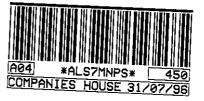
## Directors' report and financial statements

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**Directors** 

TRG Sear (Chairman)

MA Cowton WL Kitt G Vescovo DF Harris

Secretary

MA Cowton

Registered office

Pentagon Park Boundary Way Hemel Hempstead Hertfordshire HP2 7UD

**Auditors** 

**KPMG** 

**Aquis Court** 

31 Fishpool Street

St Albans Hertfordshire AL3 4RF

**Principal Bankers** 

Barclays Bank plc

32 Clarendon Road

Watford Hertfordshire WD1 1LD

### Director's Report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1995.

#### Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are those of ophthalmic healthcare including surgical and contact lens care products.

#### Business review

During 1995, the company relocated to purpose built headquarters in Hemel Hempstead.

In addition, the company launched a new product in the United Kingdom in the field of ocular surgery, and the directors are pleased with the contribution this made to the turnover of the business. Work is continuing to register new products in various therapeutic areas for the company.

The company continues to monitor its organisation to meet the needs of its customers and is confident it can successfully meet these ever-increasing demands.

#### Proposed dividend and transfer from reserves

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1994: £nil). The transfer from reserves is shown on the face of the profit and loss account.

#### Significant changes in fixed assets

The company completed the building contract for warehousing and office accommodation, resulting in capitalised expenditure of £2.4m.

Other movements in fixed assets are also disclosed in notes 9 & 10 to the accounts.

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

T.R.G. Sear

(Chairman)

P.H. Blackburn

(resigned 6 May 1996)

M.A. Cowton

W.L. Kitt

G. Vescovo

None of the directors who held office at any time during the financial year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company. Mr D F Harris was appointed director of the company on 6 May 1996.



Directors' report

#### **Auditors**

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution the company is not obliged to reappoint its auditors annually and KPMG will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board M.A. Contor

M.A. Cowton Secretary

Pentagon Park Boundary Way Hemel Hempstead Herts HP2 7UD

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.





Aquis Court 31 Fishpool Street St Albans Herts AL3 4RF

Auditors' report to the members of Alcon Laboratories (U.K.) Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 16.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1995 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

25 July 1996

KPMG

## Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 1995

		Continuing operations		
	Note	1995	1994	
		£'000	£'000	
Turnover	2	20,542	17,782	
Change in stocks of finished goods		956	377	
Other operating income		4	3	
Raw materials		(13,919)	(10,590)	
Other external charges		(1,686)	(1,608)	
Staff costs	5	(2,732)	(2,495)	
Depreciation and other amounts				
written off tangible fixed assets		(246)	(313)	
Other operating charges	6	(3,387)	(4,142)	
Operating loss		(468)	(986)	
Profit on disposal of fixed assets		201	454	
Interest receivable and similar income		39	23	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(101)	(91)	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(329)	(600)	
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	8	114	(175)	
Loss retained for the financial year		(215)	(775)	
Accumulated losses brought forward		(3,066)	(2,291)	
Accumulated losses carried forward		(3,281)	(3,066)	

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the year.



Balance sheet at 31 December 1995

at 51 December 1995	Note	1995		1994		
	11010	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	9		5		5	
Tangible assets	10		6,815		3,718	
			6,820		3,723	
Current assets						
Stocks	11	2,753		1,797		
Debtors	12	5,962		4,849		
		8,715		6,646		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(15,179)		(9,607)		
Net current liabilities:						
Due within one year		(6,648)		(3,547)		
Debtors due after one year	12	184		586		
Total net current liabilities			(6,464)		(2,961)	
Total assets less current liabilities			356		762	
Provisions for liabilities and charges	14		(537)		(728)	
Net (liabilities)/assets			(181)		34	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	15		3,100		3,100	
Profit and loss account			(3,281)		(3,066)	
Shareholders' funds			(181)		34	

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 34  $T_{11}$  and were signed on its behalf by:

W.L. Kitt

W.L. Kitt Director

KPMG

## Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 1995

	Note	19 £'000	1995 £'000 £'000		994 £'000
Net cash outflow from operating activities	17		(110)		(622)
Return on investments and servicing of finance					
Interest received		24		-	
Interest paid		(101)	_	(91)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of					
finance			(77)		(91)
Taxation					
UK corporation tax paid			(108)		(125)
Investing activities					
Amount paid for purchase of tangible fixed assets		(2,999)		(884)	
Receipts from sale of tangible fixed assets		1	_	333	
Net cash outflow from investing activities		_	(2,998)	_	(551)
Net cash outflow before financing		<b>-</b>	(3,293)	_	(1,389)
Financing					
Group loans	<i>19</i>	(4,250)	_	-	
Net cash inflow from financing			(4,250)		-
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	18	_	957	_	(1,389)
			(3,293)	enti	(1,389)

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules and on a going concern basis due to the continuing financial support provided by the parent undertaking.

#### Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold buildings - 40 years

Plant and machinery - 3 to 12 years

Office equipment - 10 years

Computers and laboratory

test equipment - 3 years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Pension costs

The company participates in the Nestlé UK Limited Pension Fund under a defined benefit scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the company.

#### Health registration costs

Expenditure on health registration is written off as and when incurred.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost (including duty and handling costs where appropriate) and net realisable value.

#### Leases

Rental charges incurred under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.



#### Notes (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred taxation under the liability method where in the opinion of the directors there is a reasonable probability that a liability will arise in the foreseeable future.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year.

## 2 Analysis of turnover

		1995	1994
By geographical market		£'000	£'000
Home		19,427	16,868
Export		1,115	914
		20,542	17,782
Loss on ordinary activities be	fore taxation	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
The loss on ordinary activition taxation is stated after charg			
Auditors' remuneration	- audit	23	22
	- other services	22	37
Depreciation and other amour	its written		
off tangible fixed assets:		246	313
Operating lease rentals	- hire of plant and machinery	384	353
	- other	-	189
Exchange (gain)/loss on trade	purchases	(154)	42



## Notes (continued)

#### 4 Remuneration of directors

	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
Directors' emoluments:	212	206

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the chairman were £Nil (1994: £Nil) and those of the highest paid director were £129,526 (1994: £127,829).

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the directors (including the chairman and highest paid director) were within the following ranges:

			Number of	Number of directors		
			1995	1994		
£0	-	£5,000	3	3		
£70,001	-	£75,000	1	1		
£125,001	-	£130,000	1	1		

#### 5 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	Number of emplo	
	1995	1994
Sales	47	48
Warehouse	12	13
General management	20	17
Support	10	10
	89	88
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
	1995	1994
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	2,445	2,251
Social security costs	208	185
Pension costs (see note 21)	79	59
	2,732	2,495



Notes (continued)

#### 6 Other operating charges

Included in other operating charges in 1994 was an exceptional provision of £736,000 relating to the relocation of the company. £728,000 of this charge was included within provisions for liabilities and charges on the balance sheet. The movement of this provision in 1995 is analysed in note 14.

#### 7 Interest payable and similar charges

The interest payable is all in respect of bank overdrafts and other short term loans which were in place during the year.

#### 8 Taxation

	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
UK corporation tax charge at 33% (1994: 33%) Adjustment relating to an earlier year	- (114)	275 (100)
	(114)	175

At 31 December 1995 there were tax losses of approximately £422,000 available to be offset against future profits.

A net deferred tax asset of £329,000 (1994: £341,000) resulting from differences between taxation and accounting treatments, has not been recognised in the financial statements.

£'000
(96)
437
341
1994
£'000
5



Notes (continued)

10 Tangible fixed assets

Total	£,000	4,350	3,401	(384)	7,267	632	246	(326)	452		6,815	3,718
Office and computer equipment	000. <del>J</del>	419	552	(77)	894	263	109	(9L)	296		298	156
Plant and machinery	£,000	405	413	(307)	511	269	94	(250)	113		398	136
Improvements to short term leasehold	000F	100	•	(100)	'	100	•	(100)	•		' <u> </u>	'
Freehold buildings	£,000	1,142	2,436	'	3,578	i	43	'	43		3,535	1,142
Freehold land	£,000	2,284	ı		2,284	ı	ı	\$	1		2,284	2,284
		Cost At beginning of year	Additions	Disposals	At end of year	Depreciation and diminution in value At beginning of year	Charge for year	Disposals	At end of year	Net book value	At 31 December 1995	At 31 December 1994



## Notes (continued)

#### 11 Stocks

Stocks comprise finished goods purchased for resale.

