THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 to 1967

DECLARATION of Compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act 1948 on application for registration of a Company.

Pursuant to Section 15 (2) of the Companies Act 1948

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK

7	Insert the Name of the Company.					·
	_ 		LIMITED		· ·	

Presented	by			Presentor's	Reference_	JNP
	Linklaters &	Paines,				
		Barrington	House,			
		59/6	7 Gresham S	treet,		

Printed and Published by The Solicitors' Law Stationery Society, Lim Foter Lane, London EC4P 4BU and at Birmingham, Cardiff,

PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS OF COMPANIES' BO

Companies 60

London EC2V 7JA

Oyse House, Breams Ruildings, Manchester and G

Form No. 41 (No filing fee payable)

[P.T.O.

	I, JOHN NORMAN PHIPSON						
	of Barrington House, 59/67 Gresham Street, Landon,						
	EC2V 7JA						
	,	6					
(a) Here insert: "A Solicitor of the	Do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am (a) A Solicitor						
"Supreme Court" (or in Scotland "a Solicitor")" engaged "in the formation"	of the Supreme Court engaged in the formation						
"A person named	- 22 the bupleme oodit engaged in the foliation						
"in the Articles of "Association as a "Director or "Secretary".		cross.					
Secretary	of HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK	ten a					
	Limited	reserved for binding and must not be written across.					
	and that all the requirements of the Companies Act 1948 in respect of	st not					
	matters precedent to the registration of the said Company and incidental						
	thereto have been complied with. And I make this solemn Declaration						
	conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions						
	of the Statutory Declarations Act 1835.						
		reser					
		in is					
		Note.—This margin					
		This					
	,	ote.					
Declared at F	Barrington House, 59/67	Z					
GLESHAM SCIE	et, in the City of London						
	John Physia	6					
the 19th.	_day ofJuly						
one thousand	nine hundred and						
seventy-two							
Before me	Month Cambridge Charles						
	What Campbell Clarke 25.9.	3					

incianar fan Oakla 18888888888

STATEMENT OF THE NOMINAL CAPITAL

KADETAE OF

		OF	
P-4 ************************************	HAVANA I	NTERNATIONAL BANK	
		LIMITED	
	Finance Act 1899	he Stamp Act 1891, as amend, Section 39 of the Finance Act 1933.	

THE NOMIN	AL CAPITAL of	f the above named Company is:	£ 3,000,000
	Signa	uture Linklates 40	laines
	Descr	iption foliation engage	ged: Tylomolii
Dated the	195	day of Th	19.72
or fraction of £ Thi Document whe	100. s Statement is to n the Company is	the Nominal Capital is Fifty be filed with the Memorandum registered and should be sign rticles of Association, or by the	of Association or other ed by an Officer of the
Presented by	Linklaters &		s Reference_JNP
	Partition of the state of the s	on House,	

		59/67 Gresham Street,	Form No. 25 7 %

Printed and Published by The Solicitors' Law Stationery Society, Limited, Oyez House, Breams Buildings, Fetter Lane, London EC4P 4BU and at Birmingham, Cardiff, Liverpool, Manchester and Glasgow.

1074897

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES



Memorandum of Association

0F

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

- 1. The name of the Company is "HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company will be situate in England.
 - 3. The objects for which the Company is established are :—
 - (A) To carry on the business of banking in all its branches, and to transact and do all matters and things incidental thereto, or which may at any time hereafter, at any place where the Company shall carry on business, be usual in connection with the business of banking or dealing in money or securities for money, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the borrowing, raising or taking up of money, lending or advancing of money, securities and property, issuing, discounting, buying, holding, selling and dealing in investments of all kinds, bills of exchange, promissory notes, deposit receipts, coupons, drafts, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, certificates, scrip and other instruments and securities whether transferable, negotiable, or otherwise, the granting and issuing of letters of credit and circular notes, buying, selling, holding and dealing in foreign exchange, currency, bullion, specie and precious metals, negotiating loans, credits and advances, credit guarantees or credit insurance, the receiving of securities, property and valuables of any description whatsoever on deposit or for safe custody or otherwise, collecting and transmitting moneys and securities.



83075

- (B) To carry an the brainesses of obtaining, receiving and holding money in any deposit, correct or earthus account or otherwise (whether expressed in sterling or other currencies) or in any other matter whatsoever and whether at interest or otherwise, and of military and turning the same to account in any matter throught fit, and the issuing of chaques or any other means of any description whatsoever to provide isolities for the withdrawal or manufar thereof.
- (c) To finance or assist in financing the cale of any real or personal property of all and every hind or description by way of hire purchase, instalment finance or deferred payment or otherwise, and to institute, enter into, carry on, subsidise, finance or assist in subsidising or financing the sale and maintenance of any real or personal property of all and every kind and description upon any terms whatsoever, to acquire and discount hise purchase or other agreements or any rights thereunder, whether proprietary or contractual and to acquire by assignment or otherwise debts due and owing to any person or company and to collect such debts.
- (D) To provide managerial advisory, consultancy and data processing services of all descriptions and generally the transaction of every kind of mercantile, property or agency business which may lawfully be transacted by banks and finance houses.
- (E) To carry on any business, undertaking, transaction or operation whatever which may be lawfully earried on or undertaken by capitalists, promoters, financiers, managers, traders, importers, exporters, concessionaires, brokers including commodity and mortgage brokers, merchants factors mercantile agents, underwriters, warehousement surveyors, auctioneers, valuers, land agents, contractors, aircraft, ship, hovercraft and road and rail transport owners, hirers, charterers and operators, travel agents: to act as agent or broker for the placing of life. marine, fire, accident, fidelity and other insurance; to act as agent or representative of owners or other persons or corporations having, or claiming to have, any interest in vessels, aircraft, hovercraft, cargoss, freights, motor or nellway vehicles or other machinery or other general merchandise, and any other subjects of insurance.

(F) To purchase, acquire, rent, build, construct, equip, execute, earry out, improve, work, develop, administer,

maintain, manage or control works and conveniences of all kinds, whether for the purposes of the Company or for sale or hire to or in return for any consideration from any other company or persons, and to contribute to or assist in the carrying out or establishment, construction, maintenance, improvement, management, working, control or superintendence thereof respectively.

(6) To subscribe for, underwrite, purchase, or otherwise acquire, and to hold, dispose of, and deal with the shares, stock, securities and evidences of indebtedness or of the right to participate in profits or assets or other similar documents issued by any government, authority, corporation or body, or by any company or body of persons, and any options or rights in respect thereof, and to buy and sell foreign exchange.

- (H) To purchase or otherwise acquire for any estate or interest any property or assets or any concessions, licences, grants, patents, trade marks or other exclusive or non-exclusive rights of any kind which may appear to be necessary or convenient for any business of the Company, and to develop and turn to account and deal with the same in such manner as may be thought expedient, and to make experiments and tests and to carry on all kinds of research work.
- (I) To borrow and raise money and to secure or discharge any debt or obligation of or binding on the Company in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by mortgages and charges upon the undertaking and all or any of the property and assets (present and future) and the uncalled capital of the Company, or by the creation and issue on such terms and conditions as may be thought expedient of debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any description.
- (J) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute, and issue, and to buy, sell and deal with bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (K) To amalgamate or enter into partnership or any joint purse or profit-sharing arrangement with and to co-operate in any way with or assist or subsidise any company, firm, or person, and to purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, body or company

carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on or possessed of any property suitable for the purposes of the Company.

- (L) To promote or concur in the promotion of any company, the promotion of which shall be considered desirable.
- (M) To lend money to and guarantee or provide security (whether by personal covenant or by mortgage or charge) for the performance of the contracts or obligations of any company, firm or person, and the payment and repayment of the capital and principal of, and dividends, interest or premiums payable on, any stock, shares and securities of any company, whether having objects similar to those of this Company or not, and to give all kinds of indemnities.
- (N) To sell, lease, grant licences, easements and other rights over, and in any other manner deal with or dispose of, the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as may be thought fit, and in particular for stocks, shares or securities of any other company whether fully or partly paid up.
- (o) To procure the registration or incorporation of the Company in or under the laws of any place outside England.
- (P) To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object or for any exhibition, or for any purpose which may be considered likely directly or indirectly to further the objects of the Company or the interests of its members.
- (0) To grant persions or gratuities to any employees or ex-employees and to officers and ex-officers (including Directors and ex-Directors) of the Company or its predecessors in business, or the relations, connections or dependants of any such persons, and to establish or support associations, institutions, clubs, funds and trusts which may be considered calculated to benefit any such persons or otherwise advance the interests of the Company or of its members, and to establish and contribute to any scheme for the purchase by trustees of shares in the Company to be held for the benefit of the Company's employees, and to lend money to the Company's employees to enable them to purchase

shares of the Company and to formulate and carry into effect any scheme for sharing the profits of the Company with its employees or any of them.

- (R) To do all or any of the things and matters aforesaid in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (s) To do all such other things as may be considered to be incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that the objects of the Company as specified in each of the foregoing paragraphs of this clause (except only if and so far as otherwise expressly provided in any paragraph) shall be separate and distinct objects of the Company and shall not be in anywise limited by reference to any other paragraph or the order in which the same occur or the name of the Company. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall empower the Company to carry on the business of life assurance, accident insurance, fire insurance, employers' liability insurance, industrial assurance, motor vehicle insurance or any other business of insurance or re-insurance within the meaning of the Insurance Companies Act 1958 or any Act amending, extending or re-enacting the same.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

5. The share capital of the Company is £3,000,000, divided into 30,000 shares of £100 each.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SURSCRIBERS	Number of States taken by each Subscriber
SOPRINGER GATE BAYSWATER RD LONDON W-1	One
Many 12- Ponchesten State- Bayswater Rd. hondon W-2 SANKER	One
Total Shares taken	Two
Dated the 19th day of July , 1972.	
Witness to the above Signatures— 29 Alge andre Count. Queensgate 171 Condon BANKER	m 7. C

INDEX

								Article No.	Page
Accounts									No.
Auditors	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	••	131-133	31
Authentication of		onto	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	134-135	31
Borrowing Powers			• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	113	27
0-11.		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	102	24
			• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	19-2i	6
Capitalisation of	Pronts a	ind Re	serves	• •	• •	• •	• •	128	30
Corporations actin	ng by R	opresei	atative	ន	• •	• •	• •	73	17
Directors-									
Appointment		etireme	nt	• •	• •		• •	83-89	19
Borrowing Po		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	102	24
Executive Di	rectors							81-82	12
$\mathbf{Expenses}$	• •						• •	78	18
Interests in c	ontracts	3							
entitlem	ent						• •	80	18
voting					• •	• •	••	95	22
Meetings and	proceed	lings	• •	••	••	• •	••	90–100	21
Number				••	••			74	
Pensions	••	• •	••	••		• •	• •		18
Powers—	• •	••	••	• •	••	• •	• •	79	18
borrowin	œ							# 00	
general	· •	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	102	24
Qualification		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	103-110	24
Remuneration		• •	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	75	18
		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	7677	18
Dividends	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	115-127	27
Executive Directo		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	81-82	19
Forfeiture and Lie	en.	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	25-33	7
General Meetings	• •	•	••		• •	• •		47-48	12
Notice of	• •	• •			• •			49-52	12
Proceedings a	t							53-61	14
Indemnity								141	33
Minutes and Book	s				• •	• •	• •	129-130	30
Notices				• •		• •	••	136-139	32
Overriding Provisi	ions			••	••	• •	••	143	3 <u>4</u>
Preliminary	• •	••	••		••			1-2	
.Private Company		••	••			• •	••	1-2 142	1
Reserves				• •	• •	• •	• •		33
Seal		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	114	27
C	• •	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	112	26
Share Capital	••	• •	••	••	• •	• •	• •	111	26
Alteration of	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	3	2
x x	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	6–8	3
Increase	• •	• •	• •	• • •	••	• •	***	6	3
Reduction		• •	• •	"	• •	• •	'	8	4
Sub-division,				• •	• •	• •	• •	7	3
Share Certificates	(see also	Articl	e 112)		• •	• •	• •	14-18	5
Shares	• •		••	• •	• •	• •		9-13	4
Calls on		• •	• •		• •	• •		19-24	G
Equitable inte	rests no	ot recog	gnised					9	4
Issue	• •	••				• •		10-12	4
Renunciation	of allot	ment						13	5
Transfer								3440	9
Transmission		••					••	41-43	10
Variation of R	lights							4-5	2
Stock						• •	••		
Votes of Members	••	- •	••	••	••	••	••	44-46	11
Winding up		••	• •	••	• •	••	• •	62-72	15
ացաթ	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	140	33

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Articles of Association

OF

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

PRELIMINARY.

1. The regulations in Table A in the First Schedule to the Companies Act 1948 (as amended by the Companies Act 1967) shall not apply to the Company.

2. In these presents (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively:—

Words MEANINGS The Acts ... The Companies Acts 1948 to 1967. The Statutes The Acts and every other Act for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company. These presents These Articles of Association as from time to time altered by Special Resolution. Office The registered office of the Company for the time being. Transfer Office The place where the Register of Members is situate for the time being. Seal The Common Seal of the Company. The United Kingdom Great Britain and Northern Ireland. Month Calendar month. Year Calendar year. Written or produced by any substitute for In writing ... writing or partly one and partly another.

Paid

The expressions "debenture" and "debenture-holder" shall respectively include "debenture stock" and "debenture stockholder".

The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary and where two or more persons. are appointed to act as Joint Secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

À.

D

All such of the provisions of these presents as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" shall be construed accordingly.

Save as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Acts shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meaning in these presents.

A Special or Extraordinary Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these presents.

SHARE CAPITAL.

3. The share capital of the Company is £3,000,000, divided into 30,000 Ordinary Shares of £100 each.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS.

4. Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of the Statutes, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (but not otherwise) and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up. To every such separate General Meeting all the provisions of these presents relating to General Meetings of the Company and to the proceedings thereat shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third in nominal amount of the issued shares of the class (but so that if at any adjourned meeting a quorum as above defined is not present, any two holders of shares of the class present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum) and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that every such holder shall on a poll have one vote for every share of the class held by him. The foregoing provisions of this Article shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights whereof are to be varied.

5. The special rights attached to any class of shares having preferential rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue thereof be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or all respects pari passu therewith but in no respect in priority thereto.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL.

