Arco Bars Limited
Abbreviated Financial Statements
For the year ended
25 November 2004

L31B1AT4 420
COMPANIES HOUSE 30/11/2005

Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 25 November 2004

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Abbreviated Balance Sheet

25 November 2004

		2004		2003		
	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed Assets	2					
Intangible assets			-		5,000	
Tangible assets			206,423		267,625	
			206,423		272,625	
Current Assets						
Stocks		1,279		1,527		
Debtors		26,446		23,783		
Investments		400,000		400,000		
Cash at bank and in hand		214,343		202,504		
		642,068		627,814		
Creditors: Amounts Falling due W	/ithin					
One Year		23,368		29,709		
Net Current Assets			618,700		598,105	
Total Assets Less Current Liabilit	ies		825,123		870,730	
Provisions for Liabilities and Chair	rges		3,650		8,361	
			821,473		862,369	
Capital and Reserves					<u></u>	
Capital and Reserves Called-up equity share capital	3		2		2	
Profit and loss account	3		821,471		862,367	
Shareholders' Funds			821,473		862,369	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 23 November 2005 and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr. R. Ghirardani

Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 25 November 2004

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Cash Flow Statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods and services.

Income From Investments

Investment income comprises dividends declared during the accounting period and interest receivable on listed and unlisted investments.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

Straight line basis over its useful economic life of 10 years

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leases and improvements

Kitchen equipment and machinery

Furniture, fixtures and fittings

Computer equipment

- over remaining term of the lease

- 10% reducing balance

- 10% reducing balance

- 25% reducing balance

Investments

Investments are included at cost/cost less amounts written off. Profits or losses arising from disposals of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the result from ordinary activities.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 25 November 2004

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. Fixed Assets

3.

	Intangible Asset £		Tangible Assets £		Tot:	al
Cost						
At 26 November 2003 and 25 November 2004	110,000	0	363,471		473,47	1
Depreciation						
At 26 November 2003	105,000	0	95,846)	200,84	16
Charge for year	5,000	0	61,202	<u>.</u>	66,20)2
At 25 November 2004	110,000	0	157,048		267,04	8
Net Book Value						
At 25 November 2004			206,423	-	206,42	23
At 25 November 2003	5,000	0	267,625		272,62	25
Share Capital						
Authorised share capital:						
		2004			2003	3
		£			£	
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100			10	00
Allotted, called up and fully paid:						
	2004			2003		
	No.	£		No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2		2		2

^{*} deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.