Carrs Agriculture Limited
Annual report
for the year ended 31 August 1996

Registered no: 189740



# Annual report for the year ended 31 August 1996

	Pages
Directors' report	1 - 3
Report of the auditors	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 16

# Directors' report for the year ended 31 August 1996

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 August 1996.

## Principal activities

The principal activities of the company continued to be the manufacture and supply of agricultural products.

## **Review of business**

The profit for the year on ordinary activities after taxation amounted to £1,189,970. The company performed well despite the difficult market conditions that prevailed in the cattle feed sectors. The uncertainties in the farming community following the announcement of the BSE crisis in the UK also had an adverse impact. In many areas of our business the company increased market share and this bodes well for the future.

#### **Dividends**

The directors have declared the following dividend in respect of the year ended 31 August 1996.

Ordinary dividend payable: £1,200,000

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year were:

C N C Holmes

(Chairman)

R C Wood

J E Tudor

H G Mountain

D Monaghan

R Tomlinson

S A Denby

J Crawford

P J Copus

R C Wood, H G Mountain and J E Tudor retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

R C Wood, J E Tudor and C N C Holmes are directors of the ultimate parent company and their interests are shown in the financial statements of that company.

Other directors who held office at 31 August 1996 had the following interests in the shares of the ultimate parent company:

H G Mountain J Crawford S A Denby	Number of ordinary At 31 August 1996			
	6,050 1,000 2,000	2,050 - 2,000		

Other than the above, no director has any interest in the shares of the company or any other subsidiary of the company's ultimate parent company.

# Directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 1996. The directors also confirm that applicable accounting standards have been followed and that the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Creditors' terms

It is the company's policy to agree terms of payment with its suppliers when agreeing the terms of a business transaction or transactions. All suppliers are aware of this procedure and the company abides by the agreed payment terms.

## **Auditors**

A resolution to reappoint the auditors, Coopers & Lybrand, will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

ausord.

R C Wood Secretary

Stanwix

Carlisle

6 December 1996

# Report of the auditors to the members of Carrs Agriculture Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 16.

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 August 1996 and of its profit and total recognised gains for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

begin abyland

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Leeds

6 December 1996

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 August 1996

	Notes	1996 £	1995 £
Turnover	2	59,049,616	57,423,972
Cost of sales		(53,387,475)	(51,846,326)
Gross profit		5,662,141	5,577,646
Other operating expenses	3	(3,710,825)	(3,522,752)
Operating profit		1,951,316	2,054,894
Other income	4	130,235	-
Profit on ordinary activities before interest		2,081,551	2,054,894
Interest receivable	7	896	2,414
Interest payable	8	(352,319)	(313,811)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	9	1,730,128	1,743,497
Taxation	10	(540,158)	(595,425)
Profit for the financial year		1,189,970	1,148,072
Dividends	11	(1,200,000)	(1,140,000)
(Deficit) / retained profit for the financial year	23	(10,030)	8,072

All items dealt with in arriving at operating profit for 1996 and 1995 relate to continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains and losses in the period, other than those included in the profits above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

# Note of historical cost profits and losses

	1996 £	1995 £
Reported profit on ordinary activities before tax Difference between historical cost depreciation charge and actual	1,730,128	1,743,497
charge on revalued amount of fixed assets	24,663	50,032
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,754,791	1,793,529
Historical cost profit retained after taxation and dividends	14,633	58,104

# **Balance** sheet At 31 August 1996

	NT-4	1996 £	1995
Fixed assets	Notes	ı.	£
Tangible assets	12	E (E1 104	<b>- 10</b> 1 10 1
Investments	13	7,651,184 55,474	7,431,432
	1.0	33,474	55,474
		7,706,658	7,486,906
Current assets		<del></del>	
Stocks	14	5,045,307	4,048,452
Debtors	15	9,547,848	8,188,827
Cash at bank and in hand		1,214,348	518,940
Creditors: amounts falling due		15,807,503	12,756,219
within one year	16	(18,670,220)	(15,106,798)
Net current liabilities		(2,862,717)	(2,350,579)
		<del></del>	<del>(2,330,37)</del>
Total assets less current liabilities		4,843,941	5,136,327
Creditors: amounts falling due	17	(304,471)	(453,588)
after more than one year			
Provisions for liabilities and charges	18	(560,000)	(623,000)
Government grants	19	(93,617)	(121,133)
		(958,088)	(1,197,721)
Net assets		3,885,853	3,938,606
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	21	101,520	101,520
Revaluation reserve	22	1,738,909	1,738,909
Profit and loss account	22	2,045,424	2,098,177
Equity shareholders' funds	23	3,885,853	3,938,606

