IPC Media Limited

Report and financial statements for the year ended

31 December 2003



Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Review of business activities and future developments

The principal activity of the company is the publication of magazines. During the coming year it is anticipated that this will continue to be the company's principal activity.

With effect from 1 October 2003 the entire business of ipc electric Limited, a subsidiary undertaking which operated internet websites and other e-commerce ventures, and ipc electric (services) Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking which provided technical infrastructure services and support for the group's websites, was transferred to IPC Media Limited.

Results and dividends

Operating profit for the year was £76.6 million (2002 - £55.9 million). An interim dividend of £90.0m was proposed (2002 · £160.0 million paid). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2002 · £nil).

Directors and their interests

W R Aley

R G Atkinson

S J Auton

T S Brooks

P A Brown

(appointed 1 January 2003)

G Crace

C J J Drinkall

(resigned 30 April 2003)

R J Evans L M Genower

D M Mair M J Soutar (resigned 17 April 2003) (appointed 12 July 2004)

D B Stam

CS Ward (resigned 20 February 2004) E A Webster (appointed 7 April 2003) A Whetton (appointed 24 March 2003) P R Williams (appointed 12 July 2004)

Company Secretaries

J S Redpath

(appointed 17 March 2003)

S J Williams

At the year end no director held any beneficial interests in the shares of the company.

The directors' beneficial interests in the shares of other group undertakings, as recorded in the registrar of directors' interests at the year end, are shown below:

IPC Holdings (IPC Holdings (UK) Limited	
Preference shar	Preference shares of £1 each	
31 December	31 December	
2003	2002	
Number	Number	
200	200	
200	200	
200	200	
200	200	
200	-	
	Preference shar 31 December 2003 Number 200 200 200 200	

R G Atkinson, T S Brooks, P A Brown, R J Evans, M J Soutar, E A Webster and A Whetton had no beneficial interests in the shares of other group undertakings recorded in the register of directors' interests at the year end.

Directors' report (continued)

Employee participation

Employees are informed of the performance and prospects of the company and encouraged to become aware of the financial and economic factors which affect the company and its ability to compete in the marketplace. The individual contributions of staff are recognised as being essential to the future success of the business.

The company has an established staff council which met regularly during the year.

Disabled persons

It is the policy of the group to consider the skills and aptitudes of disabled persons fully and fairly at all times in recruitment, career development, training and promotion. In pursuing this policy and having special concern for employees who become disabled, all practical measures are taken to ensure that disabled persons are placed in jobs suited to their individual circumstances.

Donations

During the year the company made charitable donations of £5,590 (2002 - £1,209).

Euro

Whilst the UK remains outside the European Monetary Union the only effect on the business of the introduction of the Euro is as an additional trading currency. The company's systems are able to process multi-currency transactions.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Ruberlicages

S J Williams Company Secretary

27 October 2004

Statement of directors' reponsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- . select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- . make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- . state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- . prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report to the members of IPC Media Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes 1 to 21. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor

London

78 October 2004

Profit and loss account

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2003 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000
Turnover	2	390,216	381,290
Cost of sales		(189,939)	(189,883)
Gross profit		200,277	191,407
Sales and distribution costs		(87,821)	(86,432)
Administrative expenses	3	(35,817)	(49,100)
Other operating income		-	51
Operating profit	4	76,639	55,926
Income from joint ventures		1,850	2,000
Net interest receivable	7	78,489 3,220	$57,926 \\ 1,444$
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		81,709	59,370
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	9	(12,743)	(15,301)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		68,966	44,069
Dividends on equity shares	10	(90,000)	(160,000)
Retained loss for the year transferred to reserves		(21,034)	(115,931)

Turnover and operating income arose from continuing operations.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2003

	Year ended 31 December 2003	Year ended 31 December 2002
Profit for the financial year	£'000 68,966	£'000 44,069
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	68,966	44,069
Prior year adjustment - adoption of FRS 19		13,055
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report	68,966	57,124

Balance sheet

as at 31 December 2003

	Note	31 December 2003 £'000	31 December 2002 £'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	11	27,488	30,414
Tangible assets	12	19,270	18,270
Investments	13	75,955_	75,955
		122,713	124,639
Current assets			
Stocks	14	4,831	4,439
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	15	184,228	143,228
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15	4,856	4,856
Cash at bank and in hand		23,220	25,400
		217,135	177,923
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(216,708)	(144,938)
Net current assets		427	32,985
Total assets less current liabilities		123,140	157,624
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	16		(13,450)
Total net assets		<u> 123,140</u>	144,174
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	17	2,580	2,580
Share premium account	18	112,887	112,887
Share redemption account	18	2,318	2,318
Profit and loss account	18	<u>5,355</u> _	26,389
Equity shareholders' funds	18	123,140	144,174

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 October 2004. Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

W R Aley Director

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are presented for the company as an individual undertaking. The company is not required to prepare group financial statements under Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 because its parent undertaking is established under the law of a member State of the European Union.

Under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1 · Cash Flow Statements', the company has not prepared a cash flow statement because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Time Warner Holdings Limited, which is incorporated in Great Britain, and has prepared consolidated financial statements which include the financial statements of the company and which contain a cash flow statement.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision, if appropriate, for any impairment in value.

Intangible assets

Publishing rights are stated at fair value on acquisition and are amortised on a straight line basis over the useful economic life up to a maximum of 20 years. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of the trade or assets of a business, being the difference between the fair value of the assets acquired and the consideration paid, is also amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life up to a maximum of 20 years.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on a basis that will write off the book value of fixed assets on a straight line basis over their expected lives. The depreciation rates range from $6^2/_3\%$ to $33^1/_3\%$ for plant and equipment, and $6^2/_3\%$ to $12^1/_2\%$ for fixtures and fittings.

for the year ended 31 December 2003

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the periods of the leases.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable against future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Pensions

The company operates both defined benefit and defined contribution pension schemes.

