The Football League Limited Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2004

Company Number 80612

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The Football League Limited

Directors:

SIR BRIAN MAWHINNEY (Chairman)

P J HEARD

R MARTIN

K OYSTON

T PAPHITIS

T ROBINSON

I R RITCHIE

D R SHEEPSHANKS

Secretary and Registered Office:

T S DETKO

Edward VII Quay, Navigation Way, Preston, PR2 2YF

Auditors:

KPMG LLP

Edward VII Quay, Navigation Way, Preston, PR2 2YF

Solicitors:

ADDLESHAW GODDARD

Sovereign House, Sovereign Street, Leeds, LS1 1HQ

Bankers:

BARCLAYS BANK PLC

PO Box 230, 15-33 Moorfields, Liverpool, L69 2RU

Company Number:

80612

Report of the Directors

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2004.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are to be a governing body for Member Clubs, to organise annual League football competitions, and to represent and promote League Football and its Clubs.

Business review

Attendances at League competitions rose to over 17.4 million for season 2003/04. In particular levels in the Nationwide Football League were at their highest for 40 years, whilst Carling Cup attendance levels rose for the fourth successive year and LDV Vans Trophy attendances rose from the previous year by an average of more than 30 per cent.

The conclusion of season 2003/04 brought to an end Nationwide's sponsorship of The Football League after eight successful years and the League has entered into a three year sponsorship arrangement with Coca-Cola. In addition commercial contracts have been renewed with both ITV, covering the broadcasting of recorded highlights, and the BBC, in respect of national radio broadcasting rights.

Turnover for the year ended 30 June 2004 increased by £3.9m to £54.8m representing an 8% increase over the previous year. All of this increase has been passed back to member clubs by way of increased distributions.

On 16 June 2004 FLPTV Limited became a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the company following acquisition by the company of the shares held by Premium TV Limited in FLPTV Limited. FLPTV Limited changed its name to FL Interactive Limited on 16 July 2004.

On 21 September 2004 the company issued High Court proceedings against Hammonds Solicitors (formerly known as Edge Ellison), the legal advisors to the company during its contract negotiations with ITV Digital in 2000. Those proceedings claim that during the negotiation and completion of its broadcasting agreement with ITV Digital (formerly known as OnDigital), Hammonds were negligent and/or in breach of contract and failed to protect the company's interests. They include a claim for substantial damages.

Results

The profit for the year after tax was £4,000 (2003: £3,000) which has been added to reserves.

Directors and their interests

The current directors of the company are listed on page 1. The directors who served during the year were as follows:

I L Beeks (resigned 8 July 2004)

P J Heard

R Martin (appointed 10 July 2003)

Sir Brian Mawhinney

T Paphitis

I R Ritchie (appointed 28 April 2004)

T Robinson

D R Sheepshanks

Report of the Directors

Directors and their interests (continued)

K Oyston was appointed to the board on 8 July 2004.

None of the directors are the beneficial owners of any shares of the company.

Charitable donations

During the year the company made charitable donations of £6,010 (2003: £1,500). There were no political contributions.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985 a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming extraordinary general meeting.

By order of the Board

T.S. Detas

T S Detko

Secretary

7 October 2004

Report of the Independent Auditors

to the members of The Football League Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 20.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 3, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants KPM(= LLP PRESTON

7 October 2004

Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 30 June 2004

	Notes	£000	2004 £000	£000	2003 £000
Turnover Other operating income	2		54,840 220		50,894 <u>446</u>
External charges Staff costs Other operating charges	3	(47,240) (1,872) <u>(6,234)</u>	55,060	(43,629) (1,880) (6,033)	51,340
Operating loss	5	(0.234)	(<u>55,346)</u> (286)	_(0,000)	(<u>51,542</u>) (202)
Net interest receivable and similar income	6		<u>256</u>	Pige	<u>205</u>
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax			(30)		3
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7		34		
Profit retained for the financial year	14		4		_3

All of the above results relate to continuing activities.

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

There are no recognised gains or losses for either year apart from those reflected in the profit and loss account in the current and previous years.

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2004

	Notes	£000	2004 £000	£000	2003 £000
Fixed assets		2000	2000	2000	2000
Tangible assets Investments	8 9	·	235 1 236		281 1 282
Current assets					
Debtors Investments Cash at bank and in hand	10 11	4,691 - <u>4,966</u> 9,657		4,035 2,000 <u>7,688</u> 13,723	
Creditors			-		
Amounts falling due within one year	12	(<u>9,577</u>)		(<u>13,693</u>)	
Net current assets			80		<u>30</u>
Net assets			<u>316</u>		<u>312</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13 14		<u>-</u> <u>316</u>		<u>312</u>
Equity shareholders' funds	19		<u>316</u>		<u>312</u>

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 7 October 2004 and signed on its behalf by Sir Brian Mawhinney.

