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JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2004



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17/06/05

JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2004

The directors submit their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2004.

RESULTS AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The results of the group for the year ended 30 September 2004 are shown in the profit and loss account on page 4.

The directors have continued to manage the business of the group in the light of prevailing trading conditions. The position at 30 September 2004 is reflected in the group's accounts for the year. The directors intend to continue the development of the business.

The directors propose to pay an interim dividend of 37% of the issued share capital amounting to £71,006 in December 2004. No final dividend is proposed.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company and its subsidiaries during the year was the publication of the Jewish Chronicle newspaper.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

In the opinion of the directors, the market value in aggregate of the company's freehold and long leasehold properties was substantially higher than the book value at the end of the year.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year donations were made to UK charitable organisations totalling £5,983 (2003: £7,875).

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors during the year were as follows:

Mr P M Oppenheimer

(Chairman)

Mr R A Fass

(Managing Director)

Mr L L Gordon

Mr J M Greenwood

Mr P L Levy O.B.E.

Mr A Rubenstein

Mr E J Temko

Mr R L Bolchover

(appointed 26 July 2004)

None of the directors or their families had a beneficial interest in the share capital of the company during the year.

On 22 October 2004 Mr P L Levy was appointed Chairman. Mr D Kessler was appointed a director on 28 October 2004.

Mr P M Oppenheimer and Mr J M Greenwood will retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr R L Bolchover and Mr D Kessler having been appointed as directors since the last Annual General Meeting offer themselves for reappointment in accordance with the Articles of Association.

JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued) YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2004

STAFF

The board would like to express its thanks to all members of staff for their continued contribution to the group's performance.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and group at the end of the year and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those financial statements the directors should:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the company and group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and of the group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or other irregularities.

AUDITORS

Following the transfer of substantially all of the business of Horwath Clark Whitehill to a limited liability partnership on 1 April 2004, Horwath Clark Whitehill resigned and the directors appointed their successor, Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP, as auditors.

Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution proposing their reappointment will be submitted to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

Secretary



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED

Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP

Chartered Accountants

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We have audited the financial statements of Jewish Chronicle Limited for the year ended 30 September 2004 set out on pages 4 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties, and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Unqualified opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the group and company's affairs as at 30 September 2004 and of the group's profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

25 Monther 2004

HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2004

	Notes	2004 £	2003 £
TURNOVER	3	5,032,059	5,074,169
Cost of sales		(1,805,433)	(1,941,530)
GROSS PROFIT		3,226,626	3,132,639
Distribution and selling costs Administrative expenses		(694,245) (2,563,107)	(735,045) (2,079,157)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	4	(30,726)	318,437
Other income	5	62,157	42,459
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		31,431	360,896
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(22,119)	(119,761)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		9,312	241,135
Dividend		(71,006)	(71,006)
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(61,694)	170,129

The profit and loss account contains all the gains and losses recognised in the year and in the previous year and the retained (loss)/profit for the year is the only movement in shareholders' funds during those years.

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 30 SEPTEMBER 2004

	Notes	£	2004 £	2003 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets Investments Copyrights and goodwill	9 10		1,318,992 3,395,534 1	290,085 3,909,174 1
OUDDENT ASSETS			4,714,527	4,199,260
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks		1,352		642
Debtors	12	1,590,576		1,507,812
Short term deposits		987,372		1,555,474
Cash at bank and in hand		24,955		16,152
		2,604,255		3,080,080
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		450,000		120 211
Trade creditors		152,808		138,314 112,009
Corporation tax	13	20,591 71,235		183,693
Other taxes and social security costs Proposed dividend	13	71,235 71,006		71,006
Other creditors		253,552		309,578
Accruals and deferred income	14	441,666		97,698
Additional design of the second				
		1,010,858		912,298
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,593,397	2,167,782
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			6,307,924	6,367,042
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	7		(105,465)	(102,889)
NET ASSETS			6,202,459	6,264,153
CARITAL AND DESERVES				
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital	15		191,910	191,910
Capital redemption reserve	13		95,990	95,990
Profit and loss account			5,914,299	5,975,993
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			6,202,199	6,263,893
Minority interest	16		260	260
	1 .5:		6,202,459	6,264,153
Approved by the Board on 25 Monthly and signed on its behalf by:	·Wily			

