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SOLOMAT LIMITED
REPORT AND ACCOUNTS
30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

COMPANY NO. 2042988



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Dr. A.P.A. Pechota (Swiss)

M. Cordier (French)
Dr. R.L. Van Ewyk
W.J. Lancashire

Secretary

J.D. Cucksey F.C.A.

Registered Office

Parsonage Road

Takeley Bishop's Stortford Herts CM22 6PU

Registered Auditors

Robson Rhodes

Chartered Accountants

Daedalus House Station Road

Cambridge CB1 2RE

Solicitors

Hewitson Becke & Shaw

Shakespeare House 42 Newmarket Road Cambridge CB5 8EP

Bankers

Midland Bank Plc

Harlow Town Centre

Gate House The High Harlow

Essex CM20 1LL

Company Number

2042988

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited accounts for the year ended 30th September 1996.

ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is the manufacture and sale of precision electronic measuring instruments, mainly for airflow and water quality measurement.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company continued to trade profitably and the Directors continue to take active steps to increase sales. Spending on research and development has been maintained. This is expected to ensure the future growth of the business.

RESULTS

The results for the period are set out on page 5.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

FIXED ASSETS

The movement in the tangible fixed assets account is set out in Note 7 to the Accounts.

DIRECTORS

P. Gotley, H.V. Feldman, J.D. Cucksey and P.J. Royer-Collard were Directors throughout the year to 30th September 1996. They all resigned on 30th November 1996. T.K. Gibbs, J.R. Saffell and P.J. Andrews resigned on 30th January 1996, 2nd August 1995 and 10th January 1996 respectively.

Dr. A.P.A. Pechota, M. Cordier, Dr.R.L. van Ewyk and W.J. Lancashire were appointed Directors on 29th November 1996.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

None of the Directors have any interest in the share capital of the company.

P. Gotley, J.D. Cucksey, H.V. Feldman and P.J. Royer-Collard were, at 30th September 1996, all Directors of the holding company, Neotronics Technology PLC., and their interest in the shares of that company are shown in its Directors' Report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial accounts, the Directors have:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- followed applicable accounting standards; and
- prepared the financial accounts on the going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Report of the Directors was approved by the Board on 27th January 1997 and signed on its behalf by:

John Davenport Cucksey Secretary

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REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

TO THE MEMBERS OF

SOLOMAT LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 13 which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 7 and 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30th September 1996 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Cambridge 27 th January 1997

ROBSON RHODES Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditor

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

	<u>Notes</u>	1996 £	1995 £
TURNOVER	2	2,121,899	2,048,475
Cost of sales		(1,333,507)	(1,096,595)
GROSS PROFIT		788,392	951,880
Distribution costs		(302,614)	(336,274)
Research and development		(345,972)	(344,014)
Administrative expenses		(98,291)	(176,082)
OPERATING PROFIT	4	41,515	95,510
Exceptional item: Reorganisation costs		(5,784)	(96,191)
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		35,731	(681)
Interest received		332	1,080
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		36,063	499
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	-
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		36,063 =====	499

There were no gains or losses in the year other than the profit for the year. The movement on reserves is set out in Note 14 on Page 12.

The results of the period all relate to continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET AT 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

	<u>Notes</u>	1996	1995 f
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	7	112,450	150,662
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	596,547 462,194 153,714	566,055 425,501 134,360
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		1,212,455	1,125,916
Trade creditors Other creditors	10	(120,321) (1,020,357)	(76,082) (1,052,332)
		(1,140,678)	(1,128,414)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		71,777	(2,498)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		184,227	148,164
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(1,088,235)	(1,088,235)
		(904,008) ======	(940,071) =====
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13 14	4,000 (908,008)	4,000 (944,071)
MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS FUND Opening shareholders deficit	S (All Equi	(904,008) ===== ity) (940,071)	(940,071) ====== (940,570)
Profit for the year . CLOSING SHAREHOLDERS DEFICIT		36,063	499
CLOSING SHAREHOLDERS DEFICIT		(904,008) =====	(940,071) ======

These Accounts were approved by the Board on 27th January 1997 and signed on its behalf by:

Dr. A.P.A. Pechota Director

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NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of its accounts are as follows:

Basis of Accounting

The accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention and under the going concern concept because the parent company has agreed not to require payment of monies due so long as there are net liabilities on the balance sheet.

The company is exempt from publishing a cash flow statement because it is a wholly owned subsidiary company of Neotronics Technology PLC which publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided in equal annual instalments at the following rates:

Motor vehicles

25% or 33%

Plant, fixtures and fittings

20%

Tools

33 1/3%

Short lease property

Over the period of the lease

Stocks

Stocks of raw materials, work in progress and finished goods are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In the case of work in progress and finished goods, cost includes an appropriate proportion of attributable manufacturing and other overheads. Net realisable value is actual or estimated selling price less all further costs to completion.

Deferred Taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation in respect of the excess of the net book value of fixed assets over their corresponding written down value for tax purposes and other short-term timing differences, to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, the liability is likely to arise in the foreseeable future.

Pensions

The company operates a pension scheme. The scheme is a defined contribution scheme where the pension benefits are directly determined by the contribution paid in respect of each member.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities stated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses included in the profit and loss account. No account is taken of the effect of fluctuations in exchange rates occurring after the year end. All other exchange differences are reflected in the profit and loss account for the year.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

(Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government and other grants

Capital

Grants received in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to profit over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual instalments.