- 6. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. All new shares shall be subject to the provisions of these presents with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfciture and otherwise.
 - 7. (A) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution-
 - (1) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares.
 - (2) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
 - (3) Sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association (subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Statutes), and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may, as compared with the others, have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or be subject to any such restrictions, as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares.
- (B) Upon any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount the Directors may as between the holders of shares so consolidated determine which shares are consolidated into each consolidated share and in the case of any shares registered in the name of one holder being consolidated with shares registered in the name of another holder may make such arrangements as may be thought

fit for the sale of the consolidated share or any fractions thereof and for the distribution among the persons entitled thereto of the net proceeds of such sale and for such purpose may appoint some person to transfer the consolidated share to the purchaser. Provided that the necessary unissued shares are available the Directors may alternatively in each case where the number of shares held by any holder is not an exact multiple of the number of shares to be consolidated into a single share issue to each such holder credited as fully paid up by way of capitalisation the minimum number of shares required to round up his holding to such a multiple (such issue being deemed to have been effected immediately prior to consolidation) and the amount required to pay up such shares shall be appropriated at their discretion from any of the sums standing to the credit of any of the Company's Reserve Accounts (including Share Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Fund) or to the credit of profit and loss account and capitalised by applying the same in paying up such shares.

8. The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital or any capital redemption reservefund or share premium account in any manner and with and subject to any incident authorised and consent required by law.

SHARES.

- 9. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these presents or by law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
- 10. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, failing any such determination, as the Directors may determine) and subject to the provisions of the Statutes the Company may issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the Company are to be liable, to be redeemed.
- 11. All unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they think proper.

Co: be

sha ber fav a r

- }

rel wh be

an de

Co

th ce lor (ir

af

sb

th

ar fo

or si

> in pı

> > CC

ca

- 12. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Statutes to the full extent thereby permitted. The Company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.
- 13. The Directors may at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register of Members as the holder recognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

- 14. Every share certificate shall be issued under the Seal (or, in the case of shares on a branch register, an official seal for use in the relevant territory) and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.
- 15. In the case of a share held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor and delivery of a certificate to one of joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.
- 16. Any person (subject as aforesaid) whose name is entered in the Register of Members in respect of any shares of any one class upon the issue or transfer thereof shall be entitled without payment to a certificate therefor (in the case of issue) within one month (or such longer period as the terms of issue shall provide) after allotment or (in the case of a transfer of fully-paid shares) within fourteen days after lodgment of transfer or (in the case of a transfer of partly-paid shares) within two months after lodgment of transfer.
- 17. Where part only of the shares comprised in a share certificate are transferred the old certificate shall be cancelled and a new certificate for the balance of such shares issued in lieu without charge.
- 18. (A) Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any member may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge.
- (B) If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request.

- (c) If a share certificate shall be damaged or defaced or alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed a new certificate representing the the sharesmay be issued to the holder upon request subject to delivery up of the old certificate or (if alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed) compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the Directors may think fit.
- (D) In the case of shares held jointly by several persons any such request may be made by any one of the joint holders

CALLS ON SHARES.

- 19. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) but subject always to the terms of issue of such shares. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the littlewors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable by instalments.
- 20. Each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be resolved or postponed as the Directors may determine.
- II. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate (not exceeding 12 per cent. per annum) as the Directors determine but the Identicus shall be at liberty in any case or cases to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
- and any sum (whether on account of the nominal value of the scheme or by way of greenium) which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date shall for all the pumposes of these presents be deemed to be a call only made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these shall singly as if such sum had become payable by viruse of a call only made and singly made and motified.

- 23. The Directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
- 24. The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish pro tanto the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made and upon the money so received (until and to the extent that the same would but for such advance become payable) the Company may pay interest at such rate (not exceeding 10 per cent. per annum) as the member paying such sum and the Directors agree upon.

FORFEITURE AND LIEN.

- 25. If a member fails to pay in full any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest and expenses which may have accrued.
- 26. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than seven days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- 27. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.

The transfer of

28. A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. The Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer a forfeited or surrendered share to any such other person as aforesaid.

In a mention winds there is not not included to consider the contract of the c

M. The Company shall have a first and paramount her on every wars not being a fully raid want for all money a vieries presently jajulie ie inc salet ie jezulie aca inet iine ii isgescif and stare and the Commony shall also have a first and government her on all wares other tien fully mad shares stading recovered in the rane of a single neoties for all file delies and fightiles of sign member or his exist in the Chimpan and theo where. He same wall ince included define or other under an ede Company of ary spiirite ar viter incress in ary neson orier iiran socio prenifer and whether the jeriof for the gazinens or discharge of the same some some some some mentales and some some some कर ज़िंग वंश्रीक वर विशेषीरिक वर आवी जानाविक वर विके नक्ष्म आवी आकृ other passer, whether a number of the Community or . it. The ितक्रमुद्धान्त्रे केटा विकान वाद्यक्षक्षण कार्या कार्या विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास व The Liberales may water any ther which has a ser and may The first my sing sind for some limited gerial is examp wially or recielly from the provisions of this vehille.

The Country may sell in such manner as the libraries in the in the internet state of the country in a library in the country in a library in the country in a library in the country is present a large of the country of the such discussion of the such discussion in the country in the country

The hell process of such safe of the previous of the custs of such safe and he applied it or henceds previous or such and he field the in respect wherein the field exists so her as the anne are presently prevente and safe residue shall (subject the lies for felice or hellowed not presently prevente as existed upon the share prior to the safe be public to the great empired to be therefore the tree of the safe. For printing enters the shares such the linearies and the purious may entirely such the purious tree shares such the purious such that the purious such the purious such that the pur

33. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together with the share certificate delivered to a purchaser or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, surrender, sale re-allotment or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

- 34. All transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form acceptable to the Directors and may be under hand only. The instrument of transfer shall be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and (except in the case of fully-paid shares) by or on behalf of the transferee. The transferor shall remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.
- 35. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The Register of Members shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.
- 36. The Directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor refuse to register any transfer of shares (not being fully paid shares). The Directors may also refuse to register a transfer of shares (whether fully paid or not) in favour of more than four persons jointly. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 37. The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share and is deposited at the Transfer Office accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) and such other evidence as the

Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do).

- All instruments of transfer which are registered may be 38. retained by the Company.
- No fee will be charged by the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer or probate or letters of administration or certificate of marriage or death or notice in lieu of distringas or power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register of Members affecting the title to any shares.
- 40. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer of shares which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof and all share certificates and dividend mandates which have been cancelled or have ceased to have effect at any time after the expiration of three years from the date of such cancellation or cessation and all notifications of change of name or address after the expiration of one year from the date of the recording thereof and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective document duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:-
 - (i) The provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
 - (ii) Nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (i) above are
 - (iii) References herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

41. In case of the death of a shareholder the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving

h aı re lia

pr Di be no pe. pre

of

as

the

of

pre dea suc tit] ad reg in

exe

 \mathbf{of}

res

con pai

the as a pre circ suc! fror

> stoc as : as i

dete

holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares, but nothing in this Article shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him.

- 42. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share either be registered himself as holder of the share upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such his desire or transfer such share to some other person. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.
- 43. Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these presents, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a member in respect of the share.

STOCK.

- 44. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock or reconvert any stock into
- 45. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred (or as near thereto as circumstances admit) but no stock shall be transferable except in such units (not being greater than the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose) as the Directors may from time to time determine.

paid-up shares of any denomination.

46. The holders of stock shall according to the amount of the stock held by them have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividend, return of capital, voting and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such

privilege or advantage (except as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

- 47. An Annual General Meeting shall be held not more than eighteen months after the incorporation of the Company and subsequently once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than fifteen months after the holding of the last preceding Annual General Meeting) and place as may be determined by the Directors. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.
- 48. The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the Statutes, proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

- 49. An Annual General Meeting and any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Statutes) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company, shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least and any other General Meeting by fourteen days' notice in writing at the least. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held and shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned to all members other than such as are not under the provisions of these presents entitled to receive such notices from the Company: Provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed—
 - (4) in the case of an Annual General Meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (B) in the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

the profits t of stock privilege

nore than
nd subsenot more
g Annual
Directors.
y General

l shall on onvene an

provided een given in writing ys' notice a case be erved and given in such as eive such ting nothan that f it is so

y ah the and ing by a

right to together value of

to cr the walidate

- 50. (A) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- (B) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.
- (c) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of such business; and if any resolution is to be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution or as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect.
- 51. Routine business shall mean and include only business transacted at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say:—
 - (i) declaring dividends;
 - (ii) considering and adopting the accounts, the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the accounts;
 - (iii) appointing Auditors and fixing the remuneration of the Auditors or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed;
 - (iv) appointing or re-appointing Directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting on retirement by rotation or otherwise.
- 52. The Directors shall on the requisition of members in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes, but subject as therein provided—
 - (i) give to the members entitled to receive notice of the next Annual General Meeting, notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting;
 - (ii) circulate to the members entitled to have notice of any General Meeting, any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MERTINGS.

- No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes,
- 54. The Chairman of the Directors, failing whom the Deputy-Chairman, shall preside as chairman at a General Meeting. If there be no such Chairman or Deputy-Chairman, or if at any meeting weither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number (or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of their number) to be chairman of the meeting.
- If within ten minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeling (or such longer interval as the chairman of the meeting may thin int to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such day and at such time and place as the chairman of the meeting may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within five minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
- 50. The chairman of the meeting may with the consent of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transnated at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. With a meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors.
- 57. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more or sine die, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting. aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by-
 - (i) the chairman of the meeting; or
 - (ii) not less than three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote; or

- (iii) a member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (iv) a member or members present in person or by proxy and holdingshares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.
- 59. A demand for a poll may be withdrawn only with the approval of the meeting. Unless a poll is required a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against such resolution. If a poll is required, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) as the chairman of the meeting may direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman of the meeting may (and if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineers and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll.

-

Ē

Œ

35

=

9

Y

<u>.</u>

- 60. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote.
- 61. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS.

62. Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached by or in accordance with these presents to any class of shares, on a show of hands every member who is present in person shall have one vote and on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every £100 in nominal amount of the shares of which he is the holder.

- 63. In the case of joint holders of a share the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members in respect of the share.
- 64. Where in England or elsewhere a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, the Directors may in their absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such receiver or other person to vote in person or by proxy on behalf of such member at any General Meeting.
- 65. No member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled to vote at a General Meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him to the Company in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.
- 66. No objection shall be raised as to the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is or may be given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- 67. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
 - 68. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 69. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors may accept and—
 - (i) in the case of an individual shall be signed by the appointor or by his attorney; and
 - (ii) in the case of a corporation shall be either given under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation.

The signature on such instrument need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified

copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to the next following Article, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

(A)

Ø

- 70. An instrument appointing a proxy must be left at such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to the notice convening the meeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Transfer Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used, and in default shall not be treated as valid. Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting shall not require again to be delivered for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.
 - 71. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll and shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.
 - 72. A vote cast by proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or insanity of the principal or by the revocation of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company at the Transfer Office at least one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is cast.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES.

73. Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company and such corporation shall for the purposes of these presents be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat.

DIRECTORS.

- 74. Subject as hereinafter provided the Directors shall not be less than three nor more than nine in number. The first Directors shall be appointed in writing by the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution from time to time vary the minimum number and/or maximum number of Directors.
- 75. A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification. A Director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at General Meetings.
- 76. The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company and shall (unless such resolution otherwise provides) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.
- 77. Any Director who holds any executive office (including for this purpose the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman whether or not such office is held in an executive capacity), or who serves on any committee, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine.
- 78. The Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or General Meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company.
- 79. The Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director or ex-Director and for the purpose of providing any such pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme or fund or to pay premiums.
- So. A Director may contract or be interested in any contract or arrangement with the Company or with any other company in which the Company may be interested and he may hold and be remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the office of Auditor of the Company or any subsidiary thereof) under the Company or any such other company and he (or any firm of which he is a member) may act in a professional capacity for the

Company or any such other company and be remunerated therefor and (save as otherwise agreed) he may retain for his own absolute use and benefit all profits and advantages accruing to him therefrom.

- 81. (A) The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment.
- (B) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman or Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director shall automatically determine if he cease to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- (c) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not automatically determine if he cease from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- 82. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Director holding any executive office any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS.

83. Any provisions of the Statutes which, subject to the provisions of these presents, would have the effect of rendering any person ineligible for appointment as a Director or liable to vacate office as Director on account of his having reached any specified age or of requiring special notice or any other special formality in connection with the appointment of any Director over a specified age, shall not apply to the Company.

6

()

Ø

- 84. The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely:
 - (i) If he shall become prohibited by law from acting as a Director.
 - (ii) If he shall resign by writing under his hand left at the Office or if he shall in writing offer to resign and the Directors shall resolve to accept such offer.

- (iii) If he shall have a receiving order made against him or shall compound with his creditors generally.
- (iv) If in England or elsewhere an order shall be made by any court elsiming jurisdiction in that behalf on the ground (however immulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a grardian or for the appointment of a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs.
- (v) li he shall be absent from meetings of the Directors for six months without leave and the Directors shall resolve that his office he vacated.

So. The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these presents may by Ordinary Resolution fill up the office being warshed by electing thereto the retiring Director or some other person eligible for appointment. In default the retiring Director which shall be dremed to have been re-elected except in any of the following cases:—

- (ii) Where it such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill up such office or a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost.
- (iii) Where such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is newling to be re-elected.
- (III) Where the defeals is one to the moving of a resolution in continuation of the peri following Article.

The retirement shall not have effect until its conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director on a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and had an accordingly a retiring Director who is re-election in the retiring and have been re-elected will continue in office without break.

The description in the appointment of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved at any General descript; unless a resolution what it shall be so neared has first been appeared to by the meeting without any vote dedug given against it; and any resolution mused in continuentian of this provided about demand in an amount of this provided at any section of this provided at any section.

The series are more than inch-inc days (Malack of the incention of the obligation of the control of the control

which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been left at the Office notice in writing signed by some member (other than the person to be proposed) any qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected.

- 88. The Company may in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office notwithstanding any provision of these presents or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement, and appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office. In default of such appointment the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled by the Directors as a casual vacancy.
- 89. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number (if any) fixed by or in accordance with these presents. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

- 90. Subject to the provisions of these presents the Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. At any time any Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, summon a meeting of the Directors.
- 91. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective.
- 92. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all powers and discretions for the time being exercisable by the Directors.

92. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be determined by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or easting vote.

m lo

· 👣

- 94. A Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes.
- 95. (A) Save as herein provided, a Director shall not note in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has any material interest otherwise than by wirtue of his interests in shares or dehentures or other securities of or otherwise in or through the Company. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting.
- (E) A Director shall (in the absence of some other material interest than is indicated below) be entitled to vote (and be counted in the querum) in respect of any resolution concerning any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (i) The giving of any security or indemnity to him in respect of money lent or obligations incurred by him at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
 - (iii) The giving of any security or indemnity to a filling party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security.
 - (iii) Any proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription or purchase in which offer he is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting thereof.
 - (iv) Any proposal concerning any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever, but is not the holder of or beneficially interested in one per cent. or more of the issued shares of any class of such company or of any third company through which his interest is derived.
 - (v) Any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a superannation fund or retirement

benefits scheme under which he may benefit and which has been approved by or is subject to and conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes.

