# **COMPANIES HOUSE COPY**

## Kärcher (UK) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2014

Company Number 01350233

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# Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

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#### **Directors**

H O Jenner

S C Keeping

D H Grajer

M J Asch

T H Elsner

M R Venner

#### Secretary and registered office

M R Venner, Karcher House, Beaumont Road, Banbury, Oxfordshire, OX16 1TB

#### Company number

01350233

#### **Auditors**

BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

## Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### Review of the business

As set out on page 8 the company grew turnover in the year to £118,615,000 (2013 - £104,681,000) an increase of 13.3%. The gross profit increased by 21.6% with gross margin percentage increasing to 24.4% (2013 – 22.8%) due to favourable Euro/Sterling exchange rates.

Our Home & Garden sales performed particularly well in part due to additional television advertising and the favourable weather. Outdoor cleaning products benefitted from the warmer spring, good summer weather, increased distribution and improved point of sale displays in retail stores. Indoor products performed well off the back of additional advertising in the second half of the year and strong online sales on 'Black Friday' and 'Cyber Monday'.

Professional product sales also saw growth in 2014 due to strong territory sales and good dealer center performances. An additional Kärcher center was opened in Nottingham in the year and with Bristol has contributed to the growth in the professional sales.

Overhead expenses saw an increase of 20.1% with continued investment in the organisational structure, in store display investments and brand/media marketing.

The average headcount increased by 27 (2013 - 22) with additional resource put into product management, customer services and after care sales support.

The company made an operating profit in 2014 of £1,368,000 (2013 - £913,000) with profit on ordinary activities after taxation of £1,131,000 (2013 - £1,034,000)

Current assets at the end of 2014 showed an increase of £3,232,000 in line with increased volume of sales and company activity. Stocks remain within company expectations and key performance indicators for the group.

Trade debtors increased by £242,000 due to our increased sales volumes, with aged debt within performance indicators set for the business. No significant bad debt was experienced in 2014.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The UK economy is undergoing a strong recovery compared with the rest of Europe and the GDP forecast for 2015 is fairly positive. CPI inflation finished the year at 0.5%, the lowest rate since May 2000. It will however remain difficult to improve UK market penetration as the business continues to see increased competition and pressure on pricing across all products.

The weather in the UK does have an effect on our Outdoor sales particularly during the first half of the year but with strong point of sale for the range and added value in extended warranties we continue to look to grow the Home & Garden markets.

# Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

The company produce regular monthly management information for review and discussion by the directors, various business sector managers and employees.

The management review key sales and margin KPI's on a Business Unit level, product groups, target groups and sales channels. Financial KPI's that are also discussed and reviewed by the management team are company sales performance, gross margin by category and overheads versus previous year and company budgets.

Included in KPI submissions are non-financial measures including headcount per cost centre, employee turnover, employee days lost, customer service levels and orders delivered 'on time & in full' (OTIF).

Working capital measures reviewed and set for the coming periods by the operating review team are stock range, debtor days, cash collection targets, creditor days and liquidity forecasts.

A majority of the financial performance indicators are relevantly assessed on a business unit level and therefore not presented in this report however a key indicator for the measurement of the business is our return on assets. This is a ratio of our earnings over the 12 month average of our assets.

Return on Assets for 2014 is 3.6% (2013 – 2.6%)

At present there are no significant threats to operating costs or outstanding debts of the business, with all key business unit and company key indicators in line with forecasts.

By order of the board

M R Venner Secretary

Date:30 April 2015

## Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 8 and shows the profit for the year.

#### **Future Developments**

Innovation of our product range will continue to be the focus for the business with new products and product ranges introduced during the coming period.

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Closer collaboration with our customers, distribution channels and end users will also be a key focus of the business through advertising, retail marketing, social media and the Kärcher centers.

A new head office build is planned to start in the spring of 2015. The proposed site is in close proximity to our current location but will support the growth in staff numbers and UK product range. It will support additional engineering, demonstration, training and sales of the Kärcher products and cleaning solutions.

#### Management of financial risks

The directors have considered the disclosure requirements of FRS 25 'Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation'. The company's operations and administration are open to currency risks, liquidity risks, credit risks, interest rate risks and returned product risks.

The company has exposure to the Euro currency, this is managed by forward hedged exchange contracts and reviewed regularly with our treasury department at head office to ensure we have no large exposures or risk to company margins & costs.

The Company's policy in respect of credit risk is to require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made and monitor all customers' credit worthiness on a regular basis. The credit limit management tools within our software applications and dunning process are fully integrated to collect monies due to the company in a timely and orderly manner. Credit insurance on significant debt will also be put in place during the coming period to further strengthen the protection on our growing customer base and receivable assets.