The financial statements on pages 5 to 16 were approved by the board of directors on 6 December 1996 and were signed on its behalf by:

R C Wood

C N C Holmes

Directors **Directors** 

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 1996

## 1 Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies is set out below.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the value of goods invoiced to customers during the year less returns and excluding VAT.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land which is not depreciated, in equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:

Freehold and long leasehold properties
Short leasehold properties
Plant and equipment
Motor vehicles

# over the period of the lease 5% - 20%

2%

20% - 25%

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes production overheads where appropriate.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred taxation is provided under the liability method to take account of all timing differences between profits as stated in the financial statements and as computed for tax purposes to the extent that it is considered with reasonable probability that such a liability will crystallise.

#### Government grants

Grants received in respect of capital expenditure are recognised in the profit and loss account in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets concerned.

#### Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ("finance leases"), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amounts capitalised are the present values of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding commitments are shown as obligations under finance leases.

Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account using the actuarial method.

All other leases are "operating leases" and the annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

#### **Pensions**

The cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the periods benefiting from the employees' services.

#### Cash flows

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Carr's Milling Industries PLC and cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated group cash flow statement of Carr's Milling Industries PLC. Consequently, the company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from publishing a cash flow statement.

## 2 Segmental analysis

In the opinion of the directors all the activities of the company fall into one class of business, namely the manufacture and supply of agricultural products. All activities were conducted in the United Kingdom.

## 3 Other operating expenses

	1996 £	1995 £
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	2,417,920 1,292,905	2,455,504 1,067,248
	3,710,825	3,522,752

#### 4 Other income

During the year the company disposed of a participating interest in a pharmaceutical business. The sale resulted in a net profit of £130,235.

## 5 Directors' emoluments

The remuneration paid to the directors of the company was:

	1996	1995
Emoluments (including benefits in kind) Pension contributions	£ 336,420 32,596	£ 272,122 23,986
Aggregate emoluments	369,016	296,108
Emoluments (excluding pension contributions) include amount	nts paid to:	<del></del>
	1996 £	1995 £
The chairman and highest paid director	107,671	106,063

The number of directors (including the chairman and the highest-paid director) who received emoluments (excluding pension contributions) in the following ranges was:

	1996	1995
	Number	Number
£Nil	2	4
£5,001 to £10,000	1	~
£35,001 to £40,000	-	2
£40,001 to £45,000	1	2
£45,001 to £50,000	3	-
£55,001 to £60,000	1	-
£105,001 to £110,000	-	1
£115,001 to £120,000	1	_
	=	=

## 6 Employee information

The average weekly number of persons (including executive directors) employed during the year was:

	1996	1995
	Number	Number
By product group		
Sales, office and management	113	110
Manufacturing and distribution	122	118
	<del></del>	
	235	228
	<del></del>	
	1996	1995
	£	£
Staff costs (for the above persons):		
Wages and salaries	3,412,111	3,363,659
Social security costs	294,093	291,461
Other pension costs (see note 20)	203,945	179,985
	3,910,149	3,835,105