(C) Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and in such case each of the Directors concerned (if not debarred from voting under paragraph (B) (iv) of this Article) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

- (D) If any question shall arise at any meeting as to the materiality of a Director's interest or as to the entitlement of any Director to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interests of the Director concerned have not been fairly disclosed.
- (E) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.
- 96. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these presents the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of filling up such vacancies or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose. If there be no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.
- 97. The Directors may elect a Chairman and Deputy-Chairman and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy-Chairman shall have been appointed, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 98. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in the United Kingdom shall be as effective as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors and may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more Directors.

The Dissertant may hely the high farmer and have and the committees consisting at the all their pertition of their earth of their earth of the consistency at their pertition of the argument of the provided. But consistency at them they hear the the argument of the provided but consistency and the any hearth of the argument of the provide for the form of the factorise the improved by the theorem, they are a argument of persons uniter than Dissertant and for any heart and the argument of the consistency of the argument of the argument of the consistency of the argument of the consistency and the argument the factorist of the case argument of members of members of the consistency and the argument of the committee of members of the committee and the argument and the argument and the argument are the arguments.

的的

6 10

The meetings and provedings of any met committee consisting of two or more measures shall be governed module modules and my the provisions of these presents regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superscient or any expensions made by the directors under the last presenting article.

commission, or by any person sating as a Directors, or of any sating and a director or as a member of any said commission, or by any person sating as a Director or as a member of any said continued, which are Company, not which are continued at any of the persons acting as attreasing or that any such persons were dispositived or had vacated office, or were not entitled to work, he as valid as if every such person had been diving an announced and was qualified and had continued to be a lineator or member of the commission and had been entitled to work.

EOBEOWING POWEES

ME. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Compact tonium winner, and to muchange or charge its undertaking purposely and uncolled aspiral, and to keep dedeadures and other securities, whichile our or collegeral exercity for any debt. Hability or allignature of the Compact or of each thick party.

CENERAL POWERS OF DURECTORS.

The dualines of the Company shall be managed by the Company and managed by the Company and managed by the Company and may express therefore of the Company as one of these presses therefore to the Company as one of these presses therefore to the exercise by the Company of the presses by these presses the property of the exercise by the Company of the presses of the contract of the presses of th

as may be prescribed by Special Resolution of the Company, but no regulations so made by the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The general powers given by this Article shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other Article.

104. The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

0

(6

- power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions yested in him.
- an office or employment having a designation or title including the word "Director" or attach to any existing office or employment with the Company such a designation or title. The inclusion of the word "Director" in the designation or title of any office or employment with the Company (other than the office of Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director) shall not imply that the holder thereof is a Director of the Company nor shall such holder thereby be empowered in any respect to act as a Director of the Company or be deemed to be a Director for any of the purposes of these presents.

107. The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

min

- 108. Subject to and to the extent permitted by the Statutes, the Company, or the Directors on behalf of the Company, may cause to be kept in any territory a branch register of members resident in such territory, and the Directors may make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- 109. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 110. Except to the extent permitted by the Statutes no part of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the subscription for or parchase of or in loans upon the security of shares in the Company or in any company which is its holding company nor shall the Company directly or indirectly give any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a subscription for or purchase of such shares or make any loan to any of the Directors or to any director of any company which is its holding company or enter into any guarantee or provide any security in connection with any such loan. The powers of the Directors shall be restricted accordingly.

SECRETARY.

111. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors on such terms and for such period as they may think fit. Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. If thought fit two or more persons may be appointed as Joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they may think fit one or more Assistant Secretaries.

THE SEAL.

112. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Scal, which shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf. Every instrument to which the Scal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other

securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS.

11.3. Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Office the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

RESERVES.

114. The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits.

(B)

(0

0

DIVIDENDS.

- 115. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 116. If and so far as in the opinion of the Directors the profits of the Company justify such payments, the Directors may declare and pay the fixed dividends or any class of shares carrying a fixed

dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the half-yearly or other dates prescribed for the payment thereof and may also from time to time declare and pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and in respect of such periods as they think fit.

- 117. Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Article no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share.
 - 118. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.
- 119. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the Directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Directors be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.
- 120. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.
- 121. The Di ectors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- 122. The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same.
- 123. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof

and any dividend unclaimed after a period of twelve years from the date of declaration of such dividend shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company.

0

(3) (1)

٨

0

(3)

- 124. The Company may upon the recommendation of the Directors by Ordinary Resolution direct payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the distribution of specific assets (and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.
 - respect of a share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled thereto (or, if two or more persons are registered as joint holders of the share or are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to any one of such persons) or to such person and such address as such member or person or persons may by writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to such person as the holder or joint holders or person or persons entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder may direct and payment of the cheque or warrant by the banker upon whom it is drawn shall be a good discharge to the Company. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby.
 - 126. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, or are entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable or property distributable on or in respect of the share.
 - 127. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in General Meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the

dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to capitalisations to be effected in pursuance of the next following Article.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES.

128. The Directors may capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including Share Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Fund) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the holders of Ordinary Shares in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of dividend on the Ordinary Shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Ordinary Shares (or, with the approval of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company and subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class not being redeemable shares) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them in the proportion aforesaid. The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

MINUTES AND BOOKS.

- 129. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose—
 - (i) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors.
 - (ii) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of Directors and of any committee of Directors.
 - (iii) Of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of any class of members of the Company and of the Directors and of committees of Directors.

130. Any register, index, minute book, book of account or other book required by these presents or the Statutes to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may be kept either by making entries in bound books or by recording them in any other manner. In any case in which bound books are not used, the Directors shall take adequate precautions for guarding against falsification and for facilitating its discovery.

ACCOUNTS.

- 131. The books of account shall be kept at the Office, or at such o'ler place within Great Britain as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors. No member (other than a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors.
- 132. The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes cause to be prepared and to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as may be necessary.
- which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be attached or annexed thereto) shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these presents: Provided that this Article shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to more than one of joint holders or to any person of whose address the Company is not aware, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office.

AUDITORS.

134. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there we some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment.

٨

135. The Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to

any General Meeting which any member is entitled to receive, and to be heard at any General Meeting on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns him as Auditor.

NOTICES.

- may be served on or delivered to any member by the Compacy either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid cover addressed to such member at his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within the United Kingdom) to the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied by him to the Company as his address for the service of notices, or by delivering it to such address addressed as aforesaid. Where a notice or other document is served or sent by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the expiration of twenty-four hours (or, where second-class mail is employed, forty-eight hours) after the time when the cover containing the same is posted and in proving such service or deliver; it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted.
- 137. In respect of joint holdings all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the Register of Members and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.
- 138. A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and upon supplying also an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served upon or delivered to him at such address any notice or document to which the mer ber but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share. Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the address of any member in pursuance of these presents shall, notwithstanding that such member be then dead or bankrupt, and whether or not the Company have notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such member as sole or firstnamed joint holder.
- 139. A member who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) has not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices shall not be entitled to receive notices from the Company.

The second secon

WINDING UP.

(1)

0

140. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision, or by the Court) the Liquidator may, with the authority of an Extraordinary Resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The Liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the Liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY.

141. Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, every Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Conpany shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto.

PRIVATE COMPANY.

- 142. The Company is a Private Company and accordingly:-
 - (A) The right to transfer shares in the Company shall be restricted in the manner provided by these presents.
 - (B) The number of members of the Company (not including persons who are in the employment of the Company and persons who having been formerly in the employment of the Company were while in such employment and have continued after the determination of that employment to be members of the Company) is limited to fifty. Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the Company jointly they skall for the purposes of this paragraph be treated as a single member.
 - (c) No invitation shall be made to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company.

So long as the Company shall remain a Private Company the Directors' powers to decline to register any transfer of shares (not being fully paid shares) shall extend to any transfer of fully paid shares and the liens by these presents conferred upon shares (not being fully paid shares) shall extend to fully paid shares.

OVERRIDING PROVISIONS.

- 143. Whenever Banco Nacional de Cuba (hereinafter called "the Parent Company") or any subsidiary of the Parent Company, shall be the holder of not less than 90 per cent. of the issued Ordinary Shares, the following provisions shall apply and to the extent of any inconsistency shall have overriding effect as against all other provisions of these Articles:—
 - (A) The Parent Company may at any time and from time to time appoint any person to be a Director or remove from office any Director howsoever appointed but so that in the case of a Managing Director his removal from office shall be deemed an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company;
 - (B) no unissued shares shall be issued or agreed to be issued or put under option without the consent of the Parent Company;
 - (c) any or all powers of the Directors shall be restricted in such respects and to such extent as the Parent Company may by notice to the Company from time to time prescribe.

Any such appointment, removal, consent or notice shall be in writing served on the Company and signed on behalf of the Parent Company by any two of its Directors or by any one of its Directors and its Secretary or some other person duly authorised for the purpose. No person dealing with the Company shall be concerned to see or enquire as to whether the powers of the Directors have been in any way restricted hereunder or as to whether any requisite consent of the Parent Company has been obtained and no obligation incurred or security given or transaction effected by the Company to or with any third party shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the third party had at the time express notice that the incurring of such obligation or the giving of such security or the effecting of such transaction was in excess of the powers of the Directors.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS	
Spuce J. FRANCO 41. PORCHESTER GATE, BAYSWATER RD., LONDON, W.Z. BANKER	
M) F) LONDON, N. 2. BANKER LONDON, N. 2.	28)
	PERATURI
29, ALEXANDRA COURT, OUGENSONTES 171 SWA	C

BANKGR

LONDON

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS	3
Species J FRANCIO 41. PORCHESTER GATE, BAYSWATER RD.,	
London, W.Z.	
BANKER	
12, PORCHESTER GATE, BAYSMATGR RD., LONDON, N. 2. BANKER	
SHAKEK	
Dated the 19 th day of July , 1972. Witness to the above Signatures—	
Ja (rufo)	JA IMPERATORI
29, ALEXANDRA COURT, QUEENSCIAGE 171 LONDON	, SWIL

BANKGR



CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

No. 2074897

I hereby certify that

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Ac., 1948 to 1967 and that the Company is Limited.

Given under my hand at London the 3rd October 1972.

R. W. WESTLEY
Registra: of Companies

Margin reserved for binding

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 TO 1967

Notice of increase in nominal capital

Pursuant to Section 63 of the Companies Act 1948

Name of Company AVAMA Acreby gives you notice that by ording the man 1977	nary/extracted	has been increased by the
addition thereto of a sum of £ 4.0 The additional capital is divided as Number of shares	do your me your the 1-9	Nominal amount of each share
The conditions (e.g. voting rights have been or are to be issued are (If any of the shares are preference PARI PAZSU, WIT	n The Existing ordin	•
	Signed State whether Director or Secretary Date	DIRECTOR MY T. DETIASA. 26.4 MAY 19??
	* Delete "Limited" if not appli	icable (see notes overleaf

Whinney Murray to 57 Chiswell 80. EL.1

resentor's reference:

K85

Form No. 10

No. 1074897

The Companies Acts 1948 to 1967

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum.

AND

Articles of Association

OF

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

Incorporated the 3rd day of October, 1972

LINKLATERS & PAINES,

BARRINGTON HOUSE,

59-67 GRESHAM STREET,

LONDON EC2V 7JA.







CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

No. 1074897

I HEREBY CERTIFY that HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LUMITED is this day incorporated under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1967 and that the Company is Limited.

Given under my hand at London the 3rd October, 1972.

R. W. WESTLEY, Registrar of Companies.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum of Association

OF

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

- 1. The name of the Company is "HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company will be situate in England.
 - 3. The objects for which the Company is established are :-
 - (A) To carry on the business of banking in all its branches, and to transact and do all matters and things incidental thereto, or which may at any time hereafter, at any place where the Company shall carry on business, be usual in connection with the business of banking or dealing in money or securities for money, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the borrowing, raising or taking up of money, lending or advancing of money, securities and property, issuing, discounting, buying, holding, selling and dealing in investments of all kinds, bills of exchange, promissory notes, deposit receipts, coupons, drafts, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, certificates, scrip and other instruments and securities whether transferable, negotiable, or otherwise, the granting and issuing of letters of credit and circular notes, buying, selling, holding and dealing in foreign exchange, currency, bullion, specie and precious metals, negotiating loans, credits and advances, credit guarantees or credit insurance, the receiving of securities, property and valuables of any description whatsoever on deposit or for safe custody or otherwise, collecting and transmitting moneys and securities.

- (B) To carry on the businesses of obtaining, receiving and holding money in any deposit, current or savings account or otherwise (whether expressed in sterling or other currencies) or in any other manner whatsoever and whether at interest or otherwise, and of utilising and turning the same to account in any manner thought fit, and the issuing of cheques or any other means of any description whatsoever to provide facilities for the withdrawal or transfer thereof.
- (c) To finance or assist in financing the sale of any real or personal property of all and every kind or description by way of hire purchase, instalment finance or deferred payment or otherwise, and to institute, enter into, carry on, subsidise, finance or assist in subsidising or financing the sale and maintenance of any real or personal property of all and every kind and description upon any terms whatsoever, to acquire and discount hire purchase or other agreements or any rights thereunder, whether proprietary or contractual and to acquire by assignment or otherwise debts due and owing to any person or company and to collect such debts.
- (D) To provide managerial, advisory, consultancy and data processing services of all descriptions and generally the transaction of every kind of mercantile, property or agency business which may lawfully be transacted by banks and finance houses.
- (E) To carry on any business, undertaking, transaction or operation whatever which may be lawfully carried on or undertaken by capitalists, promoters, financiers, manatraders, importers, exporters, concessionaires, brokers including commodity and mortgage brokers, merchants, factors, mercantile agents, underwriters, warehousemen, surveyors, auctioneers, valuers, land agents, contractors, aircraft, ship, hovercraft and road and rail transport owners, hirers, charterers and operators, travel agents; to act as agent or broker for the placing of life, marine, fire, accident, fidelity and other insurance; to act as agent or representative of owners or other persons or corporations having, or claiming to have, any interest in vessels, aircraft, hovercraft, cargoes, freights, motor or railway vehicles or other machinery or other general merchandise, and any other subjects of insurance.
- (F) To purchase, acquire, rent, build, construct, equip, execute, carry out, improve, work, develop, administer,

maintain, manage or control works and conveniences of all kinds, whether for the purposes of the Company or for sale or hire to or in return for any consideration from any other company or persons, and to contribute to or assist in the carrying out or establishment, construction, maintenance, improvement, management, working, control or superintendence thereof respectively.