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Directors

JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 30 SEPTEMBER 2004

FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	2004 £	2003 £
Tangible assets	9		1,318,992	290,085
Investments	10		3,395,534	3,909,174
Investments in subsidiary undertakings	11		16,080	16,080
investments in subsidiary undertakings	1.1		10,000	70,000
OURRENT AGGETS			4,730,606	4,215,339
CURRENT ASSETS		4.050		642
Stocks	40	1,352		+ ·-
Debtors	12	1,590,576		1,507,812
Short term deposits		987,372		1,555,474
Cash at bank and in hand		24,955		16,152
		2,604,255		3,080,080
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year				
Trade creditors		152,808		138,314
Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings		907,615		1,116,684
Corporation tax		•		52,235
Other taxes and social security costs	13	71,235		183,693
Proposed dividend		71,006		71,006
Other creditors		253,552		309,578
Accruals and deferred income	14	441,666		97,698
		1,897,882		1,969,208
NET CURRENT ASSETS			706,373	1,110,872
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			5,436,979	5,326,211
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	7		(105,465)	(102,889)
NET ASSETS			5,331,514	5,223,322
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital	15		191,910	191,910
Capital redemption reserve			95,990	95,990
Profit and loss account			5,043,614	4,935,422
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			5,331,514	5,223,322

Approved by the Board on 25 Williams Luif and signed on its behalf by:

Directors

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

JEWISH CHRONICLE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2004

	Notes	2004	2003
	Notes	2004 £	2003 £
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	17	165,332	261,790
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE			
Investment income Short term deposit interest		118,785 70,628	68,087 64,925
		189,413	133,012
TAXATION UK Corporation tax paid		(110,961)	(84,885)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds of sale of tangible fixed assets Purchase of investments		(1,127,761) 9,300 (380,784)	(114,878) 24,385 (686,701)
Proceeds of sale of investments		767,168	375,782
		<u>(732,077)</u>	(401,412)
EQUITY DIVIDENDS PAID		(71,006)	(71,006)
NET CASH OUTFLOW BEFORE USE OF LIQUID RESOURCES		(559,299)	(162,501)
MANAGEMENT OF LIQUID RESOURCES Transfers from short term deposits		568,102	157,343
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH FOR THE YEAR	18	8,803	(5,158)

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

1. BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- a) The financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties (see note 2e), and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.
- b) The financial statements incorporate the audited results of the company and its subsidiaries, details of which are shown in note 11. The company has not presented its own profit and loss account as permitted by Section 230 Companies Act 1985.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

a) Depreciation

No depreciation has been provided on freehold land or investment properties (see note 2e). Other tangible fixed assets in use are depreciated over their estimated useful lives by equal annual instalments based on cost, less estimated residual value, at the following annual rates:

Long leasehold property - 2% Freehold building - 2% Fixtures, fittings and computers - 25%

b) Deferred Taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation at the tax rate that is expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rate and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, in respect of timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Timing differences between the company's taxable profits and its results are stated in the accounts.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

c) Pension Costs

Pension costs of the company's defined benefit final salary scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in order to spread the costs over the working lives of the employees included within the scheme.

Company contributions to the company's defined contribution stakeholder pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

d) Investments

Investments are stated at historic cost, less provision for any impairment in value.

e) Investment properties

Investment properties are valued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to the revaluation reserve. Where a deficit, in excess of the amount previously transferred to the revaluation reserve, is regarded as being a permanent diminution the amount is charged immediately to the profit and loss account. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties. This constitutes a departure from the statutory rules requiring fixed assets to be depreciated over their economic useful lives and is necessary to enable the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

3. TURNOVER

Turnover is stated at the invoiced value, excluding VAT, of goods and services supplied to customers outside the group, less allowances and discounts.