#### 12 Debtors

13

	19	95	19	1994	
	Due within	Due after	Due within	Due after	
	one year	one year	one year	one year	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000	
Trade debtors	3,387	184	3,022	120	
Amounts owed by parent and fellow					
subsidiary undertakings	1,659	-	307	-	
Other debtors	709	_	808	466	
Prepayments and accrued income	23		126	_	
	5,778	184	4,263	586	
Creditors: amounts falling due within o	•		1995 £'000	1994 £'000	
Bank loans and overdrafts			1,300	2,257	
Trade creditors			1,243	717	
Unsecured loan			6,800	2,550	
Amounts owed to parent and fellow sul	osidiary underta	kings	3,841	2,409	
Other creditors:	•		-,	2,	
Corporation tax payable			53	275	
Other taxation and social secur	rity		373	359	
Accruals and deferred income	-		1,569	1,040	
			15,179	9,607	

The unsecured loan was advanced by the ultimate parent undertaking. It is interest-free and payable on demand.

#### 14 Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Relocation provision £000
At beginning of year (see note 6)	728
Utilised	(288)
Charged to the profit and loss account	97
At end of year	537



Notes (continued)

#### 15 Called up share capital

	1995	1994
	£'000	£'000
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	3,100	3,100

#### 16 Commitments

i) The company has the following capital commitments at the end of the financial year for which no provision has been made:

994 900
 533
- 2,

ii) Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	1995		1994	
	Land and buildings	Other	Land and buildings	Other
	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	-	67	13	102
In the second to fifth years inclusive	83	137	34	183
After five years	<b>5</b> 2	-	129	_
		-		
	135	204	176	285

iii) The company has an HM Customs and Excise duty deferment guarantee of £220,000 (1994: £220,000).



Notes (continued)

18

19

17	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash outflow from operating activities
----	--

	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
Operating loss	(469)	(00.5)
Depreciation charge	(468) 246	(986)
Increase in stocks	(956)	313
Increase in debtors	(840)	(377)
Increase in creditors	2,099	(742)
Decrease in provision	(191)	1,170
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(110)	(622)
Analysis of changes in cash and cash equivalents		
•		Bank loans
	an	d overdraft
		£'000
Balance at 1 January 1994		(0.00)
Net cash outflow		(868)
		(1,389)
Balance at 31 December 1994		(2,257)
Net cash inflow		957
Balance at 31 December 1995		(1,300)
Analysis of changes in financing during the year		
January and John		Loans
		£'000
Balance at 1 January 1994		2,550
New group loans raised		· _



Balance at 31 December 1994

Balance at 31 December 1995

New group loans raised

2,550

4,250

6,800

Notes (continued)

## 20 Reconciliations of movements in shareholders' funds

	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
Loss for the financial year	(215)	(775)
Net movement in shareholders' funds	(215)	(775)
Opening shareholders' funds	34	809
Closing shareholders' funds	(181)	34

#### 21 Pension scheme

As referred to in the accounting policies note, the company participates in the Nestlé UK Limited Pension Fund, a defined benefit scheme.

Contributions of £78,971 were payable during the year (1994: £58,818).

The market value of the scheme's assets and the actuarial value of those assets as a percentage of the benefits that had accrued to members, after allowing for expected future increases in earnings, is disclosed in the financial statements of Nestlé UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 1995.

#### 22 Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking is Nestlé S.A., CH-1800 Vevey, Switzerland, which is incorporated in Switzerland, from which copies of the group accounts can be obtained. This is the smallest and largest group into which the results of the company are consolidated.

