BOURNS ELECTRONICS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2002

Registered number: 860907

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2002

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the accounts and auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2002.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity is as agent for the distribution of passive electronic components. There has been no significant change in the company's activities during the year. It is the intention of the directors to continue to develop the current activities of the company.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year before taxation amounted to STG£113,368 (2001: STG£76,457). After deducting taxation of STG£18,202 (2001: STG£12,260) an amount of STG£95,166 (2001: STG£64,197) has been transferred to reserves.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year were:

Gordon Bourns William McKenna

The directors do not have any interests required to be disclosed under Section 2 of Schedule 7 of the Companies Act, 1985.

EMPLOYEES

The maintenance of a highly skilled workforce is recognised as a major factor in the business. Health and safety matters are given special attention by the directors. The company has recognised the benefits of keeping employees informed of the progress of the business and involving them in the company's overall performance. During the year employees were regularly provided with key information regarding the performance of the company and on matters of concern to them as employees through employee briefing sessions.

The company's policy and practice is to encourage where possible the employment of disabled people and to assist their recruitment, training, career development and promotion and the retention of employees who become disabled.

CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

No political or charitable contributions were made during the year (2001: STG£Nil).

FIXED ASSETS

Information relating to changes in tangible fixed assets is given in note 7 to the accounts.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United Kingdom and comply with the Companies Act, 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the board

John L. Bourns

W. P. McKerma

Directors



Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BOURNS ELECTRONICS LIMITED

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 193 of the Companies Act, 1990. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 1985.

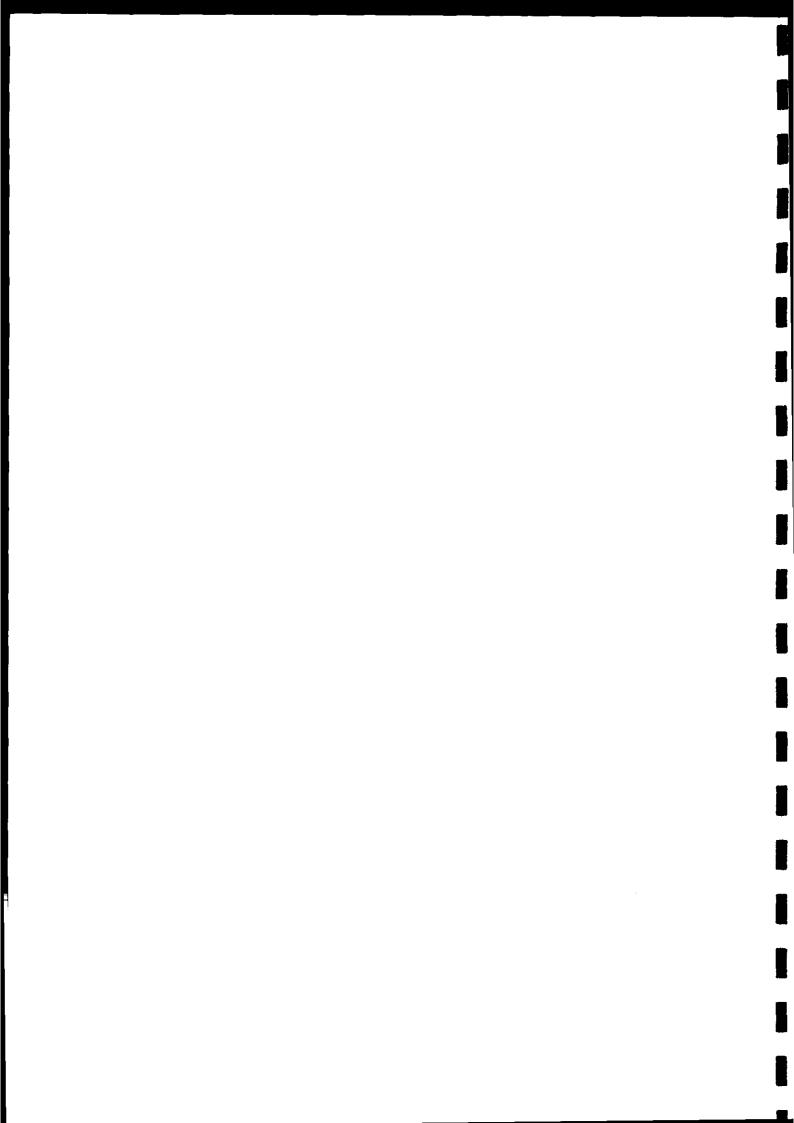
Ernst & Young ' Registered Auditor Stapleton House 89 South Mall

