IoT Solutions CGU shows headroom of £5.8 million above the £50.0 million carrying amount, including £27.6m of goodwill. The growth rates assume that demand for our product remains in line with the underlying economic environment in the long-term future. Taking into account our expectation of future market conditions, we believe that the evolution of seiling prices and cost measures put into place will lead to a sustained improvement in profitability. The IoT Solutions CGU's forecasts are reliant upon its ability to execute on new business opportunities and technologies. The order book has grown significantly in the last 12 months so the near term focus is on execution. Delays, cancellations, and adjustments to the scheduled level of demand will impact the carrying value of the goodwilf. In accordance with IAS 36 'Impairment of Assets' the Group performed sensitivity analysis on the estimates of recoverable amounts and found that the excess of recoverable amount over the carrying amount of the IoT Solutions CGU would be reduced to finil as a result of a reasonably possible change in assumptions

Sensitivity analysis has been carried out and a reasonably possible change in the discount rate and long term growth rate from 12.2% to 13.1% or from 1.6% to 0.3% respectively would reduce headroom to £nif. A reduction in operating cash flow of 9.0 per cent in all forecast periods would also reduce headroom to £nil. Management does not consider that the relevant change in these assumptions would have a consequential effect on other key assumptions

A reduction in terminal revenue of 15.2 per cent and terminal operating profit of 2.0 per cent (driven by project delivery celays or lower than anticipated margin) would reduce headroom to £nil.

A failure to deliver the successful launch of new products and exploit potential market share could impact margin and cash flow assumptions. A reduction in the terminal operating margin of 2.7 per cent and terminal cash conversion of 10.0 per cent in combination would reduce headroom to £nil

Roses to the Consolidated financial statements

14 Other incangible assets

f m llion	Product development costs	Patents, licences and other	Customer relationships	Total
Cost	1 1 1 N 1 1 - 1 NAME - 1.1. W. 1			
At 1 January 2020	13.7	33.4	52.8	99.9
Additions	3.3	8.0	-	4.1
Businesses acquired	0.2	1.3	11.8	13.3
Net exchange adjustment	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.7)	(1.3)
At 1 January 2021	16.7	35.4	63.9	116.0
Additions	1.9	0.5	-	2.4
Disposals	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.7)
Net exchange adjustment	0.1	0.1	0,2	0.4
Statistics of the second of th	18.6	35.9	63.6	118.1
201011.35766				
At 1 January 2020	5.5	28.7	144	48.6
Charge for the year	10	23	3.9	72
Impairment	36	-	-	36
Net exchange adjustment	(0 4)	-	(0.1)	(0.5)
At 1 January 2021	9.7	31.0	18.2	58.9
Charge for the year	0.9	2.5	4.2	7.6
Impairment	-	-	0.2	0.2
Disposals	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.7)
Net exchange adjustment	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4
26 At 6 2 22 2 2 3	10.6	33.6	22.2	66.4
The Europe Value				
CAS Bearing of	8.0	2.3	41.4	51.7
At 31 December 2020	7.0	4.4	45 7	57.1

All impaired assets have been impaired down to a recoverable amount of £nil

Included within the amort sation charge for the year is £5.1 million (2020, £4.2 million) included within items excluded from adjusted profit as the charge relates to intangibles acquired upon acquisition of businesses

Customer relationships are intangible assets recognised upon acquisition which are amortised over long periods of time and are summarised below. The amortisation charge is excluded from adjusted operating profit as described in note 6. The composition of customer relationships and the years remaining until they are fully amortised is shown below.

In 2020, of the f 3.6 million impairment charge for the year, f 3.4 million arose because of restricturing and has been excluded from adjusted operating profit by removing the charge from administrative expenses as described in note 6.62.0 million arose in the Sensors and Specialist Components segment and £1.4 million arose in the Power and Connectivity segment.



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14 Other intangible assets

Customer relationships held on the balance sheet are summarised below.

Customer relationships held on the balance sheet are summarised to Emillion	Net book value	Years remaining
Stadium Group	14.5	113
Aero Stanrew	10.0	9.0
Torotel	7.3	20.9
Precision Inc.	5.6	107
Covina	3.3	12.2
Roxspur	0.3	0.6
Others	0.4	
PERCONOMINATIONS	41.4	
£milion	Net book value	Zears remaining
Stadium Group	15.8	12.3
Aero Stanrew	11.1	10 0
Torotel	7.5	21.9
Precision Inc.	61	11.7
Covina	3.6	13.2
Roxspur	0.9	1.6
Others	07	
At 31 December 2020	45 7	
Sylvania de		
£m ^d ipe	2021	20:20
Raw materials	92.6	53.2
Work in progress	26.3	26.4
Finished goods	22.9	18.6
	141.8	98.2

Inventories are stated after a provision for obsolescence of £18.3 million (2020-£20.2 million). The directors do not consider there to be a material difference between net book value and replacement cost for inventories

A CONTRACTOR STATE

fmilio	2021	2020
Trade receivables	72.9	58.2
Prepayments	6.3	4.3
VAT and other taxes receivable	2.9	2.7
Amounts owed by non-controlling interests	2.0	2.0
Other receivables	2.1	4.1
•	86.2	71 3

Charging Acids as been procedured by Cl. Control to Dyving now inform from those possible research and the control of the procedure of the control of the co

Loss allowance for expected credit losses in respect of trade receivables and amounts owed by non-controlling interests are shown in note 20c(ii) and note 20d(iii) respectively

Retes to the Consolidated Boancial statements

17 Trade and other phyables

£million	2021	2020
Current habilities		•
Trade payables	77.7	51.1
Taxation and social security	4.0	47
Accruals	26.4	21.0
Deferred income	16.1	3.8
Goods received not invoiced	7.6	4.9
Other payables	2.1	47
	133.9	90 2
£milion	2021	2020
Name and Al Sydices		
Accruals	0.2	0.1

Deferred income primarily represents pre-funded inventory which is expected to be converted into finished goods and sold within 12 months. All of the brought forward balance carried over from 2020 was converted into finished goods and sold to the end customer within the year.

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€ en la gre	≥rope ty	Reorgan sation	and other	ادین ا
At 1 January 2020	0.8	1.9	4.5	7.2
Utilised	-	(3 8)	(8 0)	(4.6)
Released	-	(0.1)	(1.3)	(1.4)
Arising during the year	0.1	6.3	0.1	6.5
Exchange differences	-	(0 2)	_	(0.2)
At 1 January 2021	0.9	4.1	2.5	7.5
Utílised	-	(3.2)	(0.3)	(3.5)
Released	(0.1)	(0.2)	(1.4)	(1.7)
Transfer	-	-	(0.2)	(0.2)
Arising during the year	-	8.0	0.6	1.4
Exchange differences	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Strategy and state	0.8	1.4	1.1	3.3
£mlion			2021	2020
Non-current			8.0	0.9
Current			2.5	66
			3.3	7 5





Financial statements

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Property

Property provisions of £0.8 million (2020, £0.9 million) relate to dilapidation provisions.

Reorganisation

The reorganisation provision of £1.4 million (2020: £4.1 million) includes £0.5 million (2020: £3.6 million) in respect of self-help programmes which commenced in 2020 to consolidate our footprint including the closure of Barbados, Corpus Christi. US and Lutterworth sites, the moving of Carrollton and £0.6m relating to the closure of Covina. A further £0.3 million (2020: £0.3 million) relates to the restructuring programme undertaken in association with the closure of the Boone, North Carolina operations. Reorganisation provisions relate to committed costs in respect of restructuring programmes, as described in note 6, usually resulting in cash spend within one year. Work has been performed to rectify soil contamination that occurred as a result of past production practices, with £0.1 million utilised during the period. The provision is based upon the Group's estimate of the scope of further work which contains inherent uncertainty.

The util sation of £3.2 million relates to severance costs of £3.1 million as part of the self-help programme, and £0.1 million of other costs (including Boone). In 2020, the utilisation of £3.8 million related to severance costs of £3.3 million as part of the self-help programme, £0.2 million in respect of the Brea, California office closure, £0.1 million for the closure of our Taishan, China facility and £0.2 million of other costs (including Boone)

Legal, warranty and other

Legal, warranty and other claims represent the best estimate for the cost of settling outstanding product and other claims, and warranty provisions created on the disposal of businesses

The util sation of £0.3 million relates to other items. In 2020, the utilisation of £0.8 million related to retention payments entered into on the date of acquisition to employees of acquired businesses (£0.5 million) and other items (£0.3 million).

The release of £1.4 million reflects a £0.6 million reduction in the provision relating to specific claims and a £0.8 million reduction in the Group's warranty claim provision reflecting a lower historical experience of claims both in volume and exposure. The transfer of £0.2 million reflects a movement to other creditors. In 2020, the release of £1.3 million included a £1.0 million warranty claim provision relating to the disposal of the Transportation. Sensing, & Control Division in 2017, following a full and final settlement and £0.3 million of other costs largely relating to retention payments.

The Group has, on occasion, been required to enforce commercial contracts and to defend itself against proceedings brought by other parties. Provisions are made for the expected costs associated with such matters, based on past experience of similar items and other known factors, taking into account professional advice received, and represent management's best estimate of the likely outcome. The timing of utilisation of these provisions is frequently uncertain, reflecting the complexity of issues and the outcome of various court proceedings and negotiations. Contractual and other provisions represent the Directors' best estimate of the cost of settling future obligations a though there is a higher degree of judgement involved. Unless specific evidence exists to the contrary, these provisions are shown as current.

No provision is made for proceedings which have been or might be brought by other parties against Group companies unless management, taking into account professional advice received, assesses that it is more likely than not that such proceedings may be successful. Contingent liabilities associated with such proceedings have been identified, but the Directors are of the opinion that any associated claims that might be brought can be resisted successfully, and therefore the possibility of any material outflow in settlement in excess of amounts provided is assessed as remote

The timing of the utilisation of these amounts is uncertain as they are subject to commercial negotiation and legal process in different jurisdictions. Where possible the Group has purchased insurance cover to protect itself from these exposures.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

19 Barrowings and least obligations

Maturity	Currency of denomination	Current	Non-current	Total
			• •	
2023	GBP		52.0	52.0
2023	USD		21.4	21.4
2028	GBP		37.5	37.5
2031	GBP		37.5	37.5
		1.1	_	1.1
		4.1	18.5	22.6
		_	(1.3)	(1.3)
•		5.2	165.6	170.8
	•	•		•
2023	GBP	-	117.0	117.0
2023	USD	_	19.7	19.7
		1.2	_	1.2
		3.6	123	159
		1.1	0.3	1.4
		~	(1.1)	(1.1)
		5.9	148.2	154.1
	2023 2028 2031	2023 GBP 2023 USD 2028 GBP 2031 GBP	Maturity denomination Current 2023 GBP 2023 USD 2028 GBP 2031 GBP 1.1 4.1 - 5.2 2023 GBP - 5.2 2023 GBP - 3.6 1.1	Maturity denomination Current Non-current

In December 2021 the Group issued £75.0 million of unsecured loan notes with £37.5 million maturing in seven years and £37.5 million maturing in 10 years respectively to a collection of three counterparties. The average interest rate on the loan notes is 2.9 per cent.

In May 2016 the Group signed a five year £150 million multi-currency revolving credit facility and a further uncommitted incremental accordion facility of £30 million. In December 2018 the Group entered into an agreement to extend the facility with a syndicate of six banks comprising Barclays Bank, Bank of Ireland. Comerica Bank, Fifth Third Bank, HSBC Bank and National Westminster Bank. The maturity date of the facility was extended from May 2021 to November 2023. In addition, the facility size was increased from £150 million to £180 million, with the uncommitted accordion facility of £30 million. As at 31 December 2021, £73.4 million (31 December 2020; £136.7 million) of the facility was drawn down. Arrangement fees with amortised cost of £1.3 million (2020: £1.1 million) have been netted off against these borrowings

The interest margin payable on the facility is based on the Group's compliance with financial covenants, net debt / adjusted FBITDA (bank covenant) and is payable on a floating basis above GBP LIBOR, or USD LIBOR depending on the currency of denomination of the loan. On 4 January 2022 the Group transitioned away from GBP LIBOR to be replaced by GBP SONIA. There will be no impact of this transition. As USD cIBOR will still be in use up until mid 2023 the Group does not expect to transition away from USD LIBOR in the next 12 months

Undrawn facilities

At 31 December 2021, the total lease liabilities and borrowing facilities available to the Group net of £1.3 million of loan arrangement fees (2020 £1.1 million) amounted to £318.9 million (2020: £237.3 million). At 31 December 2021, the Group had available £110.1 million (2020, £46.6 million) of undrawn committed borrowing facilities (comprising the main facility £106.6 million (2020: £43.2 million) and China £3.5 million (2020: £3.4 million) and £38.0 million (2020: £39.2 million) of undrawn uncommitted borrowing facilities, representing overdraft lines and the accordion facility



Financial statements

20 Financial risk management

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks arise from exposures that occur in the normal course of business and are managed by the Group's Treasury department in close co-operation with the Group's business divisions and operating companies, under the oversight of a Treasury Committee which is chaired by the Chief Financial Officer. The responsibilities of the Group's Treasury department include the monitoring of financial risks, management of cash resources, debt and capital structure management, approval of counterparties and relevant transaction limits, and oversight of all significant treasury activities undertaken by the Group. The Group Treasury department operates as a service centre to the business divisions of the Group and not as a profit centre.

