# **Bemis Packaging UK Limited Annual report** for the year ended 31 December 2008

**Registered Number 949464** 



COMPANIES HOUSE

## **Bemis Packaging UK Limited**

## Bemis Packaging UK Limited Report for the year ended 31 December 2008

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## Director's report for the year ended 31 December 2008

The director presents the annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

#### **Principal activities**

The company's principal activity is the sale of food packaging products in the United Kingdom, which are supplied by fellow subsidiaries in Europe.

#### Review of business and future developments

The result for the year is shown in the profit and loss account on page 5. The turnover for the year has increased to £19,228,000 (2007: £15,933,000). The increased volume of sales has meant that the company has returned to profitability in the year, continued profitable trading is expected to be achieved next year.

The directors consider that the financial statements, attached, include the key performance indicators relating to the performance of the business, specifically turnover and operating profit.

#### **Dividends**

The director does not recommend the payment of a dividend (2007: £Nil).

#### Director

The director who held office throughout the year was M Dussart.

#### Financial risk management

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of raw material prices, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The company seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by the following.

#### Price risk

The company is exposed to commodity price risk as a result of its operations. The directors monitor market movements in material prices on a regular basis, but do not consider it cost effective to undertake any formal hedging arrangements.

#### Credit risk

The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made.

#### Liquidity risk

The company has medium term debt finance that is designed to ensure the company has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

#### Interest rate risk

The company's interest rate risk is limited to interest rate change impacts on its medium term debt finance.

## Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the annual report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to
  presume that the company will continue in business, in which case there should be
  supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary.

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Provision of information to auditors

As far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware.

Each director has taken appropriate steps to ensure that they are aware of such relevant information, and that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **Auditors**

A resolution to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors to the company will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

Director

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Bemis Packaging UK Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Bemis Packaging (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

• the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Swansea, 29 00000

## Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2008

	Note	2008 £000	2007 £000
Turnover	2	19,228	15,933
Cost of sales		(17,614)	(14,634)
Gross profit		1,614	1,299
Net operating expenses	3	(1,484)	(1,531)
Operating profit/(loss)	4	130	(232)
Bank interest receivable		29	25
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(4)	(4)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		155	(211)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8	(56)	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	15, 16	99	(211)
Retained loss brought forward	15	(1,599)	(1,388)
Loss carried forward	15	(1,500)	(1,599)

All of the above results arise from continuing operations throughout the year.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit/(loss) above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no material difference between the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit/(loss) for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

## Balance sheet as at 31 December 2008

·	Note	2008 £000	2007 £000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	9	5	8
Current assets			
Stock	10	2,762	2,414
Debtors	11	4,453	3,605
Cash at bank and in hand		151	407
		7,366	6,426
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(6,968)	(6,130)
Net current assets		398	296
Net assets		403	304
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	1,903	1,903
Profit and loss account	15	(1,500)	(1,599)
Equity shareholders' funds	16	403	304

The financial statements on pages 5 to 13 were approved by the board of directors on 29 0 and were signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008

### 1 Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

#### Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Computer equipment	20%
Office equipment	20%

#### **Operating leases**

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In general, cost is determined on a first in first out basis and includes transport and handling costs. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete and defective stocks.

#### Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added tax and trade discounts, represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied. Turnover is recognised on the despatch of goods to customers.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method, on all material timing differences which are expected to reverse in the future. Deferred tax assets that arise as a result of timing differences are recognised when their future recovery is assessed as being more likely than not. Provision is made at the rate of tax which is expected to be applied when the liability or asset is expected to crystallise. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not subject to discounting.

#### Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in sterling at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to sterling at rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are taken to the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

#### Pension contributions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Contributions under the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred. The company provides no other post retirement benefits to its employees.

## 1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### Cash flow

The company is a subsidiary of Bemis Company Inc and the cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of Bemis Company Inc, whose financial statements are publicly available. Consequently, the company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 (Revised), from publishing a cash flow statement.

#### Format of financial statements

The directors have decided to prepare the profit and loss account utilising Format 1 as prescribed by the Companies Act, rather than Format 2 that has been used in previous years. It is considered that Format 1 is more appropriate for the nature of the company's business.

