Registration number: 02304150

DTW ADVERTISING AND MARKETING LIMITED

Filleted Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

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Company Information

Directors Mr C Taylor

Mrs C A L McAteer-Bingham

Mr P J Whelan Mrs H J Stewart

Company secretary Mrs C A L McAteer-Bingham

Registered office Bank Chambers

Kevin Edward House 13a Market Place Guisborough TS14 6BN

Bankers Yorkshire Bank

25 Station Road

Redcar TS101AN

Accountants MHA Tait Walker

Chartered Accountants

1 Massey Road

Thomaby

Stockton-on-Tees

TS17 6DY

(Registration number: 02304150) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	32,627	36,602
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	163,378	152,491
Cash at bank and in hand		262,001	225,898
		425,379	378,389
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(138,448)	(146,904)
Net current assets		286,931	231,485
Total assets less current liabilities		319,558	268,087
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(45,833)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(6,199)	(5,386)
Net assets		267,526	262,701
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		16,000	16,000
Capital redemption reserve		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		250,526	245,701
Total equity		267,526	262,701

For the financial year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

(Registration number: 02304150) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2021 (continued)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies' regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and the option not to file the Income Statement has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 25 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr C Taylor
Managing Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is Bank Chambers, Kevin Edward House, 13a Market Place, Guisborough, TS14 6BN.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

These financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through cash generated from operations and external borrowings. The directors have assessed the potential impact of COVID-19 on the company and have implemented a business continuity plan to mitigate against this.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Government grants

Government grants are recognised based on the accruals model and are measured at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are classified as related either to revenue or to assets. Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income over the period in which the related costs are recognised. Grants relating to assets are recognised over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of the grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income.

Other operating income includes £36,923 UK Government assistance provided through the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme during the Covid-19 pandemic.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Office equipment

15 - 33% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Income Statement over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 14 (2020 - 14).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

4 Tangible assets

		Office equipment £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2020		101,429
Additions		14,621
Disposals		(2,459)
At 31 March 2021		113,591
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2020		64,827
Charge for the year		18,492
Eliminated on disposal		(2,355)
At 31 March 2021		80,964
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2021		32,627
At 31 March 2020	_	36,602
5 Debtors		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	148,985	123,445
Prepayments	11,243	11,789
Other debtors	3,150	17,257
	163,378	152,491

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021 (continued)

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	N	2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>7</u>	4,167	-
Trade creditors		15,388	19,624
Taxation and social security		26,249	23,576
Accruals and deferred income		48,128	45,226
Other creditors		-	9,454
Corporation tax liability		44,516	49,024
		138,448	146,904
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		_	
		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	7	45,833	
7 Loans and borrowings			
		2021	2020
O		£	£
Current loans and borrowings		4,167	
Bank borrowings		4,107	<u> </u>
		2021	2020
		£	£

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Non-current loans and borrowings

Bank borrowings

Amounts not provided for in the statement of financial position

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the statement of financial position is £71,848 (2020 - £ 23,125). This relates to operating lease commitments.

45,833

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.