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 STG£	2001 STG£
TURNOVER	2	583,982	640,916
Administrative expenses		(485,954)	(574,720)
OPERATING PROFIT	4	98,028	66,196
Interest receivable		15,340	10,261
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		113,368	76,457
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(18,202)	(12,260)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		95,166	64,197
RETAINED LOSS BROUGHT FORWARD		(540,919)	(605,116)
RETAINED LOSS CARRIED FORWARD		(445,753)	(540,919)

There are no recognised gains or losses in either year other than the profit attributable to the shareholders of the company.

On behalf of the board Bowess

W. F. McKenner

Directors

2003

BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 2002			
	Note	2002 STG£	2001 STG£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	7	58,379	729,412
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	8	1,693,647	947,669
Cash at bank and in hand	-	26,103	2,209
		1,719,750	949,878
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	9	(158,247)	(154,574)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,561,503	795,304
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,619,882	1,524,716
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	10	(29,910)	(29,910)
NET ASSETS		1,589,972	1,494,806
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	11	2,035,725	2,035,725
Profit and loss account	12	(445,753)	(540,919)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS (all equity interests)	12	1,589,972	1,494,806

On behalf of the board

Forder L. Bourns

W. P. McKenne

Directors

2003

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2002			
	Note	2002 STG£	2001 STG£
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	13(a)	(536,995)	(88,286)
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE Interest received		15,340	10,261
NET CASH INFLOW FROM RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		15,340	10,261
TAXATION UK corporation tax received UK corporation tax paid		(37,894)	72,818
TAX (PAID)/REFUNDED		(37,894)	72,818
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		(18,207) 601,650	(18,500) 9,850
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		583,443	(8,650)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) BEFORE FINAN	CING	23,894	(13,857)
FINANCING		•	-
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH IN THE YEAR	13(b)	23,894	(13,857)

for the year ended 31 December 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently thoughout the year, are set out below.

Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Taxation

Corporation tax is provided on taxable projects at current rates.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of individual items over their estimated useful lives from the month of purchase, as follows:

Buildings	15 - 40 years
Plant and machinery:	
Main production plant	5 - 13 years
Computer equipment, tooling and sundry production plant	4 - 15 years
Furniture and fittings	5 - 10 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

Foreign exchange

The financial statements are expressed in pounds sterling (STG£).

Normal trading activities denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in the local currency at actual exchange rate as of the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year end. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account.

Leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Government grants

Grants receivable in respect of projects resulting in the creation of additional jobs are credited to the profit and loss account in the period in which the qualifying conditions have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the value of sales and commissions, excluding VAT, of goods and services provided to fellow subsidiary undertakings.

Turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to one class of business, the commission on sale of electronic components and instruments.

A geographical analysis of turnover is not provided as this would, in the opinion of the directors, be prejudicial to the interests of the company.

3.	STAFF COSTS	2002 STG£	2001 STG£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	245,332 25,999 20,138	267,480 26,384 22,221
		291,469	316,085
	The monthly average number of employees, including directors	, during the year was a	s follows:
		2002 No.	2001 No.
	Selling, administration and distribution	7	7
4.	OPERATING PROFIT	2002	2001
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):	$STG\mathcal{L}$	STG£
	Depreciation Audit fee Loss on sale of fixed assets Operating lease rentals: - hire of plant and machinery - other (rental of premises) Rental income	42,982 6,500 44,608 5,091 125,881 (137,200)	90,212 6,000 23,425 5,091 125,881 (269,554)