#### 2 Turnover

	2008	2007
	£000	£000
Turnover by geographical destination		
UK	16,253	13,638
Europe & Other	2,975	2,295
	19,228	15,933
3 Net operating expenses		
	2008	2007
	0003	£000
Distribution costs	625	554
Administration expenses	859	977
	1,484	1,531
4 Operating profit/(loss)		
c operating promotions)		
	2008 £000	2007 £000
Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging:		
Depreciation on owned tangible fixed assets	3	3
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	126	93
- other	58	17
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	15	15
	_	

other services

#### 5 Directors' emoluments

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Aggregate emoluments	-	<u>-</u>

No pension contributions were made by the company in respect of the director (2007: £nil).

## 6 Employee information

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	497	527
Social security costs	59	64
Pension costs	22	33
	578	624

The average monthly number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2008 Number	2007 Number
By activity:		
Selling and distribution	10	10
Administration	4	5
	14	15

## 7 Interest payable and similar charges

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Bank interest and charges	4	4

## 8 Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Current tax:		
United Kingdom corporation tax at 28% (2007: 30%)	56	
The tax for the year is different from the standard rate of corporation differences are explained below:	n tax in the UK (289	6). The
,	2008	2007
	£000	€000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	155	(211)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2007: 30%)	43	(63)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	6	7
Difference between capital allowances and depreciation	7	(1)
Group relief surrendered not paid	<u>-</u>	57
Current tax charge for the period	56	-

## 9 Tangible fixed assets

	Computer & office equipment
Cost	
At 1 January 2008 and 31 December 2008	18
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2008	10
Charge for the year	3
At 31 December 2008	13
Net book value	
At 31 December 2008	5
At 31 December 2007	8

#### 10 Stock

10 Stock		
	2008 £000	2007 £000
Finished goods purchased for resale	2,762	2,414
11 Debtors		
	2008 £000	2007 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	4,205	3,390
Amounts due from group undertakings	225	202
Prepayments, accrued income and other debtors	23	13
	4,453	3,605
12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2008 £000	2007 £000
Trade creditors	22	535
Amounts due to group undertakings	6,154	4,748
Corporation tax	56	-
Other taxation and social security	488	617
Accruals and deferred income	248	230
	6,968	6,130

### 13 Deferred taxation

At 31 December 2008, the company had deferred tax assets as follows:

	Amounts recognised 2008	Amounts not recognised 2008	Amounts recognised 2007	Amounts not recognised 2007
	2000	£000	£000	£000
Difference between capital allowances and depreciation	-	10	-	5
	-	10	-	5

The deferred tax asset as at 31 December 2008 has not been recognised due to the uncertainty of future taxable profits against which it can be offset.

## 14 Called up share capital

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Authorised		
2,000,000 (2007: 2,000,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000	2,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,902,510 (2007: 1,902,510) ordinary shares of £1 each	1,903	1,903

#### 15 Profit and loss account

At 31 December 2008	(1,500)
Profit for the financial year	99
At 1 January 2008	(1,599)

## 16 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

Closing shareholders' funds	403	304
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	99	(211)
Opening shareholders' funds	304	515
	2008 £000	2007 £000

## 17 Pension obligations

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the fund. The pension charge for the year was £21,849 (2007: £33,033).

#### 18 Financial commitments

At 31 December 2008 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2008 £000	2007 £000	2008 £000	2007 £000
Leases expiring:				
Within one year	126	-	22	12
Within two to five years	_	93	36	1
	126	93	58	13

### 19 Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary, and the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent undertaking are publicly available, the company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 8, "Related Party Disclosures", not to disclose transactions with other members of the Bemis Company Inc. group.

## 20 Immediate and ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate controlling party, which is also the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up and of which the company is a member, is Bemis Company Inc., incorporated in the United States of America. Copies of the accounts can be obtained from Bemis Company Inc. as follows:

Bemis Company Inc. 222 South Ninth Street Minneapolis Minnesota 55402 USA