Report of the Directors and

Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2004

<u>for</u>

The Ian Anderson Group of Companies Limited

and Subsidiary Companies

Ris: 09711264.



Company Information for the year ended 30 June 2004

DIRECTORS:

I S Anderson

J S Anderson

SECRETARY:

J S Anderson

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Clarks Mili Stallard Street Trowbridge

Wiltshire BA14 8HH

REGISTERED NUMBER:

0981264 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Monahans

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

Clarks Mill Stallard Street Trowbridge Wiltshire BA14 8HH

Report of the Directors for the year ended 30 June 2004

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 30 June 2004.

ACTIVITIES

The group's principal activities are the management and production of the music activities of Ian Anderson of Jethro Tull and the farming and processing of salmon.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The group profit for the year after taxation was £86,506 (2003: loss £132,197).

A final dividend of £nil (2003: £500,000) is proposed.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The music activities of the group remain buoyant. There has been extensive touring during the year and this has continued since the year-end.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year under review were:

IS Anderson

J S Anderson

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The beneficial interests of the directors holding office on 30 June 2004 in the issued share capital of the company were as follows:

	30.6.04	30.6.03
I S Anderson J S Anderson	527,000 323,000	527,000 323,000

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year the group made charitable donations totalling £4,918.

Report of the Directors for the year ended 30 June 2004

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company and group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company and group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985 a resolution for the re-appointment of Monahans as auditors to the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors

and signed on behalf of the Board

I S Anderson Director

2 April des!

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of The Ian Anderson Group of Companies Ltd

We have audited the financial statements of The Ian Anderson Group of Companies Limited for the year ended 30 June 2004 on pages 5 to 20. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain intangible fixed assets and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group as at 30 June 2004 and of the group's profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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Monahans

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor Clarks Mill Stallard Street Trowbridge Wiltshire

BA148HH

11 April 2006

and Subsidiary Companies Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 June 2004

	Note	Year Ended 30 June 2004 £	Year Ended 30 June 2003 £
TURNOVER	2	2,258,227	1,995,365
Cost of sales		(2,837)	(114,448)
Gross Profit		2,255,390	1,880,917
Administrative expenses		(1,606,252)	(1,907,192)
Other operating income		649,138 17,543	(26,275)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) Exceptional income Amounts written off investments	4 6 13	666,681 36,796 (426,265)	(26,275) 209,517 (250,000)
Income from investments Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	8	498 58,241 (3,018)	67,264 (6,312)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIE BEFORE TAXATION	S.S.	332,933	(5,806)
Taxation	9	(246,427)	(126,391)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIE AFTER TAXATION	es	86,506	(132,197)
Dividends	10	(1,300,000)	(500,000)
LOSS TRANSFERRED FROM RESERVES	19	(1,213,494)	(632,197)
		•	

There were no recognised gains or losses other than those recognised in the profit and loss account for the current and preceding years.

and Subsidiary Companies Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 June 2004

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	Year Ended 30 June 2004 £	Year Ended 30 June 2003 £
Profit/(Loss) for the financial period Dividends paid	86,506 (1,300,000)	(132,197) (500,000)
Net reduction in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(1,213,494) 3,232,898	(632,197) 3,865,095
Closing shareholders' funds	2,019,404	3,232,898
	====================================	

and Subsidiary Companies Consolidated Balance Sheet 30 June 2004

	Note	30 June 2004 £	30 June 2003 £
FIXED ASSETS		•	~
Intangible assets	11	37,858	75,715
Tangible assets	12	215,767	
Investments	13	45,506	795,506
		299,131	1,128,546
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	14	1,145,709	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,381,400	2,059,993
		2,527,109	3,432,267
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	15	(806,836)	(1,327,915)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,720,273	2,104,352
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,019,404	3,232,898
NET ASSETS		2,019,404	3,232,898
		 ;	<u></u> _
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	18	850,000	850,000
Share premium	19	322,984	322,984
Profit and loss account	19	846,420	2,059,914
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		2,019,404	3,232,898
		:	

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 had seed to be seed to be a seed to be s

and signed on its behalf by:

I S Anderson

J S Anderson

Director Shows And the

Company Balance Sheet 30 June 2004

	Note	30 June 2004 £	30 June 2003 £
FIXED ASSETS		≈	3 €
Intangible assets	11	37,858	75,715
Tangible assets	12	38,689	57,406
Investments	13	46,010	796,010
		122,557	929,131
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	14	1,442,460	1,243,978
Cash at bank and in hand		673,746	1,757,721
		2,116,206	3,001,699
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE			
WITHIN ONE YEAR	15	(806,115)	(1,274,227)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,310,091	1,727,472
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,432,648	2,656,603
			=
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	18	850,000	850,000
Revaluation reserve	19	37,858	75,715
Share premium	19	322,984	322,984
Profit and loss account	19	221,806	1,407,904
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS:		1,432,648	2,656,603

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 miles 1 S Anderson Director Dire

and signed on its behalf by:

J S Anderson

Director I home Andens

and Subsidiary Companies Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2004

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2004 £	Year ended 30 June 2003
Cash inflow from operating activities Net cash inflow before exceptional items Inflow related to exceptional items	I	777,527 36,796	313,258 209,517
Net cash inflow from operating activities		814,323	522,775
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Dividends received		58,241 (3,018) 498	67,264 (6,312)
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		55,721	60,952
Taxation		(49,292)	(95,015)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Disposal of tangible fixed assets Sale of trade investment		(71,457) 82,091 323,735	(11,126) (23,154)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from capital expenditurand financial investment	re	334,369	(34,280)
Equity dividends paid		(1,800,000)	-
Net cash outflow from financing Capital element of finance lease rentals		-	(30,000)
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period	2,3	(644,879)	424,432

and Subsidiary Companies Notes to the Consolidated Cashflow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2004

1.	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS	S) TO OPERATING CAS	SH FLOWS	
		,	2004	2003
			£	£
	Operating profit/(loss)		666,681	(26,275)
	(Profit)/loss on sale of tangible fixed assets		(6,225)	23,155
	Depreciation charges		37,150	46,086
	Decrease in debtors		226,565	420,301
	(Decrease) in creditors		(184,501)	(187,866)
	Amortisation of intangible assets		37,857	37,857
			777,527	313,258
2.	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOV	EMENT IN NET FUNDS	3	
			2004 £	2003 £
	(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period		(644,879)	424,432
	Cash used to repay hire purchase finance		-	30,000
	Movement in net funds in the period		(644,879)	454,432
	Net funds at 1 July 2003		2,020,232	1,565,800
	Net funds at 30 June 2004		1,375,353	2,020,232
				
3.	ANALYSIS OF NET FUNDS/(DEBT)			
		At 1 July		At 30 June
		2003	Cashflow	2004
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank	2,059,993	(678,593)	1,381,400
	Bank overdraft	(39,761)	33,714	(6,047)
		2,020,232	(644,879)	1,375,353
				

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> for the year ended 30 June 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain intangible fixed assets.

Basis of consolidation

In accordance with FRS 2 the group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the parent company and all subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2004. Unless otherwise stated the acquisition method has been applied.

Acquisitions and disposals

The results and cash flows relating to the businesses are included in the consolidated profit and loss account and the consolidated cashflow statement from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal.

Intangible fixed assets

The value of future royalty streams acquired has been included in the balance sheet on the basis of an independent valuation with an estimated useful life of seven years with a full year's charge for amortisation in their period of acquisition.

Royalty income

The royalty income recognised represents the amounts receivable in respect of the year ended 30 June 2004.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life on the straight-line basis as follows:

Land is not depreciated

Buildings over 20 - 50 years
Instruments, equipment and fittings over 5 - 10 years
Plant and machinery over 5 - 10 years
Motor vehicles over 4 years

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the year ended 30 June 2004</u>

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Leases

Assets held under finance leases and the related lease obligations are recorded in the balance sheet at the fair value of the leased assets at the inception of the leases and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The amounts by which the lease payments exceed the recorded lease obligations are treated as finance charges which are amortised over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital amount outstanding.

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the periods of the leases.