- (G) To subscribe for, underwrite, purchase, or otherwise acquire, and to hold, dispose of, and deal with the shares, stock, securities and evidences of indebtedness or of the right to participate in profits or assets or other similar documents issued by any government, authority, corporation or body, or by any company or body of persons, and any options or rights in respect thereof, and to buy and sell foreign exchange.
- (H) To purchase or otherwise acquire for any estate or interest any property or assets or any concessions, licences, grants, patents, trade marks or other exclusive or non-exclusive rights of any kind which may appear to be necessary or convenient for any business of the Company, and to develop and turn to account and deal with the same in such manner as may be thought expedient, and to make experiments and tests and to carry on all kinds of research work.
- (I) To borrow and raise money and to secure or discharge any debt or obligation of or binding on the Company in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by mortgages and charges upon the undertaking and all or any of the property and assets (present and future) and the uncalled capital of the Company, or by the creation and issue on such terms and conditions as may be thought expedient of debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any description.
- (J) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute, and issue, and to buy, sell and deal with bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (K) To amalgamate or enter into partnership or any joint purse or profit-sharing arrangement with and to co-operate in any way with or assist or subsidise any company, firm, or person, and to purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, body or company

and ount other and and

fit, any the

l or by red rry ing

rty ms or

er nt or

ta 1e or y

r - carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on or possessed of any property suitable for the purposes of the Company.

- (L) To promote or concur in the promotion of any company, the promotion of which shall be considered desirable.
- (M) To lend money to and guarantee or provide security (whether by personal covenant or by mortgage or charge) for the performance of the contracts or obligations of any company, firm or person, and the payment and repayment of the capital and principal of, and dividends, interest or premiums payable on, any stock, shares and securities of any company, whether having objects similar to those of this Company or not, and to give all kinds of indemnities.
- (N) To sell, lease, grant licences, easements and other rights over, and in any other manner deal with or dispose of, the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as may be thought fit, and in particular for stocks, shares or securities of any other company whether fully or partly paid up.
- (0) To procure the registration or incorporation of the Company in or under the laws of any place outside England.
- (P) To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object or for any exhibition, or for any purpose which may be considered likely directly or indirectly to further the objects of the Company or the interests of its members.
- (Q) To grant pensions or gratuities to any employees or ex-employees and to officers and ex-officers (including Directors and ex-Directors) of the Company or its predecessors in business, or the relations, connections or dependants of any such persons, and to establish or support associations, institutions, clubs, and trusts which may be considered calculated to benefit any such persons or otherwise advance the interests of the Company or of its members, and to establish and contribute to any scheme for the purchase by trustees of shares in the Company to be held for the benefit of the Company's employees, and to lend money to the Company's employees to enable them to purchase

shares of the Company and to formulate and carry into effect any scheme for sharing the profits of the Company with its employees or any of them.

- (R) To do all or any of the things and matters aforesaid in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (8) To do all such other things as may be considered to be incidental or conducive to the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that the objects of the Company as specified in each of the foregoing paragraphs of this clause (except only if and so far as otherwise expressly provided in any paragraph) shall be separate and distinct objects of the Company and shall not be in anywise limited by reference to any other paragraph or the order in which the same occur or the name of the Company. Provided always that nothing herein contained shall empower the Company to carry on the business of life assurance, accident insurance, fire insurance, employers' liability insurance, industrial assurance, motor vehicle insurance or any other business of insurance or re-insurance within the meaning of the Insurance Companies Act 1958 or any Act amending, extending or re-enacting the same.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

5. The share capital of the Company is £3,000,000, divided into \$6,000 shares of £100 each.

See minute no 77/31 (5) 26/5/77

By an Ordinary Resolution passed on 12th May 1977 the authorised share capital of the Company was increased to £6,000,000.

WE, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber
J. FRANCO, 41 Porchester Gate, Bayswater Rd., London, W.2, Banker.	One
J. J. RODRIGUEZ, 12 Porchester Gate, Bayswater Rd., London, W.2, Banker.	One
Total Shares taken	Two

Dated the 19th day of July, 1972.

Witness to the above Signatures-

J. A. EMPERATORI,
29 Alexandra Court,
Queensgate 171, S.W.7,
London,
Banker.

INDEX

cribed, of this ke the te our

of Shares y each riber

0

·								Article No.	Page No.
Accounts	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	131-133	31
Auditors	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	134-135	31
Authentication of		ments	• •	• •	• •		••	113	27
Borrowing Power	S	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		102	24
Calls	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		19-24	6
Capitalisation of	Profits	and R	eserves		• •	• •		128	30
Corporations actin	ng by	\mathbf{Repres}	entativ	es				73	17
Directors—									
Appointment		Retirem	ent			• •	••	83-89	19
Borrowing Po		• •	• •	• •	• •		• •	102	24
Executive Di	rector	s	• •		• •	• •		81-82	19
Expenses	• •		• •		• •	• •		78	18
Interests in c		ts							
entitlem	ent	• •	• •		••		••	80	18
voting	• •	• •		• •	• •		• •	95	22
Meetings and	proce	edings	• •	••			••	90-100	21
Number	• •							74	18
Pensions					••	••	••	79	18
Powers-									
borrowin	g						••	102	24
general	••					••	••	103-110	24
Qualification	••		••		• •	••	•••	75	18
Remuneration	n	• •		• •	••		4.	76–77	18
Dividends		••		• •	••	••	•••	115-127	27
Executive Directo	rs	••	••	• •		•••	••	81-82	19
Forfeiture and Lie	n	••		• •	••	••	••	25-33	7
General Meetings	••	• •		•••	••	•••	••	47–48	12
Notice of			••	••	• • •	••	••	49-52	12
Proceedings a		••	••	•••	• • •	••		53-61	14
Indemnity		• •	••	••	••	••	• •	141	33
Minutes and Book	s		••		••	••	••	129-139	30
Notices	• •	••	••	•••			••	136-139	32
Overriding Provisi		••			••	• •	••	143	3 <u>2</u> 34
Preliminary	• •	••	••	••	••	••	••	1-2	34 1
Private Company	• •	•••	•••		••	• •	••	142	
Reserves		•••	••	••	••	••	••	114	33
Seal		••	••	••	••	••	••		27
Secretary	••	• •	••	• •	• •	••	- •	112	26
Share Capital	•••	••	••	• •		••	• •	111	26
Alteration of	•••	••	••	••	••	• •	• •	3	2
Increase	• •	••	• •	••	••	- •	• •	6-8	3
Reduction	••	••	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	6	3
Sub-division,	Cangal	 idation	oto	••	• •	••	• •	8	4
				••	• •	- •	* *	7	3
Share Certificates (Shares	(866 81)	SO ALUM	CIG IIZ	,	• •	• •	••	14-18	5
Calls on	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	• •	9–13	4
	**		••	• •	••	• •	• •	19-24	* 6
Equitable inte			•		• •	••	• •	9	4
Issue		,	• •	••		• •	• •	10-12	4
Renunciation			• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	13	5
Transfer	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	34-40	9
Transmission		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	41-43	10
Variation of R	ights	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	4-5	2
tock	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	44-46	11
otes of Members			• •					62-72	15
Vinding up									

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Articles of Association

OF

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

PRELIMINARY.

- 1. The regulations in Table A in the First Schedule to the Companies Act 1948 (as amended by the Companies Act 1967) shall not apply to the Company.
- 2. In these presents (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively:—

shall bear the n	nings set opposite	to them respectively:
Words		Meanings
The Acts The Statutes	Who Acts and e	Acts 1948 to 1967. very other Act for the time being cerning companies and affecting
These presents	These Articles	of Association as from time to by Special Resolution.
Office	time being.	office of the Company for the
Transfer Office	situate for t	ere the Register of Members is the time being.
Seal	The Common	Seal of the Company.
The United Kingdom	Great Britain Calendar mon	and Northern Ireland.
Month	Colonder vest	
Year · ·	Oldendar year	produced by any substitute for
In writing	writing or	partly one and partly another.

33075

Paid or credited as paid.

Paid

The expressions "debenture" and "debenture-holder" shall respectively include "debenture stock" and "debenture stockholder".

The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary and where two or more persons are appointed to act as Joint Secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

Ţ

All such of the provisions of these presents as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" shall be construed accordingly.

Save as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Acts shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meaning in these presents.

A Special or Extraordinary Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these presents.

SHARE CAPITAL.

3. The share capital of the Company is £3,000,000, divided into 20,000 Ordinary Shares of £100 each.

By an Ordinary Resolution passed on 12th May 1977 the authorised share capital of the Company was increased to £6,000,000.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS.

Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of the Statutes, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (but not otherwise) and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up. To every such separate General Meeting all the provisions of these presents relating to General Meetings of the Company and to the proceedings thereat shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy me-third in nominal amount of the issued shares of the class (but so that if at any adjourned meeting a quorum as above defined is not present, any two holders of shares of the class present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum) and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that every such holder shall on a poll here one vote for every share of the class held by him. The foregoing

provisions of this Article shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights whereof are to be varied.

5. The special rights attached to any class of shares having preferential rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue thereof be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or all respects pari passu therewith but in no respect in priority thereto.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL.

- 6. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. All new shares shall be subject to the provisions of these presents with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise.
 - 7. (A) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution-
 - (1) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares.
 - (2) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
 - (3) Sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association (subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Statutes), and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may, as compared with the others, have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or be subject to any such restrictions, as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares.
- (B) Upon any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount the Directors may as between the holders of shares so consolidated determine which shares are consolidated into each consolidated share and in the case of any shares registered in the name of one holder being consolidated with shares registered in the name of another holder may make such arrangements as may be thought

fit for the sale of the consolidated share or any fractions thereof and for the distribution among the persons entitled thereto of the net proceeds of such sale and for such purpose may appoint some person to transfer the consolidated share to the purchaser. Provided that the necessary unissued shares are available the Directors may alternatively in each case where the number of shares held by any holder is not an exact multiple of the number of shares to be consolidated into a single share issue to each such holder credited as fully paid up by way of capitalisation the minimum number of shares required to round up his holding to such a multiple (such issue being deemed to have been effected immediately prior to consolidation) and the amount required to pay up such shares shall be appropriated at their discretion from any of the sums standing to the credit of any of the Company's Reserve Accounts (including Share Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Fund) or to the credit of profit and loss account and capitalised by applying the same in paying up such shares.

8. The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital or any capital redemption reservefund or share premium account in any manner and with and subject to any incident authorised and consent required by law.

SHARES.

- 9. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these presents or by law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
- 10. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, failing any such determination, as the Directors may determine) and subject to the provisions of the Statutes the Company may issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the Company are to be liable, to be redeemed.

f

S

iı

p c

11. All unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they think proper.

- 12. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Statutes to the full extent thereby permitted. The Company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.
- 13. The Directors may at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register of Members as the holder recognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

- 14. Every share certificate shall be issued under the Seal (or, in the case of shares on a branch register, an official seal for use in the relevant territory) and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.
- 15. In the case of a share held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor and delivery of a certificate to one of joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.
- 16. Any person (subject as aforesaid) whose name is entered in the Register of Members in respect of any shares of any one class upon the issue or transfer thereof shall be entitled without payment to a certificate therefor (in the case of issue) within one month (or such longer period as the terms of issue shall provide) after allotment or (in the case of a transfer of fully-paid shares) within fourteen days after lodgment of transfer or (in the case of a transfer of partly-paid shares) within two months after lodgment of transfer.
- 17. Where part only of the shares comprised in a share certificate are transferred the old certificate shall be cancelled and a new certificate for the balance of such shares issued in lieu without charge.
- 18. (A) Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any member may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge.
- (B) If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request.

- (c) If a share certificate shall be damaged or defaced or alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed a new certificate representing the same shares may be issued to the holder upon request subject to delivery up of the old certificate or (if alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed) compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the Directors may think fit.
- (D) In the case of shares held jointly by several persons any such request may be made by any one of the joint holders

CALLS ON SHARES.

- 19. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) but subject always to the terms of issue of such shares. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable by instalments.
- 20. Each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.
- 21. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate (not exceeding 12 per cent. per annum) as the Directors determine but the Directors shall be at liberty in any case or cases to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
- 22. Any sum (whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium) which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date shall for all the purposes of these presents be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these presents as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

bet of

wil accounce in sha (un becoexcounce

> call any muc and

and mad ther forfo

seve

give inter feite shall and a sur

com

of the such at an or sufit.

a for

- 23. The Directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
- 24. The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish pro tanto the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made and upon the money so received (until and to the extent that the same would but for such advance become payable) the Company may pay interest at such rate (not exceeding 10 per cent. per annum) as the member paying such sum and the Directors agree upon.

FORFEITURE AND LIEN.

- 25. If a member fails to pay in full any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest and expenses which may have accrued.
- 26. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than seven days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
- 27. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.
- 28. A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. The Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer a forfeited or surrendered share to any such other person as aforesaid.

- 29. A member whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of the shares but shall notwith-standing the forfeiture or surrender remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at 12 per cent. per annum (or such lower rate as the Directors may approve) from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment but the Directors may waive payment of such interest either wholly or in part and the Directors may enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or surrender.
- 30. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares (other than fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single member for all the debts and liabilities of such member or his estate to the Company and that whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest in any person other than such member and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends payable The Directors may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for some limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article.
- 31. The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit any share on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy.
- 32. The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debts or liabilities in respect whereof the lien exists so far as the same are presently payable and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser.

A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to Such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together with the share certificate delivered to a purchaser or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

- 34. All transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form acceptable to the Directors and may be under hand only. The instrument of transfer shall be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and (except in the case of fully-paid shares) by or on behalf of the transferee. The transferor shall remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.
- 35. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The Register of Members shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.
- 36. The Directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor refuse to register any transfer of shares (not being fully paid shares). The Directors may also refuse to register a transfer of shares (whether fully paid or not) in favour of more than four persons jointly. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 37. The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share and is deposited at the Transfer Office accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) and such other evidence as the

Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do).

- 38. All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company.
- 39. No fee will be charged by the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer or probate or letters of administration or certificate of marriage or death or notice in lieu of distringas or power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register of Members affecting the title to any shares.
- 40. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer of shares which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof and all share certificates and dividend mandates which have been cancelled or have ceased to have effect at any time after the expiration of three years from the date of such cancellation or cessation and all notifications of change of name or address after the expiration of one year from the date of the recording thereof and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective document duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:—
 - (i) The provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
 - (ii) Nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (i) above are not fulfilled;
 - (iii) References herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

41. In case of the death of a shareholder the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving

nsferor cecuted rson so

iay be

of the sers of n lieu ng to entry

ments
after
f and
celled
three
ificayear
y be
asfer
cerly
and
ther
and

of ich ing

or or

nt

or s holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares, but nothing in this Article shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him.

