Arco Bars Limited
Abbreviated Financial Statements
For the year ended
25 November 2002



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0038 25/09/03

Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 25 November 2002

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Abbreviated Balance Sheet

25 November 2002

		2002		2001	
I	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets	2				
Intangible assets			66,000		77,000
Tangible assets			293,961		132,200
Investments			_ _		
			359,961		209,200
Current Assets					
Stocks		1,609		965	
Debtors		25,275		22,982	
Investments		400,000		500,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		147,759		289,668	
		574,643		813,615	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due With	in				
One Year		28,814		26,316	
Net Current Assets			545,829		787,299
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			905,790		996,499
Provisions for Liabilities and Charge	es		6,565		6,615
			899,225		989,884
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Capital and Reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	3		2		2
Profit and loss account			899,223		989,882
Shareholders' Funds			899,225		989,884

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 16 September 2003 and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr. R. Ghirardani R Ghunandamis Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 25 November 2002

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Cash Flow Statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods and services.

Income From Investments

Investment income comprises dividends declared during the accounting period and interest receivable on listed and unlisted investments.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

- Straight line basis over its useful economic life of 10 years

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leases and improvements

Kitchen equipment and machinery Furniture, fixtures and fittings

Motor Vehicles

Computer equipment

- over remaining term of the lease

- 10% reducing balance

- 10% reducing balance

- 25% reducing balance

- 25% reducing balance

Investments

Investments are included at cost/cost less amounts written off. Profits or losses arising from disposals of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the result from ordinary activities.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 25 November 2002

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. Fixed Assets

3.

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets	Investments £	Total £
Cost				
At 26 November 2001	110,000	197,788	100,000	407,788
Additions	_	194,896	·	194,896
Disposals		(29,460)	(100,000)	(129,460)
At 25 November 2002	110,000	363,224		473,224
Depreciation				
At 26 November 2001	33,000	65,588	100,000	198,588
Charge for year	11,000	27,892	, _	38,892
On disposals	—	(24,217)		(24,217)
Written off in prior years written back	_		(100,000)	(100,000)
At 25 November 2002	44,000	69,263		113,263
Net Book Value				
At 25 November 2002	66,000	293,961	_	359,961
At 25 November 2001	77,000	132,200		209,200
Share Capital				
Authorised share capital:				
		2002		2001
		£		£
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100	· •	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
, , ,	2002	2	200	1
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2		2	2

^{*} deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.