Pensions

The group maintains a defined contribution pension scheme and contributions are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Hire purchase receivables

Income from hire purchase contracts, being the excess of total rentals received over the cost of the net investment in hire purchase contracts, is taken to profit in accordance with the investment period method of accounting in direct relationship to the reducing capital invested during the period covered by the contracts.

Amounts written off the net investment in such contracts are calculated to write off the cost over the period of the contracts.

2. TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

Turnover represents royalties receivable, Jethro Tull tour income, income arising from performance and promotional work, together with the invoiced amount of goods sold and services provided including the rental of fish farming assets but excluding intra group sales, and is stated net of Value Added Tax.

2004

2003

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	2004	2003
	£	£
UK	1,770,961	1,536,026
EC	252,816	459,339
Rest of the world	234,450	-
	2,258,227	1,995,365
	<u></u>	
The analyses of profit before tax and net assets attributable to each geographic segment have not been disclosed as it is not considered practicable to identify this information.		
Segmental analysis:		
Contact fish farming and rental of fish farming assets	90,487	278,382
Music and entertainment	2,167,740	1,716,983
	2,258,227	1,995,365
		

and Subsidiary Companies Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2004

3. TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS (continued)

		2004 £	2003 £
	Profit/(loss) before taxation attributable to each class of business:		~
	Contract fish farming and rental of fish farming assets Music and entertainment	55,864 277,069	5,562 (11,368)
		332,933	(5,806)
	Net assets attributable to each class of business:		
	Contract fish farming and rental of fish farming assets Music and entertainment	586,245 1,433,159	594,439 2,638,459
		2,019,404	3,232,898
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
		2004 £	2003 £
	Operating profit is after charging/(crediting): Auditors' remuneration - for audit services - for non-audit services Amortisation of intangible assets (Profit)/loss on sale of tangible fixed assets Hire of plant and machinery	15,549 8,518 37,857 (6,225)	18,990 9,691 37,857 23,155 1,598
	Depreciation - owned assets	50,389	46,086
5.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS Total emoluments of directors of the company excluding pension contributions	247,802	850,954
		2004 No	2003 No
	Number of directors who were members of a defined contribution pension scheme	1	1
	Total emoluments excluding pension contributions of the highest paid director	158,401	461,491

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the year ended 30 June 2004</u>

6. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

a. The exceptional item in the year ended 30 June 2004 represents the profit arising on the disposal of certain fixed assets by Skye Salmon Limited. An agreement was entered into to sell these assets for £420,000 payable in instalments over a period of five years.

Subsequently the purchaser went into administration and £370,000 of the proceeds due are now considered to be irrecoverable.

b. The exceptional item in the year ended 30 June 2003 arose as the result of a royalty audit subsequent to which the company received a payment for artist royalties earned in earlier years. The amount credited to profit and loss account in the year ended 30 June 2003 represents the company's share of this settlement, after deducting relevant legal and professional expenses incurred in reaching agreement over the amount due and after deducting amounts due to certain band members.

7. EMPLOYEE COSTS

		2004 £	2003 £
	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	387,892	1,034,577
	Social security costs	47,104	118,896
	Other pension costs	2,238	4,636
		437,234	1,158,109
	The average weekly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group during the year was:		
		No	No
	Production	-	5
	Sales and administration	7	10
		7	15
		=	±
8.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		£	£
	Hire purchase	3,018	5,829
	Other interest	-	483
		3,018	6,312
9.	TAXATION		
		£	£
	Corporation tax based on the results for the period comprises:		,•
	United Kingdom Corporation Tax payable	232,485	80,008
	Overseas tax suffered	17,916	93,359
	Double tax relief	(11,229)	(48,632)
	Prior year under provision	7,255	1,656
		246,427	126,391

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the vear ended 30 June 2004</u>

