# Report and Accounts 2000

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AVIATION & GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Registered Number 296276 England

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# **Directors**

# **Alternate Directors**

P R Abbott (appointed 4 April 2000)

R D Howe (appointed 4 April 2000)

W J Bower (Chairman)

E Christie

S Fogh (appointed 23 June 2000)

J B Nockels

N J Thrower (appointed 22 March 2001)

D A Long (appointed 22 March 2001)

E A McMurrough (resigned 4 April 2000)

A W Boulter (Alternate) (resigned 4 April 2000)

J A Dodds (resigned 31 May 2000)

A Kierkegaard (Alternate) (resigned 31 May 2000)

T A Fraser (resigned 22 September 2000)

N J Thrower (Alternate) (resigned 22 September 2000)

**Head Office** 

Fitzwilliam House 10 St Mary Axe London EC3A 8EQ

# AVIATION & GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2000.

### **Activities**

The Company's principal activity was the transaction of aviation insurance. Up until 31 December 1990 this was written solely through the Aviation & General Insurance Group insurance pool, whose other members are The Prudential Assurance Company Limited and Pearl Assurance plc.

From 1 January 1991 to 31 December 1993 the Company wrote new business solely through Global Aerospace Underwriting Managers Limited (formerly British Aviation Insurance Group Limited).

The Company ceased to write business for its net account after 31 December 1993. The Company continued to renew aviation business in Germany until 31 December 1997. This business was wholly reinsured to British Aviation Insurance Group. The Company no longer writes insurance and is in run-off. The Company has a branch in Canada which is also in run-off. The Company's German branch was closed on 23 February 2000.

# Results and dividend

The loss after taxation amounted to £1,073,000 (1999 £4,761,000 profit). No dividend is recommended (1999 interim of £1,000,000 and a final of £4,000,000). The loss after taxation has been transferred from the profit and loss account and the balance of £25,593,000 carried forward.

#### **Directors**

The present directors together with their alternates approved by the board are shown on page 2.

None of the directors had a beneficial interest in the shares of the Company at any time during the financial year.

### **Donations**

No charitable donations were made during the year.

### Auditors

In accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing the re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditors of the Company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Approved and signed on behalf of the Board

D Littlefair

Company Secretary

28 March 2001

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which show a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985 as applicable to insurance companies. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **AUDITORS' REPORT**

to the shareholders of AVIATION & GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 6 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investments and the accounting policies set out on page 9.

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report. As described on page 4, this includes responsibility for preparing the accounts, in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the United Kingdom Companies Act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the accounts.

# **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Company at 31 December 2000 and of the loss and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London SE1 9SY

3 March 2001

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2000

	Notes	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
TECHNICAL ACCOUNT - General Business			
Gross premiums written – discontinued operations Outward reinsurance premiums Total technical income		36 5 31	9 336 (327)
Investment return allocated from/(to) the non-technical account		1,438	(148)
Claims paid  Gross amount  Reinsurers' share  Net of reinsurance		3,376 1,217 2,159	5,655 3,661 1,994
Change in the provision for outstanding claims Gross amount Reinsurers' share Net of reinsurance	3	(1,596) (414) (1,182)	(7,172) (3,624) (3,548)
Claims incurred net of reinsurance Net operating expenses Total technical charges	2	$\frac{977}{\underbrace{555}_{1,532}}$	$   \begin{array}{r}     (1,554) \\     \underline{627} \\     \hline     (927)   \end{array} $
Balance on the general business technical account Attributable to discontinued operations		<u>(63</u> )	<u>452</u>
NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT			
Balance on the general business technical account		(63)	452
Investment income Unrealised(losses)/ gains on investments Investment expenses and charges Allocated investment return transferred (to)/from the technical Other income – exchange gains	5 6 account	4,295 (4,983) (102) (1,438) 142	3,075 1,735 (110) 148 606
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax		(2,149)	5,906
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(1,076)	1,145
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after tax		(1,073)	4,761
Dividends	8	-	5,000
Loss retained for the financial year	11	(1,073)	(239)

