MARNIC PLC COMPANY NO. 994213

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2000

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DIRECTORS REPORT

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2000.

Directors responsibilities

Company law requires directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, directors are required to select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the company which has continued throughout the financial year has been that of distributors of industrial tapes and office supplies.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Directors

The directors and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

	Shares of £1 each				
	<u>31.12</u>	31.12.00		<u>31.12.99</u>	
		Non			
	<u>Ordinary</u>	<u>Voting</u>	<u>Ordinary</u>	Voting	
R. Ascott Esq.	95	50,000	95	50,000	
M. Young Esq.	5	-	5	-	
Miss C. Sherrington	-	-	-	-	

Policy on payment to suppliers

All payments to suppliers are made on the basis of mutually agreed terms and conditions. Trade creditors at the year end represent an average of 39 days of the total amount invoiced by suppliers in the year.

Auditors

The auditors, Cranfields, chartered accountants, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 3rd April 2001 and signed on it's behalf.

C. Sherrington Secretary

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MARNIC PLC.

We have audited the financial statements on pages 3 to 9 which have been prepared on the basis of accounting and under the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Audit Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December 2000 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

CRANFIELDS

Chartered Accountants
& Registered Auditors

3 Church Road Croydon CRO 1SG

3rd April 2001

BALANCE SHEET AT 31ST DECEMBER 2000

	<u>Note</u>	£	2000 £	£	<u>1999</u> £
FIXED ASSETS		~	_	~	~
Tangible assets	3		102,076		95,815
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks Investments Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	4 5	309,021 12,400 781,501 <u>763,073</u> 1,865,995		390,242 12,400 533,192 785,787 1,721,621	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one yea Net current assets	r 6	463,465	<u>1,402,530</u>	<u>455,949</u>	1,265,672
Total assets less current liabilities			1,504,606 ======		1,361,487 === == =
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7		50,100 1,454,506 1,504,606 ======		50,100 <u>1,311,387</u> 1,361,487 ======

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 3rd April 2001 and signed on it's behalf by:

R. Ascott

C. Sherrington Directors

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2000

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2000</u> £	<u>1999</u> £
Turnover		3,265,825	3,187,071
Cost of sales		<u>2,065,656</u>	1,983,632
Gross profit		1,200,169	1,203,439
Administrative expenses		941,784	949,930
Operating profit	8	258,385	253,509
Investment income	9	21,706	25,982
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		280,091	279,491
Taxation	12	<u>56,972</u>	57,740
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		223,119	221,751
Dividend			
Interim on non-voting shares, paid		80,000	_
		143,119	221,751
Balance brought forward		<u>1,311,387</u>	1,089,636
Balance carried forward		1,454,506	1,311,387
		======	=======

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the year and there were no recognised gains or losses for 1999 or 2000 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2000

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2000</u> £	<u>1999</u> £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	13	<u>119,743</u>	<u>349,834</u>
Returns on investments and servicing of fina	ınce		
Dividends received Bank interest received		23 <u>21,683</u> 21,706	19 <u>25,963</u> 25,982
Taxation		(<u>57,740</u>)	(60,887)
Capital expenditure			
Cost of fixed assets Sale of fixed assets		(104,923) <u>78,500</u> (26,423)	(29,553) <u>74,043</u> 44,490
			
Dividend paid to shareholders		(80,000)	
Decrease/increase in cash	14	(22,714) =====	359,419 === = =

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2000

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently by the company in the preparation of its financial statements.

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting to 31st December in each year.

b) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less a charge for depreciation which is calculated to write off their cost over their estimated useful lives. The annual rates used for the purpose which are calculated on the reducing balance basis, are:

Motor vehicles - 25% Plant and equipment - 15%

c) Stocks

Goods for resale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

d) Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation except in respect of any tax reduction which can reasonably be expected to continue for the future.

e) Pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme.

