Company No: 1564040

CML Group Limited

Annual Report

♦ Year ended 31 March 2001 ♦



CML GROUP LIMITED

CONTENTS OF THE ANNUAL REPORT

	Page
Company information	1
Report of the directors	2-3
Independent auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7-15

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors I D Brodie - Chairman

K N Edwards - Appointed 19 May 2000

J S Ellison D N Haden D J Ison G D Stewart

D J Brannock - Resigned 2 March 2001 D G Scott - Resigned 31 March 2001

Secretary

J S Ellison

Registered office

PO Box 25

South Marston Park

Swindon Wiltshire SN3 4TR

Registered number

1564040

Auditors

RSM Robson Rhodes Chartered Accountants Centre City Tower 7 Hill Street Birmingham B5 4UU

Bankers

Barclays Bank PLC 10-14 High Street

Swindon Wiltshire SN1 3ED

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2001.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company in the year were precision engineering and manufacture of sub assemblies and components for the aerospace and transportation industries.

Business review and future developments

The results for the year reflect a steady demand for the principle products and services of the business.

The business has continued to broaden its product manufacturing base with the ongoing development of the principle products of Precision Machining, Sheet Detail Fabrications, Composite Materials and Finish Treatments.

Whilst it is anticipated that our markets will remain competitive, ongoing attention to operating efficiencies, cost reduction and working capital management, will enable the business to maintain profitable trading.

The business continues to work closely with its customers to achieve ongoing and sustainable cost reductions.

Dividends

A dividend was paid in the year of £Nil (2000 : £120,000). The directors propose a final dividend for the year of £164,000 (2000 : £NIL).

Directors

The directors of the company who served during the year are set out on page 1.

The interests of the directors, who are all main board directors of Intelek plc except for those directors noted below, are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

The beneficial interests of the directors and their families at 31 March 2001 and the beginning of the year in the ordinary share capital of Intelek plc, other than for main board directors are detailed below:

	Ordinary shares of 5p each						
			Options	under	Options	under the	
	Bene	ficial	Executive Scheme		Savings Related Scheme		
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	
D N Haden	-	-	20,000	20,000	-	-	
G D Stewart	-	-	40,000	40,000	-	-	
D J Ison	-	-	12,500	20,000	-	-	

There are no non-beneficial interests. There have been no changes in the above since the year end.

The options granted under the terms of the Executive Scheme are exercisable between 2001 and 2009 at prices of between 16p and 25p per share.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

(Continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities for the Annual Report

Company law in the United Kingdom requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors have:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- followed applicable United Kingdom accounting standards; and
- prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the directors' report and other information included in the Annual Report is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

Auditors

The auditors, RSM Robson Rhodes are willing to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approval

The report of the directors was approved by the Board on 18 June 2001 and signed on its behalf by:

J S-BLLISC Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CML GROUP LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 15.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any information outside the Annual Report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

RSM Robson Rhodes

Phu Reson

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Birmingham, England 18 June 2001

CML GROUP LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 March 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
Turnover - continuing operations Cost of sales	2	11,123,557 (9,639,110)	10,512,722 (9,175,023)
Gross profit Administrative expenses Other operating income/(expenses)		1,484,447 (613,853) (3,323)	1,337,699 (626,813) 6,860
Operating profit before management charges - continuing operations		867,271	717,746
Group management charges		(309,000)	(163,000)
Operating profit after management charges - continuing operations. Interest	3 4	558,271 (16,240)	554,746 (51,387)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation	7	542,031 (213,538)	503,359 (101,535)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation Dividends	8	328,493 (164,000)	401,824 (120,000)
Retained profit for the year	17	164,493	281,824

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than those reported above.

CML GROUP LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET at 31 March 2001			
	Note	2001 £	2000 £
Fixed assets		x	æ
Tangible assets	9	1,899,304	2,145,575
			
Current assets			
Stocks	10	1,405,204	1,488,573
Debtors	11	3,067,876	2,399,758
Cash at bank and in hand		789,808	129,050
		5,262,888	4,017,381
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	12	(3,085,127)	(2,316,524)
or a series of the series of t			
Net current assets		2,177,761	1,700,857
			· · ·
Total assets less current liabilities		4,077,065	3,846,432
Constitution A and C III 1 C			
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year			
Interest free loan from parent company	13	2,788,000	2,788,000
Other creditors	13	151,030	80,302
Provisions for liabilities and charges	14	64,200	80,300
Deferred Income	15	11,512	-
Net assets		3,014,742	2,948,602
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	16	100,000	100,000
Profit and loss account	17	962,323	797,830
Equity shareholders' funds	18	1,062,323	897,830
Source of capital		4,077,065	3,846,432