The company's policy in respect of interest rate risk and liquidity risk is to maintain short term debt finance from the parent company and readily accessible bank overdraft accounts to ensure the company has sufficient funds for operations. The cash deposits are held in a mixture of short term deposits with the parent company and current accounts that earn interest at a floating rate.

Returned products are managed by a dedicated retail collection team, reworked and sold via a dedicated website. The company returns rates are regularly reviewed for each product range and appropriate provisions are made.

#### **Employment of disabled persons**

Full and fair consideration is given to the employment of applicants who are disabled persons, taking account of their disabilities and abilities. Employees who become temporarily or permanently disabled are retained in employment where possible with fair regard to their training needs, role and career development. All employees are fairly and equally provided opportunities for any promotion opportunities.

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

#### **Employee involvement**

The company creates platforms and encourages regular consultation with employees and management throughout the business. Employees are notified of the business performance and future developments through monthly operating updates, weekly team leader review meetings and company's annual conference. All employees have performance reviews, learning & development plans and self-assessment appraisal meetings at least once a year.

#### Post balance sheet events

Since the balance sheet date, the company has exchanged on contracts to construct a new head office building.

#### Charitable and political donations

The company did not make any charitable or political donations requiring special disclosure in the financial statements.

#### Research and development

The company has invested in the research and development of its brush wash products. This has resulted in a new automated bus wash machine being tested and launched in the UK. The future sales of the recently developed product will contribute to the growth of our wash systems division.

#### Market value of land and buildings

The directors are of the opinion that the market value of the company's interests in land and buildings significantly exceed the book value.

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company during the year were:

H O Jenner

S C Keeping

D H Grajer

M J Asch

T H Elsner M R Venner

## Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

#### **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Auditors**

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

M R Venner

Secretary

Date:

30 April 2015

#### Independent auditor's report

#### To the members of Kärcher (UK) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Kärcher (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Independent auditor's report (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

SOO LL

Thomas Lawton (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Birmingham
United Kingdom

30 April 2015

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Turnover	2	118,615	104,681
Cost of sales		89,602	80,828
Gross profit		29,013	23,853
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	·.	22,722 4,923	18,490 4,450
Operating profit	3	1,368	913
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6 7	6 (243)	4 (199)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,131	718
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	8 -		316
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		1,131	1,034

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

#### **Balance sheet** at 31 December 2014

Company number 01350233	Note	2014 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2013 £'000
Fixed assets					e <sup>1</sup>
Intangible assets	9		538		627
Tangible assets	10		2,123	. •	2,268
			2,661		2,895
Current assets				4	
Stocks	12	9,821		7,143	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Debtors	13	15,492		14,963	
Cash at bank and in hand		2		87	
		<del></del>		·	and the second of the second o
* 4.	£	25,315		22,193	
Creditors: amounts falling due wi				. A'	
one year	14	19,356		17,529	
		· <del></del>			
Net current assets			5,959	••.	4,664
Total assets less current liabilities	s		8,620		7,559
Provisions for liabilities	15		885		955
	,		7,735		6,604
, and the second					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	17		2,320		2,320
Profit and loss account	18		5,415 		4,284
Shareholders' funds	19		7,735		6,604
$\alpha$ /					

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 April 2015.

Jenner Director

S C Keeping

Director

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

# Cashflow statement for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2013 £'000
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	22		(483)		295
Returns on investments and servici of finance Interest received Interest paid: bank Interest paid: group loans	ng	6 (2) (241)		4 (2) (197)	.:
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of financ	e		(237)	, v **	(195)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible fixed ass	ets		(338)	9	. (737) ::
Acquisitions and disposals Purchase of business operations			<u>-</u>		(205)
Decrease in cash	23		(1,058)	•	(842)

#### Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014

#### **Accounting policies**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### Consolidated financial statements

Under s405 of the Companies Act 2006 the company is exempt from preparing group accounts as the inclusion of its subsidiary undertaking is not material for the purpose of giving a true and fair view.

The results included in these financial statements represent the results of the company only and not the

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The Directors have considered the principal risks and uncertainties that apply to the business and believe that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on this basis.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of the trade, assets and liabilities of a subsidiary undertaking is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Positive goodwill is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over the directors' estimate of its useful economic life of 10 years. Impairment tests on the carrying value of goodwill are undertaken:

- at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition;
- in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Land

- Not depreciated

Freehold property

- 10% straight line

Plant and machinery

- 25% - 33 1/3% straight line

Motor vehicles Other fixed assets - 25% straight line - 25% straight line

### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase, net of discounts, together with all associated costs attributable to the present condition and location of the stock. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief; and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances arising from underlying timing differences in respect of tax allowances on industrial buildings are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining those allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

#### Leased assets

Operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

#### Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme and a number of personal pension plans are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales. Turnover is recognised when goods have been despatched.