A Group Treasury policy has been approved by the Board of Directors and is periodically updated to reflect developments in the financial markets and the financial exposure facing the Group

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise borrowings, cash and cash equivalents and derivatives used for risk management purposes. The Group's borrowings, surplus liquidity and derivative financial instruments are monitored and managed centrally by the Group's Treasury department.

The Group's accounting policies with regard to financial instruments are detailed in note 20

a) Derivatives, other financial instruments and risk management

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to manage certain exposures to fluctuations in exchange rates and interest rates. The Group does not hold any speculative financial instruments.

The Group is exposed to transactional and translation foreign exchange risk. Transactional foreign exchange risk arises from sales or purchases by a Group company in a currency other than that company's functional currency. Translational foreign exchange risk arises on the translation of profits earned in overseas currencies into GBP and the translation of net assets denominated in overseas currencies into GBP, the Group's functional currency.

To mitigate transactional foreign exchange risk, wherever possible, Group companies enter into transactions in their functional currencies with customers and suppliers. When this is not possible, hedging strategies are undertaken through the use of forward currency contracts for up to two years ahead. The forward currency contracts have been designated as cash flow hedges and the effective portion of the mark to market valuation of these derivatives at 31 December 2021 is taken to the hedging reserve within equity. Currency basis spread that is not designated is taken to the income statement.

The Group have designated £21.4 million (\$29.0 million) (2020: £19.7 million (\$29.0 million)) of loans in a net investment hedge of USD net assets. No ineffectiveness was recorded (2020: £nil) and a gain of £0.3m (2020: £0.7m gain) was taken to the translation reserve. The amount accumulated in this reserve in respect of gains/losses arising on hedging instruments designated in net investment hedges up to 31 December 2021 was an accumulated loss of £0.3 million (2020: accumulated loss of £1.0 million).

The Group's interest rate management policy is to maintain a balance between fixed and floating rates of interest on borrowings and deposits, and to use interest rate derivatives when appropriate and pre-approved by the Treasury Committee. The interest rate hedging instruments are floating to fixed rate interest rate swaps used to manage the Group's interest cost.

At 31 December 2021, the Group had a net derivative financial asset of £2.6 million (2020 £5.7 million net asset)

Notes to the Consolidated imangal statements

20 Emancial risk management

	Unorteit Amount	Average	Fair Value	
Foreign exchange (FX) hedges	· (fm)	Heaged Rate	(t.m.)	Type of hedge
31 December 2021				
USD:CNY	65.6	6.70	3.0	CFH - Forward rate
USD.MXN	23.9	22.03	0.4	CFH - Forward rate
USD:GBP	23.3	1.35	(0.1)	CFH - Forward rate
EUR:GBP	10.8	1.13	0.3	CFH - Forward rate
USD:MYR	8.6	4.17	-	CFH - Forward rate
CNY:GBP	6.1	9.08	(0.3)	CFH - Forward rate
GBP:USD	5.5	1.03	(0.1)	CFH - Forward rate
CNY:EUR	3.4	7.89	(0.3)	CFH - Forward rate
HKD:CNY	3.2	0.85	0.1	CFH - Forward rate
GBP.EUR	2.7	0.87	(0.1)	CFH - Forward rate
GBP·SEK	2.6	11.63	(0.1)	CFH - Forward rate
Other	-	-	0.1	CFH - Forward rate
108	155.7		2.9	
Committee of the South				
USD CNY	62.3	7.02	3.3	CFH - Forward rate
USD:GBP	26.5	0.77	1.2	CFH - Forward rate
USD:MXN	17.8	23.43	2.3	CFH - Forward rate
EUR:GBP	169	0 90	(0.1)	CFH - Forward rate
GBP:EUR	9.9	1.12	01	CFH - Forward rate
HKD:CNY	76	0 89	0.3	CFH - Forward rate
USD:MYR	7 4	4.19	0.2	CFH - Forward rate
GBP:USD	7.3	1.27	(0.4)	CFH - Forward rate
CNY:GBP	6.0	0.11	(0.1)	CFH - Forward rate
Other	4.0		(0.1)	CFH - Forward rate
Total	165 7		6.7	

CFH is an abbreviation for cash flow hedge

The most common exchange rate risk is the transaction risk the Group takes when it invoices a customer or purchases from suppliers in a different currency to the underlying functional currency of the business. The Group policy is to review transactional foreign exchange exposures and place contracts on a quarterly basis. To the extent the cash flows associated with a transactional foreign exchange risk are committed the Group will hedge 100%. The notional values of the hedged transactions are disclosed in the above table. The group's policy is to hedge these transactions on a 1.1 ratio. Foreign currency basis spread of the derivative item is not designated and is therefore recognised in the income statement. The potential sources of ineffectiveness are timing of forecast transaction and credit risk. There was no hedge ineffectiveness, incurred during the period

The closing value of the hedging reserve in relation to FX hedges on 31 December 2021 was £2.5 million (2020 accumulated gain of £6.4 million). The transactions that have been designated as the hedged item in a cash flow hedge relationship are still considered highly probable forecasted transactions, during the year and at the yearend 31 December 2021.

Hedges with a notional amount of £24.8 million (2020, £42.8 million) are due within 12 months with the remainder maturing within 24 months



Financial statements

20 Financial risk management

Interest rate swaps 31 De nyarózet 2073	Notional amoust (fin)	Fair value (£m)	Type of hedge
USD	5.1	(0.1)	CFH - IBOR
GBP	19.0	(0.2)	CFH - IBOR
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24.1	(0.3)	
31 positivo 2023			
USD	5.1	(0.3)	CFH - IBOR
GBP	19.0	(07)	CFH - IBOR
	24.1	(1.0)	

At the start of the year the Group was exposed to the following interest rate benchmarks within its hedge accounting relationships, which are subject to interest rate benchmark reform: GBP LIBOR and USD LIBOR ("IBORs"). The hedged items are Sterling and USD Dollar floating rate debt (see note 19). On 4 January 2022 the Group transitioned away from GBP LIBOR to be replaced by GBP SONIA. There will be no impact of this transition. As USD LIBOR will still be in use up until mid 2023 the Group does not expect to transition away from USD LIBOR in the next 12 months.

The Group hedges approximately 30% of the interest rate exposure of the Group. At 31 December 2021 the Group held interest rate swap instruments to fix the cost of GBP LIBOR and USD LIBOR on borrowings under the bank facility. Under the terms of the swaps on the bank borrowings and excluding the bank margin, the Group will pay a weighted average fixed cost of approximately 1.5% until the swaps terminate in November 2023.

The average cost of the debt for the Group is expected to be approximately 3.3% over the next 12 months. The interest rate swaps are designated as cash flow hedges and were highly effective throughout 2021. The fair value of the contracts as at 31 December 2021 is disclosed in the table above. For the year ending 31 December 2021 an accumulated loss of £0.4 million (2020: £0.2 million) was reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve and included in the income statement as part of finance costs. A gain on the movement in fair value of the hedging instruments of £0.3 million (2020: loss of £0.7 million) was recognised within other comprehensive income. The closing value of the hedging reserve in relation to interest rate swaps on 31 December 2021 was a debit of £0.3 million (2020: debit of £1.0 million). Swaps with a notional value of £19.0 million and \$7.0 million mature in November 2023.

No ineffectiveness was recognised through the Income Statement in 2021 (2020: £nil) or is expected to be recognised in future periods.

Notes to the Concohdated financial statements

20 Financial risk management

b) Foreign exchange risk

Trade receivables are denominated in the currencies in which the Group trades. The Group's policy is that receivables and payables not in the functional currency of the subsidiary concerned are, in the main, hedged through forward foreign currency exchange

The Group's exposure to foreign currency before the impact of hedging is shown below

£m tion	GBP	USD	Euro	Other	Total
31 December 2021	•				
Trade and other receivables	0.1	21.3	2.1	0.6	24.1
Cash and cash equivalents	=	4.0	1.2	1,6	6.8
Borrowings	=	(21.4)	_	-	(21.4)
Lease liabilities	-	-	(0.1)	(1.2)	(1.3)
Trade and other payables	(0.4)	(19.5)	(1.4)	(2.9)	(24.2)
Net Derivative financial instruments	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.3)	3.1	2.6
Total	(0.4)	(15.7)	1.5	1.2	(13.4)
Some or on the property					
Trade and other receivables	-	13.6	1.8	0.6	16.0
Cash and cash equivalents	=	7.8	2.6	1.1	11.5
Borrowings	-	(197)	-	-	(197)
Lease liabilities	-	-	(0.1)	(1.3)	(1.4)
Trade and other payables	(0.3)	(9.9)	(1.1)	(28)	(14.1)
Net Derivative financial instruments	0.1	4.1	(0.1)	1.6	5.7
Total	(0.2)	(4.1)	31	(8.0)	(20)

A 10% strengthening of GBP against the following currencies at 31 December 2021 would have increased profit after tax by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. A 10% weakening of GBP against the above currencies at 31 December 2021 would have had an equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amount shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant

Em Ilian	2021	2020
US dollar	0.6	1.2
Euro	0.2	0.3

A 10% strengthening of GBP against the following currencies at 31 December 2021 would have decreased equity by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The Group finances operations by obtaining funding through external borrowings and, where they are in foreign currencies, these borrowings may be designated as net investment hedges. This enables gains and losses arising on retranslation of these foreign currency borrowings to be charged to other comprehensive income, providing a partial offset in equity against the gains and losses arising on translation of the net assets of foreign operations. This has been considered in the analysis below

em thon	2021	2029
US dollar	(2.1)	(1.6)
Euro	(0.0)	(0.0)

10% weakening of GBP against the above currencies at 31 December 2021 would have had an equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amount shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant



Financial statements

20 Financial risk management

c) Interest rate risk

The Group has financial assets and liabilities which are exposed to changes in market interest rates. Changes in interest rates primarily impact borrowings by changing their future cash flows (floating rate debt) or their fair value (fixed rate debt) and deposits The Group's objective is to manage this interest rate exposure through the use of interest rate derivatives.

The exposure of the Group's financial assets and 'iabilities to interest rate risk is as follows

fmilip.	Floating rate	Fixed rate	Non-interest bearing	2021 total
Froshold asset.				
Trade and other receivables	-	_	74.9	74.9
Cash and cash equivalents	16.0	-	52.3	68.3
Derivative financial instruments			4.6	4.6
Total financial assets	16.0	· •	131.8	147.8
Fathers & South Ro	,			
Borrowings	(50.4)	(99.1)	1.3	(148.2)
Lease liabilities	-	(22.6)	-	(22.6)
Trade and other payables	-	-	(111.9)	(111.9)
Derivative financial instruments	(0.3)	-	(1.7)	(2.0)
Total financial liabilities	(50.7)	(121.7)	(112.3)	(284.7)
£millig≙	Alcating rate	Fixor) rate	Non interest bearing	202-) tetal
Microsoft Lines				
Trade and other receivables	-	-	60 2	60.2
Cash and cash equivalents	60.7	3.9	5.6	70.2
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	7.6	76
Total financial assets	60.7	39	73.4	138 0
There are the state of the second				
Borrowings	(113.8)	(25.5)	1.1	(138.2)
Lease liabilities	~	(15.9)	-	(15.9)
Trade and other payables	=	-	(77.1)	(77.1)
Derivative financial instruments	(1.0)	_	(0 9)	(1.9)
Total financial liabilities	(114.8)	(41.4)	(76.9)	(233.1)

At 31 December 2021, 43% of borrowings was at a fixed rate when including the effect of derivatives (2020, 18% of borrowings including the effect of derivatives and finance leases).

The interest charged on floating rate financial liabilities is based on the relevant benchmark rate (such as LIBOR or SONIA) Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until the maturity of the instrument

Considering the net gebt position of the Group at 31 December 2021, any increase in interest rates would result in a net loss in the consolidated income statement, and any decrease in interest rates would result in a net gain. The effect on profit after tax of a 1% movement in interest rate, based on the year end floating rate borrowings, with all other variables held constant, is estimated to be £0.3 million (2020 £0.4 million). The impact on equity would be materially the same.

Notes to the Consolidated function statements

20 Financial risk management

d) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk arises as a result of transactions in the Group's ordinary course of business and is applicable to all financial assets. Investments in cash and cash equivalents and derivative financial instruments are with approved counterparty banks. and other financial institutions. Counterparties are assessed prior to, during, and after the conclusion of transactions to ensure exposure to credit risk is limited to an acceptable level. The maximum exposure with respect to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset on the balance sheet.

The Group's major exposure to credit risk is in respect of trade receivables. Given the number and geographical spread of the Group's ultimate customers and the solvency of major trade debtors, credit risk is believed to be limited. The Group is not reliant on any particular customer in the markets in which it operates and there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group regularly monitors its exposure to bad debts in order to minimise this exposure.

