COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 01193923

Arran Pipeline Supplies Ltd Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2022

Arran Pipeline Supplies Ltd Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2022

| | | 2022 | · | 2021 |
|--|------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Note | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 5 | | 65,314 | 57,001 |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Stocks | | 1,235,668 | | 713,609 |
| Debtors | 6 | 1,254,180 | | 1,372,082 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 19,059 | | 93,896 |
| | | 2,508,907 | | 2,179,587 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 7 | 1,457,381 | | 1,134,311 |
| Net current assets | | | 1,051,526 | 1,045,276 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 1,116,840 | 1,102,277 |
| Provisions | | | | |
| Taxation including deferred tax | | | 9,095 | 7,156 |
| Net assets | | | 1,107,745 | 1,095,121 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | | 210 | 210 |
| Profit and loss account | | | 1,107,535 | - |
| Shareholders funds | | | 1,107,745 | 1,095,121 |
| | | | | |

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Arran Pipeline Supplies Ltd

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr S.G. Cunniffe Mr N.A. Cunniffe

Director Director

Company registration number: 01193923

Arran Pipeline Supplies Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31st March 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 2 Forrest Road, Gatewarth Industrial Estate, Great Sankey, Warrington, Cheshire, WA5 1DF.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Property - 10% reducing balance

Improvements

Plant and Machinery - 25% reducing balance
Fixtures and Fittings - 25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 23 (2021: 17).

5. Tangible assets

| | Leasehold | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| | property | Plant and | Fixtures and | | |
| | improvements | machinery | = | otor vehicles | Total |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Cost | | | | | |
| At 1st April 2021 | 27,894 | 113,585 | 121,960 | 121,950 | 385,389 |
| Additions | | 23,000 | 2,248 | | 25,248 |
| At 31st March 2022 | 27,894 | 136,585 | | 121,950 | 410,637 |
| Depreciation | | | | | |
| At 1st April 2021 | 19,568 | 89,690 | 114,140 | 104,990 | 328,388 |
| Charge for the year | 832 | 9,567 | 2,296 | 4,240 | 16,935 |
| At 31st March 2022 | 20,400 | 99,257 | 116,436 | | 345,323 |
| Carrying amount | | | | | |
| At 31st March 2022 | 7,494 | 37,328 | 7,772 | 12,720 | 65,314 |
| At 31st March 2021 | 8,326 | 23,895 | 7,820 | | 57,001 |
| 6. Debtors | | | | | |
| | | | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | | | £ | £ | |
| Trade debtors | | | 1,180,492 | 1,302,572 | |
| Other debtors | | | 73,688 | 69,510 | |
| | | | 1,254,180 | 1,372,082 | |
| 7. Creditors: amounts fal | lling due within one ye | ar | | | |
| | | | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | | | £ | £ | |
| Trade creditors | | | 866,019 | 724,421 | |
| Social security and other to | axes | | 277,957 | 171, 1 65 | |
| Other creditors | | | 313,405 | 238,725 | |
| | | | 1,457,381 | 1,134,311 | |
| Social security and other to | axes | | 866,019 277,957 313,405 | 724,421 171,165 238,725 | |

8. Related party transactions

The company is 40% owned by F.D.L. Packaging Limited, a company incorporated in the U.K. At 31 March 2022 the company owed £82,000 (2021: £32,000) to companies related by common ownership and control.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.