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 18 June 2001 and signed on its behalf by:

G D STEWART

Director

D N HADEN Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is the amount receivable for goods and services supplied, excluding value added tax. Turnover is recognised on long term contracts as these progress and comprises the sales value of work performed in the year.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write down the cost of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. No depreciation is provided on freehold land or assets in the course of construction. The principal annual rates used are:

Leasehold improvements 10% straight line

Plant and fixtures 8% to 33% straight line (see below)

Motor vehicles 25% straight line

In certain cases plant and machinery is depreciated to residual value over 12½ years and then to £Nil value over a further five years. Previously all plant was depreciated to £Nil value.

Foreign currencies

Where practicable, transactions involving foreign currencies are protected by equivalent currency borrowings or currency contracts, and recorded at the value of the sterling proceeds of such borrowings or contracts. Otherwise, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Pensions

In accordance with SSAP 24, contributions to the group defined benefit pension scheme are charged to profit on the recommendation of a qualified actuary using the defined accrued benefit method so as to spread the cost of pensions over the anticipated service lives of scheme members. Contributions to defined Contribution Schemes are charged to profits as they fall due.

Deferred tax is fully accounted for on any difference between accumulated pension costs charged against profit and accumulated contributions paid.

Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct material and labour and, where appropriate, includes attributable overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Government grants

Grants in respect of fixed assets are credited to the profit and loss account in equal annual instalments over the useful lives of the assets concerned.

Other grants are credited to the profit and loss account in the same year as the expenditure to which they contribute.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided under the liability method to take account of timing differences arising because of the different treatment of certain items for accounts and tax purposes where there is reasonable probability that such taxation will become payable in the foreseeable future.

Leased assets

Fixed assets subject to finance leases are capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the depreciation policy stated above. The corresponding liability for the capital element is included in creditors, and the interest, calculated on the basis of the amount outstanding, is charged against profits over the year of the lease. The rental and operating lease costs of all other assets are charged against profit before interest, as incurred.

2. TURNOVER

	2001 £	2000 £
United Kingdom	10,634,625	9,311,956
Other EC Countries	4,972	3,612
North America	483,960	1,197,154
	11,123,557	10,512,722

An element of the sales made to United Kingdom customers is in respect of end customers based in overseas markets, particularly in the United States.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2001 £	2000 £
Depreciation	449,822	437,261
Amortisation of government grants	(18,448)	-
Loss/(profit) on sale of fixed assets	7,505	(6,624)
Operating lease rentals		
plant and machinery	205,634	207,433
land and buildings	288,418	229,640
Auditors' remuneration	8,500	12,000
Fees paid to Robson Rhodes for other services	375	6,950

4. INTEREST

5.

Wages and salaries

Social security costs

Other pension costs

	2001	2000
D 11 1 1 6 11	£	£
Bank loan and overdrafts repayable:	15.600	22.040
within five years	15,690	33,049
Finance leases and hire purchase	19,017	15,489
Other loans	4,314	2,849
	39,021	51,387
Interest receivable	(22,781)	-
	16,240	51,387
EMPLOYEES		
EMPLOYEES Average monthly number of employees, including	ing directors: 2001 No	2000 No
Average monthly number of employees, includi	2001 No	No
	2001	
Average monthly number of employees, includi	2001 No 189 19	No 173 18
Average monthly number of employees, includi	2001 No 189	No 173
Average monthly number of employees, includi	2001 No 189 19 ————————————————————————————————	No 173 18 ———————————————————————————————————
Average monthly number of employees, including Production Administration	2001 No 189 19	No 173 18

2001

2000

4,162,900

337,284

203,583

4,703,767

4,420,841

377,411

317,719

5,115,971

Emoluments of the company's directors:

6. DIRECTORS

	2001 £	2000 £
Emoluments	182,528	181,415
Pension contributions	17,475	17,451

		<u> </u>
	200,003	198,866
Emoluments excluding pension contributions:	2001 £	2000 £
Highest paid director	74,793	69,109

All other directors accrue retirement benefits within the parent company.

