# WEALD COMPUTER MAINTENANCE LIMITED AMENDED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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COMPANIES HOUSE

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr M Nelson

B St John - Poulton

Secretary Mr M Nelson

Company number 02321033

Registered office 5 Horsted Square

Bellbrook Industrial Estate

Uckfield East Sussex TN22 1QG

Accountants Knill James LLP

One Bell Lane

Lewes East Sussex BN7 1JU

Bankers Natwest

24 Church Road Burgess Hill West Sussex RH15 9ZS

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company was that of computer maintenance.

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr M Nelson

B St John - Poulton

#### Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

By order of the board

Mr M Nelson Secretary

2 September 2021

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF WEALD COMPUTER MAINTENANCE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Weald Computer Maintenance Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 set out on pages 3 to 10 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Weald Computer Maintenance Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 9 July 2021. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Weald Computer Maintenance Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Weald Computer Maintenance Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Weald Computer Maintenance Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Weald Computer Maintenance Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Weald Computer Maintenance Limited. You consider that Weald Computer Maintenance Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Weald Computer Maintenance Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

**Knill James LLP** 

**Chartered Accountants** 

7 September 2021

One Bell Lane Lewes East Sussex BN7 1JU

# STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

• •	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover		2,186,104	2,330,506
Cost of sales		(1,005,921)	(1,069,223)
Gross profit		1,180,183	1,261,283
Administrative expenses		(892,113)	(891,556)
Operating profit		288,070	369,727
Interest receivable and similar income		803	2,213
Interest payable and similar expenses		-	(158)
Profit before taxation		288,873	371,782
Tax on profit	4	(57,136)	(70,353)
Profit for the financial year		231,737	301,429
Retained earnings brought forward		893,724	692,970
Dividends		(100,675)	(100,675)
Retained earnings carried forward		1,024,786	893,724

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	3,	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		20,827		27,772
Current assets					
Stocks		18,728		8,211	
Debtors	7	270,896		300,296	
Cash at bank and in hand		986,828		830,199	
		1,276,452		1,138,706	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(267,675)		(268,866)	
Net current assets			1,008,777		869,840
Total assets less current liabilities			1,029,604		897,612
Provisions for liabilities			(3,286)		(2,356)
Net assets			1,026,318		895,256
			===		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		1,532		1,532
Profit and loss reserves			1,024,786		893,724
Total equity			1,026,318		895,256
-					

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2 September 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M Nelson

Director

Company Registration No. 02321033

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Company information**

Weald Computer Maintenance Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 5 Horsted Square, Bellbrook Industrial Estate, Uckfield, East Sussex, TN22 1QG.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The directors have assessed whether the going concern basis of preparation continues to be appropriate, based on whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. This assessment has been required in the light of the significant uncertainty around the short to medium impact of the Covid-19 virus.

At the time of approving the financial statements the directors believe that all appropriate measures have been or will be taken to ensure that the company will be able to continue its operations for at least the next 12 months and thus conclude that the going concern basis remains appropriate.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for computer maintenance net of VAT.

#### 1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 5 years.

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% reducing balance basis

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving stocks.

#### 1.8 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.11 Taxation

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The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

#### 1.13 Retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

#### 1.14 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2021 Number	2020 Number
	Total	19 ———	
4	Taxation	2021	2020
	Current tax	£	£
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period Adjustments in respect of prior periods.	56,138 68	71,913 -
	Total current tax	56,206	71,913
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	930	(1,560) ———
	Total tax charge	57,136 ———	70,353
5	Intangible fixed assets		Goodwill
	Cost		£
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021		308,000
	Amortisation and impairment At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021		308,000
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2021		
	At 31 March 2020		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

6	Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures, fittings &	Motor vehicles	Total
		equipment £	£	£
	Cost			_
	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	230,432	10,995	241,427
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2020	208,844	4,811	213,655
	Depreciation charged in the year	5,399	1,546	6,945
	At 31 March 2021	214,243	6,357	220,600
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 March 2021	16,189	4,638	20,827
	At 3.1 March 2020	21,588	6,184	27,772
7	Debtors			
			2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Trade debtors		265,280	300,296
	Other debtors		5,616 ————	
			270,896	300,296
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
•	oround of a mount of a		2021	2020
			£	£
	Trade creditors		125,461	115,465
	Corporation tax		56,114	71,913
	Other taxation and social security		83,277	78,785
	Other creditors		2,823	2,703
			267,675	268,866

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 9 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

	Balances:			Liabilities 2021 £	Liabilities 2020 £
	Accelerated capital allowances			3,286	2,356
					2021
	Movements in the year:				£
•	Liability at 1 April 2020				2,356
	Charge to profit or loss				930
	Liability at 31 March 2021				3,286
10.	Called up share capital				
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	Number	Number	£	£
	Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each	200	200	200	200
	Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	1,332	1,332	1,332	1,332
		1,532	1,532	1,532	1,532
		====		====	====

#### 11 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2021	2020
£	£
16,499	16,305