ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

<u>1990</u>



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<u>Peport of the Directors</u> <u>for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990</u>

The directors submit their report and accounts of the Company for the 52 weeks ended 29th December 1990.

Results and dividends

The profit on ordinary activities for the financial year, after taxation, was £66.1 million. The directors have declared an interim ordinary dividend amounting to £60.0 million and recommend that no final dividend should be paid. An amount of £6.1 million has been taken to reserves.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the Company remained the manufacture, marketing and sale of confectionery products to wholesale and retail outlets in the UK, and the supply of confectionery products to overseas markets through fellow subsidiaries.

The chicolate confectionery market increased by 3.0% in value in 1990 compared with 1989. Cadbury Limited further extended its position as market leader with a share increase of 2.3 percentage points to 30.9%. This improvement over 1989 contributes to an increased turnover of £565.8 million.

In the countline sector turnover growth of 20% in the year was led by Twirl and Crunchie. The technical problems that restricted production in 1989 were avoided, so contributing to this rapid growth. Cadbury Limited's dominance of the moulded sector was extended by strong performance from the key brand Cadbury's Dairy Milk giving a market share of about 50%. The Company's leading assortments, Milk Tray and Roses increased volume, with Roses extending its market leadership of the twist-wrapped sector. The seasonal ranges at both Easter and Christmas once again increased volume benefiting from continued successful innovation.

At the start of the year the Company acquired the assets and liabilities of Jameson Limited, a wholly owned fellow subsidiary of Cadbury Schweppes plc whose principal activity is manufacture and distribution of confectionery products from its base in North London. The integration of this business into Cadbury Limited is well advanced and will be completed during 1991.

The Company was committed to further investment in its manufacturing and distribution facilities, with £34 million spent on capital projects.

In 1990 Cadbury World was opened to the public on the Bournville site. This is a major leisure facility exhibiting the story of cocoa and chocolate.

Report of the Directors for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990

The following directors have been granted future options under Cadbury Schweppes plc savings related share option schemes:

Ordinary shares of 25p each

No of shares	Movement in the year			30 December 1989 (or	
		Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	date of appointment)
F D Brooks	4,679				4,679
Dr R Bralsford	3,286	-	-	-	3,286
C S James	4,393	1,536	_	1,153	4,010
D J Kappler	NIL	· -	_	· <u>-</u>	NIL
C J Kent	6,117	3,381	1,191	2,041	5,968
G P Loosemore	9,498	4,610	2,979	4,038	11,905
D N Makin	3,669	1,536	· -	1,153	3,266
J R Taylor	5,354	1,536	-	1,153	4,971
A P Williamson	8,043	3,073	4,336	2,307	11,613

The following directors have been granted future options under a Cadbury Schweppes plc share option scheme for directors and senior executives:

Ordinary shares of 25p each

No of shares	29 <u>December</u> 1990	Movement in the year		30 December 1989 (or date of
		Granted	Evercised	appointment)
F D Brooks	105,000	40,000	40,000	105,000
Dr R Bralsford	44,000	40,000	40,000	· ·
	•	_	-	44,000
C S James	74,000	30,000		44,000
D J Kappler	52,000	52,000	-	NIL
C J Kent	50,000	17,000		33,000
G P Loosemore	54,000	18,000	-	36,000
D N Makin	85,000	20,000	-	65,000
J R Taylor	87,000	30,000	-	57,000
A P Williamson	65,000	19,000	-	46,000

No directors held preference shares in group companies.

At no time during the period has any director been materially interested in any contract with any company in the group, which was significant in relation to the business of any such company.

Report of the Directors for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990

Post balance sheet events

No circumstances have arisen or events occurred since the balance sheet date in respect of matters which would require adjustment or disclosure in the accounts.