The Group has strict procedures in place to manage the credit risk on trade receivables. Customer credit risk is managed by each operating company within a division but is subject to Group oversight to ensure that each division's customer credit risk management system operates in a prudent and respons ble manner. Credit evaluations are performed for all customers and credit limits are established based on internal or external rating criteria. The credit quality of the Group's significant customers is monitored on an ongoing basis. Letters of credit or payments in advance are obtained where customer credit quality is not considered strong enough for open credit. The Group operates the expected credit losses model when applying credit risk to receivables

During the year there was £1.9 million of impairments of trade receivables as at 31 December 2021 (2020 £0.3 million) recognised within admin expenses. The solvency of the debtor and their ability to repay the receivables were considered in assessing the impairment of such assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables at 31 December 2021 by geographic areas was

£mthon	20	21 2020
Europe (including UK)	32	.7 26 0
North America	26	.7 22.6
Asia	13	2 8.8
Rest of the World	C	.3 08
	72	. 9 58.2

The ageing of trade receivables at 31 December was.

£m llien	Gross	2021 Impairment	Gr 138	50000 time of
Not past due	66.0	(0.2)	52.9	(0.1)
Past due 1 – 60 days	6.6	-	4.8	-
Past due 61 – 120 days	0.3	(0.2)	0.5	(0.2)
More than 120 days	2.1	(1.7)	0.5	(0 2)
	75.0	(2.1)	58.7	(0.5)



Financial statements

20 Financial risk diagraphicut

The movement in the provision for impairment in respect of trade receivables during the year was as follows.

£mdion	_				2021	2020
At 1 January	•	-	•		(0.5)	(0.4)
Released to income statement					0.2	0.2
Charged to income statement					(1.9)	(0.3)
Utilised					0.2	_
A 33 Describe	•	- /		•	(2.0)	(0.5)

Credit risk relating to the Group's other financial assets, principally comprising cash and cash equivalents, amounts owed by noncontrolling interests and derivative financial instruments arises from the potential default of counterparties. Credit risk arising from balances with banks and financial institutions is monitored by the Group's Treasury department. The Group's policy on investment of cash and deposits are to only hold cash deposits with banks with a credit rating of investment grade and are reviewed on a regular basis to take account of developments in financial markets. Currently the Group has 12 counterparties to which it has credit risk exposure. The credit risk of the counterparties is between AA- and A- on the S&P's long term credit risk scale. The same process is undergone for counterparts with which the Group enters into hedging agreements. As such credit risk on these financial assets (cash and cash equivalents and derivatives) is calculated as £nil.

The expected credit risk model was applied to other receivables as described in note 2c where the credit risk was deemed immaterial.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 December was:

acultum2	2021	2020
Amounts owed by non-controlling interests	2.0	2.0
Cash and cash equivalents	68.3	70.2
Derivative financial instruments	4.6	7.6

Notes to the Cospolidated forancial statements

20 Financial risk management

e) Liquidity risk

The Group maintains a balance between availability of funding and maximising investment return on cash balances through the use of short term cash deposits, credit facilities and longer-term debt instruments. Management regularly reviews the funding requirements of the Group

The Group's policy is to centrally manage debt and surplus cash balances

At 31 December 2021, the Group had £110.1 million of undrawn committed borrowing facilities (2020: £46.6 million) and £38.0 million (2020: £46.6 million) of undrawn uncommitted borrowing facilities.

Contractual cashflows of financial liabilities

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including contractual future interest payments and commitment fees:

±m Ifan	Carrying value	Contractual Cash Flows	On demand	Under 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	3 to 4 years	4 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Garage Company										
Borrowings (excl overdrafts)	(147.1)	(172.0)	-	(0.7)	(4.1)	(77.9)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(82.7)
Overdrafts	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	(22.6)	(27.0)	_	(1.2)	(3.2)	(4.2)	(3.4)	(2.9)	(2.7)	(9.4)
Trade and other payables	(111.9)	(112.1)	-	(111.3)	(0.6)	(0.1)	(0.1)	-	-	-
Derivatives settled gross	(1.7)	(41.9)	-	(5.7)	(22.1)	(14.1)	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	(0.3)	(1.1)	-	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.5)	-	-	-	-
	(284.7)	(355.2)	(1.1)	(119.1)	(30.5)	(96.8)	(5.7)	(5.1)	(4.9)	(92.1)
31 December 2020										
Borrowings (excl overdrafts)	(137.0)	(146.9)	-	(8.0)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(139.3)	-	_	_
Overdrafts	(1.2)	(1.2)	(1.2)	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	(15.9)	(27.0)	-	(1.2)	(3.2)	(4.2)	(3 4)	(29)	(2.7)	(9.4)
Trade and other payables	(77.1)	(77.1)	-	(72.9)	(4.2)	~	~	-	-	-
Derivatives settled gross	(0.9)	(26 2)	-	(3.2)	(15.9)	(7.1)	~	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	(1.0)	(1.7)	_	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.6)	(0.5)	-	-	_
	(233.1)	(280.1)	(12)	(78.2)	(27.2)	(15.3)	(143.2)	(29)	(2.7)	(94)

f) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

IFBS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" requires an analysis of those financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the enc of the year in a fair value hierarchy. In addition, IFRS 13 requires financial instruments not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed to be analysed in the same fair value hierarchy.

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities,
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices), and
- · Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).



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20 Financial risk resumment

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Group's financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements.

		At 31 D	cember 2021 3		31 December 2070	
£million	Fair value hierarchy	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying Value	Fair value	
field at amortical cover						
Cash and cash equivalents	n/a	68.3	683	70.2	70.2	
Trade and other receivables	⊓/a	749	74.9	60.2	60.2	
Trade and other payables	n/a	(111.9)	(111.9)	(77.1)	(77.1)	
Borrowings (excluding unsecured loan notes)	2	(73.2)	(73.2)	(138.2)	(138.2)	
Unsecured loan notes	3	(75.0)	(71 5)	-	-	
Held wiften bulle					-	
Derivative financial instruments (assets)	2	4.6	4.6	7.6	7.6	
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities)	2	(2.0)	(2.0)	(19)	(1.9)	
Deferred consideration for acquisition of Power Partners Inc.	3	-	-	(0 4)	(0.4)	
de gas and state of					=	
Investment properties	3	_	0.7	1.1	1.8	

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values

- · cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments,
- · the fair value of borrowings is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt and remaining
- the fair value of derivative financial instrument assets (£4.6 million) and liabilities (£2.0 million) are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using current market indices such as yield curves and forward exchange rates over the remaining term of the instrument (level 2); and
- the fair value of investment properties are based on market valuations obtained through third party valuations (level 3)
- · The fair value of unsecured ioan notes has been derived from available market data for borrowings of similar terms and maturity period.

g) Capital management

The overriding objectives of the Group's capital management policy are to safeguard and support the business as a going concern through the business cycle and to maintain an optimal capital structure by reducing the Group's overall cost of capital. The Board considers equity shareholders' funds as capital.

The Group maintains a balance between availability of funding and maximising investment return on cash balances through the use of short term cash deposits, credit facilities and longer term debt instruments, and management regularly reviews the funding requirements of the Group

Dividends are paid when the Board consider it appropriate to do so, taking into account the availability of funding. The Group has a progressive dividend policy.

The Group has net debt of £102.5 million (2020. £83.9 million). Included within the debt facilities are certain financial covenants related to IFRS (excluding IFRS 16 update, and after the application of other covenant defined adjustments) net debt divided by adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is EBITDA adjusted to exclude the items not included within adjusted operating profit/net finance charges for which compliance certificates are produced on a 12 month rolling basis every half year. All financial coveriants were fully complied with during the year and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

Notes to the Coasondated Engagest statements

21 Retirement benefit scheines

Defined contribution schemes

The Group operates 401(k) plans in North America and defined contribution arrangements in the rest of the world. The assets of these schemes are held independently of the Group. The total contributions charged by the Group in respect of defined contribution. schemes were £3.0 million (2020 £3.2 million)

Defined benefit schemes

At 31 December 2021 the Group operated two defined benefit schemes in the UK (the 11 Group (1993) Pension Scheme and the Southern & Redfern Ltd Retirement Benefits Schemes) and overseas defined benefit schemes in the USA. These schemes are closed to new members and the UK schemes are closed to future accrual

The TT Group scheme commenced in 1993 and increased in size in 2006, 2007 and 2019 through the mergers of former UK schemes following a number of acquisitions. The parent company is the sponsoring employer in the LT Group scheme The TT Group scheme is governed by TTG Pension Trustees Limited (the "Trustee") that has control over the operation, funding and investment strategy in consultation with the Group.

The TT Group scheme exposes the Group to actuarial risks such as longevity risk, currency risk, inflation risk, interest rate risk and market (investment) risk. The Group is not exposed to any unusual, entity specific or scheme specific risks, but given the material nature of the TT Group scheme, the Group has developed a comprehensive strategy covering the following areas to manage the financial risk associated with it

- · Maintaining a long term working partnership with the Trustee to ensure strong governance of risks within the TT Group scheme. The TT Group scheme is a long term undertaking and is managed accordingly, in order to provide security to members' benefits and value for money to the Group
- · A prudent investment strategy is pursued by seeking risk rewarded long term returns whilst removing the majority of liability mismatching unrewarded risks. As the scheme's funding position has improved, so the scheme's investment strategy has been gradually de risked to reduce scheme volatility.
- . The Group has in place financial hedging that aims to remove the majority of interest rate and inflation related risks. As the scheme funding has improved the level of hedging has been increased. We are now fully hedged on a self-sufficiency basis, which means that we are now over-hedged on accounting basis. At the current level the approx mate impact on the reported accounting position of a 10bps fall in interest rates would be a circa £1 million improvement in the position (which would be otherwise a circa £9 million deterioration if the hedge were not in place) thereby reducing volatility. Conversely, a 10bps rise in interest rates would result in a circa £1 million reduction in accounting surplus, all else equal. This strategy has been in place for a number of years protecting the TT Group scheme's position since December 2013 when yields commenced a prolonged decline. As the scheme's funding position has improved, so the scheme's investment strategy has been gradually de-risked to reduce scheme volatility
- The Group recognises that seeking rewarded risk returns in its investment strategy could lead to short term fluctuations in funding levels depending on market conditions. The Group considers that by maintaining a good relationship with the Trustee, it will be able to utilise flexibility in the funding regime to even out the impact of short term market underperformance to enhance predictability of Group pension contributions. This creates a suitable balance between the needs of the TT Group scheme, the Group, and the Members

The Trustee's investment strategy mitigates the majority of these risks. Market (investment) risk is addressed by diversification. across asset classes and managers within those asset classes. With regard to currency risk, where possible the Scheme fully hedges its currency risk with respect to fixed income and alternative assets, through investing in currency-hedged vehicles The Scheme has equity exposure held on both a hedged, and unhedged basis. Whilst there is no specific currency hedging policy in place, the Scheme aims to hedge between 30-70% of its non-sterling currency exposure with respect to equity investments

In addition, the Trustee has a framework in place to hedge a pipoportion of the Scheme's interest rate and inflation exposures This framework is managed by investing in both physical and for efficiency, derivative investments; and has a target to hedge 80% of the interest rate and crica 90% of the inflation linked liabilities measured on an buyout basis. The target hedge level is kept under review and any change would be in consultation with the Group

The Scheme's investment strategy has been assessed as being low risk as it largely matches changes in the assessed value of the Schemes liabilities due to changes in interest rates and inflationary expectations

The Trustee does not currently hedge the longevity risk, although prudent assumptions are made regarding anticipated longevity for the purposes of the statutory funding actuarial valuation



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21 Returnent benefit schemes ...

Analysis has shown that the COVID 19 related excess deaths over 2020 and 2021 have typically reduced a pension scheme's liabilities by around 0.1%, with defined benefit pension scheme members often less affected by COVID-19 than the general UK population. Nonetheless, it is possible that the longer term implications of COVID-19 in terms of economic shock, delayed healthcare treatments and long COVID could result in slower longevity improvements than anticipated before the pandemic These negative impacts could outweigh other potential positive changes such as greater attention to healthcare and healthier individual behaviours. The Trustees and Company keep the potential implications of this risk under review

The Trustee, in conjunction with the Group, has a duty to ensure that the TT Group scheme has an appropriate funding strategy in place that meets any local statutory requirements. The objective, which has been negotiated and agreed between the Group and the Trustee, is that the TT Group scheme should target and then maintain 100% funding on a basis that should ensure benefits can be paid as they fall due. Any shortfall in the assets relative to the funding target will be financed over a period that ensures the contributions are reasonably affordable to the Group

The weighted average duration of the TT Group scheme defined benefit obligation is around 16 years

The Trustee allocates the 11 Group scheme's assets across a range of investments to help diversify and manage risks. In particular a significant portion of the assets are in investments that aim to broadly match the term and nature of the liabilities.

UK legislation requires the Trustee to carry out a statutory funding valuation at least every three years and to target full funding against a basis that prudently reflects the TT Group scheme's risk exposure

The triennial valuation of the TT Group scheme as at April 2019 showed a net surplus of £0.3 million against the Trustee's statutory funding objective. As the scheme was fully funded at the 2019 triennial valuation date, there is no requirement for the Company to pay pension contributions. In addition to the statutory funding objective, the Trustee and Company agreed to move towards a 'self-sufficiency' funding target, under which once full funding is achieved the likelihood of the Trustee requiring subsequent contributions from the Company is significantly reduced. To support the scheme's long-term funding target of self-sufficiency the Company agreed to pay additional fixed contributions of £5.7 million and £4.4 million in the years 2022 and 2023 respectively. The next triennial valuation of the TT Group scheme is due as at 5 April 2022.