- 42. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share either be registered himself as holder of the share upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such his desire or transfer such share to some other person. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.
- 43. Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these presents, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a member in respect of the share.

STOCK.

- 44. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock or reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
- 45. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred (or as near thereto as circumstances admit) but no stock shall be transferable except in such units (not being greater than the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose) as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- 46. The holders of stock shall according to the amount of the stock held by them have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividend, return of capital, voting and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such

privilege or advantage (except as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

- 47. An Annual General Meeting shall be held not more than eighteen months after the incorporation of the Company and subsequently once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than fifteen months after the holding of the last preceding Annual General Meeting) and place as may be determined by the Directors. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.
- 48. The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the Statutes, proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

- 49. An Annual General Meeting and any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Statutes) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company, shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least and any other General Meeting by fourteen days' notice in writing at the least. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held and shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned to all members other than such as are not under the provisions of these presents entitled to receive such notices from the Company: Provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so greed—
 - (A) in the case of an Annual General Meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (B) in the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

the profits int of stock ch privilege

more than and subsect not more ing Annual Directors.

Ty General

d shall on onvene an whether the second source of the second seco

deeting at sprovided been given in writing bys' notice the case be erved and erych as eive such ting notthan that it is so

all the

ng by a right to cogether value of

or the

- 50. (A) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- (B) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.
- (C) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of such business; and if any resolution is to be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution or as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect.
- 51. Routine business shall mean and include only business transacte l at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say:—
 - (i) declaring dividends;
 - (ii) considering and adopting the accounts, the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the accounts;
 - (iii) appointing Auditors and fixing the remuneration of the Auditors or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed;
 - (iv) appointing or re-appointing Directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting on retirement by rotation or otherwise.
- 52. The Directors shall on the requisition of members in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes, but subject as therein provided—
 - (i) give to the members entitled to receive notice of the next Annual General Meeting, notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting;
 - (ii) circulate to the members entitled to have notice of any General Meeting, any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

- No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes.
- The Chairman of the Directors, failing whom the Deputy-Chairman, shall preside as chairman at a General Meeting. be no such Chairman or Deputy-Chairman, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number (or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of their number) to be chairman of the meeting.
- If within ten minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeting (or such longer interval as the chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such day and at such time and place as the chairman of the meeting may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within five minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
- The chairman of the meeting may with the consent of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors.
- When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more or sine die, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting. aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by-
 - (i) the chairman of the meeting; or
 - (ii) not less than three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote; or

Teeting Pocceds Intitled

eputythere either ig the one of ectors

სა $_{
m 088}$

meral may d on se it ame the rned ime

eny sed sie) ny en

10'

r II s

- (iii) a member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (iv) a member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.
- 59. A demand for a poll may be withdrawn only with the approval of the meeting. Unless a poll is required a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the rotes recorded for or against such resolution. If a poll is required, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) as the chairman of the meeting may direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman of the meeting may (and if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineers and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll.
- 60. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or an a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote.
- 61. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS.

62. Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached by or in accordance with these presents to any class of shares, on a show of hands every member who is present in person shall have one vote and on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every £100 in nominal amount of the shares of which he is the holder.

- 63. In the case of joint holders of a share the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members in respect of the share.
- 64. Where in England or elsewhere a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, the Directors may in their absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such receiver or other person to vote in person or by proxy on behalf of such member at any General Meeting.
- 65. No member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled to vote at a General Meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him to the Company in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.
- 66. No objection shall be raised as to the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is or may be given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- 67. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or east all the votes he uses in the same way.
 - 68. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 69. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors
 - (i) in the case of an individual shall be signed by the appointor or by his attorney; and
 - (ii) in the case of a corporation shall be either given under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation.

The signature on such instrument need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified

copy there be lodged a Article, fa

place or or in or by place is shours be adjourned or on the taking of the treate to more once been again to

71. include unless to ment of

72

which it

death of ment of was in insanit the Transcript than the ti

by reperson Compauthe such indiv

such

uor ted

liis

es

n

copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to the next following Article, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

- 70. An instrument appointing a proxy must be left at such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to the notice convening the meeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Transfer Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used, and in default shall not be treated as valid. Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting shall not require again to be delivered for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.
- 71. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll and shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.
- 72. A vote east by proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or insanity of the principal or by the revocation of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company at the Transfer Office at least one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is east.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES.

73. Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company and such corporation shall for the purposes of these presents be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat.

DIRECTORS.

- 74. Subject as hereinafter provided the Directors shall not be less than three nor more than nine in number. The first Directors shall be appointed in writing by the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution from time to time vary the minimum number and/or maximum number of Directors.
- 75. A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification. A Director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at General Meetings.
- 76. The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company and shall (unless such resolution otherwise provides) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.
- 77. Any Director who holds any executive office (including for this purpose the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman whether or not such office is held in an executive capacity), or who serves on any committee, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine.
- 78. The Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or General Meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company.
- 79. The Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director or ex-Director and for the purpose of providing any such pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme or fund or to pay premiums.
- 80. A Director may contract or be interested in any contract or arrangement with the Company or with any other company in which the Company may be interested and he may hold and be remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the office of Auditor of the Company or any subsidiary thereof) under the Company or any such other company and he (or any firm of which he is a member) may act in a professional capacity for the

Company and (save and bene

- 81. more of where co Chairman and, with any parti
- (B) or Deput Assistant cease to I for breac
- office shato be a holds of determing for bread
- holding a Directors as they their ow alter or

API

- of these ineligible Director requiring with the apply to
- 84. following

shall not Directors andum of rom time unber of

s of the member peak at

I from mpany visible ually, of the ation

f for r or any ion f a

le gs il Company or any such other company and be remunerated therefor and (save as otherwise agreed) he may retain for his own absolute use and benefit all profits and advantages accruing to him therefrom.

- 81. (A) The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment.
- (B) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman or Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director shall automatically determine if he cease to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- (c) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not automatically determine if he cease from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- 82. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Director holding any executive office any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS.

- 83. Any provisions of the Statutes which, subject to the provisions of these presents, would have the effect of rendering any person ineligible for appointment as a Director or liable to vacate office as Director on account of his having reached any specified age or of requiring special notice or any other special formality in connection with the appointment of any Director over a specified age, shall not apply to the Company.
- 84. The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely:
 - (i) If he shall become prohibited by law from acting as a Director.
 - (ii) If he shall resign by writing under his hand left at the Office or if he shall in writing offer to resign and the Directors shall resolve to accept such offer.

- (iii) If he shall have a receiving order made against him or shall compound with his creditors generally.
- (iv) If in England or elsewhere an order shall be made by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a guardian or for the appointment of a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs.
- (v) If he shall be absent from meetings of the Directors for six months without leave and the Directors shall resolve that his office be vacated.
- 85. The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these presents may by Ordinary Resolution fill up the office being vacated by electing thereto the retiring Director or some other person eligible for appointment. In default the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected except in any of the following cases:—
 - (i) Where at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill up such office or a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost.
 - (ii) Where such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected.
 - (iii) Where the default is due to the moving of a resolution in contravention of the next following Article.

The retirement shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost and accordingly a retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without break.

- 86. A resolution for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved at any General Meeting unless a resolution that it shall be so moved has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it; and any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void.
- 87. No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for appointment as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than seven nor more than forty-two days (inclusive of the date on

which the rethere shall have member (or attend and intention to signed by to

- 88. If provisions notice has any provisions company may have another pedefault of of a Direct vacancy.
 - to time to vacancy of Director any) fixed appointed and shall
 - 90.
 may mee regulate may, and a meetin
 - 91. Director Kingdon such wa
 - 92.
 of the D
 unless so
 Director
 all power

dinst him

made by on the rder for dian or son (by respect

ectors shall

etires tion etor ring the

to of which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been left at the Office notice in writing signed by some member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected.

88. The Company may in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office notwithstanding any provision of these presents or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement, and appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office. In default of such appointment the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled by the Directors as a casual vacancy.

89. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number (if any) fixed by or in accordance with these presents. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

- 90. Subject to the provisions of these presents the Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. At any time any Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, summon a meeting of the Directors.
- 91. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective.
- 92. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all powers and discretions for the time being exercisable by the Directors.

- 93. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be determined by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- 94. A Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes.
- 95. (A) Save as herein provided, a Director shall not vote in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has any material interest otherwise than by virtue of his interests in shares or debentures or other securities of or otherwise in or through the Company. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting.
- (B) A Director shall (in the absence of some other material interest than is indicated below) be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of any resolution concerning any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (i) The giving of any security or indemnity to him in respect of money lent or obligations incurred by him at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
 - (ii) The giving of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security.
 - (iii) Any proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription or purchase in which offer he is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting thereof.
 - (iv) Any proposal concerning any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever, but is not the holder of or beneficially interested in one per cent. or more of the issued shares of any class of such company or of any third company through which his interest is derived.
 - (v) Any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a superannuation fund or retirement

votes

ectly, shall ns of

te in tsortue herted vich

est he ng

in it y benefits scheme under which he may benefit and which has been approved by or is subject to and conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes.

- (c) Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and in such case each of the Directors concerned (if not debarred from voting under paragraph (B) (iv) of this Article) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.
- (D) If any question shall arise at any meeting as to the materiality of a Director's interest or as to the entitlement of any Director to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interests of the Director concerned have not been fairly disclosed.
- (E) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.
- 96. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these presents the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of filling up such vacancies or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose. If there be no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.
- 97. The Directors may elect a Chairman and Deputy-Chairman and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy-Chairman shall have been appointed, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 98. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in the United Kingdom shall be as effective as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors and may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more Directors.

- The Directors may delegate any of their powers or discretions to committees consisting of one or more members of their body and (if thought fit) one or more other persons co-opted as hereinafter provided. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed by the Directors. Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee of persons other than Directors and for such co-opted members to have voting rights as members of the committee but so that (i) the number of co-opted members shall not exceed one-half of the total number of members of the committee and (ii) no resolution of the committee shall be effective unless at least one-half of the members of the committee present at the meeting are Directors. 100.
- The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed mutatis mutandis by the provisions of these presents regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding
- All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any such committee, or by any person acting as a Director or as a member of any such committee, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding that there was some defect in the appointment of any of the persons acting as aforesaid, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of the committee and had been entitled to vote.

BORROWING POWERS.

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

GENERAL POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in forming and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Statutes or by these presents required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of these presents, to the provisions of the Statutes and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions

as m regul the I been limit Dire

for r King of st remu any with local notr may Dire appo pers

> pow any ind Con disc und as 1 suc wit aut

> > aut

or v

an WO. the "I wit orho the pa

pre

ers or discretions their body and as hereinafter exercise of the hich may from regulations may tree of persons to have voting the number of tal number of ommittee shall the committee

th committee tatis mutandis neetings and t superseded ast preceding

of any such member of a good faith efect in the or that any were not been duly Director or

Company property ecurities, bility or

by the istering vas are ised by lations regula-visions

as may be prescribed by Special Resolution of the Company, but no regulations so made by the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The general powers given by this Article shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other Article.

104. The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

105. The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

an office or employment having a designation or title including the word "Director" or attach to any existing office or employment with the Company such a designation or title. The inclusion of the word "Director" in the designation or title of any office or employment with the Company (other than the office of Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director) shall not imply that the holder thereof is a Director of the Company nor shall such holder thereby be empowered in any respect to act as a Director of the Company or be deemed to be a Director for any of the purposes of these presents.

107. The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

see th

afl

de

re

a

b

t. đ

- 108. Subject to and to the extent permitted by the Statutes, the Company, or the Directors on behalf of the Company, may cause to be kept in any territory a branch register of members resident in such territory, and the Directors may make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- 109. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 110. Except to the extent permitted by the Statutes no part of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the subscription for or purchase of or in loans upon the security of shares in the Company or in any company which is its holding company nor shall the Company directly or indirectly give any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a subscription for or purchase of such shares or make any loan to any of the Directors or to any director of any company which is its holding company or enter into any guarantee or provide any security in connection with any such loan. The powers of the Directors shall be restricted accordingly.

SECRETARY.

111. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors on such terms and for such period as they may think fit. Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. If thought fit two or more persons may be appointed as Joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they may think fit one or more Assistant Secretaries.

THE SEAL.

112. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf. Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors save that as regards any cortificates for shares or debentures or other

by the nd such

tes, the te to be n such ons as

ange, ts for pted, er as

t of r or r or uny or or ny de securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS.

Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Office the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

RESERVES.

114. The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits.

DIVIDENDS.

- 115. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 11.6. If and so far as in the opinion of the Directors the profits of the Company justify such payments, the Directors may declare and pay the fixed dividends on any class of shares carrying a fixed

dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the half-yearly or other dates prescribed for the payment thereof and may also from time to time declare and pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and in respect of such periods as they think fit.

- 117. Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Article no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share.
 - 118. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.
- 119. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the Directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Directors be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.
- 120. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.
- 121. The Directors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- 122. The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same.
- 123. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof

and any dividend unclaimed after a period of twelve years from the date of declaration of such dividend shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company.

- Directors by Ordinary Resolution direct payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the distribution of specific assets (and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.
- respect of a share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled thereto (or, if two or more persons are registered as joint holders of the share or are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptey of the holder, to any one of such persons) or to such person and such address as such member or person or persons may by writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to such person as the holder or joint holders or person or persons entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptey of the holder may direct and payment of the cheque or warrant by the banker upon whom it is drawn shall be a good discharge to the Company. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby.

- 126. If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, or are entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable or property distributable on or in respect of the share.
- 127. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in General Meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the

dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferoes of any such shares. The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to capitalisations to be effected in pursuance of the next following Article.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES.

The Directors may capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including Share Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Fund) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the holders of Ordinary Shares in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of dividend on the Ordinary Shares and applying such sum on their behalf ir paying up in full unissued Ordinary Shares (or, with the approval of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company and subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class not being redeemable shares) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them in the proportion aforesaid. The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

MINUTES AND BOOKS.

- 129. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose—
 - (i) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors.
 - (ii) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of Directors and of any committee of Directors.
 - (iii) Of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of any class of members of the Company and of the Directors and of committees of Directors.