9. TAXATION (continued)

		2004 £	2003 £
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year: Tax due at the standard rate of 30% on the profit/(loss) before tax	99,880	(1,742)
	Expenditure net of income not allowable for tax Dividends from quoted investments	(3,369) (150)	12,839
	Amortisation of royalty stream not allowable for tax Excess of capital allowances over depreciation	11,357 (2,268)	11,357 (11,594)
	Provision against cost of investment Disposal of investment Overseas tax suffered	127,880 17,916	75,000 - 93,359
	Double tax relief Prior year under provision	(11,229) 7,255	(48,632) 1,656
	Tax losses generated Small companies' marginal relief	14,822 (15,667)	(5,852)
		246,427	126,391
10.	DIVIDENDS		
		2004 £	2003 £
	Ordinary shares Interim Final	1,300,000	500,000
		1,300,000	500,000
11.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	 	
	Group and company	Royalty Stream	
	Cost At 1 July 2003 and 30 June 2004	265,000	
	Amortisation At 1 July 2003 Charge for year	189,285 37,857	
	At 30 June 2004	227,142	
	Net Book Value		
	At 30 June 2004	37,858	
	At 30 June 2003	75,715	

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the year ended 30 June 2004</u>

12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group			Instruments		
•	Land & Buildings £	Plant and Machinery £	Equipment & Fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
Cost	2	z.	£	I.	£
At 1 July 2003	386,177	63,639	439,658	25,603	915,077
Additions	34,000	25,000	12,457	-5,555	71,457
Disposals	(41,6 53)	(55,781)	(8,569)	(25,603)	(131,606)
At 30 June 2004	378,524	32,858	443,546		854,928
Depreciation					<u></u>
At 1 July 2003	193,628	23,302	415,218	25,603	657,751
Charge for the year	24,782	1,571	10,797	-	37,150
Disposals	(5,763)	(19,467)	(4,907)	(25,603)	(55,740)
At 30 June 2004	212,647	5,406	421,108		639,161
Net Book Value					
At 30 June 2004	165,877	27,452	22,438	-	215,767
					
At 30 June 2003	192,550	40,335	24,440	-	257,325
				·	

The net book value of the group's fixed assets includes £nil (2003: £61,469) in respect of assets held under finance lease and HP contracts.

Land and buildings at 30 June 2004 includes leasehold land and buildings at a net book value of £20,865 (2003: £41,220)

Company	Leasehold Land & Buildings £	Instruments Equipment & Fittings £	Total £
Cost			•
At 1 July 2003	203,552	420,826	624,378
Additions	-	10,914	10,914
At 30 June 2004	203,552	431,740	635,292
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 1 July 2003	162,332	404,640	566,972
Charge for the year	20,355	9,276	29,631
At 30 June 2004	182,687	413,916	596,603
Net Book Value			
At 30 June 2004	20,865	17,824	38,689
			<u> </u>
At 30 June 2003	41,220	16,186	57,406

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the year ended 30 June 2004</u>

13.	INVESTMENTS

	GRO	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2004 £	2003 £	2004 £	2003 £	
Cost	€		4-	<i>-</i>	
At 1 July 2003	1,045,506	1,045,506	1,046,010	1,046,010	
Disposals	(1,000,000)	1,045,500	(1,000,000)	1,040,010	
Disposais	(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)	_	
At 30 June 2004	45,506	1,045,506	46,010	1,046,010	
	·				
Provision					
At 1 July 2003	250,000	-	250,000	-	
Profit and loss account	-	250,000	-	250,000	
Provisions written back	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	
At 30 June 2004		250,000	-	250,000	
Net Book Value	45,506	795,506	46,010	796,010	
Comprising:					
Listed investments	45,506	45,506	45,506	45,506	
Unquoted investments	<u>.</u>	750,000	504	750,504	
	45,506	795,506	46,010	796,010	
Market value of listed investments	50,750	53,600	50,750	53,600	
					

Included in the above are unquoted investments with a carrying value of £nil, (2003: £750,000) comprising.

Name of Company	Holding	Proportion Held	Nature of Business
Neptune Holdings UK Limited	Ordinary 'B' shares	Nil (2003: 12.5%)	Sale of fish

This investment was disposed of on 28th June 2004.