7. TAXATION

	2001 £	2000 £
UK corporation tax at 30% (2000 - 30%)	6,667	45,000
Group relief at 30% (2000 - 30%)	210,854	140,199
Deferred taxation	(16,100)	(75,700)
Amandment of provious year's estimates	201,421	109,499
Amendment of previous year's estimate: - Corporation tax	(37,500)	(7,964)
- Group relief	49,617	(7,904)
- Group Tener		
	213,538	101,535

8. DIVIDENDS

	2001 £	2000 €
Interim dividend paid at £1.64 per share (2000: £1.20)	164,000	120,000

9. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Leasehold improvements	Assets in course of construction £	Plant and fixtures £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 April 2000	581,446	-	6,225,342	40,220	6,847,008
Additions	16,014	25,088	157,338	14,650	213,090
Disposals			(494,699)		(494,699)
At 31 March 2001	597,460	25,088	5,887,981	54,870	6,565,399
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2000	346,293	_	4,315,234	39,906	4,701,433
Charged in year	43,708	-	404,884	1,230	449,822
Disposals	-	-	(485,160)	-	(485,160)
At 31 March 2001	390,001	-	4,234,958	41,136	4,666,095
Net book value At 31 March 2001	207,459	25,088	1,653,023	13,734	1,899,304
At 31 March 2000	235,153	-	1,910,108	314	2,145,575
					

The net book value of the tangible fixed assets includes £383,800 (2000 - £436,198) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase. Depreciation charged in the year on those assets amounted to £52,399 (2000 - £53,167).

10	
10.	STOCKS

	2001 £	2000 £
Raw materials and consumables	414,757	473,417
Work in progress	882,002	871,358
Finished goods and goods for resale	108,445	143,798
		
	1,405,204	1,488,573

The replacement cost of the above would not be significantly different from the values stated.

11. **DEBTORS**

	2001 £	2000 £
Trade debtors	2,083,749	1,842,268
Amounts owed by group undertakings	831,373	396,304
Other debtors	478	1,303
Prepayments and accrued income	121,443	121,331
Taxation recoverable	30,833	38,552
	3,067,876	2,399,758

12.

CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE	WITHIN ONE YEAR	
	2001	2000
	£	£
Obligations under finance leases	76,743	108,362
Trade creditors	1,019,074	963,294
Amounts due to group undertakings	801,803	580,803
Group relief payable	260,471	-
Other taxation and social security	376,224	232,996
Other creditors	108,525	129,133
Accruals	278,287	301,936
Proposed dividend	164,000	-
	3,085,127	2,316,524

13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2001 £	2000 £
Interest free loan from parent	2,788,000	2,788,000
Other creditors: Obligations under finance leases - due between one and two years - due between two and five years	40,392 110,638	48,922 31,380
	151,030	80,302

The interest free loan from parent of £2,788,000 (2000 - £2,788,000) is unsecured and has no fixed term of repayment. The parent company has confirmed that no substantial repayment will be requested within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

14. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Deferred taxation £
At 1 April 2000 Profit and loss account	80,300 (16,100)
At 31 March 2001	64,200

Deferred taxation comprises:

		Amounts provided		Amounts not provided	
	2001 £	2000 £	2001 £	2000 £	
Capital allowances Other timing differences	70,000 (5,800)	82,000 (1,700)	180,400	195,300	
•					
	64,200	80,300	180,400	195,300	

15.	DEFERRED INCOME		Government grant £
	Received in year Transfer to profit and loss account		30,000 (18,488)
	At 31 March 2001		11,512
16.	SHARE CAPITAL	2001 ₤	2000 £
	Authorised 100,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
17.	RESERVES		Profit and loss account
	At 1 April 2000 Profit for the year		797,830 164,493
	At 31 March 2001		962,323
18.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN S	HAREHOLDERS' FU	JNDS
		2001 £	2000 £
	Profit after taxation Dividends	328,493 (164,000)	401,824 (120,000)
	Opening shareholders' funds	164,493 897,830	281,824 616,006
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,062,323	897,830

19. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The company has given an unlimited cross company guarantee in favour of Barclays Bank PLC as security for its borrowings and those of certain group undertakings.

20. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Operating lease commitments

The annual commitments under operating leases are analysed to the year in which each lease expires, as follows:

•	2001 £	2000 £
Land and buildings, leases expiring		
within one year	_	208,000
between one and five years	9,000	9,000
beyond five years	289,500	82,565
		
	298,500	299,565
Plant and machinery, leases expiring		
within one year	19,826	11,450
between one and five years	191,666	199,784
beyond five years	420	-
		
	211,912	211,234

21. PENSION SCHEME

The company is a member of a defined benefit pension scheme operated by the parent company for the benefit of employees with assets held in separately invested funds, administered by trustees.

The latest actuarial valuation of the pension scheme was prepared as at 30 September 1999. A summary of the results of this valuation is contained within the financial statements of the parent company.

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Advantage has been taken of the special exemption for group companies regarding related party disclosures.

23. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The ultimate parent company is Intelek plc, which is registered in England and Wales.

Its group accounts are available to the public on payment of the appropriate fee, from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.