DIRECTOR

Cash Flow Statement

for the	year e	ended	30	June	2004
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	Notes	2004 £000	2003 £000
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	15	(4,886)	2,223
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		272 (12) 260	850 <u>(16</u>) 834
Taxation		(26)	
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment		(70) _(70)	(<u>77</u>) (<u>77</u>)
Cash (outflow)/inflow before use of liquid resources and financing		(4,722)	2,980
Management of liquid resources Decrease in term deposits Net cash inflow from management of liquid resources		2,000 2,000	3,500 3,500
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year	16	(2,722)	6,480

for the year ended 30 June 2004

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements except as noted below. The company has continued to follow the transitional arrangements of Financial Reporting Standard 17 'Retirement Benefits' in these financial statements.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost accounting rules.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions contained in section 248(1) of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. Consequently the financial statements present information about the undertaking as an individual entity and not about its group.

Investments in subsidiary undertakings and joint venture undertakings are stated at cost less any provision for impairment.

(b) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is calculated on a straight line basis and aims to write down their cost to their estimated residual value over their expected useful lives as follows:

Improvements to short leasehold premises 10 years
Equipment 4 to 5 years
Motor vehicles 4 years

(c) Cash and liquid resources

Cash, for the purpose of the cash flow statement, comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand, less overdrafts payable on demand. Liquid resources are current asset investments which are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are either readily convertible into known amounts of cash at or close to their carrying values or traded in an active market. Liquid resources comprise term deposits of less than one year (other than cash), government securities and investments in money market managed funds.

(d) Tax

The charge for tax is based on the profit for the year and takes into account tax deferred due to timing differences between the treatment of certain items for tax and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is provided for in full on all timing differences that exist at the balance sheet date as required by Financial Reporting Standard 19. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it is more likely than not that all amounts are recoverable.

for the year ended 30 June 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes and includes sponsorship revenues and revenues received from television broadcasting contracts but excludes gate levy income received from clubs which is offset against external charges.

(f) Barter transactions

Turnover and costs in respect of barter transactions for goods and services are recognised only where there is persuasive evidence of the value at which, if it had not been exchanged, the goods and services would have been sold for cash in a similar transaction.

(g) Pension costs

Eligible employees of the company are members of the Football League Retirement Benefits Scheme. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme based upon final pensionable salary. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company, being invested with an insurance company. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees working lives with the company.

(h) Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

2. Turnover

Turnover arises from the activities of organising and promoting annual League Football competitions. All turnove: arises in the United Kingdom.

The amount of barter transactions for goods and other services recognised in turnover is £301k (2003: £303k).

3.	Staff costs	2004	2003
	Staff costs including directors were as follows:	£000	£000
	Salaries	1,522	1,560
	Social security costs	165	138
	Other pension costs (note 20)	1 <u>85</u>	<u> 182</u>
	. ,	1.872	1.880

The average monthly number of employees was 48 (2003: 47).

for the year ended 30 June 2004

4.	Directors' remuneration	2004 £000	2003 £000
	The total amounts for directors' remuneration and other benefits were as follows:		
	Salaries and fees	46	37
	Taxable benefits	<u>-</u>	_4
		46	41
	Pension contributions		_2
		<u>46</u>	<u>43</u>

No amounts were paid to directors in respect of compensation for loss of office (2003: £202,000).

5.	Operating loss		2004	2003
		*	£000	£000
	Operating loss is stated after charging:			
	Auditors remuneration -			
	audit		22	22
	other services		. 13	12
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		88	86
	Operating leases -		•	
	equipment		29	35
	other assets		145	151
	Exceptional item – ITV Digital legal and professional			
	costs		-	339

The ITV Digital legal and professional costs were incurred in attempting to recoup the losses suffered by the League through the failure of ITV Digital.

€.	Net inte ∜rt receivable and similar încome	2004 £000	2003 £000
	Interest receivable Interest payable on ground improvement levies held	268 (12) 256	220 (15) 205
7.	Taxation	2004 £000	2003 £000
	UK corporation tax Adjustments in respect of prior years UK corporation tax credit	- <u>34</u> 34	- = =

for the year ended 30 June 2004

7. Taxation (continued)

The tax credit for the current period is higher than the small companies rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below.