2. **RELATED PARTIES**

Throughout the year the company was under the control of R. Ascott Esq., a major shareholder and a director of the company. R. Ascott Esq., owns the freehold office premises occupied by the company. The rent charged to the company was £48,750 which is considered to be less than the market value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2000

3.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Plant and	Motor	
		<u>equipment</u>	vehicles	<u>Total</u>
	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1st January 2000	153,676	69,157	222,833
	Additions	-	104,923	104,923
	Disposals	_	(98,492)	(98,492)
	At 31st December 2000	153,676	75,588	229,264
	Depreciation .			
	At 1st January 2000	107,295	19,723	127,018
	Charge for the year	6,956	12,936	19,892
	Disposals	 _	(<u>19,722</u>)	(19,722)
	At 31st December 2000	<u>114,251</u>	12,937	127,188
	Book value			
	At 31st December 2000	39,425	62,651	102,076
		=====	=====	=====
	At 31st December 1999	46,381	49,434	95,815
		======	=====	=====
4.	<u>INVESTMENTS</u>		<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
	At cost		£	£
	Listed		148	148
	Unlisted		<u>12,252</u>	<u>12,252</u>
			12,400	12,400
			=====	=====

The market value of listed investments, all of which are traded on recognised stock exchanges, was £517 (1999- £565). The directors estimate the value of unlisted investments to be not less than the cost.

5.	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	754,335 3,300 <u>23,866</u> 781,501 =====	519,383 1,946 <u>11,863</u> 533,192
6.	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year: Trade creditors Taxation and social security Directors loan account Accruals and deferred income	283,976 170,579 1,330 7,580 463,465 ======	214,430 151,598 81,922

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2000

		<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
7.	SHARE CAPITAL	£	£
	Authorised		
	50,000 shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
	50,000 non-voting shares of £1 each	50,000	
		100,000	100,000
	logued and fully paid	=====	=====
	Issued and fully paid 100 shares of £1 each	100	100
	50,000 non-voting shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
	octor for forming strated of 21 octor	00,000	00,000
		50,100	50,100
		==== =	=====
8.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation	19,892	23,886
	Loss on sale of fixed assets	270	4,519
	Auditors remuneration	6,500 ==== =	5,500 =====
		-	
9.	INVESTMENT INCOME		
	Dividends received	23	19
	Bank interest received	<u>21,683</u>	<u>25,963</u>
		21,706	25,982
		=====	======
10.	DIRECTORS EMOLUMENTS The second of the director was a second of the direct		
	The remuneration of the directors was: Salaries	166 701	222 024
	Pension scheme contributions	166,781 10,440	•
	Benefits		21,272
		197,528	
		=====	== ====
	The remuneration of the highest paid director was:		
	Salaries	68,635	125,744
	Pension scheme contributions	4,812	4,812
	Benefits	<u>2,463</u>	3,292
		75,910 === = =	133,848 ==== =

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 2 directors (1999 - 2) in respect of money purchase schemes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2000

11.	STAFF NUMBERS AND COST	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
	The average monthly number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year was -		
	Management, administration and sales	19 =====	17
	The aggregate payroll costs were -	£	£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension scheme contributions	479,949 52,714 10,440 543,103 ======	54,680 10,440
12.	TAXATION United Kingdom corporation tax Tax on franked investment income	56,970 	
13.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating profit is reconciled to net cash flow from operating activities as follows:		
	Operating profit Non cash items -	258,385	253,509
	Depreciation Loss on sale of fixed assets Changes in working capital -	19,892 270	23,886 4,519
	Stocks Debtors Creditors	81,221 (248,309) <u>8,284</u>	(99,612) 228,021 (<u>60,489</u>)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	119,743 =====	349,834 =====
14.	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW		
	At 1st January 2000 Cash at bank and in hand Cash flow	785,787 (<u>22,714</u>)	
	At 31st December 2000	763,073 =====	785,787 =====