# Flowtech Limited

# Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 01672034 31 December 2008

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Flowtech Limited
Directors' report and financial statements
31 December 2008

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# Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

#### Business review and principal activities

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Flowtech IPL Limited. Its ultimate holding company is Flowtech Holdings Limited, a UK registered company operating through subsidiaries in Europe and the UK.

Flowtech Limited's principal activity is the purchasing and distribution of engineering components, principally within the UK and Eire. There have not been any significant changes in the company's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the company's activities in the next year.

As shown in the company's profit and loss account on page 6, the company's sales have increased by over 4% from the previous year to £25,710,437. Whilst this new business has been encouraging, the volatility of raw material prices, particularly metal, together with adverse currency movement has impinged on gross profit, which has decreased from 41.5% to 39%. Administration costs have been managed at 2007 levels wherever possible with an overall increase of wage cost just over 1%, nevertheless overall Profit before tax fell back to £4,207,805.

The balance sheet on page 7 shows that the net assets of the company have increased by over £3M, substantially through higher debtors. This is the result inter-company support particularly for growth of European activities through its sister company Allfitt Flowtechnology.

The company's management uses a number of key measures to monitor and manage the performance of the business. The performance of individual customers and individual products is reviewed daily in terms of turnover and profitability, with particular focus on service and the comparison of actual performance with prior year and target performance. At the company level the key performance indicators are sales, gross margin, EBITA, cash generation, together with working capital measures against stock and debtors.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The company operates in a highly competitive market place with an emphasis on the availability of stock and service. As such, it puts particular emphasis on stock availability and being No. 1 for service. The company manages this risk by having a broad spread of customers and focuses on delivering a quality level of service and building strong relationships with customers.

The company purchases large amounts of materials that have been shown to suffer severe price volatility due to both availability and the effect of foreign exchange. To minimise these effects the company buys deep stocks of affected products.

#### Environment

The company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities and operates in accordance with policies agreed through a Health and Safety Committee and a Staff Consultative Committee. Initiatives designed to minimise the company's impact on the environment include the recycling of waste where practical.

# Directors' Report (Continued)

#### **Employees**

Details of the number of employees and related costs can be found in note 6 to the financial statements. The company is committed to providing staff and management with training designed to develop attitudes and skills and give opportunities for advancement. The company promotes good communication and consultation with regular management meetings, staff briefings, an in-house magazine and a Staff Consultative Committee to involve staff in the progress of the company and its future.

All staff participate in company performance bonus schemes. The company believes that these schemes demonstrate the company's commitment to involving employees in performance.

#### **Charitable and Political Donations**

Charitable contributions made by the Group in the period amounted to £ Nil (2007: £900).

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **Auditors**

Persuant to section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

SI Keyworth

Managing Director

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



#### KPMG LLP 8 Princes Parade

Liverpool L3 1QH United Kingdom

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Flowtech Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Flowtech Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 3.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Flowtech Limited (continued)

#### **Opinion**

## In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

SMG-us.

31 March 2009

# Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Turnover Cost of sales	1,2	25,710,437 (15,802,672)	24,709,750 (14,446,661)
Cost of Sales		<del></del>	<del></del>
Gross profit		9,907,765	10,263,089
Administrative expenses		(5,540,086)	(4,998,560)
Operating profit		4,367,679	5,264,529
Interest receivable and similar income	4	31,303	1,096
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(191,177)	(125,330)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	4,207,805	5,140,295
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(1,002,288)	(40,431)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	18	3,205,517	5,099,864

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year. Accordingly, a Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has not been prepared.

All turnover and operating profits are derived from continuing operations.

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2008

	Note	2008		2007	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	8		133,360		200,020
Tangible assets	9		1,703,287		1,680,533
Investments	10		136,019		136,019
			1,972,666		2,016,572
Current assets			2,572,000		_,,,,,,,,,
Stocks	11	5,129,123		4,978,432	
Debtors	12	26,186,516		23,517,783	
Cash at bank and in hand		929,318		152,342	
		32,244,957		28,648,557	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(6,880,857)		(6,407,251)	
Net current assets			25,364,100		22,241,306
Net current assets					
Total assets less current liabilities			27,336,766		24,257,878
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	14		(159,921)		(284,420)
Provisions for liabilities	15		(171,699)		(173,829)
Net assets			27,005,146		23,799,629
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		100		100
Share premium account	17		9,974		9,974
Profit and loss account	17		26,995,072		23,789,555
Shareholders' funds	18		27,005,146		23,799,629

These financial statements were approved by the directors on 3/s f f f f f and were signed by:

DK Crosby Director

#### **Notes**

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The directors have carefully considered the current and future cash flow and funding position and despite the market difficulties and tough conditions expected over the next few months they believe that the company has taken sufficient steps to withstand the impact of the credit crunch and has recently agreed new facilities. Should market conditions deteriorate, the directors believe a number of options remain available to ensure the conditions of their funding will continue to be met and therefore enable the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below.

