

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2020

Company Number 00810022



## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Company Information

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<b>Directors</b>	Richard Mark Greensmith Timothy John Martel
<b>Company Secretary</b>	Angelika Vermeulen
<b>Registered Number</b>	00810022
<b>Registered Office</b>	103-105 Bath Road Slough Berkshire SL1 3UH
<b>Independent Auditor</b>	KPMG LLP 15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

## **SSL (MG) Polymers Limited**

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## **SSL (MG) Polymers Limited**

### **Directors' Report to the members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited For the Year Ended 31 December 2020**

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The Directors present their report and the audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

This report has been prepared in accordance with special provisions related to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Principal activities**

The Company has previously been dormant. During the financial year it performed a capital reduction of its share premium as described under the results for the year in preparation for solvent liquidation. The Company has not recognised any gains or losses during the current or preceding year.

In 2019, the Group commenced a project to simplify its group structure by the elimination of a number of dormant or redundant companies. Following the completion of the envisioned legal entity simplification project steps and the related capital transaction as further described under the post balance sheet events (refer to note 9), the Company is now dormant with the ultimate objective of placing the Company into liquidation which remains the intention of the Directors. The Company carried out the strategy intended by the Company Directors. Accordingly, the Directors have not prepared the Financial Statements on a going concern basis. The effect of this is explained in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.

#### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company who held office during the year and up to the date of signing of the Financial Statements, unless otherwise stated, were as follows:

Richard Mark Greensmith  
Jonathan Timmis (resigned 8 June 2020)  
Timothy John Martel (appointed 8 June 2020)

#### **Directors' indemnity**

On 28 July 2009, Reckitt Benckiser Group plc executed a deed poll of indemnity for the benefit of each individual who is, at any time on, or after 28 July 2009, an officer of Reckitt Benckiser Group plc and/or any company within the Group in respect of costs of defending claims against them and liabilities suffered or incurred by them.

## **SSL (MG) Polymers Limited**

### **Directors' Report to the members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited (continued) For the Year Ended 31 December 2020**

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#### **Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 *'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'*.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year. In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so (as explained in note 1, the Directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare these Financial Statements on a going concern basis).

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Results for the year and movement on reserves**

The Company has not recognised any gains or losses during the current or preceding year.

On 12 March 2020, the Company reduced its share premium by £86,936,198 to £Nil with the same amount being credited to retained earnings.

This transaction was carried out to ensure that there are sufficient distributable reserves for future distributions and was carried out in accordance with Part 17, Chapter 10 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2019 - £Nil).

#### **Post balance sheet events**

On 11 March 2021, the Company made interim cash distributions of £32,045k to each of its shareholders LRC Secretarial Services Limited and London International Group Limited respectively.

## **SSL (MG) Polymers Limited**

### **Directors' Report to the members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited (continued) For the Year Ended 31 December 2020**

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#### **Future developments**

The Company has been made dormant following the capital transactions described under post balance sheet events. The ultimate objective is to place the Company into solvent liquidation.

#### **Independent auditor**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be appointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

#### **Political contributions**

The Company made no political donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year.

#### **Disclosure of information to auditor**

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report to the members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

In preparing this report, the Directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Board on 17 September 2021 and signed on its behalf.

DocuSigned by:  
**Richard Greensmith**  
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**Richard Mark Greensmith**  
Director

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

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#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Emphasis of matter – non-going concern basis for preparation

We draw attention to the disclosure made in note 1 to the Financial Statements which explains that the Financial Statements are now not prepared on going concern basis for the reason set out in that note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

##### *Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud*

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included enquiring of Directors, reading Board of Directors meetings' minutes and inspection of policy documentation as to the Reckitt Benckiser Group plc's policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud that apply to this group company as well as enquiring whether the Directors have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition as the Company has no revenues. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including:

- Identifying journal entries and other adjustments to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included entries containing key words.
- Evaluated the business purpose of significant unusual transactions.

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited (continued)

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#### **Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect (continued)**

##### *Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations*

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the Financial Statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the Directors (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the Directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the Financial Statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related Financial Statement items.

This Company, as a financing company, is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the Financial Statements.

##### *Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation*

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the Financial Statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the Financial Statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

#### **Directors' Report**

The Directors are responsible for the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Director's Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our Financial Statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's Report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the Financial Statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.



## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited (continued)

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#### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### **Other matter – prior period financial statements**

We note that the prior period Financial Statements were not audited. Consequently ISAs (UK) require the auditor to state that the corresponding figures contained within these Financial Statements are unaudited. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Directors' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 2, the Directors are responsible for: the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities**

~~Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Statements.~~

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities).


## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of SSL (MG) Polymers Limited (continued)

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#### **The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities**

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Jennifer Perdoch (Senior Statutory Auditor)  
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor  
*Chartered Accountants*

15 Canada Square  
London  
E14 5GL

Date: 17 September 2021

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £000	2019 (unaudited) £000
Result before tax		-	-
Tax on result	3	-	-
Result for the financial year		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these Financial Statements.

**SSL (MG) Polymers Limited**

Registered number:00810022

**Balance Sheet  
As at 31 December 2020**

	Note	2020 £000	2019 (unaudited) £000
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Debtors due within one year	4	64,090	64,090
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<u>64,090</u>	<u>64,090</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<u>64,090</u>	<u>64,090</u>
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	5	-	-
Share premium		-	86,936
Retained earnings/(deficit)		64,090	(22,846)
<b>Total Equity</b>		<u>64,090</u>	<u>64,090</u>

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board and were signed on its behalf on 17 September 2021.