#### Conditions of sale

The company guarantees the products it supplies. Provision is made for any costs which are expected to be incurred after the year end under the terms of those guarantees.

#### Provisions for sales credit notes

The provision for sales credit notes is treated as an expense in the profit and loss account and is not shown as a reduction to turnover.

#### Assets held for rental

Equipment leased to customers under operating leases is capitalised within tangible fixed assets and is depreciated in accordance with the accounting policy above. Income is accounted for on a straight line basis.

#### Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date, or at the forward contract rate if settled using forward contracts in place at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 *(continued)*

2	Turnover		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Analysis by geographical market:		
	United Kingdom Europe	116,845 1,770	102,900 1,781
		118,615	104,681
	Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company.		
3	Operating profit		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	This is arrived at after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of positive goodwill	478 89	319 88
	Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases	770 113	807 23
		. —	
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the auditing of the company's annual accounts	37	37
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for other services:		• ,
	<ul><li>taxation compliance services</li><li>taxation advisory services</li></ul>	18 7	18 7 ———
		62	62

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

4	Employees		
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of:		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	9,230 1,093 493	8,313 933 433
		10,816	9,679
÷	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was a	s follows:	
	grange in the second se	2014 Number	2013 Number
	Management and administration Sales and marketing	24 240	22 215
		264	237
5	Directors' remuneration		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Directors' emoluments  Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	397 31	365 30

There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme during the year (2013 - 1).

The total amount payable to the highest paid director in respect of emoluments was £240,400 (2013 - £219,300). Company pension contributions of £13,800 (2013 - £14,000) were made to a money purchase scheme on his behalf.

Certain directors' emoluments were borne by the company's ultimate parent undertaking in the current year. It has not been possible to apportion directors' emoluments between the individual subsidiaries.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 *(continued)*

6	Other interest i	receivable aı	nd similar i	ncome			
	1973 1973	, . * . s. * * .			·	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Deposits with gr Other loans	oup compani	es			6	1 3
	4 4 4 7						
	<b>5</b> .	24				6	4
	to beside	*			-		
7	Interest payabl	e and simila	r charges				
		# 5 5 5 - 2 6 - 7 -		en e		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Bank loans and Loans from grou		<b>S</b>			2 241	2 197
•	name of the second					-	
	Stage .	٠:		•		243	199

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

axation on profit on ordinary activities		
	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
,		
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences	_	(292)

Adjustment in respect of previous periods

Effect of changes in tax rate

Movement in deferred tax provision - (316)

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applied to profit before tax.

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,131	718
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.5% (2013 - 23.25%)  Effect of:	243	167
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	80	34
Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances	10	109
Utilisation of brought forward losses	(333)	(310)
		<del></del>
Current tax charge for the year	-	-

Subject to agreement by HM Inspector of Taxes, there are tax losses of £2,148,905 (2013: £3,106,176) available against future trading profits.

The Chancellor's Statement on 19 March 2014 announced that the UK corporation tax main rate will reduce to 20% by April 2015. This will reduce the company's current tax charge accordingly.

The deferred tax asset at 31 December 2014 has been calculated based on the rate of 20% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 *(continued)*

### 9 Intangible fixed assets

			Purchased goodwill £'000
Cost At 1 January 2014 and 31 Dece	mber 2014		1,081
	•		
Amortisation At 1 January 2014 Provided for the year	<i></i>		454 89
a war a sa		i.	
At 31 December 2014 343			543
e de desp	•	•	
Net book value At 31 December 2014 △ #			538
NAME OF STREET		٠.	
At 31 December 2013 12	:		627
4 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 1			

The assets are reviewed annually for impairment. The review at 31 December 2014 indicated that no such impairment had arisen.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

#### 10 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Other fixed assets £'000	Total £'000
Cost At 1 January 2014 Additions Disposals	4,266 - -	3,538 315 (23)	599 23 (8)	8,403 338 (31)
At 31 December 2014	4,266	3,830	614	8,710
Depreciation At 1 January 2014 Provided for the year Disposals	2,874 42 -	2,752 387 (18)	509 49 (8)	6,135 478 (26)
At 31 December 2014.	2,916	3,121	550	6,587
Net book value At 31 December 2014	1,350	709	64	2,123
At 31 December 2013	1,392	786 ———	90	2,268

#### 11 Fixed asset investments

Subsidiary undertakings

Kärcher (UK) Limited own 100% of the ordinary share capital of Atlantis International Limited.

Under s405 of the Companies Act 2006 Kärcher (UK) Limited is exempt from preparing group accounts as the inclusion of its subsidiary undertaking is not material for the purpose of giving a true and fair view.