130. Any register, index, minute book, book of account or other book required by these presents or the Statutes to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may be kept either by making entries in bound books or by recording them in any other manner. In any case in which bound books are not used, the Directors shall take adequate precautions for guarding against falsification and for facilitating its discovery.

ACCOUNTS.

- 131. The books of account shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place within Great Britain as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors. No member (other than a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors.
- 132. The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes cause to be prepared and to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as may be necessary.
- 133. A copy of every balance sheet, and profit and loss account which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be attached or annexed thereto) shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these presents: Provided that this Article shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to more than one of joint holders or to any person of whose address the Company is not aware, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office.

AUDITORS.

- 134. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment.
- 135. The Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to

any General Meeting which any member is entitled to receive, and to be heard at any General Meeting on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns him as Auditor.

NOTICES.

- may be served on or delivered to any member by the Company either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid cover addressed to such member at his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within the United Kingdom) to the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied by him to the Company as his address for the service of notices, or by delivering it to such address addressed as aforesaid. Where a notice or other document is served or sent by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the expiration of twenty-four hours (or, where second-class mail is employed, forty-eight hours) after the time when the cover containing the same is posted and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted.
- 137. In respect of joint holdings all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the Register of Members and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.
- 138. A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptey of a member upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and upon supplying also an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served upon or delivered to him at such address any notice or document to which the member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share. Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the address of any member in pursuance of these presents shall, notwithstanding that such member be then dead or bankrupt, and whether or not the Company have notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such member as sole or firstnamed joint holder.
- 139. A member who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) has not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices shall not be entitled to receive notices from the Company.

WINDING UP.

is voluntary, under supervision, or by the Court) the Liquidator may, with the authority of an Extraordinary Resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The Liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the Liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY.

141. Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, every Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto.

PRIVATE COMPANY.



- 142. The Company is a Private Company and accordingly:—
 - (A) The right to transfer shares in the Company shall be restricted in the manner provided by these presents.
 - (B) The number of members of the Company (not including persons who are in the employment of the Company and persons who having been formerly in the employment of the Company were while in such employment and have continued after the determination of that employment to be members of the Company) is limited to fifty. Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the Company jointly they shall for the purposes of this paragraph be treated as a single member.
 - (c) No invitation shall be made to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company.

So long as the Company shall remain a Private Company the Directors' powers to decline to register any transfer of shares (not being fully paid shares) shall extend to any transfer of fully paid shares and the liens by these presents conferred upon shares (not being fully paid shares) shall extend to fully paid shares.

OVERRIDING PROVISIONS.

- 143. Whenever Banco Nacional de Cuba (hereinafter called "the Parent Company") or any subsidiary of the Parent Company, shall be the holder of not less than 90 per cent. of the issued Ordinary Shares, the following provisions shall apply and to the extent of any inconsistency shall have overriding effect as against all other provisions of these Articles:—
 - (A) The Parent Company may at any time and from time to time appoint any person to be a Director or remove from office any Director howsoever appointed but so that in the case of a Managing Director his removal from office shall be deemed an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company;
 - (B) no unissued shares shall be issued or agreed to be issued or put under option without the consent of the Parent Company;
 - (c) any or all powers of the Directors shall be restricted in such respects and to such extent as the Parent Company may by notice to the Company from time to time prescribe.

Any such appointment, removal, consent or notice shall be in writing served on the Company and signed on behalf of the Parent Company by any two of its Directors or by any one of its Directors and its Secretary or some other person duly authorised for the purpose. No person dealing with the Company shall be concerned to see or enquire as to whether the powers of the Directors have been in any way restricted hereunder or as to whether any requisite consent of the Parent Company has been obtained and no obligation incurred or security given or transaction effected by the Company to or with any third party shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the third party had at the time express notice that the incurring of such obligation or the giving of such security or the effecting of such transaction was in excess of the powers of the Directors.

iny the res (not I shares t being

d "the , shall dinary of any visions

time move at so noval pany n for

sued rent

veen

in iny me

ng
ny
its
se.
or
y
of
d

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

J. FRANCO,

41 Porchester Gate,

Bayswater Rd.,

London, W.2,

Banker.

J. J. RODRIGUEZ,

12 Porchester Gate,

Bayswater Rd.,

London, W.2,

Banker.

Dated the 19th day of July, 1972.

Witness to the above Signatures—

J. A. IMPERATORI,
29 Alexandra Court,
Queensgate 171, S.W.7,
London,
Banker.

Please do not write in this binding margin THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 TO 1976

Notice of place where register of directors' interests in shares etc. is kept or of any change in that place

Pursuant to section 29(8) of the Companies Act 1967 as amended by the Companies Act 1976



Please complete legibly, preferably in black type, or

bold blacklettering Name of company

To the Registrar of Companies

Company number

For official use

1074897

[43

*delete if inappropriate HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK

Limited*

hereby gives you notice, in accordance with section 29(8) of the Companies Act 1967 as amended by the Companies Act 1976, that the register of directors' interests in shares in, or debentures of, the company or any other body corporate, being the company's subsidiary or holding company or a subsidiary of the company's holding company, is kept at:

BECKET HOUSE

LAMBETH PALACE ROAD

LONDON SE1 7EU

†delete as

Signed

[Director] [Segretary]† Date

29.4.83

Presentor's name, address and reference: (if any)

K P Stoneley Ernst & Whinney Becket House Lambeth Palace Road London Sel 7EU

Ref: Sc12/kps/sl

For official use Ceneral section

Post room



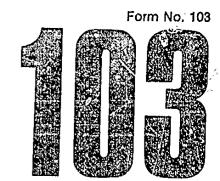
ZK.

Please de not write in this binding margin

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 TO 1976 Notice of place where register of

members is kept or of any change in that place

Pursuant to section 110(3) of the Companies Act 1948 as amended by the Companies Act 1976



Please complete fealbly, preferably in blacktype, or bold block lettering Name of company

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use Company number

1074897

*delete if inappropriate

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK

Limited

hereby gives you notice in accordance with section 110(3) of the Companies Act 1948 that the register of members is now kept at:

BECKET HOUSE LAMBETH PALACE ROAD

LONDON SE1 7EU

in lieu of*

57-CHISWELL STREET LONDON EC1Y 4SY

where it was previously kept

†delete as appropriate Signed

[Director] [Semetacyd]† Date

29.4.83

Presentor's name, address and reference (if any);

K P Stoneley Ernst & Whinney Becket House Lambeth Talace Road London SE1 7EU

ref: sc12/KPS/SL . For official use General section



Number of Company: 1074897

The Companies Acts 1948 to 1981

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

(Pursuant to Section 141 (2) of the Companies Act 1948)

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

Passed 17 May 1985

At the Annual General Meeting of the above named company, duly convened, and held at;

on 17 May 1985, the subjoined ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS were duly passed, viz:-

RESOLUTIONS

- (1) "THAT the authorised share capital of the company be increased to £13,000,000 by the creation of 70,000 ordinary shares of £100 each."
- (2) "THAT the directors be authorised to issue and allot 70,000 ordinary shares in the company within a period not exceeding 5 years of the date of this resolution."

CHAIRMAN CHAIRMAN

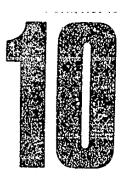


Pirase do not write in this binding margin

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 TO 1976

Notice of increase in nominal capital

Pursuant to section 63 of the Companies Act 1948



A.

Please complete
legibly, preferably
is black type, or
bold block lettering Name of Company

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

For official use Company number

1074897

*delete if inappropriate

†delete as appropriate

Note

This notice and a printed copy of the resolution authorising the increase must be forwarded to the Registrar of Companies within 15 days after the passing of the resolution

HAVANA I	NTERNATIONAL	BANK
----------	--------------	------

Limited*:

the nominal capital of the company has been increased by the addition thereto of the sum of $\frac{7,000,000}{}$ beyond the registered capital of $\frac{6,000,000}{}$

A printed copy of the resolution authorising the increase is forwarded herewith. The additional capital is divided as follows:

Number of shares

Class of share

Nominal amount of each share

ORDINARY

£ 100

(If any of the new shares are preference shares state whether they are redeemable or not)
The conditions (eg. voting rights, dividend rights, winding-up rights etc.) subject to which the new shares have been or are to be issued are as follows:

tdelete as appropriate Signed

[Director] [Secretary] Date

17 May 1905

Please tick here if continued overleaf

Presentor's name, address and reference (if any):

Ernst & Whinney
Becket House,
1 Lambeth Palace Road.
London SE1 71 U

A11/RAR

For official use General section



Company Number 1074897

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 - 1989
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ORDINARY RESOLUTION OF
HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED
passed the 21st May 192

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the abovenamed Company convened and held on the 21st May 1992 the following resolution was duly passed.

ORDINARY RESOLUTION

"that the authorised share capital of the Company be increased from 130,000 £100 Ordinary Shares to 140,000 £100 Ordinary Shares by the creation of 10,000 £100 Ordinary Shares each having the rights and privileges set out in the Articles of Association of the Company"

and that the following be passed as a Special Resolution

"that £1,000,000 standing to the credit of the capital reserve account be capitalised by the creation of 10,000 £100 Ordinary shares of the Company and be allotted as fully paid to Banco Nacional de Cuba"

Chairman

AND THE TELEPHONE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

Date



COMPANIES FORM No. 123

Notice of increase in nominal capital



Please de not

Write in this margin	*	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Please complete legibly, preferably	To the Registrar of Companies	For official	use Company number					
in black type, or bold block lettering	Name of company		1 10(409)					
*Insert full name of company	, HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK	LIMITED						
	gives notice in accordance with sec	,	t by resolution of the company of the company has been					
	increased by £ 1,000,000 beyond the registered capital of £ 13,000,000 .							
The copy must be printed or in some	A copy of the resolution authorising	the increase is attached.†						
other form approved by the registrar	The conditions (e.g. voting rights, o	lividend rights, winding-up rigl	nts etc.) subject to which the new					
-1 managrana.	shares have been or are to be issue	d are as follows;						
Spelate as appropriate	Signed All July Presentor's name, address and	[Director][Sacratery]§ Da	Please lick here if continued overleaf					
	reference (if any):							
	DS/HAV001/1	General section	Post room					
7	EACHER STERN SELEY 37/41 BEDFORD ROW LONDON, WC1R 4JH		-2 IJR 1892 M 76					

The Solicitors' Law Stationery Society nic, Oyez House, 27 Crimscott Street, Lundon SE1 5TS

1985 Edition 2.86 B'HAM.

No. 1074897

The Companies Acts 1948 to 1967

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum

AND

Articles of Association

OF

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

Incorporated the 3rd day of October, 1972

LINKLATERS & PAINES,

BARRINGTON HOUSE,

59-67 GRESHAM STREET,

LONDON EC2V 7JA.

CUMPANIES HOU

1011 1836

* *****

COMPANY DIMITED BY SHARES

Memorandum of Association

OF

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

- 1. The name of the Company is "HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company will be situate in England.
 - 3. The objects for which the Company is established are:-
 - (A) To carry on the business of banking in all its branches, and to transact and do all matters and things incidental thereto, or which may at any time hereafter, at any place where the Company shall carry on business, be usual in connection with the business of banking or dealing in money or securities for money, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the borrowing, raising or taking up of money, londing or advancing of money, securities and property, issuing, discounting, buying, holding, selling and dealing in investments of all kinds, bills of exchange, promissory notes, deposit receipts, coupons, drafts, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, certificates, serip and other instruments and securities whether transferable, negotiable, or otherwise, the granting and issuing of letters of credit and circular notes, buying, selling, holding and dealing in foreign exchange, currency, bullion, specie and precious metals, negotiating loans, credits and advances, credit guarantees or credit insurance, the receiving of securities, property and valuables of any description whatsoever on deposit or for safe custody or otherwise, collecting and transmitting moneys and securities.

- (n) To earry on the businesses of obtaining, receiving and holding money in any deposit, current or savings account or otherwise (whether expressed in sterling or other currencies) or in any other manner whatsoever and whether at interest or otherwise, and of utilising and turning the same to account in any manner thought fit, and the issuing of cheques or any other means of any description whatsoever to provide facilities for the withdrawal or transfer thereof.
- (c) To finance or assist in financing the sale of any real or personal property of all and every kind or description by way of hire purchase, instalment finance or deferred payment or otherwise, and to institute, enter into, carry on, subsidise, finance or assist in subsidising or financing the sale and maintenance of any real or personal property of all and every kind and description upon any terms whatsoever, to acquire and discount hire purchase or other agreements or any rights thereunder, whether proprietary or contractual and to acquire by assignment or otherwise debts due and owing to any person or company and to collect such debts.
- (D) To provide managerial, advisory, consultancy and data processing services of all descriptions and generally the transaction of every kind of mercantile, property or agency business which may lawfully be transacted by banks and finance houses.
- (E) To carry on any business, undertaking, transaction or operation whatever which may be lawfully carried on or undertaken by capitalists, promoters, financiers, managers, traders, importers, exporters, concessionaires, brokers including commodity and mortgage brokers, merchants, factors, mercantile agents, underwitters, warehousemen, surveyors, anchoneers, valuers, land agents, contractors, aircraft, ship, hovercraft and road and rail transport owners, hirers, charterers and operators, travel agents; to act as agent or broker for the placing of life, marine, fire, accident, fidelity and other insurance; to net as agent or representative of owners or other persons or corporations having, or claiming to have, any interest in vessels, aircraft, hovereraft, cargoes, freights, motor or railway vehicles or other machinery or other general merchandise, and any other subjects of insurance.
- (F) To purchase, acquire, rent, build, construct, equip, execute, carry out, improve, work, develop, administer,

maintain, manage or control works and conveniences of all kinds, whether for the purposes of the Company or for sale or hire to or in return for any consideration from any other company or persons, and to contribute to or assist in the carrying out or establishment, construction, maintenance, improvement, management, working, control or superintendence thereof respectively.

- (a) To subscribe for, underwrite, purchase, or otherwise acquire, and to hold, dispose of, and deal with the shares, stock, securities and evidences of indebtedness or of the right to participate in profits or assets or other similar documents issued by any government, authority, corporation or body, or by any company or body of persons, and any options or rights in respect thereof, and to buy and sell foreign exchange.
- (II) To purchase or otherwise acquire for any estate or interest any property or assets or any concessions, licences, grants, patents, trade marks or other exclusive or non-exclusive rights of any kind which may appear to be necessary or convenient for any business of the Company, and to develop and turn to account and deal with the same in such manner as may be thought expedient, and to make experiments and tests and to carry on all kinds of research work.
- (1) To borrow and raise money and to secure or discharge any debt or obligation of or binding on the Company in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by mortgages and charges upon the undertaking and all or any of the property and assets (present and future) and the uncalled capital of the Company, or by the creation and issue on such terms and conditions as may be thought expedient of debentures, debenture stock or other securities of any description.
- (J) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute, and issue, and to buy, sell and deal with bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (K) To amalgamate or enter into partnership or any joint purse or profit-sharing arrangement with and to co-operate in any way with or assist or subsidise any company, firm, or person, and to purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, body or company

carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to earry on or possessed of any property suitable for the purposes of the Company.