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

# **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2000

A CONTROL	Notes	2000 £'000	1999 £'000
ASSETS			
Investments Other financial investments	9	45,922	53,413
Reinsurers' share of Technical Provisions Claims outstanding	3	11,624	11,254
Debtors			
Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations		666	1,304
Other debtors		331_	
Office debtors		997	$\frac{210}{1,520}$
Other Assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		1,223	1,565
Prepayments and Accrued Income			
Accrued interest		318	362
Total assets		60,084	68,114
LIABILITIES			
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	10	500	500
Share premium account		525	525
Profit and loss account		<u>25,593</u>	26,666
Equity shareholders' funds	11	<u>26,618</u>	27,691
Technical Provisions			
Claims outstanding	3	25,779	25,863
Provisions for Other Risks and Charges			
Deferred tax	12	4,533	6,373
Deposits Received from Reinsurers		2,224	2,115
Creditors			
Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations		79	176
Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations	10	462	1,565
Other creditors including taxation and social security	13	389	4,331
		<u>930</u>	<u>6,072</u>
Total liabilities		60,084	68,114
		<del></del>	<del></del>

The accounts on pages 6 to 12 were approved by the board on 28 March, 2001 and signed on its behalf by:

P R Abbott (Director)

J B Nockels

(Director)

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 December 2000

			2000 £'000	1999 £'000
Net cash outflow from operating activities			(1,214)	(2,047)
Taxation (paid)/received Equity dividends paid			(730) (4 <b>,</b> 000)	82 (3,000)
Cash dis-investment			(5,944)	(4,965)
Cash flows were applied as follows:- (Decrease)/increase in cash holdings			(342)	114
Portfolio investments  Purchase of ordinary shares Purchase of fixed income securities Sale of ordinary shares Sale of fixed income securities Increase in deposits with credit institutions			912 425 (7,129) (2,601) 2,791 (5,944)	762 404 (2,900) (3,458) 113 (4,965)
NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash outflow fr Operating (loss)/profit before taxation Decrease in outstanding claims Decrease/(increase) in debtors and prepayments Decrease in creditors Exchange movements Gains less losses on sales of investments Unrealised losses/(gains) on investments Net cash outflow from operating activities	om operatir	ng activities	(2,149) (1,182) 327 (615) (142) (2,436) 4,983 (1,214)	5,906 (3,550) (528) (532) (606) (1,002) (1,735) (2,047)
Movement in cash and portfolio investments	As at 1.1.00 £'000	Cash i flow £'000	Changes n market value £'000	As at 31.12.00 £'000
Cash holdings	1,565	(342)		1,223
Portfolio investments Ordinary shares	38,059	(6,217)	(2,854)	28,988
Fixed income securities	13,085	(2,176)	307	11,216
Deposits with credit institutions	2,927 55,636	2,791 (5,944)	(2,547)	<u>5,718</u> <u>47,145</u>

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared in compliance with Section 255 of and Schedule 9A to, the Companies Act 1985, and in compliance with applicable accounting standards. The accounts comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 1998.

# Provision for outstanding claims

Provision is made on an individual case basis for the estimated cost of claims notified but not settled by the balance sheet date, taking into account anticipated inflation and settlement trends. A provision for claims incurred but not reported is established on a statistical basis. The methods used and the estimates made are reviewed regularly. Whilst the directors consider that the gross provision for claims and the related reinsurance recoveries are fairly stated on the basis of the information currently available to them, the ultimate liability may vary as a result of subsequent information and events. Any differences between provisions and subsequent settlements will be dealt with in the technical account of the year in which they arise.

The long tail element is discounted over the estimated period to ultimate settlement, based on statistically forecast payment projections, at a rate of 4% per annum. Included within the provision for outstanding claims is a provision for estimated future claims handling costs.

# Foreign currencies

Revenue transactions and assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies are translated to sterling at year end rates of exchange. Exchange adjustments are included in the non-technical account under other income.

#### Investments and investment return

Interest on fixed interest securities, loans and deposits is accounted for on the accruals basis. Dividends net of attributable tax credits are accounted for when the underlying securities go exdividend. Realised and unrealised gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account.

Fixed interest assets are held to match technical provisions. Matching is done by both currency and term. An allocation of investment return is made from the non-technical account to the technical account representing the investment return during the year on assets matching technical provisions. Investments are stated in the balance sheet at market value.

