Architectural & Building Products Limited Filleted Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018



BEEVER AND STRUTHERS

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
St. George's House
215 - 219 Chester Road
Manchester
M15 4JE

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2018

		31 Dec 18		31 Mar 18	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	4		65,000		65,000
Current assets					
Stocks		13,112		6,645	
Debtors	5	534,829		492,800	
Cash at bank and in hand		_		334	
		547,941		499,779	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due Within					
One Year	6	2,011,396		2,072,176	
Net current liabilities			1,463,455		1,572,397
Total assets less current liabilities			(1,398,455)		(1,507,397)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			67		67
Capital redemption reserve			33		33
Profit and loss account			(1,398,555)		(1,507,497)
Shareholders deficit			(1,398,455)		(1,507,397)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1.5 mm 200, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

G J Wilson Director

Company registration number: 938926

Notes to the Financial Statements

Period from 1 April 2018 to 31 December 2018

1. General Information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Martens Road, Northbank Industrial Park, Irlam, Manchester, M44 5AX.

2. Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. If the company were unable to continue trading then certain adjustments would have to be made to restate assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for future liabilities which may arise and to reclassify long term assets and liabilities as current.

The validity of this assumption depends on the continued support of the other group companies. In the opinion of the directors, the other group companies will continue to support the company for the foreseeable future, and therefore, the going concern assumption is appropriate.

Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

• Determination of recoverability of trade debtors. A specific provision is made against certain debts where in the opinion of the directors the debt is not fully recoverable.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Management do not consider there to be any key estimates contained within the financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Turnover represents the value of services provided during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2018 to 31 December 2018

2. Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of Fixed Assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Work in Progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at the transaction price, less any impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2018 to 31 December 2018

2. Accounting Policies (continued)

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

3. Employee Numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the Period amounted to 1 (2018: 1).

Staff costs are re-charged to the company by other group companies in respect of services provided.

4. Investments

	group undertakings
Cost	£
At 1 April 2018 and 31 December 2018	65,000
Impairment At 1 April 2018 and 31 December 2018	
Carrying amount At 31 December 2018	65,000
At 31 March 2018	65,000

Shares in

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of the companies listed below.

ABP Contracts Limited ABP Integra Limited

The companies have not traded during either year.

5. Debtors

	31 Dec 18	31 Mar 18
	£	£
Trade debtors	76,553	106,867
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the		
company has a participating interest	335,689	237,792
Other debtors	122,587	148,141
	534,829	492,800
	334,027	172,000

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 April 2018 to 31 December 2018

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling due Within One Year

	31 Dec 18	31 Mar 18
	£	£
Finance facility	36,501	13,779
Trade creditors	·	7
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,972,689	2,055,084
Social security and other taxes	2,206	3,306
	2,011,396	2,072,176

The finance facility amounting to £36,501 (March 2018 - £13,779) is secured by a debenture over the company's assets.

7. Summary Audit Opinion

The auditor's report for the Period dated 20 May 2019 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Iain Round BSc, FCA, for and on behalf of Beever and Struthers.

8. Related Party Transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and advantage has been taken of the exemption provided by the small companies regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland" not to disclose transactions with other group companies.

9. Controlling Party

The immediate parent company is ABP-TBS Partnership Limited and the ultimate parent company is Intercede Investments Limited. In the opinion of the directors, Intercede Investments Limited is not under the control of any one individual.