DocuSigned by:  
**Richard Greensmith**  
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**Richard Mark Greensmith**  
 Director

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Share capital £000	Share premium £000	Retained (deficit)/ earnings £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2020 (unaudited)	-	86,936	(22,846)	64,090
<b>Comprehensive income</b>				
Result for the financial year	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Transactions with owners</b>				
Capital reduction	-	(86,936)	-	(86,936)
Capital reduction impact on retained earnings	-	-	86,936	86,936
<b>Total transactions with owners</b>	-	(86,936)	86,936	-
<b>Balance at 31 December 2020</b>	-	-	64,090	64,090

### Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Share capital £000	Share premium £000	Retained deficit £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2019 (unaudited)	-	86,936	(22,846)	64,090
<b>Comprehensive income</b>				
Result for the financial year	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Total transactions with owners</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance at 31 December 2019 (unaudited)</b>	-	86,936	(22,846)	64,090

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these Financial Statements.

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

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#### 1. Accounting Policies

##### 1.1 General Information

SSL (MG) Polymers Limited is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page at the beginning of the statutory Financial Statements. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report on pages 1 to 3.

##### 1.2 Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, *"The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland"* ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

##### 1.3 Basis of Preparation

As discussed in the Principal activities section of the Directors' Report, in 2019 the Group commenced a project to simplify its group structure by the elimination of a number of dormant or redundant companies. As part of this project, the Company is being considered for solvent liquidation which remains the intention of the Directors. Accordingly, the Directors have not prepared the Financial Statements on a going concern basis.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a breakup basis as at 31 December 2020. As a consequence, the current assets have been measured and presented at their realisable values. The current liabilities are measured and presented at their expected settlement values. The preparation of Financial Statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see Note 2).

##### 1.4 Financial Reporting Standard 102 – Reduced Disclosure Exemptions

~~The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these Financial Statements, as permitted by FRS 102 for qualifying entities:~~

- the requirements of section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d) and section 7 Statement of Cash Flows not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows; and
- the requirements of section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7 not to disclose key management personnel compensation in total.

The Company's results are included in the publicly available consolidated Financial Statements of Reckitt Benckiser Group plc and these Financial Statements may be obtained from 103-105 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3UH or at <https://www.reckitt.com>.

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

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#### 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

##### 1.5 Financial Instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of basic financial assets and liabilities, including trade and other receivables and payables and loans to and from related parties. These transactions are initially recorded at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipt discounted at a market rate of interest, and subsequently recognised at amortised cost.

##### (a) Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in comprehensive income or expense.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

##### (b) Financial Liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

##### 1.6 Taxation

Tax is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred due to timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are provided for in full and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable.

## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 2. Accounting Estimates and Judgements

In the application of the Company's accounting policies the Directors are required to make a number of estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The Company's Directors are of the opinion that there are no estimates or judgements that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying value of assets and liabilities for the Company within the next financial year.

#### 3. Taxation

	2020 £000	2019 (unaudited) £000
<b>Corporation tax</b>		
Current tax on result for the financial year	-	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	-	-
<b>Tax on profit</b>	-	-

#### Reconciliation of tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is the same as (2019 - the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%) as set out below:

	2020 £000	2019 (unaudited) £000
Result before tax	-	-
Result multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	-	-
<b>Effects of:</b>		
Group relief for nil payment	(7)	-
Transfer pricing adjustments	7	-
<b>Total tax charge for the year</b>	-	-



## SSL (MG) Polymers Limited

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

#### 3. Taxation (continued)

##### Factors that may affect future tax charges

The UK Budget 2021 announcements on 3 March 2021 included measures to support economic recovery as a result of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. These included an increase to the UK's main corporation tax rate to 25%, which is due to be effective from 1 April 2023. These changes were substantively enacted in The Finance Bill 2021 on 24 May 2021 after the Balance Sheet date.

#### 4. Debtors due within one year

	2020 £000	2019 (unaudited) £000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	64,090	64,090

The amounts owed by Group undertakings are unsecured, repayable on demand and non-interest bearing (2019 - same).

#### 5. Share Capital

	2020 £000	2019 (unaudited) £000
<b>Issued and fully paid</b>		
2 (2019 - 2) ordinary shares of £1 each	-	-

#### 6. Directors and Employees

During the year the Company had 3 Directors resident in the UK, none of whom received any emoluments in respect of services to the Company (2019 - 2 Directors, no emoluments).

The Company had no employees during the current or prior year and consequently did not incur any expenditure in respect of wages and salaries, social security costs or other pension costs.

## **SSL (MG) Polymers Limited**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2020**

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#### **7. Ultimate Parent Undertaking and Controlling Party**

The immediate parent company is Reckitt Benckiser Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

On 11 March 2021, following board approval of an internal restructure, the immediate parents of the Company changed from LRC Secretarial Services Limited and London International Group Limited to Reckitt Benckiser Limited.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Reckitt Benckiser Group plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest Group to consolidate these Financial Statements. Copies of the Group Financial Statements of Reckitt Benckiser Group plc can be obtained from 103-105 Bath Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 3UH or at <https://www.reckitt.com>.

#### **8. Auditor's Remuneration**

The auditor's remuneration is met by the ultimate parent company, Reckitt Benckiser Group plc and is disclosed in total in the Group Financial Statements. Amounts receivable by the Company's auditor in respect of the audit of these Financial Statements is £3k (2019 - £Nil).

#### **9. Post Balance Sheet Events**

On 11 March 2021, the Company made interim cash distributions of £32,045k to each of its shareholders LRC Secretarial Services Limited and London International Group Limited respectively.