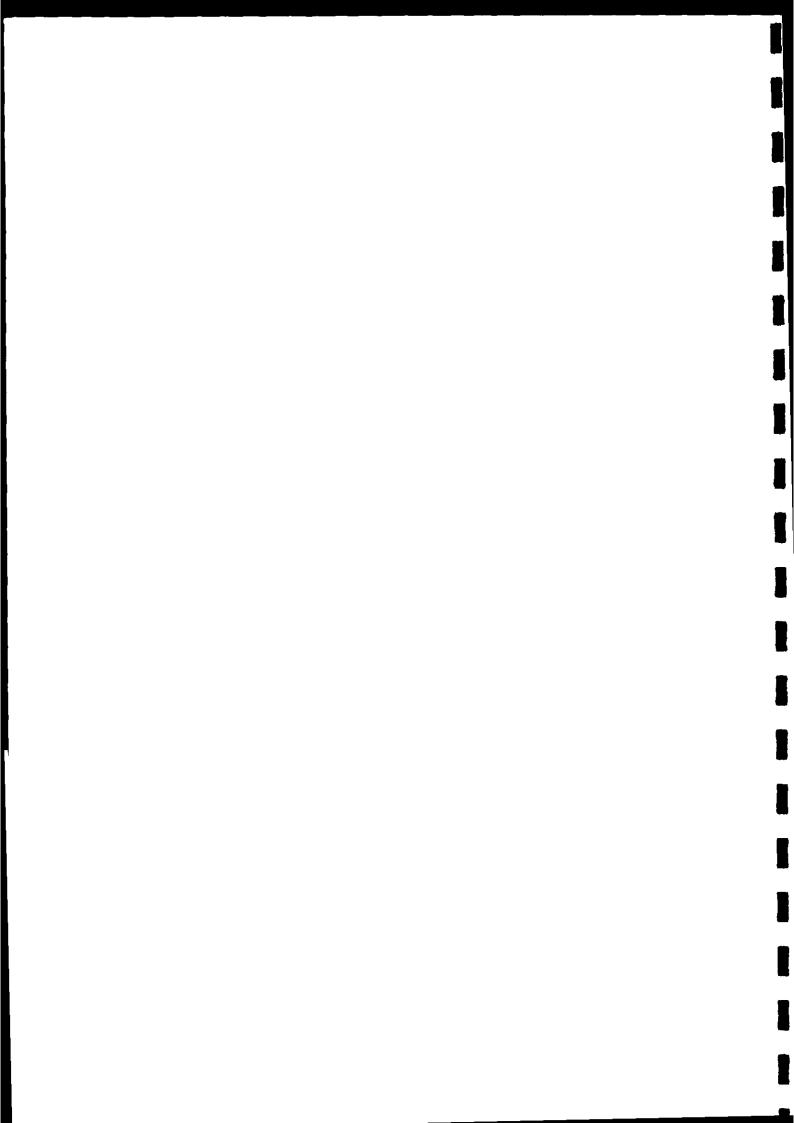
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

5. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

There were no directors emoluments during the year.

TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2002 STG£	2001 STG£
The tax charge is based on the results for the year and comprises:		
Corporation tax at standard rate (Over)/under provision in respect of prior year taxation Deferred tax (see note 10)	19,199 (997) -	18,309 190 (6,239)
	18,202	12,260
Factors affecting the tax charge for the period:		
The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of differences are explained below:	of corporation tax in the	UK. The
	2002	
	2002	2001
	STG£	2001 STG£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate	STG£	STG£
·	STG£	STG£
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate	STG£ 113,368	STG£ 76,457
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) Effect of:	STG£ 113,368	STG£ 76,457
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) Effect of: Disallowed expenses and non qualifying depreciation	STG£ 113,368 34,010	STG£ 76,457 22,937
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) Effect of: Disallowed expenses and non qualifying depreciation Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	STG£ 113,368 34,010	STG£ 76,457 22,937
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) Effect of: Disallowed expenses and non qualifying depreciation	STG£ 113,368 34,010 150 49,070	STG£ 76,457 22,937 210 21,262