4.	OPE	RATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	2004 £	2003 £
	Depr Audi	ated after charging/(crediting) reciation tors' remuneration - audit - other services t on disposal of tangible fixed assets	93,026 20,000 26,272 (3,472)	104,240 19,500 25,475 (17,815)
5.	отн	ER INCOME		
	Shor	stment income t term deposit interest osses on investment sales	123,799 65,614 (127,256)	68,087 64,925 (90,553)
			62,157	42,459_
6.	TAX	ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
٠	a)	Analysis of charge in year		
		Current tax UK corporation tax on profits of the year Over provision in previous years	20,591 (1,048)	114,825 (25,616)
			19,543	89,209
		Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences	2,576	30,552
			22,119	119,761
	b)	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year	·	
		Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	31,431	360,896
		Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by UK standard rate of corporation tax of 30%	9,429	108,269
		Effects of: Differential between standard and actual rate Permanent differences Other timing differences	(11,921) 29,951 (6,868)	(18,563) 31,767 (6,648)
			20,591	114,825

7.	DEF	ERRED TAXATION	2004 £	2003 £
	a)	Balance at 1 October 2003 Transfer from profit and loss account (note 6)	102,889 2,576	72,337 30,552
		Balance at 30 September 2004	105,465	102,889
	b)	The balance at 30 September 2004 is represented by:	(46.974)	(42.250)
		Provisions Short term timing differences Pension scheme actuarial surplus	(16,874) 17,195 105,144	(13,258) (3,999) 120, <u>146</u>
			105,465	102,889
}.		AFF COSTS uding executive directors)		
	Soci	ges and salaries ial security costs er pension costs	2,003,279 194,774 310,846	1,956,125 180,623 218,129
			2,508,899	
	the c	uded within other pension costs above are £6,972 (2003 £6,642) company's defined contribution stakeholder pension scheme whil 3: £211,487) are costs in connection with the company's defined eme.	of costs in con st the remainir	nection with
	the o (200 sche	company's defined contribution stakeholder pension scheme whil 3: £211,487) are costs in connection with the company's defined	of costs in con st the remainir	nection with
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	the of (200) sche Dire Aggritaxal High Aggriph Accrimination of the complete (including Editor)	company's defined contribution stakeholder pension scheme while 3: £211,487) are costs in connection with the company's defined teme. **Ctors' Emoluments: regate emoluments - including fees to non-executive directors, ble benefits in kind and profit related pay rest paid director: regate emoluments - including taxable benefits in kind and rofit related pay rued pensions 004 three (2003: three) directors accrued pension benefits under teme. didition to the above £324,500 has been provided in the accounts pensation for loss of office in respect of a director. average number of employees uding part-time employees) during the year was: agement and office	of costs in const the remainir benefit final sates and the sates and the group's definite in respect of the sates and the group's definite sates and the gr	nection with ng £303,874 alary 288,304 111,388 29,040

8. STAFF COSTS (CONTINUED)

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held independently from those of the company in a separately administered fund with its own Trustees. The contributions to the scheme are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of a triennial valuation using the projected unit method. The most recent valuation was at 1 October 2003. The principal actuarial assumptions adopted at that valuation were that investment returns would be 7% per annum prior to retirement and 5.5% per annum after retirement, increases in salaries would be 4.25% per annum and that price inflation and increases in pensions in payment would both be 2.75% per annum.

The valuation disclosed that the value of the scheme's assets at that date was £10,573,000 and that there was a deficit of £1,068,000 after allowing for the actuarially calculated liabilities for past service benefits, accordingly the funding level of past service benefits within the valuation is 91%.

The next actuarial valuation will be at 1 October 2006.

In accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 17 the full actuarial valuation at 1 October 2003 was updated by a qualified independent actuary at 30 September 2004. The major assumptions used by the actuary for the purpose of calculating the actuarial deficit were:

	2004	2003	2002	2001
Discount rate	5.50%	5.40%	5.25%	6.00%
Inflation assumption	4.00%	2.75%	2.50%	2.50%
Rate of increase in salaries	4.50%	4.25%	4.00%	4.50%
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	3.00%	2.75%	2.50%	2.50%

The assets of the scheme are managed by Fidelity Pensions Management and by Merrill Lynch Investment Management. The fair value of the assets held and the expected rates of return assumed are as follows:

	Expected rate of return year commencing 30 September			
	2004	2003	2002	2001
Equities and property Bonds Cash	7.50% 5.25% 4.75%	7.25% 5.00% 3.50%	7.00% 4.75% 4.00%	8.00% 5.50% 4.50%
		Value at 3	0 Septemb	er
	2004 £'000	2003 £'000	2002 £'000	2001 £'000
Equities and property Bonds Cash	8,512 2,789 4	8,713 1,435 425	7,406 1,683 473	9,945 1,599 558
Total	11,305	10,573	9,562	12,102

8. STAFF COSTS (CONTINUED)

The funding position was as follows:				
	2004	2003	2002	2001
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Total market value of assets	11,305	10,573	9,562	12,102
Present value of scheme liabilities	(11,973)	(12,500)	(11,178)	(10,251)
(Deficit)/surplus in the scheme	(668)	(1,927)	(1,616)	1,851
Related deferred tax asset/(liability)	200	580	490	(560)
Net pension (liability)/asset	(468)	(1,347)	(1,126)	1,291

If FRS 17 was implemented in full the above assets and liabilities would be brought on to the company's balance sheet and the below transactions would be reflected in the company's profit and loss account and Statement of Recognised Gains and Losses ('STRGL').

	Year ended 30 September		
Analysis of the amount chargeable to operating profit:	2004 £'000	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Current service cost Past service cost	390 	428 28	346
Total operating charge	390	456	346
Analysis of the amount to be credited to other finance income:			
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	710 (669)	606 (577)	878 (592)
Net return	41	29	286
Analysis of amount recognisable in STRGL			
Actuarial return less expected return on pension scheme assets Experience gains and losses arising on scheme	255	772	(2,638)
liabilities	293	(700)	(164)
Changes in assumptions underlying present value of scheme liabilities	787	(158)	(791)
Actuarial loss recognised in STRGL	1,335	(86)	(3,593)

8. STAFF COSTS (CONTINUED)

Movement in surplus/(deficit) in year

	Year ended 30 September			
	2004	2003	2002	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
(Deficit)/surplus in scheme at beginning of year	(1,927)	(1,616)	1,851	
Current service cost	(390)	(428)	(346)	
Contributions	273	202	186	
Past service costs	-	(28)	-	
Other finance income	41	29	286	
Actuarial gain/(loss)	1,335	(86)	(3,593)	
Deficit in scheme at end of year	(668)	(1,927)	(1,616)	

As a result of the actuarial valuation as at 1 October 2003, the company has been contributing to the scheme at the rate of 22.1% of pensionable salary, plus the cost of death in service insurance cover. The contribution rate will be 20.7% from 1 January 2005, 15.2% from 1 January 2006 and 13.7% from 1 January 2007 onwards. The current service cost will increase as the members of the scheme approach retirement. During the year company contributions to the scheme, excluding death in service insurance cover, amounted to £265,889 (2003: £163,209).

History of exp		

	Year ended 30 September		
	2004	2003	2002
Difference between expected and actual return on scheme assets:			
Amount (£'000)	255	772	(2,638)
Percentage of scheme assets	2.3%	7.3%	27.6%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities:			
Amount (£'000)	293	(700)	(164)
Percentage of present value of scheme liabilities	2.4%	5.6%	1.5%
Changes in assumptions underlying present value of scheme liabilities			
Amount (£'000)	787	(158)	(791)
Percentage of present value of scheme liabilities	6.6%	1.2%	8.2%
Total amount recognised in STRGL			
Amount (£'000)	1,335	(86)	(3,593)
Percentage of present value of scheme liabilities	11.2%	0.7%	37.6%

In addition to the above, the scheme holds assets of £70,000 (2003: £64,000) that have been earmarked for the provision of additional benefits on a money purchase basis as a result of members Additional Voluntary Contributions