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

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F D EROOKS
MANAGING DIRECTOR

27 February 1991

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

1990

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CADELRY LIMPTED

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

F D Brooks

Dr R Bralsford

N D Cadbury

C S James

C J Kent

D J Kappler

G P Loosemore

D N Makin

J R Taylor

D G Wellings

A P Williamson

SECRETARY

J H Grennall

REGISTERED OFFICE

Bournville Birmingham B30 2LU

AUDITIORS

Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte 35 Newhall Street Birmingham B3 3DX

Chairman & Managing Director

Report of the Directors for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990

The directors submit their report and accounts of the Company for the 52 weeks ended 29th December 1990.

Results and dividends

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In the countline sector turnover growth of 20% in the year was led by Twirl and Crunchie. The technical problems that restricted production in 1989 were avoided, so contributing to this rapid growth. Cadbury Limited's dominance of the moulded sector was extended by strong performance from the key brand Cadbury's Dairy Milk giving a market share of about 50%. The Company's leading assortments, Milk Tray and Roses increased volume, with Roses extending its market leadership of the twist-wrapped sector. The seasonal ranges at both Faster and Christmas once again increased volume benefiting from continued successful innovation.

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The Company was committed to further investment in its manufacturing and distribution facilities, with £34 million spent on capital projects.

In 1990 Cadbury World was opened to the public on the Bournville site. This is a major leisure facility exhibiting the story of cocoa and chocolate.

Report of the Directors for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990

Directors and their interests

The directors at the date of this report are as stated on page 1.

S. R. Ward and N. S. Hawkins resigned from the board on 29 December 1990.

J R Taylor was appointed to the board on 5 March 1990.

Dr. R. Bralsford, D. N. Makin and C. S. James will retire from the board by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

The beneficial interests, as defined in the Companies Act 1985, of the directors at 29 December 1990 (other than directors who are also directors of Cadbury Schweppes plc), in group companies were as follows:-

Cadbury Schweppes plc ordinary shares of 25p fully paid

No. of Shares	29 December 1990	30 December 1989 (or at date of appointment)
F D Brooks	9,528	528
Dr R Bralsford	3,660	3,548
C S James	3,371	3,371
D J Kappler	Nil	Nil
C J Kent	13,841	12,650
G P Loosemore	12,923	9,525
D N Makin	Nil	Nil
J R Taylor	25	25
A P Williamson	4,506	25

None of the directors at 29 December 1990 held any non-beneficial interests in shares of group companies.

Report of the Directors for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990

The following directors have been granted future options under Cadbury Schweppes plc savings related share option schemes:

Ordinary shares of 25p each

29 December 1990	Movement in the year			30 December 1989 (or
	Granted	Exercised	<u>Cancelled</u>	date of appointment)
A 679				
•			*****	4,679
•		-	**,	3,286
4,393	1,536	-	1,153	4,010
N.T.		-	~	NIL
6,117	3,381	1,191	2,041	5,968
9,498	4,610	•	•	11,905
3,669	1,536	-	•	3,286
5.354	•	4=4	•	4,971
•	•	4.336	•	11,613
	1990 4,679 3,286 4,393 NIL 6,117 9,498	1990 Granted 4,679 3,286 4,393 1,536 NIL 6,117 3,381 9,498 4,610 3,669 1,536 5,354 1,536	1990 Granted Exercised 4,679	1990 Granted Exercised Cancelled 4,679

The following directors have been granted future options under a Cadbury Schweppes plc share option scheme for directors and senior executives:

Ordinary shares of 25p each

No of shares	29 <u>December</u> 1990	Movement in the year		30 December 1989 (or
		Granted	Exercised	<u>date of</u> appointment)
F D Brooks Dr R Bralsford C S James D J Kappler C J Kent G P Loosemore D N Makin J R Taylor A P Williamson	105,000 44,000 74,000 52,000 50,000 54,000 85,000 87,000 65,000	40,000 52,000 17,000 18,000 20,000 30,000 19,000	40,000	105,000 44,000 44,000 NIL 33,000 36,000 65,000 57,000 46,000

No directors held preference shares in group companies.

At no time during the period has any director been materially interested in any contract with any company in the group, which was significant in relation to the business of any such company.