- (L) To promote or concur in the promotion of any company, the promotion of which shall be considered desirable.
- (M) To lend money to and guarantee or provide security (whether by personal covenant or by mortgage or charge) for the performance of the contracts or obligations of any company, firm or person, and the payment and repayment of the capital and principal of, and dividends, interest or premiums payable on, any stock, shares and securities of any company, whether having objects similar to those of this Company or not, and to give all kinds of indemnities.
- (N) To sell, lease, grant licences, easements and other rights over, and in any other manner deal with or dispose of, the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as may be thought fit, and in particular for stocks, shares or securities of any other company whether fully or partly paid up.
- (0) To procure the registration or incorporation of the Company in or under the laws of any place outside England.
- (P) To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object or for any exhibition, or for any purpose which may be considered likely directly or indirectly to further the objects of the Company or the interests of its members.
- (Q) To grant pensions or gratuities to any employees or ex-employees and to officers and ex-officers (including Directors and ex-Directors) of the Company or its predecessors in business, or the relations, connections or dependants of any such persons, and to establish or support associations, institutions, clubs, funds and trusts which may be considered calculated to benefit any such persons or otherwise advance the interests of the Company or of its members, and to establish and contribute to any scheme for the purchase by trustees of shares in the Company to be held for the benefit of the Company's employees, and to lend money to the Company's employees to enable them to purchase

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Momorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber
J. FRANCO, 41 Porchester Gate, Bayswater Rd., London, W.2, Banker.	One
J. J. RODRIGUEZ, 12 Porchester Gate, Bayswater Rd., London, W.2, Banker.	One
Total Shares taken	Two

Dated the 19th day of July, 1972.

Witness to the above Signatures-

J. A. IMPERATORI, 29 Alexandra Court, Queensgate 171, S.W.7, London, Banker.

INDEX

								Article No.	Page No.
Accounts	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	, .		131-133	31
Auditors			4 +		• •		• • '	134-135	31
Authentication of	Docum	ents						113	27
Borrowing Powers	()	4.		• •	• •		• •	102	24
Calls		* ,		••	• •		• •	19-24	6
Capitalisation of P					••	••	• •	128	30
Corporations acting					••	••		73	17
Directors-	9 ~ 3 ~	op toodii		,	••	••	• •	••	**
Appointment:	and Ra	tiromo	o t		,			83-89	19
Borrowing Po				• •	• •	• •	* * *	102	24
Executive Dir		••	••	••	••	• •	•,•		
		•	• •	••	••	• •	• •	81-82	19
Expenses	•• •••••••	* *	••	• •	••	• •	• •	78	18
Interests in co									
entitlemo		••	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	80	18
voting	••	••	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	95	22
Meetings and 1	proceed	ings	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	90-100	21
Number	••	• •	• •	••	• •	• •		74	18
Pensions	••	• •	• •	• •		• •	• •	79	18
Powers-									
borrowing	;	••	••	• •		• •	• •	102	24
general		• •	••	••				103-110	24
Qualification			• •				• •	75	18
Remuneration			••	••	• •		• •	76-77	18
Dividends	••		* 1				• •	115-127	27
Executive Director	rs.		• •				· • •	81-82	19
Forfeiture and Lie	n							25-33	7
General Meetings			••	••	• •		••	47-48	12
Notice of	••		••	• •	••	••	••	49-52	12
Proceedings as		••	••	••	••	••	• •	53-61	14
Indemnity	•		••	••	••	••	• •	141	33
Minutes and Books		••	••		••	••	••	129-130	30
Notices	••	••	••	••	••	••	• •	136-139	32
Overriding Provisi		••						143	34
Preliminary				• •	• •	• •	• •	1-2	
Private Company	1.0	••	••	••	• •	* *	• •	142	1
• •	••	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		33
Reserves	• •	••	••	• •	••	• •	• • ,	114	27
Seal	• •	• •	• •	••	••	• •	• •	112	26
Secretary	••	• •	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	111	26
Share Capital	**	• • *	••	• •	••	• •	* *	3	2
Alteration of		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	68	. 3
Increase	* *	• •	••	••	• •	• •	• •	6	3
Reduction	**	• •	••	• •		• •	• •	8	4
Sub-division,				* *	• •	• •	• •	7	3
Share Certificates (see also	o Articl	le 112)		• •	• •	• •	14-18	5
Shares	••	••		• •	• •		• •	9-13	-1
Calls on				••			* *	19-24	в
Equitable inte	rests n	ot reco	gnised					9	-1
Issue		• •	••	••				10-12	4
Renunciation	of allot	ment	••				• •	13	5
Transfer	• •	.,				٠.		34-40	9
Transmission					•• ,			41-43	10
Variation of R	ights	••						4-5	2
Stock		••	A					44-46	11
Votes of Members		••					• •	02-72	15
Winding up	••	••	••			• •		140	33
many apre-	••	0 V	••	• •	b # s	• •	• *	7.40	()()

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Articles of Association

OF

HAVANA INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

PRELIMINARY.

- 1. The regulations in Table A in the First Schedule to the Companies Act 1948 (as amended by the Companies Act 1967) shall not apply to the Company.
- 2. In these presents (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively:—

attent ocur ene n	TCtell	rea ace obliquite to arous respectively :
Words		Meanings
The Acts		The Companies Acts 1948 to 1967.
The Statutes	••	The Acts and every other Act for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company.
These presents	••	These Articles of Association as from time to time altered by Special Resolution.
Office	• •	The registered office of the Company for the time being.
Transfer Office	••	The place where the Register of Members is situate for the time being.
Seal	• •	The Common Scal of the Company.
The United		
Kingdom		Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
Month		Calendar month.
Year		Calendar year.
In writing	••	Written or produced by any substitute for writing or partly one and partly another.
Paid		Paid or credited as paid.

The expressions "debenture" and "debenture-holder" shall respectively include "debenture stock "and "debenture stockholder".

The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary and where two or more persons are appointed to act as Joint Secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

All such of the provisions of these presents as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" shall be construed accordingly.

Save as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Acts shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meaning in these presents.

A Special or Extraordinary Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these presents.

SHARE CAPITAL.

3. The share capital of the Company is £14,000,000 divided into 140,000 Ordinary Shares of £100 each. *

VARIATION OF RIGHTS.

Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of the Statutes, be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (but not otherwise) and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up. To every such separate General Meeting all the provisions of these presents relating to General Meetings of the Company and to the proceedings thereat shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-third in nominal amount of the issued shares of the class (but so that if at any adjourned meeting a quorum as above defined is not present, any two holders of shares of the class present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum) and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that every such holder shall on a poll have one vote for every share of the class held by him. The foregoing

^{*} the share capital of the Company was increased from £13,000,000 by Ordinary Resolution passed the 21st May 1992

provisions of this Article shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights—", ereof are to be varied.

5. The special rights attached to any class of shares having preferential rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue thereof be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or all respects pari passu therewith but in no respect in priority thereto.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL.

- 6. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. All new shares shall be subject to the provisions of these presents with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise.
 - 7. (A) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution-
 - (1) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares.
 - (2) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
 - (3) Sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association (subject, nevertheless, to the previsions of the Statutes), and so that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may, as compared with the others, have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or be subject to any such restrictions, as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares.
- (B) Upon any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount the Directors may as between the holders of shares so consolidated determine which shares are consolidated into each consolidated share and in the case of any shares registered in the name of one holder being consolidated with shares registered in the name of another holder may make such arrangements as may be thought

fit for the sale of the consolidated share or any fractions thereof and for the distribution among the persons entitled thereto of the net proceeds of such sale and for such purpose may appoint some person to transfer the consolidated share to the purchaser. Provided that the necessary unissued shares are available the Directors may alternatively in each case where the number of shares held by any holder is not an exact multiple of the number of shares to be consolidated into a single share issue to each such holder credited as fully paid up by way of capitalisation the minimum number of shares required to round up his holding to such a multiple (such issue being deemed to have been effected immediately prior to consolidation) and the amount required to pay up such shares shall be appropriated at their discretion from any of the sums standing to the credit of any of the Company's Reserve Accounts (including Share Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Fund) or to the credit of profit and loss account and capitalised by applying the same in paying up such shares.

8. The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital or any capital redemption reservefund or share premium account in any manner and with and subject to any incident authorised and consent required by law.

SHARES.

- 9. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these presents or by law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
- 10. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, failing any such determination, as the Directors may determine) and subject to the provisions of the Statutes the Company may issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the Company are to be liable, to be redeemed.
- 11. All unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they think proper.

- 12. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Statutes to the full extent thereby permitted. The Company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.
- 13. The Directors may at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register of Members as the holder accognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

- 14. Every share certificate shall be issued under the Seal (or, in the case of shares on a branch register, an official seal for use in the relevant territory) and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.
- 15. In the case of a share held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor and delivery of a certificate to one of joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.
- 16. Any person (subject as aforesaid) whose name is entered in the Register of Members in respect of any shares of any one class upon the issue or transfer thereof shall be entitled without payment to a certificate therefor (in the case of issue) within one month (or such longer period as the terms of issue shall provide) after allotment or (in the case of a transfer of fully-paid shares) within fourteen days after lodgment of transfer or (in the case of a transfer of partly-paid shares) within two months after lodgment of transfer.
- 17. Where part only of the shares comprised in a share certificate are transferred the old certificate shall be cancelled and a new certificate for the balance of such shares issued in lieu without charge.
- 18. (A) Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any member may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge.
- (B) If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request.

- (c) If a share certificate shall be damaged or defaced or alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed a new certificate representing the same shares may be issued to the holder upon request subject to delivery up of the old certificate or (if alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed) compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the Directors may think fit.
- (D) In the case of shares held jointly by several persons any such request may be made by any one of the joint holders

CALLS ON SHARES.

- 19. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) but subject always to the terms of issue of such shares. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable by instalments.
- 20. Each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.
- 21. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate (not exceeding 12 per cent. per annum) as the Directors determine but the Directors shall be at liberty in any case or cases to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
- 22. Any sum (whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium) which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date shall for all the purposes of these presents be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these presents as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

- 23. The Directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
- 24. The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish pro tanto the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made and upon the money so received (until and to the extent that the same would but for such advance become payable) the Company may pay interest at such rate (not exceeding 10 per cent. per annum) as the member paying such sum and the Directors agree upon.

FORFEITURE AND LIEN.

- 25. If a member fails to pay in full any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest and expenses which may have accrued.
- 26. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than seven days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call was made will be liable to be forseited.

- 27. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.
- 28. A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Comp any and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. The Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer a forfeited or surrendered share to any such other person as aforesaid.

- 29. A member whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of the shares but shall notwith-standing the forfeiture or surrender remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at 12 per cent. per annum (or such lower rate as the Directors may approve) from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment but the Directors may waive payment of such interest either wholly or in part and the Directors may enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or surrender.
- The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares (other than fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single member for all the debts and liabilities of such member or his estate to the Company and that whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest in any person other than such member and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon. The Directors may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for some limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article.

- 31. The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit any share on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum increspect of which the lien exists is presently payable nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy.
- 32. The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debts or liabilities in respect whereof the lien exists so far as the same are presently payable and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser.

33. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together with the share cortificate delivered to a purchaser or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

34. All transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form acceptable to the Directors and may be under hand only. The instrument of transfer shall be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and (except in the case of fully-paid shares) by or on behalf of the transferee. The transferor shall remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.

- 35. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares. The Register of Members shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.
- 36. The Directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor refuse to register any transfer of shares (not being fully paid shares). The Directors may also refuse to register a transfer of shares (whether fully paid or not) in favour of more than four persons jointly. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 37. The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share and is deposited at the Transfer Office accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) and such other evidence as the

Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do).

- 38. All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company.
- 39. No fee will be charged by the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer or probate or letters of administration or certificate of marriage or death or notice in lieu of distringas or power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register of Members affecting the title to any shares.
- 40. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer of shares which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof and all share certificates and dividend mandates which have been cancelled or have ceased to have effect at any time after the expiration of three years from the date of such cancellation or cessation and all notifications of change of name or address after the expiration of one year from the date of the recording thereof and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective document duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:—

- (i) The provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
- (ii) Nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (i) above are not fulfilled;
- (iii) References herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

41. In case of the death of a shareholder the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving

holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares, but nothing in this Article shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him.

- 42. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share either be registered himself as holder of the share upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such his desire or transfer such share to some other person. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.
- 43. Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these presents, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a member in respect of the share.

STOCK.

- 44. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock or reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
- 45. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred (or as near thereto as circumstances admit) but no stock shall be transferable except in such units (not being greater than the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose) as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- 46. The holders of stock shall according to the amount of the stock held by them have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividend, return of capital, voting and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such

1)

privilege or advantage (except as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

- 47. An Annual General Meeting shall be held not more than eighteen months after the incorporation of the Company and subsequently once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than fifteen months after the holding of the last preceding Annual General Meeting) and place as may be determined by the Directors. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General
 - 48. The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the Statutes, proceed to convene an Meetings. Extraordinary General Meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

- 49. An Annual General Meeting and any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Statutes) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company, shall be called by twenty-one days' notice in writing at the least and any other General Meeting by fourteen days' notice in writing at the least. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held and shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned to all members other than such as are not under the provisions of these presents entitled to receive such notices from the Company: Provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so greed-
 - (A) in the case of an Annual General Meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (B) in the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent, in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

- 50. (A) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- (B) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.
- (c) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of such business; and if any resolution is to be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution or as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect.
- 51. Routine business shall mean and include only business transacted at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say:—
 - (i) declaring dividends;
 - (ii) considering and adopting the accounts, the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the accounts;
 - (iii) appointing Auditors and fixing the remuneration of the Auditors or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed;
 - (iv) appointing or re-appointing Directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting on retirement by rotation or otherwise.
- 52. The Directors shall on the requisition of members in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes, but subject as therein provided—
 - (i) give to the members entitled to receive notice of the next Annual General Meeting, notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting;
 - (ii) circulate to the members entitled to have notice of any General Meeting, any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

- 53. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes.
- Ohairman, shall preside as chairman at a General Meeting. If there be no such Chairman or Deputy-Chairman, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number (or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of their number) to be chairman of the meeting.
- Meeting (or such longer interval as the chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such day and at such time and place as the chairman of the meeting may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within five minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
- General Meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors.