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2002

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Total STG£	1,480,925 18,207 (1,360,618)	138,514	751,513 42,982 (714,360)	80,135	58.379	729,412
Motor vehicles STG£	96,844 18,207 (16,345)	98,706	34,918 19,436 (14,027)	40,327	58.379	61,926
Furniture and fittings STG£	39,808	39,808	39,808	39,808	,	
Plant and machinery STG£	249,182		121,712 6,050 (127,762)	,		127,470
Buildings STG£	1,082,502	•	555,075 17,496 (572,571)	à	ı	527,427
Freehold land STG£	12,589			ı	,	12,589
ć	Cost: At 1 January 2002 Additions Disposals	At 31 December 2002	Depreciation: At 1 January 2002 Charge for year Disposals	At 31 December 2002	Net book value: At 31 December 2002	At 31 December 2001

for the year ended 31 December 2002

VAT Prepayments and accrued income Starting Other debtors Corporation tax refundable 1,693,647 Included in other debtors is an amount of STG£308,125 (2001: STG£Nil) which is due after rethan one year. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year STG£ S Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income 112,501 124 Corporation tax payable 158,247 154 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	DEBTORS			2002 STG£	2001 STG£
Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors Other debtors Corporation tax refundable 1,693,647 1,693,647 1,693,647 1,693,647 947 Included in other debtors is an amount of STG£308,125 (2001: STG£Nil) which is due after rethan one year. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year STG£ S Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income 112,501 124 Corporation tax payable 158,247 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Move. STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£		ved by fellow subsidiary undertakings			925,961
Other debtors Corporation tax refundable 1,383 1,693,647 947 Included in other debtors is an amount of STG£308,125 (2001: STG£Nil) which is due after rethan one year. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG					6,228
Corporation tax refundable 1,383 1,693,647 947 Included in other debtors is an amount of STG£308,125 (2001: STG£Nil) which is due after rethan one year. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year STG£ STG£ S Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income 112,501 124 Corporation tax payable 158,247 154 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Move. STG£ ST					15,480
Included in other debtors is an amount of STG£308,125 (2001: STG£Nil) which is due after rethan one year. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year STG£ S Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income 112,501 124 Corporation tax payable 158,247 154 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES					-
Included in other debtors is an amount of STG£308,125 (2001: STG£Nil) which is due after rethan one year. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year STG£ Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income Corporation tax payable 158,247 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Move. STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£ STG£	Corporation	tax refundable	_	1,383	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year STG£				1,693,647	947,669
STG#		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	
Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income Corporation tax payable PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 13,316 1 3,316 1 1,700 9 112,501 124 158,247 154 158,247 154 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	CREDITO	RS: amounts falling due within one year			2001
Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income Corporation tax payable PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Moves STG£ STG£ STG£				$STG\pounds$	STG£
Social security and PAYE Accruals and deferred income Corporation tax payable 158,247 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Move STG£ STG£ STG£	Trade credit	ors		3,316	1,591
Accruals and deferred income Corporation tax payable 112,501 18 158,247 154 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Move. STG£ STG£ STG£					-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Move. STG£ STG£ STG£				•	9,726
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Move. STG£ STG£ S				112,501	124,948
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES 2002 2001 Moves STG£ STG£ S	Corporation	tax payable	_	·	18,309
2002 2001 Move. STG£ STG£ S				158,247	154,574
	PROVISIO				Movement STG£
Deferred taxation:	Deferred tax	cation:			

The amounts provided are the full potential liabilities.

Accelerated taxation allowances on fixed assets

29,910

29,910

for the year ended 31 December 2002

11.	CALLED	UP EQ	UITY	SHARE	CAPITAL
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				Allotted
				called up and
		Authorised		fully paid
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	$STG\mathcal{E}$	$STG\pounds$	$STG\mathcal{E}$	$STG\mathfrak{L}$
Ordinary shares of STG£1 each	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,035,725	2,035,725

Share capital consists entirely of equity shares.

12. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share capital STG£	Profit and loss account STG£	Total shareholders' funds STG£
At 1 January 2001	2,035,725	(605,116)	1,430,609
Profit for the year		64,197	64,197
At 1 January 2002	2,035,725	(540,919)	1,494,806
Profit for the year		95,166	95,166
At 31 December 2002	2,035,725	(445,753)	1,589,972

13. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a)	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash	2002	2001
	outflow from operating activities:	$STG\pounds$	$STG\mathcal{L}$
	Operating profit	98,028	66,196
	Depreciation	42,982	90,212
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	44,608	23,425
	Increase in debtors	(744,595)	(252,618)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors	21,982	(15,501)
		_ 	
	Net cash outflow from operating activities	(536,995)	(88,286)

for the year ended 31 December 2002

13. CASH FLOW INFORMATION (continued)

b)	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net cash		2002 STG£	2001 STG£
	Increase/ (Decrease) in cash in the year Net cash at I January		23,894 2,209	(13,857) 16,066
	Net cash at 31 December		26,103	2,209
c)	Analysis of changes in net cash	At 1/1/2002 STG£	Cashflows STG£	At 31/12/2002 STG£
	Cash	2,209	23,894	26,103

14. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

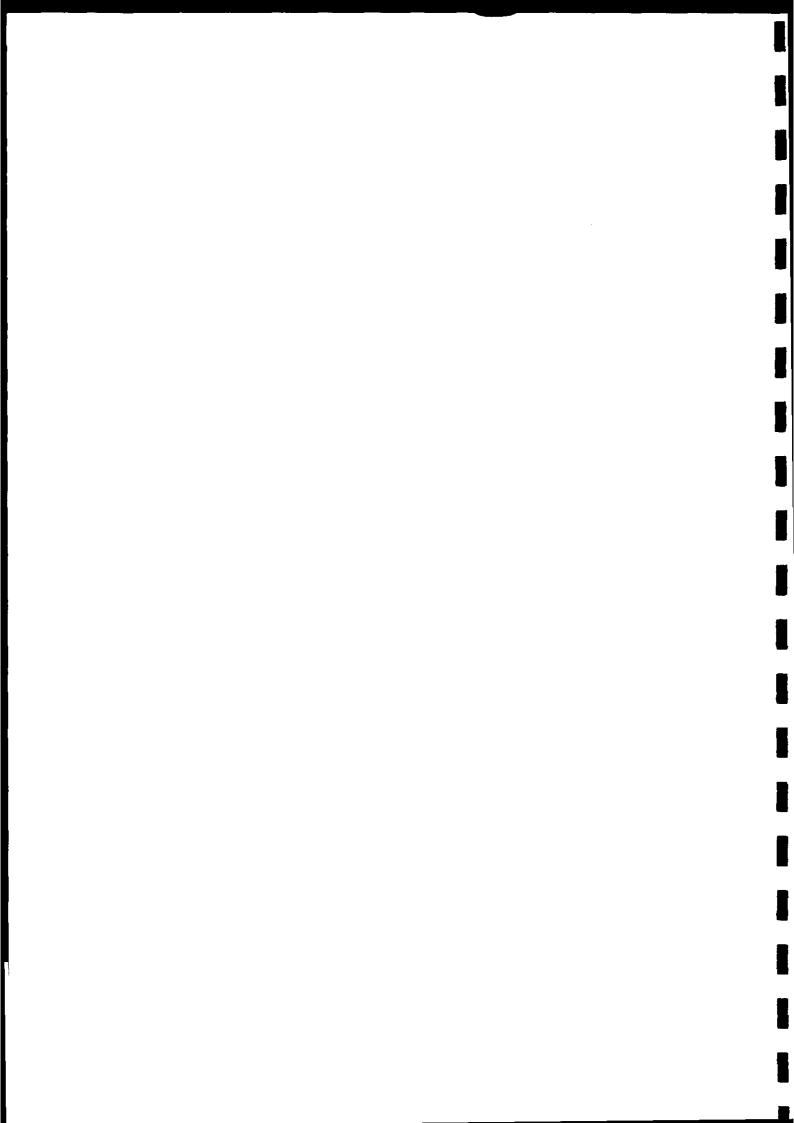
There were no capital commitments at the end of the year (2001: STG£Nil).

15. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The company has entered into non-cancellable operating leases, the payments of which extend over a period of up to eleven years. The total annual rental for 2002 was STG£125,881 (2001: STG£125,881).

The minimum annual rentals under the foregoing leases are as follows:

	Land an	Land and buildings	
	2002	2001	
	$STG\mathcal{E}$	$STG_{m{\pounds}}$	
Operating leases which expire:			
Within one year	-	_	
Within two to five years	125,881	125,881	
	125,881	125,881	



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2002

16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

The company has taken exemption from the requirement to disclose related party transactions on the basis it is a wholly owned subsidiary.

17. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

In the directors' opinion, the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Bourns Incorporated, a company incorporated in the State of California, United States of America.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Bourns Incorporated. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Bourns Incorporated are not generally available to the public.