CADERIES LIMITED

Report of the Directors for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990

Fixed assets

Details of changes in tangible fixed assets are given in note 13 to the accounts.

Research and development

The company has continued the programme of research and development of its products and production methods. Basic research in the confectionery field is undertaken for the Company by a fellow subsidiary.

Disabled persons

The Company has always carefully considered any application for employment by registered disabled persons. In the event of any employee becoming disabled, it is standard practice to offer other employment in all but the most extreme circumstances, with appropriate re-training where necessary. The Company's training, development and promotion policies provide for equal opportunities for minority groups, including the disabled.

Employee involvement

During the year the Company continued, by means of well established communication channels, to provide employees systematically with information on matters of concern to them. The Managing Director talked to managers on all sites, and briefing groups carried information to other employees. The regular publication of the Company newspaper also kept employees in touch. The Cadbury Limited participation system, in which elected representatives of all employees meet directors and executive management in formal conferences to discuss business issues at all levels in the organisation, continued to function effectively.

Charitable and political contributions

During the year the Company made contributions to charities totalling £39,882.

There were no political contributions.

Report of the Directors for the 52 weeks ended 29 December 1990

Post balance sheet events

No circumstances have arisen or events occurred since the balance sheet date in respect of matters which would require adjustment or disclosure in the accounts.

<u>Auditors</u>

A resolution to re-appoint Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

F D BROOKS

MANAGING DIRECTOR

27 February 1991

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

TO THE MEMBERS OF

CADBURY LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 8 to 26 in accordance with Auditing Standards.

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Company at 29th December 1990 and of its profit and source and application of funds for the 52 weeks ended on that date, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

COOPERS & LYBRAND DELOTITE

Chartered Accountants

Birmingham

27 February, 1991

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the 52 weeks ended 29th December 1990

	Notes	1990 £000	1989 £000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	4	565,827 (383,080)	487,808 (334,053)
GROSS PROFIT		182,747	153,755
Distribution costs, including marketing Administrative expenses		(79,404) (36,068)	(73,046) (33,248)
		67,275	47,461
Other operating income Other operating charges		1,400 (1,685)	125 (3,519)
TRADING PROFIT Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	5 9 10	66,990 8 (1,774)	44,067 2,398 (2,409)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4 11	65,224 869	44,056 (14,963)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACITVITIES AFTER TAXATION		66,093	29,093
Dividends	12	(60,000)	(29,000)
TRANSFER TO RESERVES		6,093	93
STATEMENT OF REPAINED PROFITS			
Retained profit at beginning of the year Transfer to reserves		82,003 6,093	81,910 93
Retained profit at end of the year		88,096	82,003

The notes on pages 11 to 26 form part of these accounts.

CADBURY LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AT 29TH DECEMBER 1990

	.Notes	1990 £000	1989 £000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible fixed assets		400 505	
Investments	13	189,505 16	155,753 16
		189,521	155,769
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	14	86,743	69,153
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	15	82,689	77,472
Cash at bank and in hairi		7,029	11,237
		176,461	157,862
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	(177,355)	(171,514)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)		(894)	(13,652)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		188,627	142,117
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than	1		
one year	18	(50,539)	(26,302)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	19	(4,943)	(3,137)
		(55,482)	(29,439)
		133,145	112,678

CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	20	30,675	30,675
Revaluation reserve	21	14,374	
Profit and loss account		88,096	82,003
		133,145	112,678

The accounts on pages 8 to 26 were approved by the board of directors on 27 February 1991, and were signed on their behalf by: Astrology F. D. BROOKS,

MANAGING DIRECTOR

The rotes on pages 11 to 26 form part of these accounts.