	2004 £000	2003 £000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(30)	<u>3</u>
Current tax at 19% (2003:19%) Effects of:	(6)	1
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3	2
Difference between depreciation and capital allowances	. 4	(1)
Net movement on provisions	(34)	-
Other	(1)	(2)
•	(34)	

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in these financial statements.

8. Tangible fixed assets

	lr.			
	Total	leasehold premises	Equipment	
Cost	£000	£000	£000	
At 1 July 2003	485	112	373	
Additions	<u>42</u>	442	<u>42</u> 415	
At 30 June 2004	<u>527</u>	<u>112</u>	415	
Depreciation				
. <u>M</u> .1 July 2003	204	24	180	
Charge for the year At 30 June 2004	_ <u>88</u> 292	<u>11</u> 35	<u>/7</u> 257	
At 30 June 2004	<u> 232</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>201</u>	
Net book value at			450	
30 June 2004	<u>235</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>158</u>	
Net book value at				
30 June 2003	<u>281</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>193</u>	

for the year ended 30 June 2004

9. Fixed asset investments

	Total £000	Shares in subsidiary undertakings £000	Shares in joint venture undertaking £000
Ordinary shares			
Cost and net book value			
At 1 July 2003	1	-	1
Transfer from joint venture undertaking			
to subsidiary undertaking	. =	<u>1</u>	<u>(1)</u>
At 30 June 2004	··· <u>1</u>	1	<u>=</u>

The company has investments in the following subsidiary and joint venture undertakings.

	Country of incorporation	Principal activity	Percentage of shares held
Subsidiary undertakings FL Interactive Limited (formerly FLPTV			
Limited)	England and Wales	Provision of Internet websites	100
World-Wide Soccer Limited	England and Wales	Dormant	100
Joint venture undertaking			
Football DataCo Limited	England and Wales	Licensing and marketing of football data	50

FL Interactive Limited

Until 15 June 2004, FL Interactive Limited was a joint venture undertaking owned and controlled jointly by Premium TV Limited and the company. FL Interactive was established to provide Internet websites to Football League clubs whilst acquiring the rights to licence Football League and Club Football content.

At 30 June 2004, the authorised share capital of FL Interactive was 500 'A' ordinary shares, 500 'B' ordinary shares and 35,267,677 redeemable non-voting special shares of £1 each. On 16 June 2004 the company acquired all the 'A' ordinary shares held by Premium TV and continues to hold all the 'B' ordinary shares. Voting rights attaching to both the 'A' and 'B' ordinary shares are identical in all respects.

The rights attaching to the special shares are such that they are redeemable at par only upon the winding up of FL Interactive and after the holders of the ordinary shares have, upon such winding up, received a distribution of £1,000,000 per ordinary share. At 30 June 2004 the special shares issued remained in the balance sheet at a value of £34,872,380. In the balance sheet of FL Interactive the special shares represent the value attributable to internet rights fees previously capitalised and subsequently written off in FL Interactive's audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

for the year ended 30 June 2004

9. Fixed asset investments (continued)

FL Interactive Limited (continued)

All revenue received by FL Interactive for the period to 15 June 2004 has been distributed to the participating clubs, the company and Premium TV in accordance with the revenue distribution agreement entered into in September 2002. Revenue received by FL Interactive post 15 June 2004 continues to be distributable only to the participating clubs and the company. Under the new arrangement now in place Premium TV has become FL Interactive's service provider. During the year ended 30 June 2004 £2,561,361 (2003: £1,741,978) was receivable by the participating clubs and the company.

FL Interactive currently has a 31 December year-end and the financial information set out below in relation to FLPTV is derived from their unaudited management accounts for the year to 30 June 2004.

During the year ended 30 June 2004 £77,053 (2003: £31,632) was receivable by the company from FL Interactive in respect of rights fees. At 30 June 2004 £30,404 was outstanding (2003: £11,815).

World-Wide Soccer Limited

World-Wide Soccer Limited, ceased to operate during the period ended 30 June 1993. World-Wide Soccer has been excluded from consolidation on the basis that its inclusion is not material for the purpose of giving a true and fair view and therefore group financial statements have not been prepared.

Football DataCo Limited

Football DataCo Limited is a joint venture undertaking established with The FA Premier League Limited. Football DataCo was incorporated on 3 May 2001 and established to develop and maximise profits from the two Leagues data, archive and licensable material rights whilst becoming the source of official data.

Football DataCo has a 31 July year-end and the financial information set out below in relation to Football DataCo is derived from their unaudited management accounts for the year to 30 June 2004.