- 57. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more or sine dic, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- 58. At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by—
 - (i) the chairman of the meeting; or
 - (ii) not less than three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote; or

- (iii) a member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (iv) a member or members present in person or by proxy and holdingshares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.
- 59. A demand for a poll may be withdrawn only with the approval of the meeting. Unless a poll is required a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against such resolution. If a poll is required, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) as the chairman of the meeting may direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman of the meeting may (and if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineers and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll.
- 60. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is domanded shall be entitled to a easting vote.
- 61. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS.

62. Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached by or in accordance with these presents to any class of shares, on a show of hands every member who is present in person shall have one vote and on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every £100 in nominal amount of the shares of which he is the holder.

- 63. In the case of joint holders of a share the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members in respect of the share.
- 64. Where in England or elsewhere a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, the Directors may in their absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such receiver or other person to vote in person or by proxy on behalf of such member at any General Meeting.
- 65. No member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled to vote at a General Meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him to the Company in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.
- 66. No objection shall be raised as to the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is or may be given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- 67. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or east all the votes he uses in the same way.
 - 68. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 69. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors may accept and—
 - (i) in the case of an individual shall be signed by the appointor or by his attorney; and
 - (ii) in the case of a corporation shall be either given under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation.

The signature on such instrument need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified

copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to the next following Article, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

- 70. An instrument appointing a proxy must be left at such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to the notice convening the meeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Transfer Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used, and in default shall not be treated as valid. Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting shall not require again to be delivered for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.
 - 71. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll and shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.
 - 72. A vote east by proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or insanity of the principal or by the revocation of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company at the Transfer Office at least one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is cast.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES.

73. Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company. authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company and such corporation shall for the purposes of these presents be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat.

DIRECTORS.

- 74. Subject as hereinafter provided the Directors shall not be less than three nor more than nine in number. The first Directors shall be appointed in writing by the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution from time to time vary the minimum number and/or maximum number of Directors.
- 75. A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification. A Director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at General Meetings.
- 76. The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company and shall (unless such resolution otherwise provides) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.
- 77. Any Director who holds any executive office (including for this purpose the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman whether or not such office is held in an executive capacity), or who serves on any committee, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine.
- 78. The Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or General Meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company.

- 79. The Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director or ex-Director and for the purpose of providing any such pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme or fund or to pay premiums.
- 80. A Director may contract or be interested in any contract or arrangement with the Company or with any other company in which the Company may be interested and he may hold and be remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the office of Auditor of the Company or any subsidiary thereof) under the Company or any such other company and he (or any firm of which he is a member) may act in a professional capacity for the

Company or any such other company and be remunerated therefor and (save as otherwise agreed) he may retain for his own absolute use and benefit all profits and advantages accruing to him therefrom.

- S1. (A) The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment.
- (B) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy-Chairman or Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director shall automatically determine if he cease to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- (c) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not automatically determine if he cease from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- 82. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Director holding any executive office any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS.

- 83. Any provisions of the Statutes which, subject to the provisions of these presents, would have the effect of rendering any person ineligible for appointment as a Director or liable to vacate office as Director on account of his having reached any specified age or of requiring special notice or any other special formality in connection with the appointment of any Director over a specified age, shall not apply to the Company.
- 84. The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely:
 - (i) If he shall become prohibited by law from acting as a Director.
 - (ii) If he shall resign by writing under his hand left at the Office or if he shall in writing offer to resign and the Directors shall resolve to accept such offer.

- (iii) If he shall have a receiving order made against him or shall compound with his creditors generally.
- (iv) If in England or elsewhere an order shall be made by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a guardian or for the appointment of a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs.
- (v) If he shall be absent from meetings of the Directors for six months without leave and the Directors shall resolve that his office be vacated.
- 85. The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these presents may by Ordinary Resolution fill up the office being vacated by electing thereto the retiring Director or some other person eligible for appointment. In default the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected except in any of the following cases:—
 - (i) Where at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill up such office or a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost.
 - (ii) Where such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected.
 - (iii) Where the default is due to the moving of a resolution in contravention of the next following Article.

The retirement shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other perfon in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost and accordingly a retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without break.

- 86. A resolution for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved at any General Meeting unless a resolution that it shall be so moved has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it; and any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void.
- 87. No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for appointment as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than seven nor more than forty-two days (inclusive of the date on

which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been left at the Office notice in writing signed by some member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected.

- 88. The Company may in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office notwithstanding any provision of these presents or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement, and appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office. In default of such appointment the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled by the Directors as a casual vacancy.
- 89. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number (if any) fixed by or in accordance with these presents. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

- 90. Subject to the provisions of these presents the Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. At any time any Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, summon a meeting of the Directors.
- 91. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective.
- 92. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all powers and discretions for the time being exercisable by the Directors.

- 93. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be determined by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- 94. A Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes.
- 95. (A) Save as herein provided, a Director shall not vote in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has any material interest otherwise than by virtue of his interests in shares or debentures or other securities of or otherwise in or through the Company. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting.
- (B) A Director shall (in the absence of some other material interest than is indicated below) be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of any resolution concerning any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (i) The giving of any security or indemnity to him in respect of money lent or obligations incurred by him at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.
 - (ii) The giving of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security.
 - (iii) Any proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription or purchase in which offer he is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting thereof.
 - (iv) Any proposal concerning any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever, but is not the holder of or beneficially interested in one per cent. or more of the issued shares of any class of such company or of any third company through which his interest is derived.
 - (v) Any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a superannuation fund or retirement

benefits scheme under which he may benefit and which has been approved by or is subject to and conditional upon approval by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes

- (c) Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and in such case each of the Directors concerned (if not debarred from voting under paragraph (B) (iv) of this Article) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.
- (D) If any question shall arise at any meeting as to the materiality of a Director's interest or as to the entitlement of any Director to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interests of the Director concerned have not been fairly disclosed.
- (E) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.
- 96. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these presents the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of filling up such vacancies or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose. If there be no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.
- 97. The Directors may elect a Chairman and Deputy-Chairman and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy-Chairman shall have been appointed, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 98. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in the United Kingdom shall be as effective as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors and may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more Directors.

- 39. The Directors may delegate any of their powers or discretions to committees consisting of one or more members of their body and (if thought fit) one or more other persons co-opted as hereinafter provided. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed by the Directors. Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee of persons other than Directors and for such co-opted members to have voting rights as members of the committee but so that (i) the number of co-opted members shall not exceed one-half of the total number of members of the committee and (ii) no resolution of the committee shall be effective unless at least one-half of the members of the committee present at the meeting are Directors.
- 100. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed mutatic mutandis by the provisions of these presents regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.
- 101. All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any such committee, or by any person acting as a Director or as a member of any such committee, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding that there was some defect in the appeintment of any of the persons acting as aforesaid, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office, or were not excluded to vote, he as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of the committee and had been entitled to vote.

BORROWING POWERS.

102. The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to berrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, and to assue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

GENERAL POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

Directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in forming and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Statutes or by these presents required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of these presents, to the provisions of the Statutes and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions

as may be preceived by Special Resolution of the Company, but no regulations so made by the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The general powers given by this Article shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other Article.

104. The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorities any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

an office or employment having a designation or title including the word "Director" or attach to any existing office or employment with the Company such a designation or title. The inclusion of the word "Director" in the designation or title of any office or employment with the Company (other than the office of Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director) shall not imply that the holder thereof is a Director of the Company nor shall such holder thereby be empowered in any respect to act as a Director of the Company or be deemed to be a Lirector for any of the purposes of these presents.

- 107. The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.
- 108. Subject to and to the extent permitted by the Statutes, the Company, or the Directors on behalf of the Company, may cause to be kept in any territory a branch register of members resident in such territory, and the Directors may make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- 109. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

110. Except to the extent permitted by the Statutes no part of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the subscription for or purchase of or in loans upon the security of shares in the Company or in any company which is its holding company nor shall the Company directly or indirectly give any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a subscription for or purchase of such shares or make any loan to any of the Directors or to any director of any company which is its holding company or enter into any guarantee or provide any security in connection with any such loan. The powers of the Directors shall be restricted accordingly.

SECRETARY.

111. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors on such terms and for such period as they may think fit. Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. If thought fit two or more persons may be appointed as Joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they may think fit one or more Assistant Secretaries.

THE SEAL.

112. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf. Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other

securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS.

113. Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Office the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

RESERVES.

114. The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits.

DIVIDENDS.

- 1.15. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 116. If and so far as in the opinion of the Directors the Softs of the Company justify such payments, the Directors may declare and pay the fixed dividends on any class of shares carrying a fixed

dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the half-yearly or other dates prescribed for the payment thereof and may also from time to time declare and pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and in respect of such periods as they think fit.

- shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Article no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share.
 - 118. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.
- 119. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the Directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Directors be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalize the same or any part thereof.
- 120. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.
- 121. The Directors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- 122. The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same.
- 123. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof

and any dividend unclaimed after a period of twelve years from the date of declaration of such dividend shall be forfeited and shall revert

Ĵ

- The Company may upon the recommendation of the to the Company. Directors by Ordinary Resolution direct payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the distribution of specific assets (and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the
 - 125. Any dividend or other moneys payable in cash on or in Directors. respect of a share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled thereto (or, if two or more persons are registered as joint holders of the share or are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to any one of such persons) or to such person and such address as such member or person or persons may by writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to such person as the holder or joint holders or person or persons entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder may direct and payment of the cheque or warrant by the banker upon whom it is drawn shall be a good discharge to the Company. Every such cheque or wazrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby.
 - If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, or are entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable or property distributable on or in respect of the share.
 - 127. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any lass, whether a resolution of the Company in General Meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the

dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to capitalisations to be effected in pursuance of the next following Article.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES.

128. The Directors may capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including Share Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Fund) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the holders of Ordinary Shares in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of dividend on the Ordinary Shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Ordinary Shares (or, with the approval of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company and subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class not being redeemable shares) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them in the proportion aforesaid. The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrue to the Company rather than to the members . concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

MINUTES AND BOOKS.

- 129. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose—
 - (i) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors.
 - (ii) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of Directors and of any committee of Directors.
 - (iii) Of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of any class of members of the Company and of the Directors and of committees of Directors.

130. Any register, index, minute book, book of account or other book required by these presents or the Statutes to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may be kept either by making entries in bound books or by recording them in any other manner. In any case in which bound books are not used, the Directors shall take adequate precautions for guarding against falsification and for facilitating its discovery.

ACCOUNTS.

- 131. The books of account shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place within Great Britain as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors. No member (other than a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors.
- 132. The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes cause to be prepared and to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as may be necessary.
- which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be attached or annexed thereto) shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these presents: Provided that this Article shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to more than one of joint holders or to any person of whose address the Company is not aware, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office.

AUDITORS.

- 134. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in god—aith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment.
- 135. The Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meating and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to

any General Meeting which any member is entitled to receive, and to be heard at any General Meeting on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns him as Auditor.

NOTICES.

- 136. Any notice or document (including a share certificate) may be served on or delivered to any member by the Company either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid cover addressed to such member at his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within the United Kingdom) to the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied by him to the Company as his address for the service of notices, or by delivering it to such address addressed Where a notice or other document is served or sent by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the expiration of twenty-four hours (or, where second-class mail is employed, fortyeight hours) after the time when the cover containing the same is posted and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted.
 - In respect of joint holdings all notices shall be given to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the Register of Members and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.
 - A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptey of a member upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and upon supplying also an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served upon or delivered to him at such address any notice or document to which the member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share. Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the address of any member in pursuance of these presents shall, notwithstanding that such member be then dead or bankrupt, and whether or not the Company have notice of his death or bankruptcy, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such member as sole or firstnamed joint wolder.

139. A member who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) has not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices shall not be entitled to receive notices from the Company.

WINDING UP.

140. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision, or by the Court) the Liquidator may, with the authority of an Extraordinary Resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The Liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the Liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY.

141. Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, every Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto.

PRIVATE COMPANY.

- 142. The Company is a Private Company and accordingly :-
 - (A) The right to transfer shares in the Company shall be restricted in the manner provided by these presents.
 - (v) The number of members of the Company (not including persons who are in the employment of the Company and persons who having been formerly in the employment of the Company were while in such employment and have continued after the determination of that employment to be members of the Company) is limited to fifty. Provided that where two or more persons hold one or more shares in the Company jointly they shall for the purposes of this paragraph be treated as a single member.

 α

(c) No invitation shall be made to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures of the Company.

So long as the Company shall remain a Private Company the Directors' powers to decline to register any transfer of shares (not being fully paid shares) shall extend to any transfer of fully paid shares and the liens by these presents conferred upon shares (not being fully paid shares) shall extend to fully paid shares.

OVERRIDING PROVISIONS.

- 143. Whenever Banco Nacional de Cuba (hereinaster called "the Parent Company") or any subsidiary of the Parent Company, shall be the holder of not less than 90 per cent. of the issued Ordinary Shares, the following provisions shall apply and to the extent of any inconsistency shall have overriding effect as against all other provisions of these Articles:—
 - (A) The Parent Company may at any time and from time to time appoint any person to be a Director or remove from office any Director howsoever appointed but so that in the case of a Managing Director his removal from office shall be deemed an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company;
 - (B) no unissued shares shall be issued or agreed to be issued or put under option without the consent of the Parent Company;
 - (c) any or all powers of the Directors shall be restricted in such respects and to such extent as the Parent Company may by notice to the Company from time to time prescribe.

Any such appointment, removal, consent or notice shall be in writing served on the Company and signed on behalf of the Parent Company by any two of its Directors or by any one of its Directors and its Secretary or some other person duly authorised for the purpose. No person dealing with the Company shall be concerned to see or enquire as to whether the powers of the Directors have been in any way restricted hereunder or as to whether any requisite consent of the Parent Company has been obtained and no obligation incurred or security given or transaction effected by the Company to or with any third party shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the third party had at the time express notice that the incurring of such obligation or the giving of such security or the effecting of such transaction was in excess of the powers of the Directors.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

J. FRANCO,

41 Porchester Gate,

Bayswater Rd.,

London, W.2,

Banker.

J. J. RODRIGUEZ,

12 Porchester Gate,

Bayswater Rd.,

London, W.2,

Banker.

Dated the 19th day of July, 1972.

Witness to the above Signatures-

J. A. IMPERATORI,
29 Alexandra Court,
Queensgate 171, S.W.7,
London,
Banker.

SCAN UPON DEMAND

We apologise that due
to the poor quality of the fiche,
some of the images scanned
were also of poor quality