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Concorde Metals Recycling Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2010

Company Number 02132287

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

Contents

Page:

- 1 Report of the directors
- 4 Independent auditor's report
- 6 Profit and loss account
- 7 Balance sheet
- 8 Cash flow statement
- 9 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

- A Montgomery
- S Repetti
- C Steenbergen

Secretary and registered office

S Repetti, Eurotrade Centre, Manorway North, Belvedere, Kent, DA17 6AZ

Company number

02132287

Auditors

BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the profit for the year

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

Principal activities, review of business and future developments

The company's principal activity is the purchase and sale of non-ferrous metal

Turnover increased 21% on 2009 levels £68,478,407 (2009 £56,548,328) and an operating profit of £258,014 was generated (2009 loss £1,077,617)

UK sales increased by 91% to £5,698,580 (2009 £2,987,057) Internationally, sales to Europe increased by 60% to £38,501,081 (2009 £24,040,497) but fell in the rest of the world by 18% to £24,278,746 (2009 £29,520,774)

Market conditions have improved for 2010 as predicted in our 2009 year end summary, and this is due to a change in our strategy on developing more UK and Internationally European business as well as maintaining our presence in the Rest of the world

We expect to maintain our profitability through 2011

Key performance indicators

The key performance indicators of the company are as follows

Turnover
Operating profit
Margin per tonne by customer
Margin per tonne by material type

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Financial instruments

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of price risk, credit risk, exchange rate risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related finance costs

The financial instruments used by the company arise wholly and directly from its activities and comprise of debtors, cash at bank, trade creditors and forward contracts. The company has put in place the following measures in order to manage the financial risks arising from these financial instruments.

The company regularly monitors the level of its debtors, which includes a balance with its parent company and follows up any overdue balances

The company manages its cash position by regularly moitoring its cashflow using cashflow forecasting and variance analysis

All the risks arising from the possible non advance of credit by the company's trade creditors, either by exceeding the credit limit or not paying within the specificed terms, is managed by regularly monitoring the trade balance and credit limit terms for all suppliers

All the risks arising from the possible fluctuations to metal prices and foreign exchange rates are hedged using forward contracts. Gains and losses on matured metal contracts and foreign exchange contracts are taken to the profit and loss account.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

R Ehrler (resigned 9 April 2010)

K Clarke (resigned 30 November 2010)

A Montgomery

S Repetti (appointed 9 April 2010)

C Steenbergen (appointed 21 December 2010)

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

On behalf of the board

A Montgomery Director

Date 2-6-2011

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF CONCORDE METALS RECYCLING LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Concorde Metals Recycling Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

BOO LLP

David Stevens (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Birmingham
United Kingdom

Date 8 June 2011

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010

Note	2010 £	2009 £
2	68,478,407	56,548,328
	66,279,940	55,676,903
	2,198,467	871,425
	1,940,453	1,949,042
3	258,014	(1,077,617)
6	(66,705)	(103,142)
	191,309	(1,180,759)
7	(6,600)	208,450
	184,709	(972,309)
	2 3 6	£ 2 68,478,407 66,279,940 2,198,467 1,940,453 3 258,014 6 (66,705) 191,309 7 (6,600)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account

Balance sheet at 31 December 2010

Company number 02132287	Note	2010	2010	2009 As restated (See note 23)	2009 As restated (See note 23)
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					0.045.000
Tangible assets	8		2,817,567		3,045,028
Current assets					
Stocks	9	2,967,936		1,961,377	
Debtors	10	4,790,826		4,750,840	
Cash at bank and in hand		728,056		1,601,896	
		8,486,818		8,314,113	
		0,400,010		0,314,113	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	11	4 007 062		4,073,450	
one year	11	4,907,062		4,073,430	
Net current assets			3,579,756		4,240,663
Total assets less current liabilities			6,397,323		7,285,691
Conditions amounts follows due often					
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		4,496,923		5,570,000
			1,900,400		1,715,691
Canital and recomes					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	14		1,100,000		1,100,000
Profit and loss account	15		800,400		615,691
Shareholders' funds	16		1,900,400		1,715,691

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2 Take 2011

A Montgomery **Director**

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements

Cashflow statement for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Net cash (outflow)/ınflow from operating activities	20	(722,537)	1,501,693
Returns on investments and servicing of finance interest paid other loans		(146,733)	(84,810)
Taxation Corporation tax paid		-	(178,065)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(4,570)	(114,523)
(Decrease)/increase in cash	21	(873,840)	1,124,295

