

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments

**Pursuant to section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986**

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

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Company Number

01391018

Name of Company

(a) Insert full
name of company

Emergency Spares Limited

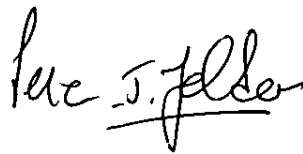
(b) Insert full
name(s) and
address(es)

I

Peter James Yeldon
The Hall
4 New Street
Salisbury
SP1 2PH

the liquidator of the company attach a copy of my statement of receipts and
payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date 28 January 2010

Presenter's name,
address and
reference
(if any)

Middleton Partners
The Hall
4 New Street
Salisbury
SP1 2PH

EMG151

For Official Use

Liquidation Section

Post Room

WEDNESDAY



A61

ALOJA1KQ

24/03/2010

COMPANIES HOUSE

200

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company	Emergency Spares Limited
Company's registered number	01391018
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	9 July 2002
Date to which this statement is brought down	8 January 2010
Name and address of liquidator	

Peter James Yeldon
The Hall
4 New Street
Salisbury
SP1 2PH

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represents the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

**Liquidator's statement of account
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought forward	1,433,211 39
10/07/2009	HM Revenue & Customs	Vat Control Account	5,697 10
30/09/2009	Bank Interest Received	Bank Interest Net of Tax	47 18
31/12/2009	Bank Interest Earned	Bank Interest Net of Tax	43 40
		Carried forward	1,438,999 07

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought forward	953,952 61
06/08/2009	mp	Vat Receivable	1,500 00
06/08/2009	mp	Liquidators Remuneration	10,000 00
01/10/2009	ISA Banking fee	BIS Bank Charges	23 00
28/10/2009	Middleton Partners	Liquidators Remuneration	15,000 00
28/10/2009	Middleton Partners	Vat Receivable	2,250 00
28/10/2009	Middleton Partners	Bank Charges	20 00
26/11/2009	Middleton Partners	Bank Charges	20 00
26/11/2009	Middleton Partners	Liquidators Remuneration	20,000 00
26/11/2009	Middleton Partners	Vat Receivable	3,000 00
15/12/2009	Middleton Partners	Liquidators Remuneration	50,000 00
15/12/2009	Middleton Partners	Vat Receivable	7,500 00
18/12/2009	Middleton Partners	Liquidators Remuneration	18,000 00
18/12/2009	Middleton Partners	Vat Receivable	2,700 00
18/12/2009	Middleton Partners	Bank Charges	20 00
		Carried forward	1,083,985 61

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

Total Realisations		£	1,438,999 07
Total Disbursements			1,083,985 61
	Balance £		355,013 46
This balance is made up as follows			
1 Cash in hands of liquidator			0 00
2 Balance at Bank			355,013 46
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account			-46 00
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	£	0 00	
Less the cost of investments realised		0 00	
Balance			0 00
5 Accrued Items			0 00
Total Balance as shown above			354,967 46

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state –

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors –including the holders of floating charges)	1,500 00
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	1,500 00

- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash	0 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

none

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

outstanding court case prevents closure

- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

unknown