The Company is exempt by virtue of s228 of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the group headed by Flowtech Holdings Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Flowtech Holdings Limited, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 21.

#### Goodwill

Purchased goodwill, representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired, is capitalised and is amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated useful economic life of three to six years.

#### Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and for services provided, excluding VAT and discounts. Turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account at the point of dispatch.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:

Plant and machinery

5 to 15 years

(6% - 20% per annum)

Motor vehicles

3 years

(33% per annum)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Leased assets

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchases contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### Investments

Investments are included at cost less amounts written off. Profits or losses arising from disposals of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the result from ordinary activities.

#### Stocks

Stock are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Catalogue costs

The costs of producing the company's annual catalogue are written off in the year to which the catalogue relates.

#### Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred taxation is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is dealt with through the profit and loss account.

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Scheme**

The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

#### **Government Grants**

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned.

Government grants of a revenue nature are credited to the profit and loss account in the same period as the related expenditure.

#### 2 Turnover

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

	2008 £	2007 £
United Kingdom Europe Rest of World	24,362,729 1,301,683 46,025	. 23,440,223 1,251,246 18,281
	25,710,437	24,709,750
3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):	2008 £	· 2007
Depreciation Amortisation Profit on foreign exchange transactions Other operating lease rentals Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	274,270 66,660 124,719 441,960	216,554 66,660 (85,654) 415,268 (426)
Auditor's remuneration: Audit of these financial statements Other services in relation to taxation	31,500 18,228	30,000 22,750
4 Interest receivable and similar income	2008 £	2007 £
Bank interest receivable Other interest receivable	31,303	824 272
	31,303	1,096
5 Interest payable and similar charges		
•	2008 £	2007 £
Invoice discounting facility Other interest	160,551 7,253 23,373	. 93,394 - 31,936
Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases	191,177	125,330

2008 £

166,172

# Notes (continued)

**Emoluments** 

# 6 Directors and employees

Staff costs during the year were as follows:	2008 £	2007 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,695,047 229,896 36,514	2,661,605 226,426 30,700
	2,961,457	2,918,731
The average number of employees of the company (including directors)	during the year was:	
	2008 Number	2007 Number
Distribution Administration	68 66	61 72
	134	133
Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows:		
	2008 £	2007 £
Emoluments	551,279	551,684
During the year no directors (2007: Nil) participated in money purchase	pension schemes.	
The amounts set out above include remuneration in respect of the highes	t paid director as follows:	

2007 £

163,834

7	Taxation		
A	nalysis of charge in the year	2008 £	2007 £
C	Current tax		
υ	IK corporation tax payable/(receivable)	718,257	-
Α	djustment in respect of prior year	286,161	20,257
Т	otal current tax	1,004,418	20,257
D	eferred tax		
0	Origination of timing differences	(2,130)	32,574
Α	djustments in respect of prior periods	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16
	npact on deferred tax of change in the tax rate	•	(12,416)
Т	otal deferred tax	(2,130)	20,174
T	ax on profit on ordinary activities	1,002,288	40,431
		<del></del>	

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2007: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2007: 30%).

The differences are explained below:

Factors affecting the tax charge in the year	2008 £	2007 £
Profit before taxation	4,207,805	5,140,295
Profit on ordinary activites multiplied by the hybrid rate of corporation tax in the UK at 28.5% (2007: 30%)	1,199,224	1,542,089
Effects of	979	(22.521)
Other timing differences	878	(32,531)
Depreciation for the year in excess of capital allowances  Movements in tax losses	1,252	(1,529,811) 20,253
••	20.211	20,257
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	29,311 286,161	20,237
Adjustment in respect of prior periods  Group relief	(512,377)	<u>-</u>
•	• , ,	- -
Effect of difference between hybrid rate and closing deferred tax rate	(31)	-
Current tax charge/(credit) for the year	1,004,418	20,257

# 8 Intangible fixed assets

		•	Goodwill £
Cost At 1 January 2008 Additions			1,262,865
At 31 December 2008			1,262,865
Amortisation At 1 January 2008 Provided in the year			1,062,845 66,660
At 31 December 2008			1,129,505
Net book value At 31 December 2008			133,360
At 31 December 2007			200,020
9 Tangible fixed assets			
	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
_	£	£	£
Cost At 1 January 2008 Additions	3,147,033 297,023	15,000	3,162,033 297,023
At 31 December 2008	3,444,056	15,000	3,459,056
Depreciation At 1 January 2008 Charge for year	1,466,500 274,269	15,000	1,481,500 274,269
At 31 December 2008	1,740,769	15,000	1,755,769
Net book value At 31 December 2008	1,703,287	<u> </u>	1,703,287
At 31 December 2007	1,680,533	-	1,680,533