During the period ended 30 June 2004 fee payments amounting to £1,865,000 (2003: £1,725,000) were receivable by the company from Football DataCo. At 30 June 2004 £116,686 was outstanding (2003: £126,000).

for the year ended 30 June 2004

9. Fixed asset investments (continued)

The following information disclosed in respect of FL Interactive is given as if that company had been a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking for the two years ended 30 June 2004. The information given in respect of DataCo Limited is in respect of the company's share of its investment in that joint venture undertaking.

		FL Inte	ractive Limited	Football l	DataCo Limited
		2004	2003	2004	2003
		£000	£000	£000	£000
	Turnover	<u>3,385</u>	<u>1,730</u>	2,252	2,086
	(Loss)/profit after taxation	(158)	<u>106</u> ·	=	Ξ
	Current assets	3,014 3,014	<u>1,708</u> 1,708	<u>1,725</u> 1,725	<u>1,899</u> 1,899
	Liabilities due within one year	(<u>2,179</u>)	(772)	(<u>1,725</u>)	(<u>1,899</u>)
	Net assets	835	936		
				4	
10.	Debtors			2004	2003
				£000	£000
	Trade debtors			2,929	2,110
	Other debtors			6	23
	Prepayments and accrued income			1,602	1,763
	VAT recoverable			6	-
	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertak			1	1
	Amounts owed by joint venture undert	akings		<u>147</u>	<u>138</u> 4,035
				<u>4,691</u>	4,035
					Total
11.	Current asset investments				£000
	At 1 July 2003		•		2,000
	Disposals				(<u>2,000</u>)
	At 30 June 2004				

The cost and market value of the investments are not significantly different from the carrying values stated above.

for the year ended 30 June 2004

12.	Creditors Amounts falling due within one year:	2004 £000	2003 £000
	Amounts faming due within one year.	2000	2000
	Trade creditors	2,353	4,144
	Ground improvement levies held	270	343
	Other creditors	3,000	992
	Accruals and deferred income	3,808	7,334
	Other taxation and social security	56	43
	VAT payable	-	687
	Corporation tax	90	150
		9,577	13,693

Ground improvement levies held are repayable on application in accordance with the Articles of Association and Regulations of The Football League Limited.

13.	Called up share capital		2004 and 2003 £000
	Authorised: 100 ordinary shares of 5p each		5
	Allotted, called up, nil paid: 72 ordinary shares of 5p each		=
14.	Profit and loss account reserve		<i>Total</i> £000
	At 1 July 2003 Profit retained At 30 June 2004		312 <u>4</u> <u>316</u>
15.	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	2004 £000	2003 £000
	Operating loss Depreciation Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Decrease in bad debt provision (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(286) 88 - (660) (4,028) (4,886)	(202) 86 17 (73) 2,060 <u>335</u> 2,223

for the year ended 30 June 2004

16.	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds		200	4 2003
			£00	o £000
	(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year		(2,72	2) 6,480
	Cash inflow from decrease in liquid resources		(2,00	
	Change in net funds resulting from cash flows		(4,72	- ,
	Accrued interest on current asset investments		` `	- (634)
	Net funds at 1 July		9,68	, ,
	Net funds at 30 June		4,96	-
17.	Analysis of net funds			
		At 1 July	Cash	At 30 June
		2003	flows	2004
		£000	£000	£000
	Cash at bank and in hand	7,688	(2,722)	4,966
	Short term investments	2,000	(2,000)	
		9,688	(4,722)	4,966

18. Financial commitments

There were no capital commitments contracted for but not provided for at 30 June 2004 (2003: £nil).

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:-

	2004	2004	2003	2003
	Land and	Other	Land and buildings	Other
	buildings £000	£000	£000	£000
Expiry date:	2000	2000	2000	2000
Within one year	-	-	57	1
In between one and five years	58	29	-	25
In more than five years	<u>101</u>	<u>_</u>	<u>101</u>	
	<u>159</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>158</u>	<u>26</u>

for the year ended 30 June 2004

19.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	2004	2003
		£000	£000
	Shareholders' funds at 1 July	312	309
	Profit for the financial year	_4	_3
	Shareholders' funds at 30 June	316	312

20. Defined benefit pension scheme

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable salary. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company, being invested with an insurance company. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the company. The contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the Projected Unit Method.

The most recent valuation was at 1 August 2001. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rate of increases in salaries and pensions. It was assumed that the investment return would exceed salary increases by on average 2% per annum and that present and future pensions would increase at the rate of 2.5% per annum. The pension charge for the year was £185,000 (2003: £182,000).