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Going concern

The financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis as the directors have produced and reviewed forecasts which show the company are able to work within its current facilities

The financial statements do not include and adjustments that would result from the basis of preparation being inappropriate

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided net of discounts and excluding Value Added Tax

Turnover is recognised when the risks and rewards of owning the goods has passed to the customer which is generally on delivery for UK customers, and when the goods pass the ship's rail for overseas customers

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of all tangible fixed assets, except for freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates

Freehold property Improvements to buildings Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings - Useful economic life of 25 years

- Straight line over remaining useful economic life of buildings

10% to 33% straight line20% to 33% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account

Financial instruments

The company uses forward contracts to hedge its exposure to fluctuations to metal price and foreign exchange movements. Gains and losses on matured metal and foreign exchange contracts are taken to the profit and loss account

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Leased assets

All leases are treated as operating leases Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

2010

2009

2 Turnover

		2010 £	200 3 £
	Analysis by geographical market	_	_
	United Kingdom Europe Rest of the world	5,698,580 38,501,081 24,278,746	2,987,057 24,040,497 29,520,774
		68,478,407	56,548,328
	Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company		
3	Operating profit/(loss)		
		2010 £	2009 £
	This is arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases Auditors' remuneration - fees payable to the company's auditor for	232,031 83,803 76,717	253,710 90,869 95,069
	the audit of the company's annual accounts Loss / (profit) on foreign exchange transactions	20,000 28,522	19,648 (119,596)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 *(continued)*

4	Employees		
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	860,638 85,961 21,248	837,081 86,986 20,552
		967,847	944,619
	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as	follows	
		2010 Number	2009 Number
	Sales and Warehouse Administration	19 13	21 13
		32	34
5	Directors' remuneration		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes Compensation for loss of office	132,201 3,517 29,550	164,398 3,505
	There were 2 directors in the company's defined contribution pension scheme d	uring the year (2009 - 2)
6	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2010 £	2009 £
	On other loans wholly repayable within five years Loans from group companies	14,745 51,960	20,894 82,248
		66,705	103,142

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 *(continued)*

Taxation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities		
	2010 £	2009 £
UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the year Adjustment in respect of previous periods	6,600	(206,708) (8,099)
Total current tax	6,600	(214,807)
Deferred tax Adjustment in respect of previous periods	-	6,357
Taxation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6,600	(208,450)
The tax assessed for the year is lower than/higher than the standard rate of applied to profit/(loss) before tax. The differences are explained below		
	2010 £	2009 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	191,309	(1,180,759)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28 0% (2009 - 28 0%)	53,567	(330,613)
Effect of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for period in excess/(deficit) of capital allowances Utilisation of tax losses	31,501 5,046 (83,514)	30,016 (238) -
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods Losses carried forward	-	(8,099) 94,127
Current tax charge/(credit) for the year	6,600	(214,807)

At 31 December 2010, the company has an unprovided deferred tax asset of £28,073 (2009 £94,127) in respect of tax losses carried forward

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 *(continued)*

8	Tangible fixed assets					
		Freehold land and buildings	Improvements to buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
	Cost At 1 January 2010 Additions Disposals	2,711,347 - -	615,295 - -	728,877 4,570 (24,945)	78,643 - -	4,134,162 4,570 (24,945)
	At 31 December 2010	2,711,347	615,295	708,502	78,643	4,113,787
	Depreciation At 1 January 2010 Provided for the year Disposals	292,439 106,454 -	206,417 48,331 -	520,122 72,483 (24,945)	70,156 4,763 -	1,089,134 232,031 (24,945)
	At 31 December 2010	398,893	254,748	567,660	74,919	1,296,220
	Net book value At 31 December 2010	2,312,454	360,547	140,842	3,724	2,817,567
	At 31 December 2009	2,418,908	408,878	208,755	8,487	3,045,028
9	Stocks					
					2010 £	2009 £
	Raw materials and consul	mables			2,967,936	1,961,377

