Registered number: 01123069

ASHMORE GREEN GARAGE LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

ASHMORE GREEN GARAGE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01123069

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

			2018		2017
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		-		61
Investment property	5		550,000		535,000
		_	550,000	-	535,061
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	3,240		-	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	60,830		59,526	
		64,070	_	59,526	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(5,823)		(9,647)	
Net current assets	_		58,2 4 7		49,879
Total assets less current liabilities		_	608,247	-	584,940
Deferred taxation	9	(35,738)		(44,465)	
	_		(35,738)		(44,465)
Net assets		_ _	572,509	- -	540,475
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		1,500		1,500
Revaluation reserve			414,110		399,110
Profit and loss account			156,899		139,865
		=	572,509	-	540,475

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

ASHMORE GREEN GARAGE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 01123069

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by				
R G Piper	R J Piper			
Director	Director			
Date: 6 November 2018				
The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these finan	cial statements.			

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

Ashmore Green Garage Limited is a private company limited by share capital and incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is Kilmory, Hermitage Road, Cold Ash, Thatcham, Berkshire, RG18 9JG.

The principal activity of the company is property rental.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises rental income from operating leases which is credited to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model, other than investment properties, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles - 25%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.4 Investment property

Investment property is included in the financial statements at fair value in accordance with FRS 102 and is not depreciated. Changes in fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

2.10 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2017 - 3).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Motor vehicles
	£
At 1 April 2017	8,035
Disposals	(8,035)
At 31 March 2018	-
At 1 April 2017	7,974
Disposals	(7,974)
At 31 March 2018	
7 K 6 1 Mai 6 11 Z 6 16	
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	
At 31 March 2017	61

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

5. Investment property

6.

7.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand

		Freehold investment property
Valuation		
At 1 April 2017		535,000
Surplus on revaluation		15,000
At 31 March 2018	=	550,000
The directors believe that the property value has increased to £550,000 at 31 March 2018.		
At 31 March 2018		
If the Investment properties had been accounted for under the historic cost accounting rules measured as follows:	s, the properties wou	ıld have been
	2018	2017
	£	£
Historic cost	87,314	87,314
	87,314	87,314
Debtors		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	3,240	-
	3,240	

2018

60,830

60,830

£

2017

59,526

59,526

£

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

Trade creditors 2,133 479 Corporation tax 2,190 1.668 Other creditors 1,500 7.500 5,823 9,647			2018	2017
Corporation tax Other creditors 2,190 (1,668) (7,500)				
Corporation tax Other creditors 2,190 (1,668) (7,500)		Trade creditors	2,133	479
Other creditors 1,500 (7,500) 5,823 9,647 9. Deferred taxation At beginning of year 2018 £ 2017 £ Charged to profit or loss 8,727 (4,111) 4,111 At end of year 2018 £ 2017 £ £ The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: 2018 £ £ £ Accelerated capital allowances 10 - - £ £ £ £ Capital gains/(losses) (35,748) (44,465) (44,465) 44,465) 1 4 44,465) 1 4 44,465) 4 44				
9. Deferred taxation 2018 2017 £ £ £ At beginning of year (44,465) (43,576) Charged to profit or loss 8,727 4,111 At end of year (35,738) (44,465) The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: 2018 2017 £ £ £ Accelerated capital allowances 10 - Capital gains/(losses) (35,748) (44,465) 2018 (44,465) 10. Share capital 4. Allotted, called up and fully paid			1,500	
2018 2017 £			5,823	9,647
2018 2017 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £				
At beginning of year (44,465) (48,576) Charged to profit or loss 8,727 4,111 At end of year (35,738) (44,465) The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: 2018 2017 £ £ Accelerated capital allowances 10 - Capital gains/(losses) (35,748) (44,465) Capital gains/(losses) (35,738) (44,465) 10. Share capital 2018 2017 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid	9.	Deferred taxation		
At beginning of year (44,465) (43,576) Charged to profit or loss 8,727 4,111 At end of year (35,738) (44,465) The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: 2018 2017 £ £ Accelerated capital allowances 10 - - Capital gains/(losses) (35,748) (44,465) - 10. Share capital 2018 2017 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid £ £ £			2018	2017
Charged to profit or loss 8,727 4,111 At end of year (35,738) (44,465) The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: 2018 2017 £			£	£
Charged to profit or loss 8,727 4,111 At end of year (35,738) (44,465) The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: 2018 2017 £ £ Accelerated capital allowances 10 - <		At beginning of year	(44,465)	(48,576)
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows: 2018				
Accelerated capital allowances		At end of year	(35,738)	(44,465)
Accelerated capital allowances Capital gains/(losses) 10 - Capital gains/(losses) (35,748) (44,465) (35,738) (44,465) 10. Share capital 2018 £ £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid		The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
Accelerated capital allowances Capital gains/(losses) (35,748) (44,465) (35,738) (44,465) 10. Share capital 2018 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid				2017
Capital gains/(losses) (35,748) (44,465) (35,738) (44,465) 10. Share capital 2018 2017 £ £ £			£	£
10. Share capital 2018 2017 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid		Accelerated capital allowances	10	-
10. Share capital 2018 2017 £ £		Capital gains/(losses)	(35,748)	(44,465)
2018 2017 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid			(35,738)	(44,465)
2018 2017 £ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid				
£ £ Allotted, called up and fully paid	10.	Share capital		
Allotted, called up and fully paid				
		Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
			1,500	1,500

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.