DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

R J Loach

G T Hillyard (resigned 29/3/2007) N J Smith (appointed 01/03/2007)

Secretary

R J Loach

Company number

146681

Registered office

Union Road Nottingham NG3 1FH

Auditors

PKF (UK) LLP Regent House Clinton Avenue Nottingham NG5 1AZ

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of a bookbinders and print finishers

Directors

The directors who served during the year were

R J Loach

G T Hillyard (resigned 29/3/2007)

N J Smith (appointed 01/03/2007)

Provision of information to auditors

So far as each of the directors is aware at the time the report is approved

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

The auditors, PKF (UK) LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

The report of the directors has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies

This report was approved by the board on 20 Seron son 2007 and signed on its behalf

R J Loach Secretary

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements and other information included in annual reports may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF F F ALLSOPP & CO LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of F F Allsopp & Co Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards ("United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice") are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

We report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF F.F.ALLSOPP & CO LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985,
 and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

PKF (UK) LLP

Registered auditors

Nottingham, UK

Date 17.10.07.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER	1,2	2,115,578	2,221,210
Cost of sales		(1,365,524)	(1,406,673)
GROSS PROFIT		750,054	814,537
Selling and distribution costs		(121,437)	(121,446)
Administrative expenses		(626,360)	(628,820)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	2,257	64,271
Interest receivable		16,828	12,201
Interest payable		(6,890)	(12,466)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		12,195	64,006
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(3,199)	(14,421)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	13	8,996	49,585

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2006

	Note	£	2006 £	£	2005 £
FIXED ASSETS	Note	~	-	_	
Tangible fixed assets	6		422,329		505,339
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		45,150		39,952	
Debtors	7	504,683		642,946	
Cash at bank		428,803		339,816	
		978,636		1,022,714	
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	8	(483,612)		(539,363)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			495,024		483,351
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILI	TIES	•	917,353	•	988,690
CREDITORS amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(28,901)		(65,264)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax	10	(22,278)		(35,000)	
Other provisions	11	(175,190)		(168,450)	
			(197,468)	·-	(203,450)
NET ASSETS			690,984		719,976
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		7,358		7,358
Profit and loss account	13		683,626		712,618
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			690,984		719,976

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on Sarrowson

R J Loach Director

N J Smith Director

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

12 Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of value added tax and trade discounts

1 3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Leasehold property
Plant and machinery

10% straight line

- 7% - 33% straight line

1 4 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.5 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

1 6 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis and includes all direct costs incurred and attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal

Work in progress on contracts - amounts recoverable on contracts are valued at anticipated net sales value after provision and contingencies and anticipated future losses on contracts and are included in debtors. Cash received on account of contracts is deducted from amounts recoverable on contracts. Such amounts which have been received and exceed amounts recoverable are included in creditors. Contracts provisions in excess of amounts recoverable are included in trade creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

17 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

18 Government grants

Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual installments. Revenue grants are released to the profit and loss account over the life of the project to which they relate

19 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year

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2 TURNOVER

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

3 OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging

	2006	2005
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
- owned by the company	36,177	74,378
- held under finance leases	89,664	79,157
Auditors' remuneration	5,675	5,675
Pension costs	23,384	28,015
4 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
	2006	2005
	£	£
Aggregate emoluments	146,256	158,535
		

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 2 directors (2005 - 2) in respect of money purchase pension schemes

F F.ALLSOPP & CO.LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

5	TAXATION				
				2006	2005
				£	£
	Analysis of tax charge in the year				
	Current tax (see note below)			15.040	21,000
	UK corporation tax charge on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods		·	15,910 11 	(579)
	Total current tax	_		15,921	20,421
	Deferred tax (see note 10)				
	Origination and reversal of timing differences		(12,722)	(6,000)
	-	_			
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	=	-	3,199 ——————	14,421
6	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Lease	hold	Plant and	
		prop	-	machinery	Total
			£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2006	22	- ,238	2,007,914 19,593	2,007,914 42,831
	Additions Disposals	23	,230	(4,600)	(4,600)
	Dishosais				
	At 31 December 2006	23	,238	2,022,907	2,046,145
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2006		-	1,502,575	1,502,575
	Charge for the year		-	125,841 (4,600)	125,841 (4,600)
	On disposals		•	(4,000)	(4,000)
	At 31 December 2006		•	1,623,816	1,623,816
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2006	<u>-</u>	,238	399,091	422,329
	At 31 December 2005		-	505,339	505,339
	The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire as follows	e purchas	e con	tracts, include	d above, are
				2006 £	2005
	Planta de la completa del completa de la completa del completa de la completa del la completa de la completa del la completa de la completa d		•	_	£ 427,234
	Plant and machinery	-		12,675	421,234
		-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

F F.ALLSOPP & CO.LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

7	DEBTORS		
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Trade debtors	456,900	463,403
	Other debtors	47,783	42,240
	Amounts recoverable on long term contracts	-	137,303
		504,683	642,946
			-
8	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	56,608	100,413
	Trade creditors	136,811	155,696
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	368	368
	Corporation tax	15,910	21,000
	Social security and other taxes	52,826	33,194
	Other creditors	221,089	228,692
		483,612	539,363
9	CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	28,901 	65,264
10	DEFERRED TAXATION		
		2006 £	
	At 1 January 2006		2005 £
	AL I January 2000	35,000	
	Released during the year	35,000 (12,722)	£
		•	£ 41,000
	Released during the year	(12,722)	£ 41,000 (6,000)
	Released during the year At 31 December 2006	22,278	£ 41,000 (6,000) 35,000
	Released during the year At 31 December 2006	(12,722) ———————————————————————————————————	£ 41,000 (6,000) 35,000
	Released during the year At 31 December 2006	22,278	£ 41,000 (6,000) 35,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

11	OTHER PROVISIONS		
	At 1 January 2006 Additions		£ 168,450 6,740
	At 31 December 2006		175,190
	At 31 December 2000		
12	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2006 £	2005 £
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	7,214 Ordinary shares of 1p each	72	72
	728,614 Deferred Ordinary shares of 1p each	7,286 ————	7,286
		7,358	7,358
	The deferred ordinary shares rank below ordinary shares and carry no	voting or dividend	rights
13	RESERVES		
			Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 2006		712,618
	Profit retained for the year		8,996 (37,988)
	Dividends Equity capital		(57,900)
	At 31 December 2006		683,626
14	DIVIDENDS		
		2006 £	2005 £
	Dividends paid on equity capital	37,988	6,554

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

15 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2006 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	2006 £	2005 £
Expiry date		
Within 1 year	32,400	48,600
After more than 5 years	20,000	-
, mo ,		

16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included within other creditors is an amount of £368 (2005 - £368) due to Tempark Limited, the company's ultimate parent company

17 CONTROLLING PARTY

The comany is controlled by Tempmark Limited In the opinion of the directors this is the company's ultimate parent company. Tempmark Limited is ultimately controlled by R J Loach