7 Interest receivable		
	1996	1995
	£	£
Bank interest	<i>4</i> 10	
Interest on trade debts	619 277	2,414
		2,414
	896	2,414
	<del></del>	
8 Interest payable		
o interest payable	1996	1995
	£	£
On bank overdraft	109,404	115,337
On finance leases	58,882	42,053
On amounts owed to group companies	145,733	122,836
Other	38,300	33,585
	352,319	313,811
9 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4004	
	1996	1995
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after		
charging/(crediting):		
Amortisation of government grants	(27,516)	(29,825)
Rent receivable	(34,000)	(26,500)
Depreciation charge for the year:		
Tangible owned fixed assets	565,976	580,925
Tangible fixed assets held under finance leases Auditors' remuneration for audit	210,637	108,475
Hire of plant and machinery	38,400	36,200
Hire of other assets	6,898 54,038	5,617 148,627
Loss / (profit) on disposal of tangible fixed assets	2,362	(15,116)
4		===
10 Taxation		
	1996	1995
United Vinadom comparation toward 2207 (1005, 2207)	£	£
United Kingdom corporation tax at 33% (1995: 33%): Current	E24 766	505 000
Group relief	524,766 65,234	595,000
Deferred	6,000	33,000
(Over)/under provision in respect of prior years:	-,	,
Current	13,158	15,425
Deferred	(69,000)	(48,000)
	540,158	595,425
	<del></del>	
11 Dividends		
	1996	1995
	£	£
Ordinary dividends payable at £11.82 (1995: £11.229) per share	1 200 000	1 1/0 000
2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	1,200,000	1,140,000

## 12 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant		
	Land and	equipment	Assets in	Total
	buildings	and motor	course of	
		and vehicles	construction	
	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation				
At 3 September 1995	3,645,070	8,549,150	160,594	12,354,814
Additions	225,424	848,510	4,825	1,078,759
Disposals	-	(208,999)	-	(208,999)
Transfers from group companies	-	29,905	-	29,905
Reclassification	-	160,594	(160,594)	-
At 31 August 1996	3,870,494	9,379,160	4,825	13,254,479
Depreciation				
At 3 September 1995	35,498	4,887,884	-	4,923,382
Charge for the year	71,050	705,563	_	776,613
Transfers from group companies	· ´ <u>-</u>	29,856	-	29,856
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(126,556)	-	(126,556)
At 31 August 1996	106,548	5,496,747	-	5,603,295
Net book value				
At 31 August 1996	3,763,946	3,882,413	4,825	7,651,184
Net book value				
At 2 September 1995	3,609,572	3,661,266	160,594	7,431,432
Cost or valuation at			<del></del>	
31August 1996 is represented by:				
Valuation in 1995	2,499,000	-	-	2,499,000
Cost	1,371,494	9,379,160	4,825	10,755,479
	3,870,494	9,379,160	4,825	13,254,479

Land and buildings, with the exception of the mill and properties constructed or land acquired since 1995, was revalued at open market value for existing use, at 31 August 1995 by Carigiet Cowen, Chartered Surveyors. The mill at Silloth-on-Solway was revalued on the basis of depreciated replacement cost by G.F.Singleton and Company, Chartered Surveyors, at 31 August 1995.

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £647,134 (1995:£522,144) in respect of assets held under finance leases. If land and buildings had not been revalued they would have been included at the following amounts:

<b>,</b>	1996	1995
	£	£
Cost	2,483,367	1,937,557
Aggregate depreciation based on cost	371,772	325,385
Land and buildings at net book value comprise:	1996	1995
	£	£
Freeholds Long leaseholds	3,381,746 382,200	2,913,014 696,558
	3,763,946	3,609,572
13 Fixed asset investments	<del></del>	<del></del>
	1996	1995
	£	£
Investment in subsidiaries Unlisted investments	55,421 53	55,421 53
<u> </u>	55,474	55,474

The company holds 100% of the ordinary share capital of Thos. Edmondson Limited, a dormant company registered in England and Wales.

Group accounts have been not prepared as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company incorporated in Great Britain.

