Directors' Report and Unaudited

Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2017

Company Number 499164

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Company Information

Directors

M Godfrey ACMA

LA Penrose

Registered number

499164

Registered office

St Ives Estate

Bingley

West Yorkshire BD16 1AU

Accountants

BDO LLP

3 Hardman Street Manchester

Mancheste M3 3AT

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Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of sports and amenity turf consultancy.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £76,267 (2016 - loss £1,332).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2016 - £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

Professor S Sanderson (resigned 31 January 2017) DR IG McKillop (resigned 31 January 2017) M Godfrey ACMA LA Penrose

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

and signed on its behalf.

Director

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the unaudited financial statements of Sports Turf Research Institute Limited (The) for the year end 31 December 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Sports Turf Research Limited (The) for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the income and expenditure account, the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Sports Turf Research Limited (The), as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 23 March 2016. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Sports Turf Research Limited (The) and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Sports Turf Research Limited (The), as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Sports Turf Research Limited (The) and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Sports Turf Research Limited (The) has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Sports Turf Research Limited (The). You consider that Sports Turf Research Limited (The) is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Sports Turf Research Limited (The). For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

BDO LLP Manchester United Kingdom

28 Septente 2018

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Income and Expenditure Account For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover		•	381,144
Gross profit	-		381,144
Administrative expenses		(83,028)	(364,936)
Operating (loss)/profit	-	(83,028)	16,208
Interest payable and expenses		-	(136)
(Loss)/profit before tax	_	(83,028)	16,072
Tax on (loss)/profit		6,761	(17,404)
Loss for the financial year	-	(76,267)	(1,332)

There was no other comprehensive income for 2017 (2016:£NIL).

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

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Sports Turf Research Institute Limited (The)

(A Company Limited by Guarantee) Registered number: 499164

Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_		_
Tangible assets	5		1,483,252		1,566,280
Investments	6		1,000		1,000
		•	1,484,252	•	1,567,280
Current assets					
Stocks	7	-		82,637	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	-		110,943	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,772		46,816	
	-	1,772	-	240,396	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(800)		(516,891)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)	-		972		(276,495)
Total assets less current liabilities		•	1,485,224	•	1,290,785
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Provisions for liabilities	10		(124,166)		(33,500)
Deferred tax	11	(28,524)		(35,285)	
	-		(28,524)		(35,285)
Net assets		٠	1,332,534	٠	1,222,000
Capital and reserves		:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Profit and loss account			1,332,534		1,222,000
		•	1,332,534		1,222,000

Registered number: 499164

Statement of Financial Position (continued) As at 31 December 2017

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

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Director

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Profit and	
	loss account	Total equity
	£	£
At 1 January 2017	1,222,000	1,222,000
Comprehensive income for the year		
Loss for the year	(76,267)	(76,267)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(76,267)	(76,267)
Contributions by and distributions to owners		
Capital contribution	186,801	186,801
Total transactions with owners	186,801	186,801
At 31 December 2017	1,332,534	1,332,534

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2016

Profit a loss according to the loss accordin		Total equity £
At 1 January 2016 1,223,3	132	1,223,332
Comprehensive income for the year Loss for the year (1,3)	32)	(1,332)
Total comprehensive income for the year (1,3	332)	(1,332)
At 31 December 2016 1,222,0	000	1,222,000

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. General information

Sports Turf Research Institute (The) (the "Company") is a private company limited by guarantee and incorporate and domiciled in the United Kingdom with registered office at St Ives Estate, Bingley, West Yorkshire, BD16 1AY. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities is disclosed in the Directors' Report.

Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of its being wound up whilst he is a member or within one year after he ceases to be a member for payments of the debts and liabilities of the Institute contracted before he ceases to be a member and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves such amount as may be required not exceeding £1.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Consolidation

The company is not required to prepare consolidated accounts as the group headed by the company qualifies as a small group.

2.3 Going concern

The directors have reviewed trading and cash flow forecasts and after making enquiries, have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the 12 month period from the approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, they continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not contain any adjustments that may be required should the company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2.4 Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of services to customers during the year.

2.5 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Long-term leasehold property
Buildings and glasshouses
Office, laboratory equipment and vehicles
- 125 years
- 20 years
- 5 years

Computer equipment - 4 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account.

2.7 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than its legal form.