Revenue

Revenue grants and contributions receivable in respect of development expenditure are credited against the expenditure to which they relate.

Research and Development

Expenditure on patents, research and development is written off as incurred.

Claims under Warranty

Costs in respect of claims under warranty are expensed as incurred.

Leased assets

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2. TURNOVER

Turnover comprises invoiced sales less returns, excluding VAT.

	1996 £	1995 £
Turnover analysed by geographical market: U.K. Overseas	808,952 1,312,947	771,450 1,277,025
	2,121,899	2,048,475

3. EMPLOYEES

Average number of people (including directors) employed by the company during the year to 30th September 1995.

	Numbe	r of Employees
Production Research and development Selling Administration	1996 19 6 7 3	1995 20 9 9 4
	35 =====	42 =====

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

(Continued)

3. EMPLOYEES Continued

	Costs in respect of these employees:	<u>1996</u> £	1995 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	563,841 57,512 10,759	678,505 69,207 9,674
		632,112	757,386
4.	OPERATING PROFIT	1996 £	1995 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging: Directors' remuneration including costs of terminating service contract (Note 5) Auditor's remuneration - audit services Depreciation Operating leases: property	82,663 9,000 45,731 49,860	94,462 9,000 44,464 48,590

5. DIRECTORS' MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION

The remuneration of the Directors, who are not remunerated by the group companies and excluding pension contributions, is as follows:

	1996 £	<u>1995</u> £
Highest paid director, including cost of terminating service contract	82,165	47,011

The remuneration of the above director fell in the following ranges:

Number of directors

	<u>1996</u>	<u> 1995</u>
£45,001 - £50,000	-	1
£80,001 - £85,000	1	-

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

(Continued)

6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	<u>1996</u> £	1995 £
	Charge for taxation based on profit		
	for the year: Corporation tax at 33% (1994: 33%)	-	<u></u>
	Deferred taxation	-	-
		-	-
	Adjustment in respect of previous years:		
	Corporation tax	-	-
		···	
		-	-
		======	

No charge to taxation arises in the year. The company has losses of approximately £320,000 (1995: £304,000) available to carry forward for relief against future trading profits. Credit has been taken in these accounts for tax relief on the reorganisation costs included in the exceptional item as disclosed in the accounts for the year ended 30th September 1995.

7. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant, fixtures fittings & tooling £	Short lease property £	Total £
Cost At 30th September 1995 Additions	395,166 7,519	48,190	443,356 7,519
At 30th September 1996	402,685	48,190	450,875
Depreciation At 30th September 1995 Charge for year	287,295 43,738	5,399 1,993	292,694 45,731
At 30th September 1996	331,033	7,392	338,425
Net book values At 30th September 1996	71,652 =====	40,798	112,450
At 30th September 1995	107,871	42,791 =====	150,662 =====

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

(Continued)

8.	STOCKS	1996 £	1995 £
	Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	316,368 143,221 136,958	297,804 144,130 124,121
		596,547 =====	566,055 =====
9.	DEBTORS	<u>1996</u> £	1995 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	195,924 4,080 18,303 243,887	234,140 43 23,862 167,456
		462,194 =====	425,501 ======
10.	OTHER CREDITORS	<u>1996</u> £	1995 £
	Amounts due to parent company	970,015	890,666
	Corporation tax Other taxes and social security Accruals and deferred income Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries Other creditors	50,342	5,175 156,491
		1,020,357 =====	1,052,332
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	1996 £	1995
	10% unsecured loan stock	1,088,235	1,088,235

The 10% unsecured loan stock is held by the company's parent company, Neotronics Limited, and is redeemable at par together with accrued interest on 31st December 2001.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996 (Continued)

12. DEFERRED TAXATION

No provision has been made for deferred taxation as there are no material timing differences.

13.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	199 <u>6</u> £	<u>1995</u> £
	Authorised: 10,000 ordinary shares of £10 each	100,000 =====	100,000
	Allotted called up, and fully paid: 400 ordinary shares of £10 each fully paid	4,000 ======	4,000 =====
14.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		£
	At 30th September 1995 Profit for the year		(944,071) 36,063
	At 30th September 1996		(908,008)

15. LEASING COMMITMENTS

The annual commitments under operating leases analysed according to the period in which each lease expires, are as follows:

		<u>1996</u> £	1995 £
i)	Premises - within one year - two to five years - over five years	-	6,200
		38,600	42,100
		38,600 =====	48,300
ii)	Plant and machinery - within one year - two to five years	- -	1,470
			
		======	1,470 =====

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 1996

(Continued)

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company is party to an unlimited multilateral guarantee on group borrowings. Group borrowings at 30th September 1996 under this guarantee amounted to £1,370,000 (1995: £842,000).

17. HOLDING COMPANY

Solomat Limited is a 100% owned subsidiary of Neotronics Limited. Its parent company is Neotronics Technology PLC., both companies are incorporated in England and Wales and they are situated at the registered office of the company noted on page 1. Their accounts may be obtained from Companies House in Cardiff.

Since 30th September 1996 Hesta AG, a company incorporated in Switzerland, has become the ultimate holding company.