CADBURY	LIMITED

Statement of source and application of funds for the 52 weeks ended 29th December 1990	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
SOURCE OF FUNDS Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Depreciation Provision for pension liabilities	65,224 18,672 1,806	44,056 18,905 3,137
Total generated from operations Disposal of tangible fixed assets (net book value)	85,702 209	66,098 544
Total source of funds	85,911	66,642
APPLICATION OF FUNDS: Dividends paid Tax paid, including group relief Purchase of tangible fixed assets Purchase of investment	89,000 16,758 38,259	59,000 27,625 59,951 16
	144,017	146,592
INCREASE/DECREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL: Increase in stocks Increase in debtors Increase in creditor:	17,590 13,868 (39,181) (2,723)	11,634 5,512 (3,750) 13,396
Total application of funds	141,294	159,988
Net (outflow) of funds Net (borrowings)/funds at beginning of year	(55,383) (20,247)	(93,346) 73,099
Net (borrowings) at end of year	(75,630)	(20,247)
REPRESENTING:		
Variable loan (from)/ to Cadbury Schweppes Finance Ltd Current obligations and advances - finance leases Non current obligations - finance leases Loan from Cadbury Schweppes plc Cash and bank balances	(20,734) (11,523) (44,870) (5,532) 7,029 (75,630)	14,048 (19,373) (26,159) - 11,237 (20,247)

The notes on pages 11 to 26 form part of these accounts Auditors' report page 7.

1 Accounting Policies

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of land and buildings.

Firancial year

The annual accounts are made up to the Saturday nearest to 31 December. This periodically results in a financial year of 53 weeks.

Foreign currencies

Overseas currencies are translated at the middle market rates at the Balance Sheet date, except in the case of third party transactions covered forward where rates fixed in the contracts are used. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account as they arise.

Turnover

This represents the invoiced value of sales (net of trade discounts) and royalties, excluding Value Added Tax.

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure is written off in the financial year in which it is incurred.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation using the liability method, on the categories of timing differences listed below, except to the extent that these amounts are not regarded as likely to become payable in the foreseeable future.

The broad categories of timing differences are:

- a) The excess of book value of tangible fixed assets over their tax written down value;
- b) The excess of book value of leased assets over chligations under cutstanding finance leases; and
- c) Income and expenditure in the accounts of the current period dealt with in other periods for taxation purposes.

Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value. Cost is purchase price, or production cost in the case of products manufactured by the Company. In the case of cocoa, cost also reflects the use of the futures market on the basis of forecast physical requirements. Production cost consists of direct material and labour costs together with a reasonable proportion of factory overheads on the basis of normal levels of activity.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is charged on the original cost or subsequent valuation of assets (excluding assets in course of construction) in equal annual amounts over the expected lives of the assets, as follows:

Buildings	40	years
Plant	10	years
Vehicles	5 to 8	years
Office Equipment	5	years
Computer software	5	years

In specific cases, higher depreciation rates are used, eg. for high speed machinery, machinery subject to technological changes, and machinery with a high obsolescence factor. Land is not depreciated.

Fixed assets held under leases

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright and the corresponding liability to the leasing company is included in an obligation under finance leases.

Depreciation on leased assets is charged to the profit and loss account on the same basis as shown above.

Leasing payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account.

All other leases are 'operating leases' and the relevant annual rentals are charged wholly to the profit and loss account.

Government Grants

Grants received are shown as deferred income and credited to the profit and loss account in equal amounts over the expected lives of the assets to which they relate. This is a change to the policy adopted in previous years in order to comply with the Companies Act 1989 and SSAP4 (Revised). The impact of the charge on the profit and loss account is nil (1989 nil).

Revaluation of Properties

Freehold properties are revalued every five years and the surplus/deficit in book value included as a movement in revaluation reserves. In subsequent years transfers are made to retained profits in order to amortise the surplus/deficit over the remaining useful lives of the properties. On disposal the difference between the proceeds and the amortised original cost is taken to the profit and loss account.

<u>Pensions</u>

The costs of providing pensions and other termination benefits are charged to the profit and loss account on a consistent basis over the service lives of the employees. Such costs are calculated by reference to actuarial valuations and variations from such regular costs are spread over the remaining service lives of the current employees. To the extent to which such costs do not equate with cash contributions, a provision or prepayment is recognised in the balance sheet.

