REGISTERED NUMBER: 00539386 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

for

Bates Bros (Farms) Limited

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Bates Bros (Farms) Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

DIRECTORS: A C Bates

Mrs V A Bates Mrs A R Bates

REGISTERED OFFICE: Lower Honeydon Farm

Honeydon Bedfordshire MK44 2LR

REGISTERED NUMBER: 00539386 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Hardcastle Burton LLP

Lake House Market Hill Royston Hertfordshire SG8 9JN

Abridged Balance Sheet 30 June 2019

		30.6	.19	30.6.18	}
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		-		-
Tangible assets	5		765,821		1,462,867
Investments	6		50		50
			765,871	_	1,462,917
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		226,424		295,806	
Debtors		35,524		22,542	
		261,948	_	318,348	
CREDITORS				,	
Amounts falling due within one year		304,785		1,012,874	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(42,837)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(694,526)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			(,=,557)	-	(85 1,92 8)
LIABILITIES			723,034		768,391
			723,001		, 00,551
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	7		(59,250)		(469,105)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(20,796)		(2,804)
NET ASSETS			642,988	_	296,482
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		5,000		5,000
Retained earnings			637,988		291,482
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			642,988	_	296,482
				=	,

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 June 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections
- (b) and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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Abridged Balance Sheet - continued 30 June 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Balance Sheet for the year ended 30 June 2019 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 February 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs V A Bates - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Bates Bros (Farms) Limited is a private company, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The balance sheet shows net current liabilities at the year end but it has the support of both its directors and financiers. The directors have indicated that they will not seek repayment of their loans until funds permit and the loans will not be repaid to the detriment of the company's operations.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods excluding value added tax. Income from Single Farm Payment entitlements is recognised as income of the accounting period in which all eligibility criteria for the season question are met. The land must be eligible for subsidy for the entire calendar year, hence the income is not recognised until 31 December. Rental income is recognised on an accruals basis, with any rental income received in advance being deferred and any rental income paid in arrears being accrued.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangibles is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of nil years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property - not provided

Improvements to property - 20% on cost and 10% on cost

Plant and machinery - 20% on reducing balance and 10% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles - 20% on reducing balance Tractors & combines - 15% on reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2(2018 - 2).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

5.

	Totals
COST	£
At I July 2018	45,005
Disposals	<u>(6,408)</u>
At 30 June 2019	38,597
AMORTISATION	
At 1 July 2018	45,005
Eliminated on disposal	(6,408)
At 30 June 2019	38,597
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 June 2019	_
At 30 June 2018	<u> </u>
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
	Totals $_{\mathfrak{t}}$
COST	r
At 1 July 2018	2,303,051
Additions	12,830
Disposals	(633,913)
At 30 June 2019	1,681,968
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 July 2018	840,184
Charge for year	<u>75,963</u>
At 30 June 2019	916,147
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 June 2019	<u>765,821</u>
At 30 June 2018	1,462,867

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

			Totals £
	COST		
	At 1 July 2018		430,850
	Transfer to ownership		(52,750)
	At 30 June 2019		378,100
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 July 2018		201,270
	Charge for year		31,385
	Transfer to ownership		(32,404)
	At 30 June 2019		200,251
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 30 June 2019		177,849
	At 30 June 2018		229,580
6.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		
	Information on investments other than loans is as follows:		
			Totals £
	COST		~
	At 1 July 2018		
	and 30 June 2019		50
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 30 June 2019		50
	At 30 June 2018		50
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN FIVE		
7.	YEARS		
	IEARS	20 (10	20 7 10
		30.6.19	30.6.18
	Domovohlo hv. justoliusuuta	£	£
	Repayable by instalments		212.250
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal		<u>213,350</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

8. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	30,6.19	30.6.18
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	61,254	688,622
Bank loans	-	421,950
Other loans	-	20,000
Hire purchase contracts	91,923	121,548
	153,177	1,252,120

The bank overdraft is secured by a first legal charge on freehold property.

Hire purchase liabilities are secured by the individual assets to which the liabilities relate.

9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Alloted, issued and fully pa	Alloted.	issued	and	fully	paid:
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Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	30.06.19	30.06.18
2,950	Ordinary A	£1	2,950	2,950
550	Ordinary B	£1	550	550
500	Ordinary C	£1	500	500
500	Ordinary D	£1	500	500
500	Ordinary E	£1	500	500
			5,000	5,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.