COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02195005

Aycliffe and Peterlee Investment Company Limited Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2022



Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2022

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

TJ Murphy
GA Kaye

JC Inwood

Company secretary Helical Registrars Limited

Registered office 5 Hanover Square London

W1S 1HQ

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 March 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and up to the date of signing were as follows:

TJ Murphy GA Kaye JC Inwood

Dividends

A dividend of £nil (2021: £nil) was declared and paid in the year.

Going concern

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Future developments

The directors do not anticipate any significant change in the activity of the company and its profitability. The directors expect the general level of activity to remain consistent with 2022 in the forthcoming year.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company arise from the financing of its investments. The company is financed by equity and intra group loans.

The company is a subsidiary of Helical plc. The Group co-ordinates its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities on a group basis and further disclosures relating to these matters are included in the annual report of the Group.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption as per Section 415A and Section 414B of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 30 November 2022 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Helical Registrars Limited Company Secretary

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

Year ended 31 March 2022

	•	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover			46,377	39,937
Cost of sales			(42,083)	(60,863)
Gross profit/(loss)		•	4,294	(20,926)
	,	•	•	
Operating profit/(loss)			4,294	(20,926)
		•	-	, ,
Gain on financial liabilities at fair value through pro	ofit or loss	•	_	5,000
Other interest receivable and similar income	•		5	1
Profit/(loss) before taxation	•	,	4,299	(15,925)
	·			
Tax on profit/(loss)		,	6,251	(292)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year and total comp	rehensive income		10,550	(16,217)
				·
Retained earnings at the start of the year		•	69,834	86,051
Retained earnings at the end of the year	•		80,384	69,834

All the results of the company are from continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses in both the current and prior years other than those included in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

Statement of Financial Position -

As at 31 March 2022

,			•	•
	'		2022	2021
77.		Note	. £	£
Fixed assets			50 000	50.000
Tangible assets Investments		· . 6	50,000	50,000
mvestments		,		
			50,001	50,001
Current assets	-			r
Debtors	•	. 8	56,083	63,374
Cash at bank and in hand	•	J	15,207	19,127
			71,290	82,501
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year	9.	(40,807)	(56,317)
Net current assets			30,483	26,184
Total assets less current liabilities			80,484	76,185
Provisions			ç	
Taxation			. –	(6,251)
Net assets	•		80.484	69,934
1100 435005			====	
Capital and reserves	* ;			
Capital and reserves Called up share capital			100	100
Profit and loss account	•		80,384	69,834
•				
Shareholders' funds	•		80,484	69,934
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 November 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

TJ Murphy Director

Company registration number: 02195005

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales and is incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is 5 Hanover Square, London, W1S 1HQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 ('FRS 102'), 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland' and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

3. Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year was investment in commercial property and that of a holding company.

4. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Consolidated financial statements are not prepared as the company is part of a larger group for which consolidated accounts have been prepared and therefore the company has taken advantage of this exemption provided under the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the company and not the group.

Going concern

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Investments

Investments are included at cost less amounts written off. Profits or losses arising from disposal of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the result from ordinary activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2022

Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of Helical plc which can be obtained from their registered office. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

(a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

There are no significant judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. There are no key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents rental income and the proceeds from the sale of trading properties and developments. Income from the sale of properties is included in the statement of comprehensive income when, in the opinion of the directors, a binding contract of sale exists. Turnover recognised but not received is carried forward in trade debtors.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2022

4. Accounting policies (continued)

Investment property

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, it shall be transferred to tangible assets and treated as such until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2023	Year	ended	31	March	2022
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5. Administrative expenses

The company had no employees in either the current or the prior year. The directors received no remuneration in respect of their services to the company during the current or prior year.

6. Tangible assets

			•				. •	Investment property £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2021 and 31	March 2022				•	٠	•	50,000
Carrying amount At 31 March 2022		•		•		. 1		50,000
At 31 March 2021							÷	50,000
		• •						

The investment property has been valued by the directors of the company at 31 March 2022:

Directors' valuation 50,000

The historical cost of investment property is £9,351 (2021: £9,351).

7. Investments

					unc	Shares in group lertakings
Cost '		•				
At 1 April 2021 and 31 M	March 2022					1
Impairment At 1 April 2021 and 31 M	March 2022	·		•	1 de 1	
Carrying amount			•			
At 31 March 2022			٠	• •		_1
At 31 March 2021		•				<u> </u>
	, e					

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2022

7. Investments (continued)

At 31 March 2022 the company held the following equity in operating undertakings:

		Nature of Business	Percentage of ordinary share capital held
CPP Investments Limited		Investment	100%

This company is incorporated and registered in England and Wales with the same registered office as the Company. The net assets of the subsidiaries listed above at 31 March 2022 were greater than the carrying value of the investments.

8. Debtors

	. •	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors		54,729	42,678
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings	s in which the		
company has a participating interest		_	8,827
Other debtors		1,354	11,869
		56,083	63,374

Amounts owed by group undertakings are repayable on demand, unsecured and interest free.

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	• .	2022	2021
		£	·£
Trade creditors		15,651	28,937
Amounts owed to group undertakings and un	ndertakings in which the		
company has a participating interest		659	_
Other creditors	•	1,222	_
Other creditors		23,275	27,380
	•	40.005	56 217
		40,807	30,31/
	•	40,807	56,317

Amounts owed to group undertakings are repayable on demand, unsecured, and interest free.

10. Contingencies

The company had no contingent liabilities at 31 March 2022 or at 31 March 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2022

11. Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Helical plc, it is exempt from the requirement of FRS 102 to disclose transactions with other members of the Helical plc group.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS 102.

12. Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and controlling related party of this company is Helical plc, which is registered in England and Wales. The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by Helical plc.

The company is a subsidiary of Helical plc and has been included in the consolidated accounts of that company. Copies of the parent undertaking's accounts can be obtained from the registered office at 5 Hanover Square, London W1S 1HQ.