2. Financial statements

The profit and loss account covers the 52 weeks from 31 December 1989 to 29 December 1990 and the balance sheets for 1989 and 1990 have been drawn up at 30 December 1989 and 29 December 1990 respectively.

3. Ultimate Holding Company

The Company's ultimate holding company is Cadbury Schweppes plc incorporated in England.

4. Turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Turnover comprises: Sales to third parties Sales to fellow subsidiary companies	506,517 59,310	444,861 42,947
	565,827	487,808

Sales and profits principally arose from the manufacture and sale of confectionery products within the United Kingdom.

5. Trading Profit

Trading profit is after charging and (crediting):	<u>1.990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Directors' emoluments	1,422	1,190
Employees' emoluments	105,740	89,151
Depreciation on owned assets	11,429	9,483
Depreciation on assets under finance leases	7,243	9,162
Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases	3,229	2,778
Properties - operating leases	300	300
Auditors' remuneration	65	60
loss on disposal of fixed assets	130	382
Research and development expenditure	3,566	3,228
Government Grants	(95)	(114)

6. Pension arrangements

The company is a member of the Cadbury Schweppes plc group of companies which operates group pension schemes for its UK subsidiaries.

The schemes are of the defined benefit type and the assets are held in external funds administered by trustees and managed professionally. Full valuations are carried out every two years by independent actuaries on the projected unit method for the Cadbury Schweppes Pension Fund (the Main Fund) and on the projected benefit method for the Cadbury Schweppes Supplementary Scheme (the Supplementary Scheme), and contribution rates determined accordingly.

The latest full valuations of the Main Fund and the Supplementary Scheme were made as at 5 April 1990: at that date the market value of the assets of the Main Fund was £520 million and the Supplementary Scheme £30 million, and the level of funding on an actuarial basis was 122%. The principal assumptions were as follows:-

	Rate per annum (%)
Rate of return on new investment	9½
Earnings increase	7
Pensions increase	5
Growth of dividends and rents	5

Credit for the estimated surplus on the Main Fund as at December 1989 has been spread over the remaining service lives of the existing employees. Accordingly the total pension costs borne by the Company amounted to £1,806,000.

Following advice from the actuaries, the trustees of the Main Fund decided that no contributions were required from the Company for the present and, accordingly, the provision of £4,943,000 (1989; £3,137,000) shown in the balance sheet represents the excess of pension costs over the amounts actually contributed to the external funds of the group schemes.

7. Directors' encluments

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
As directors: Management remuneration including pension		
contributions	1,422	1,190

Two directors were remunerated by Cadbury Schweppes plc or its subsidiary companies in respect of their services to the group as a whole. No emoluments were paid to them by Cadbury Limited.

Cadbury Schweppes plc have charged the Company for the cost of their services.

	<u>1990</u>	<u>1989</u>
Emoluments of the highest paid director (excluding pension contributions)	£116,399	£102,356
Emoluments of the Chairman	£Nil	£Nil

F. D. Brooks was elected Chairman on 29 December 1990, replacing D. G. Wellings.

Number of other directors whose empluments, excluding pension contributions, were within the ranges:

	1990	1989
	<u>Number</u>	Number
£0 to £5,000 £15,001 to £20,000 £25,001 to £30,000 £35,001 to £40,000 £55,601 to £60,000 £60,001 to £65,000 £65,001 to £70,000 £70,001 to £75,000 £75,001 to £80,000 £85,001 to £90,000 £90,001 to £95,000 £110,001 to £115,000	1 - - 1 1 3 1 1 2	4 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 -
8. Employees and empluments	1990 Number	<u>1989</u> <u>Mmber</u>
The average number of employees employed by the Company was:		
Production Distribution, selling and marketing Administration	5,514 901 590 7,005	5,036 917 577 6,530
Auditors' report page 7.		_

