Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

for

Jaylow Supplies Limited

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Jaylow Supplies Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

DIRECTORS:

Mr H J Lobenstein Mrs B Lobenstein Mr M Lobenstein

SECRETARY:

Mrs K H Lobenstein

REGISTERED OFFICE:

5 North End Road

London NW11 7RJ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

00463864 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Martin+Heller

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors 5 North End Road London

NW11 7RJ

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	2013	2012	Change
	£	£	%
Turnover	66,137,941	66,031,150	0.16%
Margin	6%	6%	-
Profit after tax	873,174	780,852	12%
Shareholders funds	15,182,862	14,309,688	6%

As most of the company's products contain high amounts of copper the turnover increase in 2013 was largely due to an increase in copper prices during the year.

Shareholders funds increased due to the year's profits.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company possesses the required management expertise to monitor and manage risk. The principal risks and uncertainties facing the company are as follows:

Economic Risks

Any economic downturn is likely to lead to a reduction in the number of infrastructure projects as many companies prepare to consolidate and slowdown investment in the tougher economic climate.

Price Risks

Price risks arise on the company's product range due to changes in commodity prices. There is a management team dedicated to monitoring product prices to ensure exposure is limited.

Financial Risks

The company reduces its exposure to variability of foreign exchange rates by mostly buying and selling its product in the same currency. This limits the risk to any surplus which collects in foreign currency accounts.

Credit risk is a risk that one party will cause financial loss to another party by failing to discharge an obligation. It is the company's policy to minimise such losses by ensuring deferred terms are only granted to those customers who demonstrate an appropriate payment history and satisfy credit worthiness procedures. At the balance sheet date most of the total trade debtors were within assigned terms.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

As part of its normal policy, the company is looking to strengthen and increase its share of the market in existing product lines as well as further diversifying where this would be consistent and complementary to its present operations.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M Lobenstein - Director

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2013.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2013.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2013 to the date of this report.

Mr H J Lobenstein Mrs B Lobenstein Mr M Lobenstein

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Martin+Heller, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M Lobenstein - Director

Date: 4/11/14

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Jaylow Supplies Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Jaylow Supplies Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 on pages five to thirteen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' renduneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Mr F Martin FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Martin+Helle

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

5 North End Road

London

NWII 7RJ

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

			31.12.13 31.12.		.12
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER			66,137,941		66,031,150
Cost of sales			61,960,737		62,119,999
GROSS PROFIT			4,177,204		3,911,151
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		1,140,502 1,773,469	2.012.071	1,091,535 1,669,806	2.7(1.241
			2,913,971	<u> </u>	2,761,341
			1,263,233		1,149,810
Other operating income	ń		39,967		
OPERATING PROFIT	3		1,303,200		1,149,810
Interest payable and similar charges	4		172,113		119,872
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			1,131,087		1,029,938
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5		257,913		249,086
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			873,174		780,852

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the current year or previous year.

Balance Sheet 31 December 2013

		31.12	2.13	31.12	.12
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		72,343		80,179
Investment property	7		1,383,134		377,800
			1,455,477		457,979
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	5,210,550		7,946,520	
Debtors	9	20,309,233		14,334,979	
Cash at bank and in hand		18,541		39,788	
		25,538,324		22,321,287	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	11,810,939		8,469,578	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			13,727,385		13,851,709
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			15,182,862		14,309,688
CADITAL AND DECEDUES		-			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	1.4		26,000		26,000
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	14 15		26,000		26,000
From and ioss account	13		15,156,862		14,283,688
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19		15,182,862		14,309,688
•					

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on ______ and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr M Lobenstein - Director

Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	31.12.13 £	31.12.12 £
Net cash outflow			,
from operating activities	. 1	(1,700,489)	(3,831,976)
Returns on investments and		,	
servicing of finance	2	(172,113)	(119,872)
Taxation		(256,959)	(37,265)
Capital expenditure			
and financial investment	2	(1,017,333)	(30,554)
		(3,146,894)	(4,019,667)
Financing	2	(1,785)	(2,310)
Decrease in cash in the period		(3,148,679)	(4,021,977)