Voor anded 30 September

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) 30 SEPTEMBER 2004

		30 SEPTEIVI	BER 2004			
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Investment Property	Freehold Property	Long Leasehold Property	Fixtures, Fittings and Computers £	Total £
	Cost/Valuation: 1 October 2003 Additions Disposals	£ 1,073,875	£ 150,543 - -	100,000	983,770 53,885 (84,558)	1,234,313 1,127,760 (84,558)
	30 September 2004	1,073,875	150,543	100,000	953,097	2,277,515
	Depreciation: 1 October 2003 Charge for the year Disposals	- -	114,733 2,999	24,000 2,000	805,495 88,027 (78,731)	944,228 93,026 (78,731)
	30 September 2004		117,732	26,000	814,791	958,523
	Net Book Values 30 September 2004	1,073,875	32,811	74,000	138,306	1,318,992
	30 September 2003		35,810	76,000	178,275	290,085
The directors' open market valuation of the company's investment property was £1,073,875 at 30 September 2004. The property's historic cost is £1,073,875.						73,875 at
10.	INVESTMENTS		Inv	Listed estments	Unlisted Investments	Total
	Cost/Net Book Value			£	£	£

10.	INVESTMENTS	Listed Investments £	Unlisted Investments £	Total £
	Cost/Net Book Value			
	At 1 October 2003	3,784,174	125,000	3,909,174
	Additions	380,785	-	380,785
	Disposals	(894,425)		(894,425)
	At 30 September 2004	3,270,534	125,000	3,395,534

The market value of the listed investments at 30 September 2004 was £3,612,883 (2003: £3,729,807). The directors' valuation of the unlisted investments at 30 September 2004 was £125,000 (2003: £125,000).

11.	INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS		2004 £	2003 £
	Cost and Net Book Value		16,080	16,080
	Company Business		Type of Equity Held	% Held
	Jewish Chronicle Newspaper Limited Boundary Enterprises Limited JC Tech Limited JC Online Limited	Newspaper Publisher Dormant Dormant Dormant	"A" shares Ordinary Ordinary Ordinary	100% 100% 80% 80%*

^{*} Indicates indirectly owned

12.	DEBTORS	2004 £	2003 £
	Trade debtors VAT Other debtors, prepayments and accrued income	889,565 71,369 629,642	846,444 - 661,368
		1,590,576	1,507,812
	Other debtors include pension scheme balances of £320,480 amortised in periods in excess of twelve months from the balance she	(2003: £350, eet date.	480) to be
13.	OTHER TAXES AND SOCIAL SECURITY COSTS		
	PAYE National insurance VAT	37,075 34,160	35,665 34,902 113,126
		71,235	183,693
14.	ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME		
	Accruals Deferred income	376,990 64,676	31,059 66,639
		441,666	97,698
15.	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorised: 191,000 Ordinary shares of 1p each 284,090 Non-voting Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,910 284,090	1,910 284,090
		286,000	286,000
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: 190,010 Ordinary shares of 1p each 190,010 Non-Voting Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,900 190,010	1,900 190,010
		191,910	191,910

16. MINORITY INTEREST

The minority interest represents 26,000 Jewish Chronicle Newspaper Limited "B" shares of 1p each, 99.8% of which are held by the Jewish Chronicle Trust Limited.

17.	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS)	/PROFIT TO NE	T CASH		
	INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2	2004	2003
			~	£	£
	Operating (loss)/profit		(30,	726)	318,437
	Depreciation			026	104,240
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets		(3,	472)	(17,815)
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks		(710)	934
	Increase in debtors		(82,	764)	(98,252)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors		189,	,978	(45,754)
	NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING AC	CTIVITIES	165,	,332	261,790
18.	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO IN NET FUNDS	MOVEMENT			
					1
	Increase/(decrease) in cash for the year Decrease in short term deposits		8, _(568,	803 102)	(5,158) (157,343)
	Change in net funds		(559,	299)	(162,501)
	Net funds at 1 October 2003		<u>1,571,</u>	626	<u>1,734,127</u>
	Net funds at 30 September 2004		1,012,	327	<u>1,571,626</u>
19.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS				
		At 1 October 2003	Cashflow	At 30	September 2004
		£	£		£
	Cash at bank and in hand	16,152	8,803		24,955
	Short term deposits	1,555,474	(568,102)		987,372
		1,571,626	(559,299)		1,012,327

20. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The directors consider The Kessler Foundation, a company which is limited by guarantee and a registered charity, to be the ultimate parent undertaking.