Name of company	Holding	Proportion held	Nature of Business
Owned directly	0.1.1.	1000/	h ('
Jethro Tull Production Limited	Ord. shares -	100%	Music
Calliandra Productions Limited	Ord. shares	100%	Music
Skye Salmon Limited	Ord. shares	100%	Salmon production
Ian Anderson Music Limited	Ord. shares	100%	Dormant

14. **DEBTORS**

	2004 £	2003 £
Group		
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	34,216	365,135
Other debtors	933,289	755,479
Prepayments	15,010	47,712
Net investment in hire purchase contracts	40,790	40,790
VAT recoverable	35	-
	1,023,340	1,209,116

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the year ended 30 June 2004</u>

14.	DEBTORS (continued)		
		2004 £	2003 £
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:	~	a u
	Net investment in hire purchase contracts	122,369	163,158
	Aggregate amounts	1,145,709	1,372,274
		=	
	Company		
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Other debtors	931,601	744,594
	Prepayments	8,950	37,546
	Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings	501,909	461,838
		1,442,460	1,243,978
15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Group	60.45	20.54
	Bank loans and overdrafts	6,047	39,761
	Trade creditors	150,247	368,511
	Directors' current account	105,826	242.469
	Corporation Tax	439,604 11,633	242,468 71,770
	Social Security and other taxes Other creditors	4,998	68,876
	Dividend proposed	4,220	500,000
	Hire purchase creditor	-	300,000
	Accruals and deferred income	88,481	36,529
		806,836	1,327,915
		-	
	Company	5.065	20.101
	Bank loans and overdrafts	5,965 149,970	20,181 139,543
	Trade creditors Directors' current account	105,826	139,343
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	150,879	240,860
	Corporation Tax	367,412	236,351
	Other creditors	4,930	68,876
	Dividend proposed	4,730	500,000
	Social security and other taxes	11,633	58,916
	Accruals	9,500	9,500
		806,115	1,274,227
			

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the year ended 30 June 2004</u>

16.	SECURED DEBTS			2004	2003
	Group Loans and overdrafts Hire purchase			£ - -	£ - -
				-	-
17.	DEFERRED TAXATION	Provided in th		(asset)	otential /liability
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£	£	£	£
	Group Losses	-	_	(83,496)	(153,788)
	Accelerated capital allowances	- -	-	(371)	14,660
		-	-	(83,867)	(139,128)
18.	SHARE CAPITAL			2004	2002
				2004 £	2003 £
	Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000,000	1,000,000
	Allotted and fully paid up Ordinary shares of £1 each			850,000	850,000
19.	RESERVES				
		Share Premium £	Profit & Loss £	Revaluation Reserve £	Total £
	Group	•			
	Balance at 1 July 2003 Loss for the year	322,984	2,059,914 (1,213,494)	-	2,382,898 (1,213,494)
	Balance at 30 June 2004	322,984	846,420		1,169,404
	Company Balance at 1 July 2003 Loss for the year	322,984	1,407,904 (1,223,955)	75,715	1,806,603 (1,223,955)
	Transfers	-	37,857	(37,857)	-
	Balance at 30 June 2004	322,984	221,806	37,858	582,648

As allowed by S230 of the Companies Act 1985 a profit and loss account for the company is not presented. The revaluation reserve created in a prior period relates to the incorporation of intangible fixed assets in respect of the rights to receive royalty income transferred to the company from a former subsidiary on 30 June 1999.

<u>and Subsidiary Companies</u> <u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>for the year ended 30 June 2004</u>

20. RELATED PARTIES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 – Related Party Transactions, and has not disclosed transactions with 90% or more owned companies in The Ian Anderson Group of Companies Limited group.

TullProd Inc., a company incorporated in the USA and wholly owned by I S Anderson, was billed by the company £73,152 (2003: £36,611) in respect of administration fees. At 30 June 2004 the company was owed £7,523 by TullProd Inc. (2003: £640 due to TullProd Inc.)

21. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The company has given a guarantee to Marine Harvest UK Limited, ("MHUK"), in respect of the granting by Skye Salmon Limited of contract farming rights to MHUK over certain land which is subject to head leases from the Crown Estate Commissioners. The guarantee indemnifies MHUK against breaches of the terms of these head leases and the period covered by this contract farming arrangement runs until 13 June 2006.