In the year ended 31 December 2021 the Group made contributions of £5.5 million to the TT Group (1993) scheme and £nil to the Southern & Redfern Ltd Retirement Benefits Schemes.

In addition, the Company has set aside £0.6 million under a legal agreement to be utilised in agreement with the Trustee for reducing the long-term liabilities of the TT Group scheme.

The Trustee and Company agreed that the Trustee should undertake an exercise during 2021, whereby eligible current pensioner members were offered an option to exchange their non statutory pension increase benefits for an additional amount of level pension. In the year ended 31 December 2021, a £1.8 million credit was recognised as a result of this exercise.

An actuarial valuation of the USA defined benefit schemes was carried out by independent qualified actuaries in 2021 using the projected unit credit method. Pension scheme assets are stated at their market value at 31 December 2021.

An analysis of the pension surplus/(deficit) by scheme is shown below:

Emilies	2021	2020
TT Group (1993)	78.4	35.4
Southern & Redfern	-	-
USA schemes	(3.9)	(4.9)
Net surplus	74.5	30.5

Given the nature of the Croup's control of the TT Group under the Scheme rules, the Group considers that it has an unconditional right to refund of surplus in the event of the Scheme's wind up. Based on these rights, any pension surpluses have been recognised in full under (EBIC 14).

Notes to the Consordated Imagicial Statements

21 Retirement benefit schemes

The principal assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuations for the Group's primary defined benefit schemes were as follows

0,	TT Group 2021	T* Group 2020
Discount rate	1.80	1.40
Inflation rate (RPI)	3.60	3.10
Increases to pensions in payment (LPI 5% pension increases)	3.40	2.95
Increases to deferred pensions (CPI)	3.00	2.40

The mortality tables applied by the actuaries at 31 December 2021 for the TT Group (1993) Scheme were S2 tables with 105% (male)/106% (female) weighting for pensioners and 108% (male)/105% (female) weighting for non-pensioners with a 15% long term rate of improvement in conjunction with the CMI 2020 projection model. The assumptions are equivalent to life expectancies as follows: Current pensioner aged 65: 87 years (male), 89 years (female). Future retirce currently aged 40: 89 years (male). 91 years (female)

Risk and sensitivity

A decrease in the discount rate by 0.1% per annum increases the liabilities by approximately £9.1 million. An increase by 0.1% per annum in the inflation rate increases the liabilities by approximately £2.9 million. An increase in the life expectancy of 1 year increases the liabilities by approximately £25.2 million

The sensitivities above consider the impact of the single change shown, with the other assumptions unchanged. The inflation sensitivities allow for the consequential impact on the relevant pension increase assumptions. The sensitivity analyses have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on the defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period

The amounts recognised in respect of the pension surplus in the Consolidated balance sheet are:

£m ilion		2021	2020
Equities			
UK	Unquoted	0.9	62
Overseas	Quoted	4.8	4.1
	Unquoted	35.7	93.2
Government bon	ds		
UK	Fixed	149.2	183.0
	Index-linked	208.1	135.0
Overseas		7.0	7 3
Corporate bonds		120.8	97.1
Cash and cash e	quivalents	37.1	30.0
Derivatives		20.2	11.4
Insured assets		14.9	15.6
Other		53.2	65.8
Fair value of ass	ets	651.9	648 7
Present value of	defined benefit obligation	(577.4)	(618.2)
Net surplus reco	gnised in the consolidated balance sheet	74.5	30.5



Financial statements

21 Retirement benefit schemes

The schemes' assets are unquoted unless otherwise stated and do not include the Group's financial instruments nor any property occupied by, or other assets used by the Group. All of the funds included in the asset split are pooled investment vehicles for which due diligence has been completed. We have classified ail of the Scheme's investments other than the cash held at the custodian, government bonds and the exchange traded funds (FTFs) as unquoted assets. Derivatives include liability driven instruments taken out to hedge part of the scheme inflation and interest rate risks. Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement are:

<u>finition</u>	2021	2920
Scheme administration costs	(1.7)	(1.7)
Net gain on pension projects (excluded from adjusted operating profit)	0.3	-
Net interest credit	0.9	0 4

Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income are a gain of £35.8 million (2020; gain of £8.6 m lbon) which comprises of; the actual return on scheme assets, a gain of £11.3 million (2020; gain of £70.9 million) and the remeasurement of the schemes obligations, a decrease of £24.5 million (increase of £62.3 million)

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are

£mod or	2021	2020
Defined benefit obligation at 1 January	618.2	566.5
Past service charge and settlements	(1.8)	0.8
Interest on obligation	9.6	11.2
Remeasurements:		
Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	(1.2)	5 0
Effect of changes in financial assumptions	(13.2)	57.3
Effect of experience adjustments	(10.1)	-
Benefits paid	(24.2)	(22.2)
Exchange	0.1	(0.4)
Defined benefit obligation at 31 December	577.4	618.2
TT Group (1993)	564.7	604.8
Southern & Redfern	0.9	1.0
USA schemes	11.8	12 4
	577.4	618.2

Notes to the Committiaged financial systemetric

21 Bathement benefit schomes

Changes in the fair value of the schemes' assets are

Em-liar	2021	2020
Fair value of schemes' assets at 1 January	648.7	583.1
Interest income on defined benefit scheme assets	10.5	11.6
Return on scheme assets, excluding interest income	11.3	70.9
Contributions by employer	7.3	7.2
Pension scheme expenses	(1.7)	(1.7)
Annuity purchase loss	-	(0 1)
Benefits paid	(24.2)	(22.2)
Exchange	_. -	(0.1)
Fair value of schemes' assets at 31 December	651.9	648.7
ing the will a sport of a monthly or expension		
Share capital		
fullion	2021	2020
Committee Commit		
176,244,624 (2020: 174,580,743) ordinary shares of 25p each	44.1	43.6

During the period the Company issued 653,834 ordinary shares as a result of share options being exercised under the Sharesave scheme and Share Purchase plans

The performance conditions of the Long term Incentive Plan awards issued in 2018 and Restricted Share Plan awards issued in 2019, 2020 and 2021 were met and shares were allocated to award holders from existing shares held by an Employee Benefit Trust for this consideration, 191,651 new shares were issued at par value of 25 pence to settle the vesting of part of the 2018 scheme 818,396 new issue shares were issued at par value of 25 pence in anticipation of vesting of the 2019 scheme in 2022

The aggregate consideration received for all share issues during the year was £1.4 million, which was represented by a £0.5 million increase in share capital and a £0.9 million increase in share premium

On the 22 September 2020 the Group issued 10,000,000 ordinary shares to fund the acquisition of Torotel. The consideration received was £19.5 million (after fees of £0.5 million which were recorded within share premium) which was represented by a £2.5 million increase in share capital and a £17.0 million increase in share premium



22 Share capital and other reserves

Other reserves

£million	Sharc Based Pavment Peserve	Employee Benefit Frust	Share options reserve	Fledging Reserve	Merger reserve	Total
At 1 January 2020	0.2	(2.4)	(2.2)	(1.7)	3.4	(0.5)
Share based payment charge	1.0	-	1.0	-	-	1.0
Awards made to employees	(4.0)	2.2	(1.8)	-	_	(1.8)
Deferred tax on share based						
payments	(0.3)	-	(0.3)	-	_	(0.3)
Gain on cash flow hedges taken to equity less amounts taken to income statement	_	_	_	7.1	_	7.1
	(2.1)	(0.2)	(2.2)		3.4	
401 Jacoby 2021	(3.1)	(0.2)	(3.3)	5.4	3.4	5.5
Share based payment charge	3.8	_	3.8	_	_	3.8
Awards made to employees	(0.2)	0.2	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax on share based						
payments	0.5	_	0.5	-	-	0.5
Issue of new shares	-	(0.3)	(0.3)	-	-	(0.3)
Loss on cash flow hedges taken to equity less amounts recycled to income statement	-	-	**	(3.2)	_	(3.2)
Deferred tax on gain on cash flow						
hedges	-	-	-	0 5	-	0.5
Other movement	0.3	_	0.3	_	_	0.3
At 20 th morphism 2023	1.3	(0.3)	1.0	2.7	3.4	7.1

Notes to the Consolidated financial cintements

23 Share-based payment plans

The Company has the following share based payment plans in operation at 31 December 2021

- · Long term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") for senior executives,
- · Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") for certain sen or executives, and
- Sharesave plans for UK employees and a Share Purchase plan for US employees

The LTIP and RSP schemes have been classified as equity settled schemes. The terms of the LTIP and RSP schemes state that the Group has the right as to how to settle these awards and it is the Group's intention to settle these with equity. At the date of vesting the Group will settle the awards either with new issue shares or shares purchased on the market at an earlier point in time.

The Group offers the employees the option for the Group to settle the tax liability, which the employee would incur upon receipt of the award, on behalf of the employee with the relevant tax authority. In this circumstance the Group may choose to pay, in cash, the tax liability due on behalf of the employee to the tax authority and the employee would receive the remaining value of their award in equity. In 2021 the Group paid £0.3 million to settle the employees' tax liabilities (2020: £1.5 million). The Group estimates that the future cashflows associated with the above would remain consistent in future years with the 2020 outflows. The Group also offers the employee the option for the Group to sell the remaining shares on the employees' behalf and to forward that cash to the employee, although the Group is not compelled to do so no matter what the employee chooses. In 2021 £36.6 thousand was used for these purposes (2020 £1.8 million). The Group estimates that the future cashflows associated with the above would remain consistent in future years with the 2021 outflows. These arrangements do not change the assessment that the share-based payments are equity settled.

The Sharesave scheme has also been classified as an equity settled scheme. The rules of this scheme state that the participant must always be paid in equity and that neither party can request settlement in any other way

a) Long-term Incentive Plans

Details of the LTIP awards outstanding during the year are as follows:

	2021	2620
	Number of share awards	Number of share awards
At 1 January	5,031,921	4,697,301
Granted	1,806,500	2,003,776
Forfeited	(1,246,053)	(106,490)
Exercised/Vested	(213,075)	(1,562,666)
	5,379,293	5,031,921
Exercisable at 31 December	-	_

During 2021 grants of awards were made under the LTIP for the issue of shares in 2024. An award is a contingent right to receive shares in the future, subject to continued employment and the achievement of predetermined performance criteria. The performance targets attached to awards require the achievement of earnings per share ("FPS") and total shareholder return ("TSR") targets as detailed in the Directors' Remuneration Report on page 113.

On 16 March 2021 and 1 October 2021 grants of awards were made under the LTIP for the issue of up to 1,763,817 and 42,683 shares respectively in 2024.

On 13 March 2020 and 17 September 2020 grants of awards were made under the LTIP for the issue of up to 1,981,406 and 22,370 shares respectively in 2023

The fair value of the shares was estimated at the grant date using a Monte Carlo simulation model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the shares were granted. This model simulates the TSR and compares it against the group of comparator companies. It takes into account historic dividends and share price fluctuations to predict the distribution of relative share price performance.

23 Share based payment pleas

The following table lists the inputs to the model

Grant date	Number of awards	Fair value at grant date	Share price at grant date	Exercise price	Expected volatility	Vesting period (years)
2021						
16 March 2021	1,763,817	218.4p	256.0p	£nıl	39%	3.0
1 October 2021	42,683	215.8p	253.0p	£nil	39%	3.0
2020						
13 March 2020	1,981,406	161 3p	194.5p	£nil	35%	3 0
17 September 2020	22,370	175.8p	212.0p	£nıl	35%	3.0

The award of shares is not affected by the risk free rate of interest since no investment is required by the recipient, and therefore no interest could be earned elsewhere. Expected volatility is based on historical share price movements

On 16 March 2021 49,717 (13 March 2020: 48,070) notional share awards were granted to senior executives which will ultimately be settled in cash. This award is subject to the same vesting criteria as the 16 March 2021 LTIP grant.

The performance conditions of the LTIP grants made in 2018 that reached the end of their performance periods in 2021 were partially met and shares were allocated to award holders from existing shares held by an Employee Benefit Trust for £nil consideration.

b) Restricted Share Plan

During the year the Group granted 1,018,880 shares (2020: 1,367,814) under the restricted plan. Awards are typically subject to continuing employment with no other vesting criteria.

Details of the restricted share plan awards outstanding during the year are as follows

	2021	2020
	Number of share awards	Number of share aveards
At 1 January	1,485,970	284,106
Granted	1,018,880	1,367,814
Forfeited/Lapsed	(61,862)	-
Exercised/Vested	(249,806)	(165,950)
As 3 Dr. Nember	2,193,182	1,485,970
Train with at 23 Octobride	-	-

Notes to the Consolviated financial stolenic and

23 Share based payment plans continued

The following table lists the inputs to the model.