#### 14 Stocks

	1996 £	1995 £
Work in progress	55,773	48,075
Raw materials and consumables	1,077,950	1,023,950
Finished goods and goods for resale	3,911,584	2,976,427
	5,045,307	4,048,452

15	Debtors		
13	Debtois	1996	1995
		£	£
Amoun	ts falling due within one year		
Trade d		7,831,666	7,647,707
Amoun	ts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	1,445,882	425,461
Other d	ebtors	66,567	44,263
Prepayı	ments and accrued income	203,733	71,396
	- -	9,547,848	8,188,827
16	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		<del></del> .
		4006	1005
		1996	1995
		£	£
Obligat	ions under finance leases	281,613	222,772
•	nts on account	536,685	=
•		7,834,528	5,397,884
		2,157,810	2,090,645
		5,335,694	5,154,910
	nds payable	1,200,000	1,140,000
	ation tax	406,617	475,754
_	taxation relief payable	202,259	120,793
	axation and social security payable	168,606	125,838
	creditors	319,494	225,991
Accrua		226,914	152,211
		8,670,220	15,106,798
	=	<del></del>	
17	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than on	e year	
		1996	1995
		£	£
Other		_	100,000
	tions under finance leases	304,471	353,588
		304,471	453,588
		<del></del>	***
		1996	1995
Obliga	tions under finance leases are	£	£
_	able as follows:		
	year or less	281,613	222,772
	en one and two years	186,143	185,026
	en two and five years	118,328	168,562
		586,084	576,360
			<del></del>

c

## 18 Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Deferred taxation £
At 3 September 1995 Transferred to profit and loss account	623,000 (63,000)
At 31 August 1996	560,000

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements is as follows:

	Amount provided	
	1996	1995
	£	£
Tax effect of timing differences because of: Excess of tax allowances over depreciation Other	605,000 (45,000)	668,000 (45,000)
	560,000	623,000

No provision has been made for additional taxation which would accrue if the land and buildings were disposed of at their revalued amount. This liability is estimated at £ Nil (1995: £38,000). Full provision has been made for all other aspects of deferred taxation.

### 19 Government grants

	ž.
At 3 September 1995 Amortisation in year	121,133 (27,516)
At 31 August 1996	93,617
	<del></del>

## 20 Pension obligations

The company participates in a group pension scheme operated by Carr's Milling Industries PLC. This pension scheme is of the defined benefit type and its assets are held in a separate trustee administered fund. The fund is valued every three years by a professional qualified actuary, the rates of contribution payable being determined by the actuary. In the intervening years the actuary reviews the continuing appropriateness of the rates. The latest actuarial assessment of the Scheme was at 1 January 1995. Particulars of the valuation are contained in the accounts of Carr's Milling Industries PLC.

The company also participates in a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets are held separately from those of the group and invested with an insurance company. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £5,321 (1995: £4,870).

The pension cost for the year charged to the profit and loss account is shown in note 6.

21 Called-up share capital	1996 £	1995 £
Authorised 120,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	120,000	120,000
Allotted, called-up and fully paid 101,520 ordinary shares of £1 each	101,520 ———	101,520
22 Reserves		
	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £
At 3 September 1995 Deficit for the year Purchased goodwill written off	1,738,909 - -	2,098,177 (10,030) (42,723)
At 31 August 1996	1,738,909	2,045,424
23 Reconciliation of movements in equity share	holders'	
funds	1996 £	1995 £
Opening equity shareholders' funds (Deficit) / retained profit for the year Goodwill written off Revaluation surplus	3,938,606 (10,030) (42,723)	3,911,720 8,072 - 18,814
Closing equity shareholders' funds	3,885,853	3,938,606
24 Capital commitments		
	1996 £	1995 £
Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but has not provided for in the financial statements	22,800	39,820

### 25 Other financial commitments

At 31 August 1996, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases with respect to assets other than land and buildings as follows:

	1996	1995
Expiring within one year Expiring within two and five years inclusive	£	£
	7,480	18,510
	3,861	26,035
	<del></del>	-
	11,341	44,545
		<u></u>

## 26 Group banking arrangements

The company has given an unlimited cross guarantee with regard to all amounts owing to Clydesdale Bank PLC by its parent company and fellow subsidiary companies. At 31 August 1996 the aggregate amount outstanding under these group banking arrangements was £1,712,382 (1995: £1,755,509).

### 27 Ultimate parent company

The directors regard Carr's Milling Industries PLC, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent company. According to the register kept by the company, Carr's Milling Industries PLC has a 100% interest in the equity capital of Carrs Agriculture Limited at 31 August 1996. Copies of the parent company's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from Carr's Milling Industries PLC, Old Croft, Stanwix, Carlisle, CA3 9BA.