The company's cash at bank and in hand and trade and other debtors and its trade and other creditors are measured initially at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.13 Government grants

Government grants are included within accruals and deferred income in the Balance Sheet and credited to the Income and Expenditure Account over the expected useful lives of the assets to which they relate or in periods in which the related costs are incurred.

2.14 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GB Pounds.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income and Expenditure except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

2.15 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.16 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Income and Expenditure Account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.17 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statement, the directors have had to make the following judgements:

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was 2 (2016 -6).

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Long-term leasehold property £	Trial Grounds £	Motor vehicles £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2017	1,738,542	308,679	15,092	112,060	2,174,373
At 31 December 2017	1,738,542	308,679	15,092	112,060	2,174,373
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2017	218,972	261,970	15,092	112,059	608,093
Charge for the year on owned assets	40,682	42,346	-	•	83,028
At 31 December 2017	259,654	304,316	15,092	112,059	691,121
Net book value					
At 31 December 2017.	1,478,888	4,363	-	1	1,483,252
At 31 December 2016	1,519,570	46,709		1	1,566,280

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

6. Fixed asset investments

	Investments
	in
	subsidiary
	companies £
	2
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2017	1,000
At 31 December 2017	1,000
Net book value	
At 31 December 2017	1,000
At 31 December 2016	1,000

Direct subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity Sports and
		Ordinary		amenity turf
STRI Limited	UK	Shares	100 %	consultancy

The registered office of STRI Limited is St Ives Estate, Bingley, West Yorkshire, BD16 1AU.

Indirect Subsidiary undertakings and Joint Ventures

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity Sports and
STRI Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary Shares	100%	amenity turf consultancy
Sports and Turf Consultants (Australia) Ltd	Australia	Ordinary Shares	100 %	Sports and amenity turf consultancy Sports and
Aspire Sports Turf *	Qatar	Ordinary Shares	30 %	amenity turf consultancy
Sustainable Water and Drainage Systems Limited *	UK	Ordinary Shares	50 %	Water management solutions

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

6. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Shanghai Tizan Turf Science Co.*	China	Ordinary Shares	40%	Sports and amenity turf consultancy
Essula Technologies Limited*	UK	Ordinary Shars	50 %	Light Rig Solutions

^{*} Joint Venture

The registered office of STRI Australia Pty Ltd is Redlands Research Station, 26-40 Delancey Street, PO Box 327, 4163 Cleveland, Queensland, Australia.

The registered office of Sports Turf Consultants (Australia) Pty is Unit 112, 45 Gilby Road, Mt Waverley, Victoria 3149, Australia.

The registered office of Aspire Sports Turf is Hessa Compound, Villa 5, Al, Doha, Qatar.

The registered office of Sustainable Water and Drainage Systems Limited is Linton House Cann Lane South, Appleton, Warrington, Cheshire, WA4 5NJ.

The registered office of Shanghai Tizan Turf Science Co. is Shanghai Kehua Sports Offices, 858 Fang Dian Road, PuDong New District, China.

The registered office of Essula Technologies Limited is St Ives Estate, Harden, Bingley, BD16 1AU.

7. Stocks

		2017 £	2016 £
	Work in progress	-	82,637
8.	Debtors		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors	-	97,165
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	13,778
		-	110,943

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
	Tue de que diteue	£	£
	Trade creditors	•	2,245
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	•	322,505
	Corporation tax Other taxation and social security	-	19,261
	Accruals and deferred income	- 800	10,467 162,413
	Accordance and deferred income		102,410
		800	516,891
10.	During the year STRI Limited wrote off debt owing from Sports Turf Resear £186,801. This transaction was deemed to be a capital contribution. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year.	ch Institute (The) Limited fo
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Accruals and deferred income	124,166	33,500
		124,166	33,500
11.	Deferred taxation		
•			
•••	At beginning of year		£
•••	At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss		(35,285
•••		-	(35,285) 6,761
•••	Charged to profit or loss	- -	2017 £ (35,285 6,761 (28,524
•••	Charged to profit or loss At end of year	2017 £	(35,285) 6,761

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2017

12. Contingent liabilities

The company guarantees the bank loan borrowings of STRI Limited, a subsidiary undertaking. The borrowings are secured against the property of the company. At 31 December 2017 these amounted to £366,300 (2016 - £383,518).

13. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme.

At the year end contributions of £nil (2016: £nil) in respect of the company were payable to the scheme.