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 *(continued)*

10	Debtors		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Amounts receivable within one year	~	•
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	2,869,259 910,742 200,103 721,514 85,908	3,460,080 298,505 206,703 679,436 102,816
	Amounts receivable after more than one year	4,787,526	4,747,540
	Deferred taxation	3,300	3,300
	Total debtors	4,790,826	4,750,840
			Deferred taxation £
	At 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010		3,300
	Deferred taxation		
	The amount of deferred tax provided for is as follows	2010 £	2009 £
	Decelerated capital allowances	3,300	3,300
	•	•	
11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2010 £	2009 As restated £
	Intercompany loan Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	183,077 4,098,163 309,568 42,444 54,431 219,379	2,963,916 578,363 41,174 87,155 402,842
		4,907,062	4,073,450

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 *(continued)*

12 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2010	2009
	£	As restated £
Intercompany toan Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,196,923 2,300,000	2,380,000 3,190,000
	4,496,923	5,570,000
Maturity of debt		
	Loans and overdrafts 2010	Loans and overdrafts 2009
In one year or less, or on demand	183,077	-
In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than five years In more than five years	183,077 549,231 1,464,615	183,077 549,231 1,647,692
	2,196,923	2,380,000
Included in creditors due after more than one year are the following amount years	ts repayable in r	nore than five
	2010 £	2009 £
Loans	1,464,615	1,647,692

The loans will be fully repaid on 06/05/2023 Interest is paid on these loans at 0 125 % above LIBOR

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

13 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £21,248 (2009 - £20,552). There were no outstanding contributions payable to the fund as at 31 December 2010.

14 Share capital

	2010 £	2009 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
200,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 900,000 Zero Coupon redeemable preference shares of £1 each	200,000 900,000	200,000 900,000
	1,100,000	1,100,000
	-	

The Ordinary shares and the Zero-Coupon Redeemable Preference shares rank pari-passu in all respects except that the Zero Coupon Redeemable Preference shares

- May be redeemed all or part at par upon giving written notice by the company
- Entitle the holders to a return of the capital paid on a winding up or other repayment of capital in priority to any other class of shares
- Do not entitle the holder to a dividend
- Do not confer on the holders any further rights to participate in the profits or assets of the company
- Do not entitle the holders to receive notice of, attend, or to vote at any general meeting of the company, unless the meeting includes consideration of a resolution of the winding up, reduction in share capital or the sale of the undertaking of the company or if any resolution directly modifies or abrogates any of the special rights or privileges attached to them. In the case of any of these circumstances, the holders will be entitled to one vote for every Zero Coupon Preference share held.

15 Reserves

	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2010 Profit for the year	615,691 184,709
At 31 December 2010	800,400

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

16 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2010 £	2009 £
Profit/(loss) for the year	184,709	(972,309)
Opening shareholders' funds	1,715,691	2,688,000
Closing shareholders' funds	1,900,400	1,715,691

17 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Operating leases which expire	Land and buildings 2010 £	Other 2010 £	Land and buildings 2009 £	Other 2009 £
Within one year In two to five years	80,000	4,244 54,625	71,302 -	66,875
	80,000	58,869	71,302	66,875

18 Related party disclosures

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metallum Holdings SA and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with Metallum Holdings SA or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group

19 Ultimate parent company

The immediate parent company is Metallo-Chimique N V, a company registered in Belgium. The ultimate parent company is Metallum Holdings S A, a company registered in Luxembourg

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

20	Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash	(outflow)/inflow from o	perating activities
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20	Reconciliation of operating profit (loss) to fiet cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities					
				2010 £	2009 £	
	Operating profit/(loss) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Increase in stocks (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Decrease)/Increase in creditors			258,014 232,031 (1,006,559) (46,586) (159,437)	(1,077,617) 253,710 (1,372,980) 966,695 2,731,885	
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating acti	vities		(722,537)	1,501,693	
21	Reconciliation of net cash flow to moven	nent in net debt				
				2010 £	2009 £	
	(Decrease)/increase in cash			(873,840)	1,124,295	
	Opening net debt			(778,104)	(1,902,399)	
	Closing net debt			(1,651,944)	(778,104)	
22	Analysis of net debt					
		At 1 January 2010 £	Cash flow £	Other non- cash items £	At 31 December 2010 £	
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,601,896	(873,840)	-	728,056	
	Debt due within one year Debt due after one year	(2,380,000)	- -	(183,077) 183,077	(183,077) (2,196,923)	
	Total	(778,104)	(873,840)	-	(1,651,944)	

23 Restatement of comparatives

Comparatives of intercompany balances have been restated to reflect the maturity of the debt