10	Fired	accat	investments
10	rixea	asser	invesiments

10 Fixed asset investments	Total	Investments in subsidiary undertakings	Other investments
	£	£	£
Cost at 1 January 2008 and at 31 December 2008	136,019	3	136,016
			<del></del>

## At 31 December 2008 the company held 20% or more of the share capital of the following:

Company	Country of incorporation	Class of share capital held	Proportion held	Nature of business
Subsidiary undertakings				
ABD Flowtech Limited	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Flowtech.Co.UK Limited	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
IPL Fluid Power Limited	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant

The company also owns 10% of the Ordinary shares in All-Fitt Benelux BV, a company incorporated in the Netherlands. The immediate holding company of Flowtech Limited (Flowtech IPL) owns the remaining 90% of the shares.

1	1	C41
1	1	Stocks

	2008 £	2007 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	5,129,123	4,978,432
12 Debtors	2008	2007
	2008 £	£
Trade debtors	5,176,924	5,842,120
Other debtors	11,905	133,434
Prepayments and accrued income	1,348,952	2,007,264
Amounts owed by group undertakings	19,648,735	15,534,965
	26,186,516	23,517,783

	2008 £	2007 £
	ı	•
Trade creditors	2,892,704	3,425,775
Corporation tax	1,004,418	•
Social security and other taxes	300,086	345,280
Other creditors	36,563	48,125
Accruals and deferred income	505,599	497,461
Finance lease	124,485	115,951 1,974,659
Barclays invoice discounting facility	2,017,002	1,974,039
	6,880,857	6,407,251
14 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		
•	2008	2007
	£	ŧ
Finance leases	159,921	284,420
		<del></del>
5 Provisions for liabilities		
	D	eferred taxation
		•
At January 2008		173,829
^		(2.12)
Current year movement		(2,130
Adjustment in respect of prior year		
Adjustment in respect of prior year		171,699
		171,699
Adjustment in respect of prior year		171,699
Adjustment in respect of prior year	Current year Pr	
Adjustment in respect of prior year		ior year
Adjustment in respect of prior year	Current year Pr Provided Unprovided Provided £ £ £	ior year Unprovided
Adjustment in respect of prior year  At 31 December 2008	Provided Unprovided Provided	ior year Unprovided
Adjustment in respect of prior year  At 31 December 2008  Capital allowance in excess of depreciation	Provided Unprovided Provided £ £ £ £	ior year Unprovided
Adjustment in respect of prior year  At 31 December 2008	Provided Unprovided Provided	ior year Unprovided

## 16 Called up share capital

20 Canon approximation of the contract of the	2008	2007
	£	£
Authorised		
2,000 "A" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	200	200
2,000 "B" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	200	200
2,000 "C" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	200	200
2,000 "D" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	200	200
2,000 "E" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	200	200
	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid	<del></del>	
451 "A" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	45	45
349 "B" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	35	35
100 "C" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	10	10
50 "D" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	5	5
50 "E" Ordinary shares of 10 pence each	5	5
	100	100

Each category of share has equivalent rights in respect of both voting and on a winding-up of the company.

## 17 Share premium and reserves

	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2008 Profit for the year	9,974 -	23,789,555 3,205,517
At 31 December 2008	9,974	26,995,072

#### 18 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2008 £	<b>2007</b> £
Profit for the financial year	3,205,517	5,099,864
Shareholders' funds at 1 January 2008	23,799,629	18,699,765
Shareholders' funds at 31 December 2008	27,005,146	23,799,629

#### 19 Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2008 or 31 December 2007.

#### 20 Operating lease commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	1 0	Land and buildings		Other	
		2008	2007	2008	2007
		£	£	£	£
Expiring:					
In one year or less		-	-	17,146	33,042
Between one and two years		83,000	83,000	10,546	19,719
Between two and five years		30,000	30,000	3,668	14,480
In more than five years		312,500	312,500	-	-
		425,500	425,500	31,360	67,241
		425,500	423,300	31,300	

#### 21 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Flowtech IPL Limited, incorporated in the United Kingdom. The ultimate parent company is Flowtech Holdings Limited, incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Flowtech Holdings Limited.

The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from Pimbo Road, Skelmersdale, Lancashire, England, WN8 9RB.