The actuarial valuation showed that the market value of the scheme's assets at 1 August 2001 was £1,930,000 and that the actuarial value of those assets represented 108% of the benefits that had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings. The contribution rate recommended by the actuary in order to eliminate this surplus over the average future working lifetime of members was 19.9% (14.4% for employers and 5.5% for employees effective from 1 August 2003).

Financial Reporting Standard 17 'Retirement benefits' (FRS 17) becomes fully effective for accounting periods ending on or after 22 June 2005. The following amounts, measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS 17, are disclosed in line with the transitional arrangements provided for in FRS 17.

for the year ended 30 June 2004

20. Defined benefit pension scheme (continued)

The main actuarial assumptions incorporated in the calculations noted below are as follows:

	At 30 June	At 30 June
	2004	2003
	% per annum	% per annum
Salary escalation rate	3.75	3.25
Inflation assumption	3.0	2.5
Rate used to discount scheme liabilities	5.75	5.25
Rate of increase in pensions in payment and		
deferred pensions	3.0	2.5
The assets in the scheme were:	2004 £000	2003 £000
Market value of with profit deposit administration policy	2,460	2,150
Present value of scheme liabilities	(2,280)	(<u>1,940</u>)
Net pension asset before deferred tax	180	210
Deferred tax at 19% (2003: 19%)	(34)	(40)
Net pension asset	146	170
and the same of th		

The long term expected rate of return expected at 30 June 2004 is 7% per annum (30 June 2003: 7% per annum).

If FRS 17 had been fully adopted in these financial statements, the pension costs charged, the net assets and profit and loss account reserve would have been as follows:

Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit	2004 £000	2003 £000
Current service cost Past service cost Total operating charge	160 <u>160</u>	160 30 190
Analysis of the amount credited to other finance income	2004 £000	2003 £000
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities Net return	160 (<u>110</u>) <u>50</u>	180 (<u>110)</u> <u>70</u>

for the year ended 30 June 2004

20. Defined benefit pension scheme (continued)

Net assets and profit and loss account reserve	2004 £000	2003 £000
Per balance sheet as at 30 June Net pension asset arising under FRS 17 As restated	315 <u>146</u> <u>461</u>	312 <u>170</u> <u>482</u>
Analysis of the amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)	2004 £000	2003 £000
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	(110) -	(140) (10)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities Actuarial gain recognised in STRGL	(<u>110</u>)	(60) (210)
Movement in surplus during the year	2004 £000	2003 £000
Surplus in scheme at 1 July Movements in the year:	210	310
Current service costs Contributions Past service costs Other finance income Actuarial loss Surplus in scheme at 30 June	(160) 190 - 50 (<u>110</u>) <u>180</u>	(160) 230 (30) 70 (<u>210</u>) <u>210</u>

for the year ended 30 June 2004

20. Defined benefit pension scheme (continued)

History of experience gains and losses	2004	2003
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme ass	sets:	
amount (£000)	(110)	(140)
 percentage of scheme assets 	4%	6%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities:		
• amount (£000)	-	(10)
 percentage of present value of the scheme liabilities 	0%	0%
Total actuarial gain recognised in statement of total recognised ga and losses:	ins	
amount (£000)	(110)	(210)
 percentage of the present value of scheme liabilities 	` 5 [′] %	` 11%

21. Related party transactions

By the company's nature and in accordance with its rules, The Football League enters into transactions in the normal course of business with its Member Clubs. Payments made to the Football League Member Clubs during the year, and which are included in external charges, totalled £50,636,000 (2003: £46,791,000).

All other transactions requiring disclosure under the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' are shown in note 9.

Five Year Review

	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Profit and loss account					
Turnover	<u>54,840</u>	<u>50,894</u>	<u>155,061</u>	<u>43,967</u>	43,222
Operating loss	(286)	(202)	(1,228)	(684)	(402)
Net interest receivable	256	205	1,403	731	399
(Loss)/profit before	e tax (30)	3	175	47	134
Retained profit	4	3	19	4	108
Balance sheet					
Tangible fixed asse	ets 235	281	319	291	181
Fixed asset investments	1	1	1	1	-
Debtors	4,691	4,035	6,018	54,367	7,933
Current asset investments	-	2,000	6,134	-	6,000
Cash at bank and in hand	4,966	7,688	1,208	1,348	11,005
Creditors	(<u>9,577</u>)	(<u>13,693</u>)	(<u>13,371</u>)	(<u>55,717</u>)	(<u>24,833</u>)
Net assets	<u>316</u>	312	<u>309</u>	290	286