(3,148,679)	(4,021,977)
(3,148,679)	(4,021,977)
(3,148,679)	(4,021,977)
(6,573,478)	(2,551,501)
(9,722,157)	(6,573,478)
	(3,148,679) (3,148,679) (6,573,478)

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

			31.12.13	31.12.12
			£	£
	Operating profit		1,303,200	1,149,810
	Depreciation charges		18,673	20,045
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets		1,162	(1,392)
	Decrease/(increase) in stocks		2,735,970	(2,184,820)
	(Increase)/decrease in debtors		(5,974,254)	707,535
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors		214,760	(3,523,154)
	Net cash outflow from operating activities		(1,700,489)	(3,831,976)
2.	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN TH	HE CASH FLOW	STATEMENT	
			31.12.13	31.12.12
			£	£
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance			(110.0==)
	Interest paid		(172,113)	(119,872)
	Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance	e	(172,113)	(119,872)
	Capital expenditure and financial investment			
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(18,000)	(36,554)
	Purchase of investment property		(1,005,334)	-
	Sale of tangible fixed assets		6,001	6,000
	Net cash outflow for capital expenditure and financial investment		(1,017,333)	(30,554)
	Financing			
	Amount withdrawn by directors		$\frac{(1,785)}{}$	(2,310)
	Net cash outflow from financing		(1,785)	(2,310)
3.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT			
		At 1/1/13	Cook flow	At
		At 1/1/13 £	Cash flow £	31/12/13 £
	Net cash:	~	~	~
	Cash at bank and in hand	39,788	(21,247)	18,541
	Bank overdrafts	(6,613,266)	(3,127,432)	(9,740,698)
		(6,573,478)	(3,148,679)	(9,722,157)
	Total	(6,573,478)	(3,148,679)	(9,722,157)
				=====

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Turnover

(i) Turnover represents the net value of electrical cables sold to customers excluding VAT.

(ii) The geographical analysis of the company's turnover is as follows:

	2013 £	2012 £
United Kingdom Rest of Europe	65,852,481 285,460	65,620,997 410,153
	66,137,941	66,031,150

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 20% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 20% on reducing balance
Fixtures & fittings - 20% on reducing balance

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in market value is transferred to a revaluation reserve.

Stocks

The company has invoked U.I.T.F. Abstract 7 in order for the accounts to give a true and fair view. The principal raw material elements of stock are copper and PVC. Due to the fluctuating nature of the world copper and PVC markets, the company has adopted the alternative accounting rules of the Companies Act 1985. Stock is stated at the lower of current replacement cost and net realisable value. The effect of this departure upon the results in the accounts is not material, due to the high rate of stock turnover.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes or duty. The following criteria must be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on despatch of goods.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

2.	STAFF COSTS		
2.	SIMI COOLS	31.12.13	31.12.12
	Wages and salaries	£ 1,209,715	£ 1,156,961
	Social security costs	121,690	117,735
	Other pension costs	95,599	75,268
		1,427,004	1,349,964
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	31.12.13	31.12.12
	Administration Warehouse	14 35	14 34
			
		49	48
3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		31.12.13	31.12.12
		51.12.15 £	51.12.12 £
	Other operating leases	305,284	336,325
	Depreciation - owned assets Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	18,673 1,162	20,045 (1,392)
	Auditors' remuneration	14,500	13,600
			
	Directors' remuneration	190,903	183,161
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
		· <u></u>	
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		31.12.13 £	31.12.12 £
	Bank loan interest	171,974	119,692
	Interest on late payment of corporation tax	139	180
	· ·		
		172,113	119,872
5.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge	•	
•	The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:		
		31.12.13 £	31.12.12 £
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax	257,913	249,086
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	257,913	249,086