#### 12 Stocks

2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Finished goods and goods for resale 9,821	7,143
· ·	

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

Debtors				•
			2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Amounts receiv	vable within one year		£.000	£'000
Trade debtors Amounts owed Prepayments a	by group undertakings ind accrued income		13,872 204 183	13,630 95 91
Other debtors			610	524
*	•			No.
Amounts receiv	vable after more than one year		14,869	14,340
Deferred taxati	on '"		623	623
•				` . · · <del> </del>
Total debtors	to the total		15,492	14,963
7 - 18 - A	en Monthe &			. , <del></del>
	a estan esta estan			Deferred taxation £'000
At 1 January 20	014 and 31 December 2014	to the transport of the second		623
Deferred taxati	oń			
The amount of	deferred tax provided for is as f	ollows:	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Accelerated ca Sundry timing of	pital allowances differences		325 71	325 71
	,			<u> </u>
Unutiliséd tax k	osses		396 227	396 227
	•			

A deferred tax asset has been recognised in the accounts on the basis of future profits expected to be realised within one year.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts	973	-
	Trade creditors	2,044	2,110
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	10,950	9,892
	Taxation and social security	3,236	3,638
	Accruals and deferred income	2,153	1,889
		19,356	17,529
		<i>:</i>	•

#### 15 Provisions for liabilities

	Returns and warranty provision £'000
At 1 January 2014 Charged to profit and loss account Utilised in year	955 97 (167)
At 31 December 2014	885

The provision represents an estimate of the costs to be incurred by the company in respect of returns and warranties on machines sold. It is estimated that the year end provision will be utilised within two years.

#### 16 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £493,000 (2013 - £433,000). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year.

#### 17 Share capital

	•	:-	. •	•	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid						
2,320,000 ordinary shares of £1 each					2,320	2,320
,						

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 *(continued)*

18	Reserves		
			Profit and loss account £'000
	At 1 January 2014 Profit for the year		4,284 1,131
	At 31 December 2014.		5,415
19	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Profit for the year	1,131	1,034
	Opening shareholders' funds	6,604	5,570

### 20 Commitments under operating leases

Closing shareholders' funds

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

Operating leases which expire:	Land and buildings 2014 £'000	Other 2014 £'000	Land and buildings 2013 £'000	Other 2013 £'000
Within one year		90	<b>-</b> ,	95
In two to five years	405	762	-	679
After five years	105	. <b>-</b>	72	
	<del></del>			<del></del>
	105	852	72	774.
			-	

7,735

6,604

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

#### 21 Related party disclosures

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alfred Kärcher GmbH & Co KG and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with Alfred Kärcher GmbH & Co KG or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Loans and transactions concerning directors and officers of the company

Simon Keeping, a director of the company, owed £48,323 at the year end date (2013 - £56,084). The maximum amount of the loan in the year was £56,084. Interest is charged at 4%. A total of £1,912 interest was charged in the period.

Mark Venner, a director of the company, owed £14,708 at the year end date (2013 - £19,710). The maximum amount of the loan in the year was £19,710. Interest is charged at 4%. A total of £697 interest was charged in the period.

#### 22 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities

	ing the second of the second o	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Operating profit	1,368	913
	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	89	88
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	478	319
	Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	5	. 7
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(2,678)	. 29
	Increase in debtors	(529)	(1,335)
	Increase in creditors	854	159
	(Decrease)/Increase in provisions	(70) ———	115
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(483)	295
23	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net (debt)/funds		
		2014	2013
		£'000	£'000
	Decrease in cash	(1,058)	(842)
	Opening net funds	87	929
	Closing net (debt)/funds	(971)	87

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

#### 24 Analysis of net (debt)/funds

		At 1 January 2014 £'000	Cash flow £'000	At 31 December 2014 £'000
Cash at bank and Bank overdrafts	in hand.	87 -	(85) (973)	2 (973)
Total 1		87	(1,058)	(971)

#### 25 Currency commitments

During the year ended 31 December 2013 the company was comitted under forward exchange contracts to purchase Euros amounting to £18,137,651 throughout the year ended 31 December 2014. The fair values of these contracts at 31 December 2013 was £37,791.

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During the year ended 31 December 2014 the company entered into three Target Profit Forward currency exchange contracts. The terms of these contracts require the company to purchase €2m or €4m, €1.05m or €2.1m and €1.75m or €3.5m at set rates during the years ended 31 December 2015, 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2017. The contracts include a contractually agreed barrier, which when exceeded, will terminate the contracts. The maximum possible commitment under all three contracts is £236m over the 3 years to 31 December 2017. The fair value of these contracts at 31 December 2014 are all negative and amount to £7,831,540.

#### 26 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Kärcher Beteiligungs GmbH, incorporated in Germany.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Alfred Kärcher GmbH & Co KG, incorporated in Germany, which the directors regard as being the ultimate parent undertaking.