Grant date	Number of awards	Fair value at grant date	Share price at grant date	Exercise price	Expected volatility	Vesting period (years)	Vesting criteria
2021							
21 January 2021	20,000	208.0p	208.0p	£nil	39%	2.7	Note 1
3 February 2021	54,290	201.0p	201.0p	£nil	39%	0.9	Note 2
5 February 2021	135,467	203.0p	203.0p	£nil	39%	1.1	Note 2
16 March 2021	185,153	206.0p	206.0p	£nil	39%	3.0	Note 1
16 March 2021	237,425	206.0p	206.0p	£nil	39%	3.0	Note 1
18 August 2021	14,613	277.0p	277.0p	£nil	39%	1.7	Note 1
24 September 2021	273,747	278.0p	278.0p	£nil	39%	3.0	Note 1
1 October 2021	92,341	253.0p	253.0p	£nil	39%	3.0	Note 1
1 November 2021	5,844	252.0p	252.0p	£nil	39%	3.0	Note 1
Grant date	Number of awards	Fair value at grant dute	Share price at grant date	(verdise price	£ spected ⊬olatility	Vesting period (vears)	Vesting er fena
2020							
13 January 2020	79,597	250 Op	250 Op	£nıl	35%	1.2	Note 1
17 September 2020	184,321	212.0p	212.0p	£nil	35%	2.0	Note 3
17 September 2020	249,222	212 0p	212.0p	£nil	35%	3 0	Note 4
17 September 2020	141,933	212.0p	212.0p	£nıl	35%	2.6	Note 1
24 September 2020	99,891	190 Op	190.0p	£nil	35%	2 0	Note 3
24 September 2020	19,284	190.0p	190.0p	£nil	35%	2.3	Note 4
24 September 2020	531,474	190.0p	190.0p	£nil	35%	3.3	Note 1
5 November 2020	20,000	205 Ор	205.0p	£nil	35%	3.0	Note 1

Note 1 - these awards are subject to continuing employment with the Group

Note 2 - these awards are subject to continuing employment with the Group as well as achievement of certain personal objectives

Note 3 -- these awards are subject to continuing employment with the Group, and its vesting percentage will be reduced by the percentage which the FPS element of the 2018 LTIP scheme vests.

Note 4 - those awards are subject to continuing employment with the Group, and its vesting percentage will be reduced by the percentage which the EPS element of the 2019 LTIP scheme vests



Financial statements

23 Share based payment plans

c) Sharesave schemes

The Group operates a Sharesave scheme for participating employees in the UK under a three-year plan. Employees may purchase the Group's shares at a 20% discount to the market price on the day prior to the commencement of the offer up to a maximum contribution value of £6,000 in any one year. Monthly contributions are saved with Lloyds Bank plc, via Equinit Ltd, the Registrars, in the employee's share savings plan and will only be released to employees who remain in the Group's employment for a period of three years from commencement of the savings contract. Options become exercisable on completion of the three-year term or within six months of leaving in certain circumstances. All Sharesave scheme awards are accounted for as equity satiled.

Details of the save as you earn share plan awards outstanding during the year are as follows:

	2021	ZB20
	Number of share awards	Number of snare awards
At 1 January	2,760,427	1,874,080
Granted	459,495	1,599,526
Forfeited	(384,156)	(341,672)
Exercised	(370,612)	(371,507)
At 3 a Paper Sec	2,465,154	2,760,427
Service of the services	73,563	149,172

The fair value of the shares at grant date was as follows

Date price set	Market price	Option price	Fair value	Options outstanding
31 August 2018	260.0p	215.0p	76.0p	72,966
30 August 2019	237.0p	190.0p	83.5p	608,156
30 August 2020	187.0p	151.0p	84.0p	1,355,936
7 September 2021	271.0p	226.0p	110.9p	466,853
perice			2021	2070
Fair value at grant date			110.9	84.0

The Group operates a Stock Purchase Plan for participating US employees. Under the plan employees may purchase the Group's shares at a 15% discount to the market price at the date of acquisition, up to a maximum of \$6,500 per annum. Employees save on a monthly basis and shares are purchased each quarter.

The total share-based payment charge for the year excluding a social security charge of £0.5 million (2020–£0.1 million credit) arising from the above share scheme plans was F3.8 million (2020–£1.0 million)

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

24 Reconcidation of not each flow to movement in not debt Net cash of £67.2 million (2020: £70.2 million) comprises cash at bank and in hand of £68.3 million (2020: £70.2 million) and overdrafts of £1.1 million (2020 £1.2 million).

fm: Non	Net cash	Lease liabilities	Borrowings	Net debt
At 1 January 2020	60.2	(17.6)	(111.7)	(69.1)
Cash flow	9.7	-	`	9.7
Businesses acquired		(2.0)	(3.0)	(5.0)
Repayment of borrowings	-	-	27.2	27.2
Proceeds from borrowings	=	-	(49.8)	(49.8)
Payment of lease liabilities	-	4.1	_	4.1
Reassessment of lease liabilities	-	(0.1)	_	(0.1)
New leases	-	(0.5)	-	(0.5)
Amortisation of loan arrangement fees	-	-	(0.4)	(0 4)
Exchange differences	(0.9)	0.2	0.7	` <u>-</u>
At the transfer 202	69.0	(15.9)	(137.0)	(83.9)
Cash flow	(2.8)	` _		(2.8)
Repayment of borrowings	-	_	86.9	86.9
Proceeds from borrowings	_	_	(96.4)	(96.4)
Payment of lease liabilities	-	3.9	-	3.9
New leases	~	(10.8)	-	(10.8)
Net movement in loan arrangement fees	-	_	0.2	0.2
Exchange differences	1.0	0.2	(8.0)	0.4
\$1.31 Per 2007 to 2024	67.2	(22.6)	(147.1)	(102.5)



25 Changes at habitates acising from financing activities

Emilion	Lease liabilities	Borrowings	interest rate swaps	Liabilities arising from financing activities
At 1 January 2020	(17 6)	(111.7)	(0.5)	(129.8)
Casismovements				-
Cash flows	4.9	(20.1)	0.2	(15.0)
tion cash woversets				_
Businesses acquired	(2.0)	(3.0)	-	(5.0)
Fair value movements	-	-	(0.7)	(0.7)
Interest accrued	(1.4)	(2.9)	_	(4.3)
Exchange differences	0.2	0.7	-	09
41 Law 8, 2021	(15.9)	(137.0)	(1.0)	(153.9)
Carla mayo wenty				
Cash flows	4.7	(6.7)	0.4	(1.6)
Congastia George				
Fair value movements	_	-	0.3	0.3
Interest accrued	(8.0)	(2.6)	-	(3.4)
New leases	(10.8)	-	_	(10.8)
Exchange differences	0.2	(8.0)	-	(0.6)
	(22.6)	(147.1)	(0.3)	(170.0)

Hotes to the Consubdated financial statements

26 Contingent habilities

The Group is subject to claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. Other than those for which provisions have been made and included within note 18, the Directors consider the likelihood of any other claims giving rise to a significant liability to

27 Capital commitments

fmillion		2	021 2020
Contractual commitments for the purchase of proper	y, plant and equipment		3.1 5.2

28 Leases

The total cash outflow for leases is £4.7 million (2020: £4.9 million) comprising lease repayments of £3.9 million (2020 £4.1 million), interest on lease liabilities of £0.8 million (2020: £0.8 million). The income statement cost of short term and low value leases was £0.1 million (2020: £0.2 million).

Interest on lease liabilities is shown in note 4, the maturity of the fease liabilities is shown in note 20(e) and the corresponding assets to which the lease liabilities relate are snown in note 11

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Within cash and cash equivalents the Group has set aside £0.6 million (2020. £2.5 million) under a legal agreement to be utilised in agreement with the Trustee for reducing liabilities of the pension scheme. Further details of the scheme are provided in note 21 to the Group financial statements.

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fransactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note

No related party transactions have taken place in 2021 or 2020 that have affected the financial position or performance of the Group

Key management personnel and Directors' emoluments are disclosed in note 10

2002-2000-00

On / January 2022 the Group acquired the Power and Control business of Ferranti Technologies Ltd, from Elbit System UK Ltd. Cash consideration of £9.0 million and an initial adjustment of £1.0 was paid in January 2022 and the acquisition is subject to further adjustments dependant on the level of working capital

Ferranti Power and Control, based in Oldham, Greater Manchester, designs and manufactures mission critical complex power and control sub assemblies for blue chip customers in high reliability and high performance end markets, primarily aerospace and defence. The acquisition brings highly skilled employees who provide full-service capabilities from design, assembly, manufacturing, and testing including environmental stress screening and inspection through to service, figranti Power and Control $adds\ further\ technology\ capability,\ IP\ and\ scale\ to\ our\ Power\ business\ with\ valuable\ long\ term\ customer\ relationships\ and$ programmes with leading global aerospace, defence and industrial OEMs operating in highly regulated markets with significant barriers to entry through necessary industry accred tations and customer approvals.

The provisional fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities include goodwill (representing the Group's view of the future earning's growth potential) and intangible assets of £8 million, inventory of £3 million, accounts receivable of £2 million and accounts payable of £3 million

Given the limited time between the acquisition and the signing of these accounts, the fair valuation of acquired assets and liabilities is incomplete at the date of these financial statements.



Financial statements

Company statement of francial position

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£m kon	Note	2021	2020
Non current assets			
Right-of-use assets	2	0.6	8.0
Property, plant and equipment	2	0.6	8.0
Intangible assets	2	1.6	2.5
Investments	3	174.2	174.2
Deferred tax asset	11	3.4	3.1
Pensions	10	78.4	35 4
Debtors	4	113.7	-
Total fixed assets		372.5	216.8
The 6.1 R 1989	-		
Debtors	4	14.4	197.7
Cash at bank and in hand	13	2.3	3.9
Total current assets		16.7	201.6
Francial polytrian			
Lease liabilities	6	0.2	02
Creditors	5	9.0	121.9
Total current fiabilities		9.2	122.1
1986 - 1988 - 19		7.5	79.5
Company of the Compan			
Lease liabilities	6	0.6	0.8
Deferred tax liability	11	19.6	6.6
Total non current liabilities		20.2	7.4
Agricosoft.		359.8	288.9
Lynn & Los years			
Called up share capital	7	44.1	43.6
Share premium account	7	22.6	21.7
Share options reserve	8	1.0	(3.3)
Merger reserve		3.4	3.4
Profit and loss account	9	288.7	223.5
Section 1985 Control of the Control		359.8	288.9

The Company reported a profit for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 of £53.1 million (2020, loss of £14.9 million)

Approved by the Board of Directors on 8 March 2022 and signed on their behalf by.

feet, and transco T'SHEROAD Director Director

Company statement of changes in equity

£m.i on	Share capital	Share premium	Merger reserve	Share options reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
At 1 January 2020	41.0	4.1	3.4	(2.2)	231.1	277.4
Profit for the year	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	-	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	(14.9)	(14.9)
Other comprehensive income			•	•	, .	e e
Remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	-	-	-	_	9.5	9.5
Tax on remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	-	~	-	_	(2.2)	(2 2)
Total comprehensive income	_	-	••	-	(7.6)	(7.5)
Transactions with owners recorded directly in equity						
Share-based payments	_	-	_	(8.0)	-	(8 0)
Deferred tax on share-based payments	_	_	_	(0.3)	_	(0 3)
New shares issued	2.6	17.6	_	(0.5)	_	20.2
ACST CATEFOR A TOLIN	43.6	21.7	3.4	(3.3)	223.5	288.9
Froteta Laver	-	-	-	(0.0)	53.1	53.1
of the transportations are a						
Remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	_	-	-	_	34.8	34.8
Tax on remeasurement of defined benefit pension schemes	-	-	-		(11.3)	(11.3)
Total comprehensive income	~	-	-	-	76.6	76.6
Trainfactor's 678 emailier occurs of Cleckformage by						
Dividends paid by the Company	***	-	-	-	(11.4)	(11.4)
Share-based payments	~	-	-	3.8	-	3.8
Deferred tax on share-based						
payments	~	-	~	0.5	_	0.5
New shares issued	0.5	0.9	-	~	-	1.4
	44.1	22.6	3.4	1.0	288.7	359.8



Financial statements

Notes to the Company formeral statements

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a Significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of TT Electronics pic (the "Company") were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken

In these financial statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures

- · a cash flow statement and related notes,
- disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries,
- · disclosures in respect of capital management,
- · the effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs,
- disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel,
- · comparable movement tables for tangible and intangible fixed assets, and
- · disclosures in respect of leases

The accounting policies set out in Note 2 of the Consolidated financial statements have, unless otherwise stated, been applied in the preparation of the Company financial statements

Change in accounting policy

There have been no changes to accounting policies during the year. Adoption of new and amendments to published standards and interpretations effective for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group

b) Estimation uncertainty

Judgements made by the Directors, in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are as follows

· Note 10 - Defined benefit pension obligations. The defined benefit obligations in respect of the plans are discounted at rates set by reference to market yields on high quality corporate bonds. Significant estimation is required when setting the criteria for bonds to be included in the population from which the yield curve is derived. The most significant criteria considered for the selection of bonds to include are the issue size of the corporate bonds, quality of the bonds and the identification of outliers which are excluded. In addition, assumptions are made in determining mortality and inflation rates to be used when valuing the plan's defined benefit obligations. Whilst actual movements might be different to sensitivities shown, there is a reasonably possible change that could occur. At 31 December 2021, the retirement benefit plan was in a surplus of £78 4 million (31 December 2020: £35 4 million). Note 21 of the Consolidated financial statements outlines the significant assumptions and associated sensitivities. The pension surplus has been calculated using the assumptions set out in note 21 of the Consolidated financial statements

Details of the Directors' assessment of the Company's ability to continue in operational existence for at least twelve months from the date of signing these financial statements are shown in note 1 of the Consolidated financial statements and in the Governance and Directors' Report on page 86.