# **Deferred taxation**

Full provision under the liability method is made for deferred taxation charges and reliefs resulting from the effect of the allocation for taxation purposes of income and expenditure to periods different from those used for accounting purposes. Full provision is made for taxation that would have been payable had investments been disposed of at market value at the balance sheet date. Full provision is made for taxation that would have been recoverable had full corporation tax relief been given on the total provision for outstanding claims provided for in the accounts.

		2000	1999
		£'000	£'000
2.	NET OPERATING EXPENSES		
	Administrative expenses include:-		
	Auditors' remuneration	23	23
	Auditors remuneration for non-audit work	48	_

# 3. PROVISION FOR OUTSTANDING CLAIMS

### (a) Run-off deviation

Claims incurred net of reinsurance and before discounting include an adverse variation in respect of prior years of £1,455,000 (1999 £397,000 - positive).

# (b) Discounting

The long tail element of the provision for outstanding claims is discounted at 4% per annum. The unwinding of the discount amounted to £400,000 (1999 £440,000). The investment return including unrealised gains/(losses) on assets matching the liabilities being discounted amounted to a profit of £1,174,000 (1999 loss of £110,000). The net outstanding claims before discounting amounted to £17,908,000 (1999 £18,076,000) of which £14,618,000 (1999 £13,451,000) has been discounted. The mean term from the balance sheet date to settlement of the discounted liabilities was 8 years (1999 8 years).

# (c) Environmental and asbestos liabilities

The provision for net outstanding claims after discounting of £14.2 million (net of reinsurance) includes an amount of £6.6 million for US environmental and asbestos liabilities. In view of the continuing uncertainty regarding the appropriate level of provision in respect of these US environmental and asbestos liabilities, the directors have carried out a review of technical provisions in conjunction with consulting actuaries, and consider the provision to be fairly stated on the basis of the information currently available.

## 4. DIRECTORS AND STAFF

No directors were remunerated by the Company during the year (1999 £nil). The Company had no staff during the year and no employment costs as Global Aerospace Underwriting Managers Limited provides management services to the Company.

		2000 £°000	£'000
5.	INVESTMENT INCOME		
	Income from investments	1,859	2,073
	Realised investment gains less losses	<u>2,436</u>	$\frac{1,002}{3,075}$
	·	4,295	3,075

		2000	1999
6.	INVESTMENT EXPENSES AND CHARGES	£'000	£,000
	Investment management expenses	<u>102</u>	<u>110</u>
7.	TAXATION		
	Current taxation UK corporation tax at 30% (1999 30.25%) Overseas tax Deferred taxation  Prior years	722 42 ( <u>1,772</u> ) (1,008)	421 60 <u>965</u> 1,446
	UK corporation tax Deferred taxation	(68) (1,076)	(301) - 1,145
8.	DIVIDENDS		
	Interim dividend of £nil per share (1999 £1) Final dividend of £nil per share (1999 £4)		1,000 4,000 5,000
9.	INVESTMENTS		
	Current value Listed equity shares Government fixed interest Deposits with credit institutions  Historical cost	28,988 11,216 <u>5,718</u> 45,922	37,925 12,561 2,927 53,413
	Listed equity shares Government fixed interest Deposits with credit institutions	12,144 10,508 <u>5,718</u> 28,370	15,972 12,637 2,927 31,536
10	). SHARE CAPITAL		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each: Authorised – 1 million shares  Issued – 1 million shares (50p paid)	1,000 500	1,000 500

# 11. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	Share Capital	Share Premium	Profit and Loss account	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
As at 1 January 2000	500	525	26,666	27,691
Movement during year	-	-	(1,073)	(1,073)
As at 31 December 2000	500	525	25,593	26,618
12. DEFERRED TAX			2000 £'000	1999 £'000
Provision at the beginning of the year			6,373	5,408
Movement during the year			(1,840)	965
Provision at the end of the year			4,533	6,373

The provision for deferred tax comprises £5,045,000 (1999 £6,641,000) in respect of unrealised investment gains, offset by £512,000 (1999 £268,000) of other timing differences.

# 13. CREDITORS

Other creditors include £317,000 (1999 £284,000) in respect of Corporation tax. The 1999 comparatives included the final dividend of £4 million.

# 14. SECURED ASSETS

Certain investments are secured in respect of letters of credit for policyholders in the USA. Other investments are held in trust funds on behalf of regulatory authorities in the USA and Canada. The total of these amounted to £5.4 million (1999 £5.0 million).