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

5. TAXATION - continued

Factors	affecting	the ta	ax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

				31.12.13	31.12.12
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax			£ 1,131,087	1,029,938
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2012 - 24%)			260,150	247,185
	Effects of: Income and expenses not deductible for tax purpor Depreciation and loss on disposal for the period in previous years		wances	1,829	1,611 (362) 652
	Corporation tax adjustments due rate changes Current tax charge			(4,066) 257,913	249,086
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures & fittings £	Totals £
	COST	-			
	At 1 January 2013	80,169	67,045	157,399	304,613
	Additions	-	18,000		18,000
	Disposals	-	(17,487)	- -	(17,487)
	At 31 December 2013	80,169	67,558	157,399	305,126
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1 January 2013	65,478	31,713	127,243	224,434
	Charge for year	2,938	9,234	6,501	18,673
	Eliminated on disposal	2,936	(10,324)	0,501	(10,324)
	Elililiated oil disposal	<u> </u>	(10,324)		(10,324)
	At 31 December 2013	68,416	30,623	133,744	232,783
	NET BOOK VALUE		<u> </u>		
	At 31 December 2013	11,753	36,935	23,655	72,343
		=====	====	====	====
	At 31 December 2012	14,691	35,332	30,156	80,179
7.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY				
					Total £
	COST				
	At 1 January 2013				377,800
	Additions				1,005,334
	At 31 December 2013				1,383,134
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 December 2013				1,383,134
	At 31 December 2012				377,800

The investment of £377,800 was not revalued during the year. An amount of £1,005,334 was spent during the year to purchase a further investment property.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

8.	STOCKS				
0.	STOCKS			31.12.13	31.12.12
				£	£
	Finished goods and goods for			7.010.770	7 046 50 0
	resale			5,210,550	7,946,520
9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR			
				31.12.13	31.12.12
	m 1 11.			£	£
	Trade debtors VAT			20,184,809 65,674	13,544,987 690,766
	Prepayments			58,750	99,226
	F			 .	
				20,309,233	14,334,979
			•		
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IIN ONE YEAR	2		
	ONEDITORIO INTO ONTO TITLE EN CODE WITH		•	31.12.13	31.12.12
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 11)			9,740,698	6,613,266
	Trade creditors Corporation tax a/c			907,280 241,361	862,754 240,407
	Social security and other taxes			61,082	56,962
	Directors' current accounts			17,561	19,346
	Accrued expenses			842,957	676,843
	•				<u> </u>
				11,810,939	8,469,578
11.	LOANS				
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:				
				31.12.13	31.12.12
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:			£	£
	Bank overdrafts			9,740,698	6,613,266
12.	OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS	4			
	THE CALL IN THE CALL	1, 1, 1, 1,1			
	The following operating lease payments are committee	d to be paid with	in one year:		
		Land and	buildings	Other opera	ating leases
		31.12.13	31.12.12	31.12.13	31.12.12
		£	£	£	£
	Expiring:				
	Within one year Between one and five years	235,000 940,000	235,000	5,575 69,785	5,575
	between one and rive years		940,000		69,785
		1,175,000	1,175,000	75,360	75,360
12	SECURED DEBTS				
13.	SECURED DED 13				
	The following secured debts are included within credi	tors:			
				31.12.13	31.12.12
	Bank overdrafts			£ 9,740,698	£ 6,613,266
	Dain Oroidiano				

Bank facilities are secured by a fixed and floating debenture.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31.12.13 £	31.12.12 £
25,000	"A" Ordinary Shares	£1	25,000	25,000
1,000	"B" Ordinary Shares	£1	1,000	1,000
	•		26,000	26,000
RESERVES				Profit and loss account
At 1 January 2013 Profit for the year				14,283,688 873,174
At 31 Decem	ber 2013			15,156,862
	Number: 25,000 1,000 RESERVES At 1 January Profit for the	Number: Class: 25,000 "A" Ordinary Shares 1,000 "B" Ordinary Shares RESERVES At 1 January 2013	Number: Class: Nominal value: 25,000 "A" Ordinary Shares 1,000 "B" Ordinary Shares RESERVES At 1 January 2013 Profit for the year	25,000 "A" Ordinary Shares £1 25,000 1,000 "B" Ordinary Shares £1 1,000 RESERVES At 1 January 2013 Profit for the year

16. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for the directors. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The contributions for the year were £95,599 (2012:£75,268). At the year end there were no outstanding contribution.

17. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The capital expenditure authorised and contracted for by the company was £Nil (2012:£Nil).

18. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled jointly by H J Lobenstein and his spouse by virtue of controlling 79% of the total share capital of the company.

21 12 12

21 12 12

19. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

31.12.13 £	31.12.12 £
873,174	780,852
873,174	780,852
14,309,688	13,528,836
15,182,862	14,309,688
	873,174 14,309,688