Fixed asset investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less provision for impairment

d) Own shares held by Employee Benefit Trust

Transactions of the Company sponsored Employee Benefit Trust are treated as being those of the Company and are therefore reflected in the Company's financial statements. In particular, the Trust's purchases of shares in the Company are depited directly to equity

Notes to the Occipanty forenced statements

2 Non Current Ausers

£m llion	Intangible Assets	Plant, equipment and vehicles	Right-of-use assets
Cost	,	, .	
At 1 January 2021	19.2	1.2	1.2
Additions	0.2	_	-
At 31 December 2021	19.4	1.2	1.2
Dejrectivos	•		,
At 1 January 2021	16.7	0 4	0.4
Depreciation charge	1.7	0.2	0.2
At 31 December 2021	17.8	0.6	0.6
Not brook votes			
At 31 Person bio 2c 21	1.6	0.6	0.6
At 31 December 2020	2.5	0.8	8.0

Intangible assets solely relate to software, within this balance is software which is under construction of £0.2 million

Sign to Leave the **Emillion**

£m Hor	Subsidiary undertakings
At 1 January 2021	253.0
CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O	253.0
Contract the second	
At 1 January 2021	78.8
A 374 1.75% (2017)	78.8
Bother Amilia	
France Leaving	174.2
At 31 December 2020	174.2

The Company's subsidiary undertakings and their locations are shown in note 15. Shareholdings are held indirectly for all principal operating subsidiary undertakings.

att....

£m llion 2021	.1020
Control of the state of the sta	
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings 13.3	195 6
Prepayments, accrued income and other receivables 1.1	2.1
Amounts due within one year 14.4	197 7
Court was a second of the court	
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings 113.7	-
Amounts due later than one year 113.7	-
Total 128.1	1977



Financial statements

4 Debturs .

'Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings' have been considered for impairment using the 12 months expected credit loss model because there was no change in credit risk since initial recognition. The expected credit loss is considered immaterial because the probability of default is negligible

As at 31 December 2021 £113 7 million of debtors have been classified as non current due to management's expectation that these will not be settled within 12 months. As at 31 December 2020 £197 7 million of debtors were classified as current based on management's expectation that all debts due from subsidiaries would be settled within the next 12 months due to managements plan to reduce the intercompany balances between subsidiaries within the Group within the next financial year.

S.C. entrops			
Firm too		2021	2020
Appeart of Cosymposition progress			
Trade creditors		2.1	2.3
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings		1.3	115.5
Taxation and social security		0.9	08
Accruals and deferred income		4.7	33
		9.0	121.9
and the state of t			
for we	Current lease liabilities	Non-current lease liabilities	Total
At 31 December 2020	0.2	0.8	1.0
Capital repayments	-	(0.2)	(0.2)
	0.2	0.6	0.8
Professional Applications of the Company of the Com			
Parent Co.		2021	2020
Control of the Control grown			
176,244,624 (2020: 174,580,743) ordinary shares of 25p each		44.1	43.6

During the period the Company issued 653,834 ordinary shares as a result of share options being exercised under the Sharesave scheme and Share Purchase plans.

The performance conditions of the Long-term Incentive Plan awards issued in 2018 and Restricted Share Plan awards issued in 2019, 2020 and 2021 were met and shares were allocated to award holders from existing shares held by an Employee Benefit Trust for £ni consideration 191,651 new shares were issued at par value of 25 pence to settle the vesting of part of the 2018 scheme. 818,396 new issue shares were issued at par value of 25 pence in anticipation of vesting of the 2019 scheme in 2022.

The aggregate consideration received for all share issues during the year was £1.4 million, which was represented by a £0.5 milion increase in share capital and a £0.9 million increase in share premium

On the 22 September 2020 the Group issued 10,000,000 ordinary shares to fund the acquisition of Torotel. The consideration received was £19.5 million (after fees of £0.5 million which were recorded within share premium) which was represented by a £2.5 million increase in share capital and a £17.0 million increase in share premium

Notes to the Company transmit statements

8 Shair-based payments

Details of share-based payments are shown in note 23 of the Consolidated financial statements. Any charge associated with sharebased payments made to employees of subsidiaries are recharged out to the relevant subsidiaries within the same financial year.

9 Profit for the year

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Company has elected not to present its profit and loss account for the year. The profit after tax of the Company for the year was £53.1 million (2020: loss of £14.9 million). The auditor's remuneration for audit services is disclosed in note 5 to the Consolidated financial statements.

10 Pension schemes

Defined benefit scheme

The triennial valuation of the TT Group scheme as at April 2019 showed a net surplus of £0.3 million against the Trustee's funding objective compared with a deficit of £46.0 million at April 2016. As the scheme was fully funded at the 2019 triennial valuation date, there is no requirement for the Company to pay pension contributions. In addition to the statutory funding objective, the Trustee and Company have agreed to move towards a 'self-sufficient' funding target, under which once full funding is achieved the likelihood of the Trustee requiring subsequent contributions from the Company is significantly reduced. To support the scheme's long-term funding target of self-sufficiency the Company has agreed to pay additional fixed contributions extending to 2023 to the TT Group scheme. These planned contributions amount to £5.7 million and £4.4 million to be paid in the years 2022 and 2023.

In the year ended 31 December 2021 the Group made contributions of £5.5 million (2020 £5.3 million) to the TT Group scheme.

In addition, the Company has set aside £0.6 million (2020: £2.5 million) under a legal agreement to be utilised in agreement with the Trustee for reducing the long-term liabilities of the scheme. Further details of the scheme are provided in note 21 to the Consolidated financial statements.

Defined contribution scheme

The Company operates a Group personal pension plan for employees and pays contributions to administered pension insurance plans. The Company has no further payment obligation once the contributions have been paid. Payments to the defined contribution scheme are charged as an expense as they are incurred. The total contributions charged by the Company including employee salary exchange contributions in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021 were £0.6 million (2020: £0.6 million).

111-11-

The deferred tax asset of £3 4 million comprises £1.8 million in respect of share-based payments (2020, £0.7 million) the movement in which has been recognised in equity (£0.5 million) and profit (£0.6 million); £1.1 million in respect of non-current assets (2020: £1.3 million) the movement in which has been recognised in profit (£0.2 million); and £0.5 million in respect of tax losses (2020: £1.1 million) the movement in which has been recognised in profit (£0.6 million)

The deferred tax liability of £19.6 million is in respect of the pension asset (2020: £6.6 million), the movement in which has been recognised in equity (£11.3 million) and profit (£1.7 million).

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The average number of full time equivalent employees (including Directors) during the year was 65.

Within cash and cash equivalents the Group has set aside £0.6 million (2020: £2.5 million) under a legal agreement to be utilised in agreement with the Trustee for reducing liabilities of the pension scheme. Further details of the scheme are provided in note 21 to the Group financial statements.

During 2021 and 2020, the Company cid not have any related party transactions other than with wholly owned subsidiaries



Financial statements

15 Subsidiary endertakings

The following entities are 100% owned with only ordinary shares in issue, unless otherwise stated. The country of incorporation matches the country in which the registered office/principal place of business is located.

Name of subsidiar , undertaking	Registered office/principal
TT Electronics Ltd	place of business (1)
= 1	(1)
Dongguan Arlec Electrical Products Co. Limited (capital contribution)	(2)
Shanghai Hongbian Electronics Co. Limited (capital contribution)	(3)
TT Electronics Integrated Manufacturing Services (Suzhou) Co., Ltd	(4)
Ying Si Ke Electrical Products Co. Limited (capital contribution)	(2)
TT Electronics SAS	(5)
TT Electronics GmbH	(6)
Precision International Holdings Limited Stadium Asia Limited	(7)
	(8)
STMC Limited	(8)
TT Electronics Srl	(9)
BI Technologies Corporation SDN BHD (ordinary and preference shares)	(10)
BI Technologies S.A. de C V.	(11)
Optron de Mexico S.A. de C.V.	(12)
TT Electronics Asia Pte Ltd	(13)
TT Electronics Sweden AB	(14)
AB Connectors Limited	(15)
AB Electronic Components Limited	(16)
Abtest Limited	(17)
Aero Stanrew Group Limited (ordinary and preference shares) 1.2	(18)
Aero Stanrew Limited	(18)
Automotive Electronic Systems Limited ¹	(16)
Bl Technologies Limited ²	(16)
Commendshaw Limited 1	(16)
Controls Direct Limited ²	(16)
Crystalate Electronics Limited	(16)
Dale Electric International Limited ^{1,2}	(16)
Deltight Washers Limited ²	(16)
Ferrus Power Limited ²	(16)
Fox Industries Limited ²	(16)
Hale End Holdings Limited ²	(16)
Kingslo Limited ²	(16)
KRP Power Source (UK) Limited ²	(16)
Linton and Hirst Group Limited ²	(16)
Midland Electronics Limited	(16)
MMG Linton and Hirst Limited ²	(16)
Nulectrohms Limited ²	(16)
Rodco Limited (60% owned) 12	(16)
Roxspur Measurement & Control Limited	(16)
Semelab Limited	(19)
Sensit Limited ²	(16)
Stadium Electrical Holdings Limited ²	(16)
Stadium Electronics Limited ²	(16)
Stadium IGT Limited	(16)
Stadium Power Limited ²	(16)

Mates to the Company importal statements

15 Subsidiary undertakings 🚬 👝 🦠

Name of subsidiary undertaking	Beg stered office/principal place of pusiness
Stadium United Wireless Limited ²	(16)
Stadium Wireless Devices Limited ²	(16)
Stadium Zirkon UK Limited ²	(16)
Stontronics Limited ²	(16)
The Brearley Group Limited ²	(16)
TT Asia Holdings Limited	(16)
TT Automotive Electronics Limited ²	(16)
TT Electronics Europe Limited 12	(16)
TT Electronics Fairford Limited	(20)
TT Electronics Group Holdings Limited '	(16)
TT Electronics Holdco Limited	(16)
TT Electronics Integrated Manufacturing Services Limited	(16)
TT Electronics IoT Solutions Limited ((16)
TT Electronics Power Solutions (UK) Limited	(16)
TT Group Limited ²	(16)
TT Power Solutions Limited ²	(16)
TTE Trustees Limited 1.2	(16)
TTG Investments Limited ¹	(16)
TTG Nominees Limited 1,2	(16)
TTG Pension Trustees Limited 12	(15)
TTG Properties Limited 1	(19)
Valuegolden Limited ²	(15)
Welwyn Components Limited	(15)
Welwyn Electronics Limited ²	(16)
Wolsey Comcare Limited ²	(21)
Zirkon Holdings Limited ²	(16)
AB Interconnect, Inc.	(16)
Apsco Holdings, Inc	(16)
BI Technologies Corporation	(22)
Cletronics N.A. Inc,	(23)
International Resistive Company Inc	(22)
International Resistive Company of Texas, LLC	(24)
Optek Technology Inc	(22)
Power Partners, Inc	(25)
Precision, Inc	(26)
Torotel, inc	(27)
Torotel Products, Inc	(27)
TT Electronics Integrated Manufacturing Services, Inc	(28)
TT Electronics Power Solutions (US), Inc	(23)
TT Group Industries, Inc.	(22)



Financial statements

15 Subsidiary undertakings.

- Newton Industrial Park, Christchurch, Barbados, West Indies
- (2) 4th Building F Zone, Zheng Wei Science Park, Dongkeng Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong, China
- Room 404 A69, East of Building 1, 29 Jia Tai Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone, China (3)
- 158-24 Hua Shan Road, Snd Suzhou, 215129, China (4)
- 4 place Louis Armand, 75012 Paris, France (5)
- (6) Max-Lehner-Strasse 31, 85354, Freising, Germany
- Room RA21, 6th Floor, Woon Lee Commercial Building. No. 7-9 Austin Avenue, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong. (7)
- (8) Unit A, 3/F, Bamboos Centre. 52 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong
- Via Santa Redegonda N. 11, Milano, Italy
- (10) Lot 6 05, Level 6, KPMG tower. 8 First Avenue, Bandar Utama 47800 Petaling Jaya, Selangor, Darul Fiisan, Malaysia
- (11) Ave Circulo de la Amistad No.102, Parque Industrial Mexicali IV, Mexico
- (12) Ave Rio Bravo 1551 a, Parque Industria¹ Rio Bravo, CD. Juarez Chihuahua. Mexico
- (13) 2 Shenton Way, #18-01 SGX Centre 1, 068804, Singapore
- (14) Gullfossgatan 3, 164 40 Kista, Sweden
- (15) Abercynon, Mountain Ash, Rhondda Cynon Faff, CF45 4Sf, Wales
- (16) Fourth Floor, St Andrews House, West Street, Woking, Surrey, GU21 6FB, England
- (17) Unit 1, Tregw.lym Industrial Estate, Rogerstone Newport, Gwent, NP10 9YA, Wales
- (18) Unit 1 Gratton Way, Roundswell Business Park, Barnstaple, Devon, EX31 3AR, England
- (19) Coventry Road, Lutterworth, Leicestershire, LE17 4JB. England
- (20) London Road, Fairford, Gloucestershire, GL7 4DS, England
- (21) Welwyn Electronics Park, Bedlington, Northumberland, NE22 7AA, England
- (22) Corporation Service Company, 251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, DF 19808 United States
- (23) CT Corporation System, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Dt. 19801, United States
- (24) Corporation Service Company 211 East 7th Street, Suite 620, Austin, TX 78701-3218, United States
- (25) 43 Broad Street, Suite B206, Hudson, MA01749, United States
- (26) 1/00 Freeway Boulevard, Minneapolis, MN 55430, United States
- (27) 520 N Rogers Road, Olathe. KS66062, United States
- (28) CT Corporation System, 4400 Easton Commons Way, Suite 125, Columbus, OH43219, United States

