P. Sur PAR

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 01135071

ALL HANDLING LIMITED

ACCOUNTS

FOR

31 MARCH 2006



ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

CONTENTS	PAGES
Company information	1
The directors' report	2 to 3
Independent auditor's report to the shareholders	4 to 5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement	8
Notes to the accounts	9 to 14
The following pages do not form part of the accounts	
Detailed profit and loss account	15

COMPANY INFORMATION

The board of directors

G A S Channon

S Tatters

Company secretary

K Wood

Registered office

19A Briggate

Shipley

West Yorkshire BD17 7BP

Auditor

Meadows & Co

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

91 Headlands Kettering

<u>ALL HANDLING LIMITED</u>

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the accounts of the company for the year ended 31 March 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company was that of the sale and servicing of wheelchairs and other equipment.

The company has not traded during the year. The trade and assets of the company were transferred to All Handling (Movability) Limited, a fellow subsidiary, on 1 April 2005.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The trading results for the year and the company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached accounts.

The directors have not recommended a dividend.

THE DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN THE SHARES OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The directors who served the company during the year together with their beneficial interests, including family holdings, in the shares of the parent company were as follows:

	Ordinary shares of £1 in the	Ordinary shares of £1 in the parent company	
	At	At	
	31 March 2006	1 April 2005	
G A S Channon	50,000	50,000	
S Tatters	280	280	

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies, as described on pages 9 to 10, and then apply them on a consistent basis, making judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable. The directors must also prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

AUDITOR

A resolution to re-appoint Meadows & Co as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

Signed by order of the directors

K WOOD

Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 8 January 2007

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ALL HANDLING LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

We have audited the accounts of All Handling Limited for the year ended 31 March 2006 on pages 6 to 14 which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 9 to 10.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and whether the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ALL HANDLING LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

OPINION

In our opinion:

- the accounts give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts.

91 Headlands Kettering

8 January 2007

MEADOWS & CO Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER	2	-	148,042
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT		<u>-</u>	34,904 113,138
Administrative expenses OPERATING LOSS	3	114 (114)	1 <u>16,419</u> (3,281)
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	5	-	130 (10)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE	TAXATION	(114)	(3,161)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	(156)	(61)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		42	(3,100)

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2006

		2006		2005	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		_		2,869
CURRENT ASSETS	_				
Stocks	8			3,909	
Debtors	9	31,423		48,137	
Cash at bank		_		6,950	
		31,423		58,996	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		01,120		00,000	
within one year	10			30,328	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		 -	31,423		28,668
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT I	JABILITIES		31,423		31,537
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred taxation	11		_		156
			31,423		31,381
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	13		1,060		1,060
Share premium account	14		1,440		1,440
Profit and loss account	15		28,923		28,881
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16		31,423		31,381

These accounts were approved by the directors on the 8 January 2007 and are signed on their behalf by:

MR S TATTERS

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

		200	6	2005	
	Note	£	£	£	£
NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	17		(4,318)		1,209
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE	17		_		120
TAXATION	17		-		(1,119)
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH	17		(4,318)		210

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the following Financial Reporting Standards:

FRS 25 'Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation (IAS 32)'

The adoption of this policy has not had any effect on the results for the period.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of value added tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets were initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation was calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

20% reducing balance basis

Motor Vehicles

25% reducing balance basis

Computer Equipment

- 15% straight line basis

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes, where appropriate, production and other direct overheads.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. TURNOVER

3.

The turnover and loss before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover is given below:

	2096 £	2005 £
United Kingdom		148,042
OPERATING LOSS		

Operating loss is stated after charging:

	2006 £	2005 £
Depreciation of owned fixed assets		947
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	114	_
Auditor's remuneration - as auditor	~	3,000
Net loss on foreign currency translation	~	16

4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to:

	2006 No	2005 N o
Number of administrative staff		3
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:		
	2006	2005
	£	£
Wages and salaries	-	77,455
Social security costs	_	7,010
Coolar occurry cools	No. Company	04.405
	_	84,465
		

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR (

	Other similar charges payable		2006 £		2005 £ _10
6.	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	5			
			2006		2005
	Deferred tax:		£		£
	Origination and reversal of timing different Capital allowances	nces	(156)		(61)
7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Fixtures & Fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
	COST At 1 April 2005 Disposals Transfers	6,077 (6,077) 	9,483 - (9,483)	2,716 (2,716) -	18,276 (8,793) (9,483)
	At 31 March 2006	-	-		
	DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2005 On disposals Transfers At 31 March 2006	6,077 (6,077)	6,728 - (6,728)	2,602 (2,602) 	15,407 (8,679) (6,728)
					
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2006		_		_
	At 31 March 2005	_	2,755	114	2,869
8.	STOCKS				
	Finished goods		2006 £		2005 £ 3,909
9.	DEBTORS				
	Trade debtors VAT recoverable Amounts owed by All Handling (Movabili Prepayments and accrued income	ity) Ltd.	2006 £ 31,423 31,423		2005 £ 10,396 549 34,855 2,337 48,137

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2006 £	2005
Bank loans and overdrafts	~ -	5,387
Trade creditors	_	12,941
Amounts owed to group undertakings	_	9,000
Accruals and deferred income	_	3,000
		30,328
		30,320

11. DEFERRED TAXATION

The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the year was:

	2006	2005
	£	£
Provision brought forward Profit and loss account movement arising during th	156 e	217
year	(156)	(61)
Provision carried forward	<u></u>	156

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2006	2005
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on		
fixed assets	-	156
		
	-	156

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The trade and assets of the company were transferred to All Handling (Movability) Limited, a fellow subsidiary, on 1 April 2005.

13. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

		2006 £		2005 £
10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		10,000		10,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2006		2005	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,060	1,060	1,060	1,060
Equity shares				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,060	1,060	1,060	1,060

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

14. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT

There was no movement on the share premium account during the financial year.

15. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2006 £	2005	
		£	
Balance brought forward	28,881	31, 9 81	
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	42	(3,100)	
Balance carried forward	28,923	28,881	

16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2006 £	2005 £
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	42	(3,100)
Opening shareholders' funds	31,381	34,481
Closing shareholders' funds	31,423	31,381
	The state of the s	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE

17. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2006	2005
	£	£
Operating loss	(114)	(3,281)
Depreciation	` <u>-</u>	947
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	114	_
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	3,909	(3,909)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	16,714	(8,205)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(24,941)	15,657
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(4,318)	1,209

RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE

	2006	2005
	£	£
Interest received		130
Interest paid	~	(10)
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and	_	
servicing of finance	~	120
		

TAXATION

	2006	2005
	£	£
TAXATION		(1,119)
		

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

17. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT

	2006	2005
(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the period	£ (4,318)	£ 210
Movement in net funds in the period	(4,318)	210
Net funds at 1 April 2005	1,563	1,353
Net funds at 31 March 2006		1,563
		- 1

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At		At
	1 Apr 2005	Cash flows	31 Mar 2006
	£	£	£
Net cash:			
Cash in hand and at bank	6,950	(6,950)	_
Overdrafts	(5,387)	5,387	_
	**************************************	******	
	1,563	(1,563)	-
			
	1.55	(4.700)	
Net debt	1,563	(1,563)	-
			

18. ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The company's ultimate holding company is Channon and Company Limited which is incorporated in England. Channon and Company Limited is under the control of Mr G Channon.