Form 4.68

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number
231500

Name of Company

Govett Strategic Investment Trust PLC

++ We

Christopher Richard Frederick Day, PO Box 810, 66 Shoe Lane, London, EC4A 3WA

Nicholas Guy Edwards, PO Box 810, 66 Shoe Lane, London, EC4A 3WA

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of <del>my</del>/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the insolvency Act 1986

Signed

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Date 21 Abriany 201

Deloitte LLP PO Box 810 66 Shoe Lane London EC4A 3WA

Ref GOVE00L/CMW/RXP/CPB



# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company Govett Strategic Investment Trust PLC

Company Registered Number 231500

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up Members

Date of commencement of winding up 24 July 2002

Date to which this statement is

brought down 23 January 2017

Name and Address of Liquidator

Christopher Richard Frederick Day, PO Box 810, 66 Shoe Lane, London, EC4A 3WA

Nicholas Guy Edwards, PO Box 810, 66 Shoe Lane, London, EC4A 3WA

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the trisolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

## Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

# Liquidator's statement of account

ealisations ———	<del></del>		
ate	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amour
		Brought Forward	271,346,667 0
9/07/2016	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	68
1/08/2016	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	7 1
5/09/2016	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	1,306 9
0/09/2016	RBS	Bank Interest Gross  Bank Interest Gross	90
1/10/2016 0/11/2016	RBS RBS	Bank Interest Gross	7 6
5/12/2016	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	455 9
0/12/2016	RBS	Bank Interest Gross	7 4
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Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	270,077,242 51
07/09/2016 07/09/2016 03/10/2016 03/10/2016 08/11/2016 08/11/2016 20/12/2016 20/12/2016	Deloitte LLP Deloitte LLP The Color Company The Color Company Capita Registrars Limited Capita Registrars Limited Deloitte LLP Deloitte LLP	Liquidator's Fees Unrecoverable VAT Printing & Postage Unrecoverable VAT Registrars' Costs Unrecoverable VAT Liquidator's Fees Unrecoverable VAT	7,500 00 1,500 00 4,403 68 687 90 1,283 62 256 72 8,500 00 1,700 00



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Total realisations Total disbursements	£ 271,348,476 45 270,103,074 43	
	Balance £	1,245,402 02
This balance is made up as follows  1 Cash in hands of liquidator  2 Balance at bank  3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 1,245,402 02 0 00
<ul> <li>4 Amounts invested by liquidator</li> <li>Less The cost of investments realised</li> <li>Balance</li> <li>Accrued Items</li> </ul>	£ 0 00 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		1,245,402 02

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

A potential VAT refund due from HM Revenue & Customs (amount unknown)

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Outstanding VAT and corporation tax matters

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6-12 months