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UK Registered Subsidiaries exempt from audit

The following UK subsidiaries will take advantage of the audit exempt on set out within section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2021. The following entities are 100% owned and have a single class of ordinary share with a nominal value of £1, unless otherwise stated. All subsidiaries below are registered at Fourth floor, St Andrews House, West Street. Woking GU21 6FB, United Kingdom

Name of subpiciary undertaking	Company number
AB Electronic Components Limited	00578077
Automotive Electronic Systems Limited	01518303
Crystalate Electronics Limited	00691591
Midland Electronics Limited	00675333
TT Asia Holdings Limited	02464046
TT Electronics Group Holdings Limited 1,2	00299275

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Five year record

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Finillion (unless otherwise stated)	2021	2020	2019 '	2013	2017
Revenue	476.2	431.8	478 2	429.5	361.1
Operating profit ²	19.3	6.6	16.9	16.5	20.0
Adjusted operating profit 1	34.8	27.5	38.1	33.4	24.3
Profit before taxation ³	16.0	2.9	13.2	14.6	17.7
Adjusted profit before taxation 1,4	31.5	23.8	34.4	31.5	22.0
Earnings (continuing) ³	12.8	1.3	12.4	13.0	15.7
Adjusted earnings 1,4	25.3	19.5	29.0	26.2	194
Earnings per share - continuing (pence) ³	7.3	8.0	76.0	8.0	9.7
Adjusted earnings per share (pence) 1,4	14.5	11.7	17.8	16.2	10.9
Dividends - paid and proposed	9.9	8.2	11.4	10.5	9.4
Dividend per share – paid and proposed (pence)	5.6	4.7	7.0	6.5	5.8
Average number of shares in issue	174.8	166.5	163.1	1618	161.7
Net (debt)/funds	(102.5)	(83.9)	(69.1)	(41.7)	47.0
Total equity ^{3,4}	330.0	298.0	268.0	280.1	267.5

Adjusted operating profit profit profit profit profit and received agreement and adjusted earning specified earning of estimated frestructuring costs asserting in nexts and adjusted and Aujusted open and promition is an overlaw and appraised teachings classed each displacative accidences.

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Financial statements

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In accordance with the Guidelines on APMs issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA), additional information is provided on the APMs used by the Group below

To assist with the understanding of earnings trends, the Group has included within its financial statements APMs including adjusted operating profit and adjusted profit. The APMs used are not defined terms under IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies. They are not intended to be a substitute for, or superior to, GAAP measures

Management uses adjusted measures to assess the operating performance of the Group, having adjusted for specific items as detailed in note 6. They form the basis of internal management accounts and are used for decision making, including capital allocation, with a subset also forming the basis of internal incentive arrangements. By using adjusted measures in segmental reporting this enables readers of the financial statements to recognise how incentive performance is targeted. Adjusted measures are also presented in this announcement because the Directors believe they provide additional useful information to shareholders on comparable trends over time. Finally, this presentation allows for separate disclosure and specific narrative to be included concerning the adjusting items, this helps to ensure performance in any one year can be more clearly understood by the user of the financial statements.

L. 公理设备的产品的工作中原则。

Alternative Performance Measure Adjusted operating profit	Closest equivalent statutory measure Operating profit	Note reference to reconciliation to statutory measure Adjusting items as disclosed in note 6	Definition and purpose Operating profit from continuing operations excluding the impacts of significant restructuring programmes; significant one-off items including property disposals, business acquisition and divestment related activity; and the amortisation of intangible assets recognised on acquisition. Business acquisition and divestment related items include the writing off of the pre-acquisition profit element of inventory written up on acquisition, other direct costs associated with business combinations and adjustments to contingent consideration related to acquired businesses. Costs arising from significant changes in footprint (including movement of production facilities) and significant costs of management changes are also excluded.
			To provide a measure of the operating profits excluding the impacts of significant items such as restructuring or acquisition related activity and other items such as amortisation of intangibles which may not be present in peer companies which have grown organically.
Adjusted operating margin	Operating profit margin	Adjusting items as disclosed in note 6	Adjusted operating profit as a percentage of revenue. To provide a measure of the operating profits excluding the impact of significant items such as restructuring or acquisition related activity and other items such as amortisation of intangibles which may not be present in peer companies which have grown organically.
Adjusted earnings per share	Earnings per share	See note 9 for the reconciliation and calculation of adjusted earnings per share	The profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Group adjusted to exclude the items not included within adjusted operating profit divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year. To provide a measure of Earnings per Share excluding the impacts of significant items such as restructuring or acquisition related activity and other items such as amortisation of intangibles which may not be present in peer companies which have grown organically.

Reconduction of KPIs and poulf-R5 measures.

Income statement measures

Alternative Performance Measure	Closest equivalent statutory measure	Note reference to reconciliation to statutory measure	Definition and purpose
Adjusted diluted earnings per share	Diluted earnings per share	See note 9 for the reconciliation and calculation of adjusted diluted earnings per share	The profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Group adjusted to exclude the items not included within adjusted operating profit divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year, adjusted for the effects of any potentially dilutive options.
			To provide a measure of Earnings per Share excluding the impacts of significant items such as restructuring or acquisition related activity and other items such as amortisation of intangibles which may not be present in peer companies which have grown organically.
Organic revenue	Revenue	See note APM 1	This is the percentage change in revenue from continuing operations in the current year compared to the prior year, excluding the effects of currency movements, acquisitions and disposals. This measures the underlying growth or decline of the business.
			To provide a comparable view of the revenue growth of the business from period to period excluding acquisition and foreign exchange impacts.
Adjusted effective tax charge	Effective tax charge	See note APM 2	Tax charge adjusted to exclude tax on items not included within adjusted operating profit divided by adjusted profit before tax, which is also adjusted to exclude the items not included within adjusted operating profit.
			To provide a tax rate which excludes the impact of adjusting items such as restructuring or acquisition related activity and other items such as amortisation of intangibles which may not be present in peer companies which have grown organically
Return on invested capital	None	See note APM 3	Adjusted operating profit for the year divided by average invested capital for the year. Average invested capital excludes pensions, provisions, tax balances, derivative financial assets and liabilities, cash and borrowings and is calculated at average rates taking 12 monthly balances.
			This measures how efficiently assets are utilised to generate returns with the target of exceeding the cost to hold the assets.



Financial statements

Statement of manual positive measures

Alternative Performance Measure	Closest equivalent statutory measure	Note reference to reconciliation to statutory measure	Definition and purpose
Net debt	Cash and cash equivalents less borrowings and lease	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	Net debt comprises cash and cash equivalents and borrowings including lease liabilities.
	liabilities	debt (note 24)	This is additional information provided which may be helpful to the user in understanding the liquidity and financial structure of the business.
Leverage (bank covenant)	Cash and cash equivalents less borrowings	N/A	Leverage is the net debt defined as per the banking covenants (net debt (excluding lease liabilities) adjusted for certain terms as per the bank covenants) divided by EBITDA excluding items removed from adjusted profit and further adjusted for certain terms as per the bank covenants.
			Provides additional information over the Group's financial covenants to assist with assessing solvency and liquidity.
Net capital and development expenditure	None	See note APM 4	Purchase of property, plant and equipment net of government grants (excluding property disposals), purchase of intangibles (excluding acquisition intangibles) and capitalised development
(net capex)			A measure of the Group's investments in capex and development to support longer term growth.
Dividend per share	Dividend per share	Not applicable	Amounts payable by dividend in terms of pence per share.
Stidie			Provides the dividend return per share to shareholders.

Econolistian of KPIs and nor IFRS measures.

Statement of cash flows measures

Alternative Performance Measure	Closest equivalent statutory measure	Note reference to reconciliation to statutory measure	Definition and purpose
Adjusted operating cash flow	Operating cash flow	See note APM 5	Adjusted operating profit, excluding depreciation of property, plant and equipment (depreciation of right-of-use assets is not excluded) and amortisation of intangible assets (amortisation of acquisition intangibles is not excluded) less working capital and other non-cash movements.
			An additional measure to help understand the Group's operating cash generation.
Adjusted operating cash flow	Operating cash flow	See note APM 6	Adjusted operating cash flow less net capital and development expenditure.
post capex			An additional measure to help understand the Group's operating cash generation after the deduction of capex
Working capital cashflow	Cashflow – inventories payables, provisions and receivables	See note APM 7	Working capital comprises of three statutory cashflow figures (increase)/decrease in inventories, increase/(decrease) in payables and provisions, and (increase)/decrease in receivables.
	and reservables		To provide users a measure of how effectively the group is managing its working capital and the resultant impact on liquidity
Free cash flow	Net increase/ decrease in cash and cash equivalents	See note APM 8	Free cash flow represents cash generated from trading after all costs including restructuring, pension contributions, tax and interest payments. Cashflows to settle LTIP schemes are excluded.
	equivalents		Free cash flow provides a measure of how successful the company is in creating cash during the period which is then able to be used by the Group at its discretion.
Cash conversion	None	See note APM 9	Adjusted operating cash flow post capex (less any property disposals which were part of restructuring programmes) divided by adjusted operating profit.
			Cash conversion measures how effectively we convert profit into cash and tracks the management of our working capital and capital expenditure.
R&D cash spend as a percentage of revenue	None	See note APM 10	R&D cash spend and R&D investment as a percentage of revenue excludes Global Manufacturing Solutions which is a manufacturing services business and therefore has no R&D.
oevenue			To provide a measure of the company's expenditure on R&D relative to its overall size which may be helpful in considering the Group's longer term investment in future product pipeline.



Non featurest measures.

Alternative Performance Measure	Closest equivalent statutory measure	Note reference to reconciliation to statutory measure	Definition
Employee engagement	Not applicable	Not applicable	We use our employee survey to measure how our employees feel about working in TT using a scale of 1 (low) to 7 (high) against eight factors (as surveyed by Best Companies Ltd). A company is awarded between zero and three stars based on the employee feedback.
			Provides a measure of employee sentiment and engagement.
Safety performance	Not applicable	Not applicable	Safety performance is defined as the number of occupational injuries resulting in three or more days' absence per 1,000 employees. This KPI allows us to compare our performance with that of our peers. We use a UK benchmark published by the Health and Safety Executive and apply this to all our facilities worldwide, reflecting our commitment to raising standards globally.
			Provides users additional information about the Group's commitment and achievements in the area of health and safety.