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Employees' empluments comprised:		
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	95,103 7,669 2,968	78,927 6,492 3,732
	105,740	89,151 ———
9. Interest receivable	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
External loans Inter-company	8 - - 8	2,398 2,398
	apari parah	
10. Interest payable and similar charges	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Inter-company interest payable External loans repayable within 5 years Finance leases repayable within 5 years Finance leases not repayable within 5 years Bank overdrafts	600 135 462 539 38	66 614 1,701 28
	1,774	2,409

11. Tax on profit on ordinary activities	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Corporation tax at 35% (1989 - 35%) Group relief received free of charge Deferred tax	20,770 (20,770) (160)	17,060
	(160)	15,290
(Over) /under provision in prior periods:		
Corporation tax Deferred tax	(709) —	(309) (18)
(Credit)/Charge for the year	(869)	14,963

The credit for taxation of £869,000 (1989: charge of £14,963,000) has been reduced by £1,500,000 (1989:£545,000) in respect of timing differences for which deferred tax has not been provided.

The balance of deferred taxation at 29 December 1990 has been calculated at 35% to take account of expected future mainstream corporation tax rates.

12. Dividants	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Interim dividend of 195.6p per share (1989:nil) Final proposed dividend of nil (1989: 94.5p per share)	60,000	29,000
		
	60,000	29,000

13. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £000	Leasehold land and buildings £000	Plant and machinery £000	Assets in course of construction £000	<u>Total</u> £000
COST OR VALUATION	₹:				
At beginning of period	24,769	90	197,129	38,426	260,414
Transfer on completion of construction	6,217	_	44,428	(50,645)	-
Additions		-	•	33,894	33,894
Disposals	~	•	(2,647)		(2,647)
Transfers from ot group companies	ther 1,821	***	5,009	-	6,830
Revaluation adjustment	12,421	******		*****************	12,421
At end of period	45,228	90	243,919 =====	21,675	310,912
DEPRECIATION:					
At beginning of period	1,498	9	103,154		104,661
Charge for period	3 444	5	18,223	• -	18,672
Disposals	-	-	(2,438)	-	(2,438)
Transfers from of group companies	ther 11	•••	2,454	-	2,465
Revaluation adjustment	(1,953)	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	~	-	(1,953)
At end of period		14	121,393	-	121,407
NET BOOK VALUES:					
At end of period	45,228	76 ——	122,526	21,675	189,505
At beginning of period	23,271	81.	93,975	38,426	155,753

Plant and machinery includes vehicles, fixtures and fittings. Assets in course of construction include payments on account.

Land and buildings with a book value of £20.8 million were transferred from Cadbury Schweppes plc to Cadbury Limited on 1 January 1989. Certain of these assets had previously been revalued by Cadbury Schweppes plc. The original cost of these assets was £26.7 million. The transfer of the legal title to some of these properties from Cadbury Schweppes plc has not yet been completed.

The freehold land and buildings were professionally revalued either on an open market existing use basis or a depreciated replacement cost basis by Fuller Peiser and Gooch and Wagstaff as at 30 September 1990 and the revised valuations have been incorporated in the accounts. The leasehold land and buildings were not revalued.

If the revalued assets were stated on an historical cost basis the amounts would be as follows:

	<u>1990</u> £000
Land and buildings at cost	32,807
Accumulated depreciation thereon	(1,953)
	30,854

Depreciation for the year has been calculated on the book values before taking into account the 1990 revaluation.

Finance leases

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Included in fixed assets are: Plant and machinery under finance leases Assets held pending completion of lease	135,805 1,609	111,197
Less accumulated depreciation	137,414 (49,204)	123,908 (41,961)
	88,210	81,947

During the year the expected remaining lifetime of certain leased assets, having a net book value of £21.5 million, was re-assessed. As a result the charge for depreciation in the year was reduced by £3,088,000. Auditors' report page 7.

14. Stocks	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Raw materials and consumables Work-in-progress Finished goods and goods for resale	25,866 11,937 48,940 86,743	12,420 11,301 45,432 69,153
	Security Pour	
15. Debtors	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Trade debtors	60,230	48,595
Amounts owed by group companies - variable loan - other	- 5,858	14,048 9,245
Icans to employees - receivable within one year - receivable after more than one year	317 1,002	174 526
Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Current corporation tax Deferred tax, recoverable after more	2,517 11,170 133	247 3,439 -
than one year (note 16)	1,462	1,198
	82,689	77,472

All amounts are receivable within one year unless otherwise indicated.

