### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 01566977**

### REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

# ANDREWS PROFESSIONAL COLOUR LABORATORIES LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 31 DECEMBER 2011

### **BURGESS HODGSON**

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### ANDREWS PROFESSIONAL COLOUR LABORATORIES LIMITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

### **31 DECEMBER 2011**

		2011		2010	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			-		-
Tangible assets			421,939		473,394
			421,939		473,394
CURRENT ASSETS			ŕ		•
Stocks		7,390		6,958	
Debtors		57,333		49,346	
Cash at bank and in hand		108		107	
		64,831		56,411	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
within one year	3	212,138		157,945	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(147,307)		(101,534)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			274,632		371,860
LIABILITIES			274,032		371,800
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	4		177,248		225,584
			97,384		146,276
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	6		10,744		10,744
Share premium account			70,433		70,433
Revaluation reserve			160,644		160,644
Profit and loss account			(144,437)		(95,545)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			97,384		146,276

### ANDREWS PROFESSIONAL COLOUR LABORATORIES LIMITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) 31 DECEMBER 2011

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on the Time 2014 and are signed on their behalf by

MR M A ANDREWS

MR D W ANDREWS

Company Registration Number 01566977

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 20 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

3 years straight line

### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or revaluation of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold Property

equal instalments over the period of the lease

Plant & Machinery

4 & 6 years straight line

Negative Library

- 2% straight line

Motor Vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

Aircraft

- 10% reducing balance & 3 years straight line

### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### **Pension costs**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets	Tangible Assets	Total	
	£	£	£	
COST OR VALUATION	_		_	
At 1 January 2011	4,000	1,502,264	1,506,264	
Additions	, <u> </u>	13,709	13,709	
Disposals	_	(995)	(995)	
At 31 December 2011	4,000	1,514,978	1,518,978	
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2011	4,000	1,028,870	1,032,870	
Charge for year		64,744	64,744	
On disposals		(575)	(575)	
At 31 December 2011	4,000	1,093,039	1,097,039	
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2011	_	421,939	421,939	
At 31 December 2010	_	473,394	473,394	
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### 3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

. ,	2011	2010	
	£	£	
Bank loans and overdrafts	70,135	26,955	

### 4. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

	2011	2010
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	165,156	192,461

### 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mr D W Andrews throughout the current and previous year Mr D W Andrews is the managing director and majority shareholder

At the year end the company owed Mr D W Andrews £57,778 (2010 £32,800) and Mr M A Andrews £nil (2009 £1,000) The maximum amount owed to Mr D W Andrews during the year was £62,798 (2010 £50,108)

Mr D W and Mr M A Andrews have given personal guarantees to the Company's bankers In addition, they have provided personal security in respect of life policies for £300,000 and £270,000 respectively

### 6. SHARE CAPITAL

### Authorised share capital:

		2011		2010
408 000 Ordinary shares -6.61		£		£
498,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		498,000		498,000
200,000 Preference shares of £0 01 each		2,000		
		500,000		500,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2011		2010	
	No	£	No	£
10,744 Ordinary shares of £1 each 100,000 Preference shares of £0 01	10,744	10,744	10,744	10,744
each	100,000	1,000	100,000	_1,000
	110,744	11,744	110,744	11,744
			2011	2010
Amounts presented in equity:			£	£
10,744 Ordinary shares of £1 each			10,744	10,744
10,744 Ordinary shares of 21 each			10,744	
Amounts presented in liabilities:				
100,000 Preference shares of £0 01 each			1,000	1,000