COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 01115014

PROSAW LIMITED FILLETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2022

PROSAW LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2022

		202	2	2021		
	Note	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible assets	5		102,347		70,004	
Investments	6		969,974		969,974	
			1,072,321		1,039,978	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stocks		1,557,630		1,871,568		
Debtors	7	996,720		599,968		
Cash at bank and in hand		1,603,579		1,732,637		
		4,157,929		4,204,173		
CREDITORS: amounts falling d	ue within					
one year		8 1,73	4,722	2,3	208,898	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,4	123,207		1,995,275
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	IT LIABILITIE	:S	3,4	195,528		3,035,253
CREDITORS: amounts falling d	ue after					
more than one year		9	2	290,000		450,000
PROVISIONS			9,833		612	
NET ASSETS			3,195,695		2,584,641	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital			10,000		10,000	
Capital redemption reserve			34,917		34,917	
Profit and loss account			3,150,778		2,539,724	
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			3,195,695		2,584,641	

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

PROSAW LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

31 December 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 March 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P R Crick

Director

Company registration number: 01115014

PROSAW LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 15 Telford Way, Kettering, Northants, NN16 8UN.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the Profit and Loss account represents amounts receivable during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long term contracts and contracts for ongoing services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year and is recognised by reference to stage of completion. Revenue from the sale of machines is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on commission of the machine, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Provision is made on the liability method, for taxation deferred in respect of all material timing differences only to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is a reasonable probability that a liability will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant, machinery & equipment - 15%, 20% and 25% straight line

Motor Vehicles - 20% to 25% straight line

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes, where appropriate, production and other direct overheads. Work in progress Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in work in progress.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Defined contribution plans

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. The costs of contributions are charged against profits in the year they are payable.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 32 (2021: 33).

5. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant, machinery		
	and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2022	329,334	183,707	513,041
Additions	63,048	17,771	80,819
Disposals	(11,584)	• • • •	(49,485)
At 31 December 2022	380,798	163,577	544,375
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2022	311,862	131,175	443,037
Charge for the year	16,359	32,116	48,475
Disposals	(11,583)	(37,901)	(49,484)
At 31 December 2022	316,638	125,390	442,028
Carrying amount	****		
At 31 December 2022	64,160	38,187	102,347
At 31 December 2021	17,472	52,532	70,004

6. INVESTMENTS		SI	nares in group
		0.	undertakings
			£
Cost			
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022			969,974
Impairment			
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022			_
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2022		969,974	
At 31 December 2021		969,974	
7. DEBTORS			
	2022	2021	
	£	£	
Trade debtors	673,784	342,645	
Other debtors	322,936	257,323	
	996,720	599,968	
8. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year			
	2022	2021	
	£	£	
Trade creditors	617,937	844,026	
Corporation tax	242,723	174,100	
Social security and other taxes	98,574	122,795	
Other creditors	775,488	1,067,977	
	1,734,722	2,208,898	
9. CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	2022	2021	

Bank loans and overdrafts 10. OPERATING LEASES

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

£

290,000

£

450,000

	2022	2021
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	126,197	18,707
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	461,769	475,466
Later than 5 years	225,000	337,500
	812,966 	831,673

11. SUMMARY AUDIT OPINION

The auditor's report for the year dated 27 March 2023 was unqualified .

The senior statutory auditor was David Kelland , for and on behalf of Meadows & Co .

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.