16. Deferred taxation	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Deferred tax (assets)/provision at beginning of period: Profit and loss account Transfer from fellow subsidiary company	(1,198) (160) (104)	530 (1,728)
Deferred tax (assets) at end of period	(1,462)	(1,198)

No deferred tax has been provided on the excess of capital allowances over depreciation or on finance leases, as future group capital expenditure plans are expected to prevent reversals, and Cadbury Schweppes plc has undertaken to surrender group relief free of charge to the Company in order to eliminate any tax liability arising from any net reversal of these timing differences. The full potential liability for deferred taxation was made up as follows:

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Not provided in accounts: Accelerated capital allowances Finance leases Properties Other timing differences	10,354 10,574 4,516 375	10,665 8,471 - -
	25,819	19,136
Provided in accounts: Short term timing differences	(1,462)	(1,198)
	24,357	17,938

17. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Variable loan owed to Cadbury Schweppes Finance Ltd Current obligations under finance leases Advances pending finance lease completion	20,734 11,523	7,571 11,802
	32,257 ———	19,373
Trade creditors Amounts owed to Cadbury Schweppes plc Amounts owed to other group companies Current corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs Government Grants Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Final dividend proposed	75,856 4,277 3,145 29,058 165 70 32,527	51,492 6,201 1,978 17,230 23,531 260 556 21,893
rinal dividend proposed	145,098	29,000 152,141
	177,355	171,514

No repayment terms have been fixed for the inter-group variable loan.

18. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Wholly repayable within five years: Obligations under finance leases	31,535	22,038
Not wholly repayable within five years: Loan from Cadbury Schweppes plc Obligations under finance leases Other creditors	5,532 13,335 137	4,121 143
	50,539	26,302

19. Provision for liabilities and charges

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Provision for pension liabilities at beginning of period	3,137	_
Charge to profit and loss account	1,806	3,137
Provision for pension liabilities at end of period	4,943	3,137

At 29 December 1990 there is a deferred tax asset, which has been included in debtors (note 15). For details of the movement on the deferred tax asset see note 16.

20. Called up share capital		
	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Ordinary shares of £1 each: Authorised	31,000	31,000
Called up, allotted and fully paid	30,675	30,675
21. Revaluation Reserve		
	1990 1990	<u>1989</u> £000
Balance at beginning of year		_
Revaluation adjustment	14,374	-
Balance at end of year	14,374	-

22. Commitments for capital expenditure

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Commitments for capital expenditure are estimated as follows:		
Contracted for but not provided in the accounts Authorised by the board but not contracted for	4,328 24,276	8,330 18,869
	28,604	27,199

23. Commitments under finance leases

The future minimum lease payments to which the Company is committed under finance leases as at 29th December 1990 are as follows:

	<u>1990</u> £000	<u>1989</u> £000
Within one year Two to five years More than five years	15,391 41,514 18,366	8,732 24,593 4,573
Less: finance charges allocated to future periods	75,271 (18,878)	37,898 (4,168)
Advances under lease agreement	56,393	33,730 11,802
	56,393	45,532 ———

Interest payable is at variable percentages based on LIBOR.

24. Commitments under operating leases

During the next year, the Company is contracted to make payments under operating leases which mature as follows:

	Land and <u>buildings</u> £000	Other £000	<u>Total</u> £000
Within one year		1,819	1,819
Two to five years	→	1,454	1,454
More than five years	300		300
	300	3,273	3,573

25. Contingent liabilities

- (a) The potential amount of deferred taxation calculated at expected future tax rates, not provided, is £24,357,000 (1989 £17,938,000).
- (b) Indemnities have been given by the Company's bankers totalling £6,850,000 (1989 £5,500,000).