•				
£million	Power and Connectivity	Global Manufacturing Solutions	Sensors and Specialist Components	Total
2021 revenue	140.2	220 1	115.9	476.2
Acquisitions	15.2	_	-	15.2
2021 revenue (excluding acquisitions)	125.0	220.1	115.9	461.0
2020 revenue	125 1	197.5	109.2	431.8
Foreign exchange impact	(3.4)	(4.1)	(5 2)	(12.7)
2020 revenue at 2021 exchange rates	121.7	193 4	104.0	419.1
Organic revenue increase (%)	3%	14%	11%	10%
Emillion	Power and Connectivity	Global Manufacturing Solutions	Sensors and Specialist Components	Total
2020 revenue	125.1	197.5	109.2	431.8
Acquisitions	11.1	-	_	11 1
2020 revenue (excluding acquisitions)	114.0	197.5	109.2	420.7
2019 revenue	138 2	213.2	126.8	478.2
				4
Foreign exchange impact	(0.1)	(1.1)	(0.2)	(1.4)
Foreign exchange impact 2019 revenue at 2020 exchange rates	(0.1) 138.1	(1.1) 212.1	(0.2) 126.6	(1.4) 476.8

Recombination of KERs and non-URS incasures

499.3	7	Effective	1.19	diame
1.21 1.4.	Se-	F 1 1 1 7 F 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	244	the state of the

£m!lon	2021	2020
Adjusted operating profit	34.8	27.5
Net interest	(3.3)	(3.7)
Adjusted profit before tax	31.5	23.8
Adjusted tax	(6.2)	(4.3)
Adjusted effective tax rate	19.6%	18.1%
AFM 3 ~ Petirn on revested capital		
fmllion	2021	2020
Adjusted operating profit	34.8	27.5
Average invested capital	382.4	357.3
Return on invested capital	9.1%	7.7%
Compared to the compared or given only any or some office and or many or		
fm ton	2021	2020
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(14.6)	(9 3)
Proceeds from sale of investment property, plant and equipment and capital grants received	9.3	3 4
Capitalised development expenditure	(1.9)	(3.3)
Purchase of other intangibles	(0.5)	(0.8)
Net capital and development expenditure	(7.7)	(10 0)
A NOTE BUILDING SOCIETY OF STATE OF STATE		
£million	2021	2020
Adjusted operating profit	34.8	27.5
Adjustments for:	_	-
Depreciation	13.6	14.0
Amortisation of intangible assets	2.5	3.0
Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	-	02
Other items	1.1	0.7
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(42.6)	4.2
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(15.7)	11.2
Increase/(decrease) in payables and provisions	42.0	(11.8)
Adjusted operating cash flow	39.5	49.0
Special payments to pension funds	(5.5)	(5.4)
Restructuring and acquisition related costs	(15.0)	(15.1)
Net cash generated from operations	19.0	28.5
Net income taxes paid	(4.7)	(0.3)
Net cash flow from operating activities	14.3	28 2

R&D cash spend as a percentage of revenue



APIX will Adjusted operating case flow post capex		
	2021	2020
£milion	39.5	49.0
Adjusted operating cash flow	(14.6)	(9.3)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9.3	(9.3)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and government grants received		(3.3)
Capitalised development expenditure	(1.9) (0.5)	(0.8)
Purchase of other intangibles	31.8	39.0
Adjusted operating cash flow post capex	31.8	39.0
#PM7 ~ Working rapacinic moof, 22		
Fredhon	2021	2020
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(42.6)	4.2
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(15.7)	112
Increase/(decrease) in payables and provisions	42.0	(11.8)
Items reported within other items in the statutory cashflow		
Increase in provisions over trade receivables	1.6	_
Working capital cashflow	(14.7)	3 6
£m¹cı	2021	2020
Net cash flow from operating activities	14.3	28.2
Add back: Bonus paid to employees of Torotel which crystallised upon acquisition	-	3.8
Net cash flow from investing activities	(8.2)	(51.9)
Add back: Acquisition of business	0.5	43.3
Add back: Cash with acquired businesses	-	(1 4)
Payment of lease liabilities	(3.9)	(41)
Interest paid	(4.0)	(3.5)
Free cash flow	(1.3)	14.4
The Marian Control of the Control of		
fmuch	2021	2121
Adjusted operating profit	34.8	27.5
Adjusted operating cash flow post capex	31.8	39.0
Exclude: Property disposal proceeds as part of restructuring programmes	(9.1)	(3.2)
Adjusted operating cash flow post capex and excluding property disposals	22.7	35.8
Cash conversion	65%	130%
North Carlo Commence (Section 1986) Applicate Charles		
Emilian	2021	2021
Revenue (excluding GMS)	256.1	234.3
R&D cash spend	11.4	11.2

4.5%

4.8%

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Ex-dividend date for final dividend

Record date for final dividend

AGM and trading update

Final dividend payment COMMORPED

2022 half-year results 4 August 2022

Preliminary announcement of 2022 results

Terr (2)

Annual Report 2022

-pro 2023

Dividends

See page 40 for details on the dividend amount per share

Annual General Meeting (AGM)

in 2021, compulsory measures imposed by the UK Government limiting nonessential travel and sizable gatherings meant that afterdance at the AGM was restricted to a limited number of shareholders the rig shareholder Directors of the Company and the Company Secretary, sufficient in number to form the necessary quorum, with other shareholders being encouraged to vote by proxy and to submit question: in advance by email. The next AGM will be held on 1.3 May 2022 at 10.00 a.m. Details of the AGM procedure for 2022 are set out in detail in the endicsed Notice of Annual General Meeting

Articles of Association

The Company's Articles of Association may only be amended by special resolution approved at a general meeting of the shareholders.

Share capital

The Company's issued share capital comprises a single class of share capital divided into ordinary shares of 25 pence. each. All issued shares are fully paid. The share capital during the year is shown. in Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. The rights and obligations attaching to the Company's ordinary shares are set out in the Company's Articles of Association, a copy of which can be obtained from Companies House in the United Kingdom or by writing to the Group General Counsel and Company Secretary, Subject to applicable statutes, shares may be ssued with such rights and restrictions as the Company may decide by ordinary resolution, or (if there is no such resolution or so far as it does not make specific provision) as the Board may decide

Hoiders of ordinary shares are entitled to apeak at general most has of the Company to appoint one of more proxies and, if they are corporations, to appoint corporate representatives and to exercise voting rights. Holders of ordinary shares may also receive ald vidend, and on a liquidation may share in the assets of the Company in addition, holders of ordinary shares are chtitled to receive the Company's Annual Report and Accounts, Subject to meeting certain thresholds, borders of ordinary shares may require a general meeting of the Company to be held or the proposal of resolutions at Annual Gendial Misetings

Voting rights and restrictions on transfer of shares

On a show of hands at a general meeting of the Company every holder of ordinally shares present in person or by proxy. and entitled to vote, has one vote and on a poll-every member present in person. or by proxy, and entitled to vote, has one vote for every ordinary share held. You can find further details regarding voting at the Annual General Meeting in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting which accompanies this document Notic of the old nary shares carries any special rights with regard to control of the Company, Electronic and paper proxy appointments and voting instructions must be received by the Company's Registrars not later than 48 hours before a géneral meeting. A shareholder car: lose their entitlement to vote at a general meeting where that shareholder has been served with a disclosure notice and has failed to provide the Company with information concerning interests in those shares. The Directors may refuse to register a transfer of a certificated share which is not fully paid provided the refusal does not prevent dealings in shares in the Company from taking place or, an open and proper basis.

The Orrectors may also refuse to register a transfer of a cert fleated share unless the instrument of transfer Ellis todged dry stamped (it stampable) at the registered office of the Dompany or any other place decided by the Directors accompanied by the certificate for the share to which it relates and dristich other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer fail is in respect of only one class of shares minor bankrupt or a person who is not a minor bankrupt or a person in respect of whom an order has brein made on the



Additional information

grounds that such person is suffering from a mental disorder or is otherwise incapable of managing their affairs or (iv) is in favour of not more than four transferees

Transfers of uncertificated shares must be carried out using CREST and the Directors can refuse to register a transfer of an uncertificated share in accordance with the regulations governing the operation of CREST.

The Directors may decide to suspend the registration of transfers for up to 30 days a year, by closing the register of shareholders. The Directors cannot suspend the registration of transfers of any uncertificated shares without obtaining consent from CREST.

There are no other restrictions on the transfer of ordinary shares in the Company except, certain restrictions may from time to time be imposed by laws and regulations (for example ins der trading laws or the Market Abuse Regulations 2015), pursuant to the Company's share dealing code whereby the Directors and certain employees of the Group require approval to deal in the Company's shares, and where a shareholder with at least a 0.25 per cent interest in the Company's certificated shares has been served with a disclosure notice and has failed to provide the Company with information concerning interests in those shares

The Company is not aware of any agreements between shareholders that may result in restrictions on the transfer of ordinary shares or on voting rights

Share dealing services

Shareview Dealing is a telephone and internet service provided by Equiniti It offers a simple and convenient way of buying and selling TT Electronics plc shares.

Log on to www shareview co.uk/dealing or call 03456 037 037 between 8.00 am and 4.30 pm, Monday to Friday (except bank holidays) for more information about this service and for details of the rates and charges. Please note that telephone lines remain open until 6.00 pm for enquiries.

A daily postal dealing service is also available and a form, together with terms and conditions, can be obtained by calling 0371-384-2248*. Commission is 1.90 per cent with a minimum charge of 670.

ShareGift

ShareGift is a charity share donation scheme for shareholders, administered by The Orr Mackintosh Foundation. It is especially for those who may wish to dispose of a small parcel of shares whose value makes it uneconomical to sell on a commission basis. Further information can be obtained at www.sharegift.org.or from Equiniti.

Multiple accounts on the shareholder register

if you have received two or more copies of this document, this means that there is more than one account in your name on the shareholder register. This may be caused by either your name or address appearing on each account in a slightly different way. For security reasons, the Registrars will not amalgamate the accounts without your written consent.

If you would like any multiple accounts combined into one account, please write to Equinitii Limited at the address given on this page.

Substantial shareholding notifications

The Company had been notified of the following voting rights attaching to T.F. Electronics pic shares in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules at 7 March 2022 and 31 December 2021.

So fai as has been ascertained, no other person or corporation holds or is beneficially interested in any substantial part of the share capital of the Company

Shareholder enquiries

Equiniti maintains the register of members of the Company If you have any queries concerning your shareholding, or if any of your details change, please contact the Registrars.

Equiniti Limited Aspect House Spencer Road Lancing West Sussex BN99 6DA

Telephone 03/1 384 2396* (or +44 121 415 704/ if calling from outside the United Kingdom)

Equiniti also offers a range of shareholder information on line at www shareview co.uk

Website

Information on the Group's financial performance activities and share price is available at www.ttelectron.cs.com

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GLOSSARY

4.0	114	100	and a second of the second of
AC	Afternating Current	ISO	international Organisation for Standardisation
AGM	Annual General Meeting	ΙT	Information Technology
APM	Alternative Performance Measure	JSF	Joint Strike Fighter aircraft
B-21	B 21 Raider aircraft	KPI	Key Performance Indicator
BF Inspir		LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate
	Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy	LLP	Limited liability partnership
BE Lean	a TT initiative to improve operational efficiency	LTIP	Long Term Incentive Plan
BF LI	Build Expertise in {T	M&A	Mergers and Acquisitions
bn	billion	M/m	million
bps	basis point	MHRA	Medicines and Healthcare products
CAGR	Compound annual growth rate		Regulatory Agency
CDP	Carbon Disclosure Project	MRI	Magnetic Resonance Imaging
500	Chief Operating Officer	MSCI	Morgan Stanley Capital International
CFO		MWh	
	Chief Executive Officer		Megawatt-hour
CHO.	Chief Financial Officer	NED	Non Executive Director
CGU	Cash Generating Unit	OFCD	Organisation for Economic
C:	Continuous Improvement		Collaperation and Development
CPI	Consumer Prices Index	OF M	Original Equipment Manufacturer
CREST	Certificateies's Registry for Electronic Share Transfer	PBT	Profit Before Tax
		PCBA	
DC DD10	Direct Current		Printed Circuit Board Assembly
DDTC	Directorate of Defense Trade Controls	PLC	Public Limited Company
DoD	Department of Defense	PMI	Purchasing Managers' Index
EBITDA	Farnings Before Interest, Taxes.	PΡ	Private Placement
	Depreciation and Amortisation	PSEF	People, Social Environmental and Ethics
EBI	Employee Benefit Trust	Q	Quarter (year)
ED&I	Equality, Diversity and Inclusion	R&D	Research and Development
		RBA	•
£ICC	Electronics Industry Citizenship Coalition		Responsible Business Affance
FLI	Executive Leadership Team	RCE	Revolving Credit Facility
FPS	Earnings Per Share	RMB	Chinese Yuan
FRP	Enterprise Risk Management	RNS	Regulatory News Service
FSG	Environmental Social and Governance	ROCF	Return On Capital Employed
ΈU	European Union	ROIC	Beturn on Invested Capital
ΕV	Slectric Vehicle	RFI	Retail Price Index
EVP	Executive Vice President	RSP	Restricted Share Plan
LBO	Cair Balanced and Understandable	S&SC	Sensors & Specialist Components
¹ CA	Financial Conduct Authority	SAYE	Save As You Earn
FRC	Financial Reporting Council	SEC	Securities Exchange Commission
FRS	Financial Reporting Standards	SECR	Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting
FiSi	Financia: Times Stock Exchange	SiD	Senior Independent Director
fΧ	Foreign Exchange	310P	Sales, Inventory and Operations Planning
ĒΥ	Financial Year	STP	Short Term incentive Plan
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles	STEM	Science Technology, Engineering and Mathematics
Gyp	Pounds Sterling (£)	THOD	Task Force on Ormate-related Financial Displosures
GDP	Gross Domestic Product	the Board	The Board of Directors of 1.7.4 ectronics plo
GDPR	General Data Protection Regulation	the Code	UK Corporate Sovernance Code
GM ^o	Guaranteed Minimum Pension:	the Comp	any TTF ectronies plo
GHG	Greentrouse Gas	the Direct	
ĞMS	Global Manufacturing Solutions	the Group	
H&S	Health and safety	1SP	Total Shareholder Return
Ч	Half (year)	ìΓ	LT Flegtrenies pla
$H^{-1}A$	Hyperion Financial Management	1 f Way	Tillis values
HM	Human Machine interface	ŲK	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
ના	Human Resources	د1ب	United Nations
HSF	Health Safety & Fry ronmental	Underlying	
IAS		O1 500 y 10	Taxes Depreciation and Amortisation
	International Accounting Standards	HOLICA	
SZAL	International Accounting Standards Board	US/USA	United States of America
4.88	international Financial Reporting Standards	WACC	Weighted Average Cost of Capital
ICI	Internet of Things		
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Investor Relations





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