For defined benefit schemes, the expected costs of pensions in respect of the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the costs over the service lives of the employees in the scheme. Actuarial surpluses or deficits are allocated over the average expected remaining service lives of the employees.

For defined contribution schemes, the pension cost charged to the profit and loss account represents contributions payable by the company to the relevant funds as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the schemes.

Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling on that date. The translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

for the year ended 31 December 2003

2 Segmental information

Year ended	Year ended
31 December	31 December
2003	2002
£'000	£'000
341,836	335,195
30,145	28,651
<u> 18,235</u>	17,444_
390,216	381,290
	31 December 2003 £'000 341,836 30,145

Turnover is derived principally from the company's main activity, magazine publishing, in the United Kingdom.

It is not appropriate to analyse operating profit or net assets attributable to geographical market as the company operates principally from one geographical location.

3 Administrative expenses

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Exceptional reorganisation costs	(2,816)	18,420
Other administrative expenses	38,633	30,680
Total administrative expenses	35,817	49,100

During the year the company released £2,816,000 (2002 - £18,420,000 charge) of the exceptional reorganisation costs provision set up in 2002 to cover the costs incurred associated with reorganising and integrating its business into that of Time Warner Inc.

4 Operating profit

- opo-wang prost	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of owned tangible assets	7,595	7,248
Amortisation of intangible assets	2,926	2,926
Auditors' remuneration		
Audit fees	110	105
Operating lease rentals · land and buildings	6,184	5,966
(Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets and titles	(212)	1,060

5 Information regarding directors and employees		
	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
Staff costs (including directors)	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	72,340	66,332
Social security costs	7,376	6,275
Pensions	7,798	3,202
	87,514	75,809
	====	
The monthly average number of persons employed	Number	Number
Editorial	952	898
Sales and distribution	778	768
Administration and finance	347_	356
	<u> 2,077</u>	2,022
6 Directors' emoluments		
6 Directors' emoluments	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Total emoluments	2,407	2,992
Compensation for loss of office	220	————
Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes	10	- ====================================
The number of directors accruing benefits at the year end in respect of 9). There was 1 (2002 - none) director accruing benefits at the year schemes.	end in respect of defined contr	
Analysis of emoluments (excluding pension contributions) of the high	est paid director:	
	Year ended	Varrandad
	31 December	Year ended 31 December
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Aggregate emoluments	534	585
Accrued pension at year end	151	
1100, 404 po110,012 40 your ona	 	68
		<u>68</u>
7 Net interest receivable		
7 Net interest receivable	Year ended	Year ended
7 Net interest receivable	31 December	Year ended 31 December
7 Net interest receivable	31 December 2003	Year ended 31 December 2002
7 Net interest receivable	31 December	Year ended 31 December
Bank interest receivable	31 December 2003 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000
Bank interest receivable Interest receivable from group undertakings	31 December 2003 £'000 3 3,248	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000
Bank interest receivable	31 December 2003 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000

8 Pension commitments

The company operates a number of pension schemes. The principal scheme, the IPC Media Pension Scheme (the Scheme) is of the defined benefit type. SSAP 24 has been used as the basis for preparing the financial statements. The disclosures set out below cover the requirements of SSAP 24 and the FRS 17 transitional arrangements.

SSAP 24

The pension cost of the Scheme charged to the profit and loss account has been assessed in accordance with the advice of a qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The Scheme was closed throughout the year hence the projected unit service cost will increase as members approach retirement. The latest actuarial assessment was as at 5 April 2003. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rates of increase of salaries and pensions. It was assumed that the investment return for past service would be 7.5% per annum and for future service 6.5% per annum, that salary increases would average 4.5% per annum and that present and future pensions would increase at 3% per annum.

At the date of the latest formal actuarial valuation, the market value of the assets of the Scheme was £90.4m which represented a shortfall of £17.1m compared with the benefits that had accrued to members, after allowing for expected future increases in earnings (actuarial value of assets 84% of accrued benefits).

Since the date of the valuation the company has made a lump sum contribution of £21.1m to the Scheme. This is equivalent to the shortfall as at 5 April 2003 of £17.1m plus subsequent investment returns on the Scheme's assets.

The assets are held in separate trustee administered funds.

The total pension cost for the company for the year was £7,797,773 (2002 - £3,202,291).

FRS 17 additional transitional disclosures

The valuation used for FRS 17 disclosures has been based on the most recent formal actuarial valuation at 5 April 2003 and updated by an independent qualified actuary to take account of the requirements of FRS 17 in order to assess the liabilities of the Scheme at 31 December 2003. Scheme assets are stated at their market values at the balance sheet date.

Actuarial assumptions	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
	%	%
Rate of price inflation	2.5	2.25
Rate of increase in salaries	4.0	3.75
Rate of increase in pensions	2.5	2.25
Discount rate	5.5	5.5
Contributions		
employees	5.0	3.0 or 5.0
employers	12.6	0.0

	8	Pension	commitments	(continued)
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Pension commitments (continued)				<u> </u>		
Fair value of assets and expected ra	ite of return					
			Expected rate of return 31 December 2003 %	Fair value 31 December 2003 £m	Expected rate of return 31 December 2002 %	Fair value 31 December 2002 £m
Equities			8.0	119.9	8.25	86.0
Corporate bonds			5.50	11.0	5.50	8.1
Gilts			4.75	10.9	4.50	6.8
Cash			3.75	0.2	3.75	0.5
Total fair value of assets				<u>142.0</u>		101.4
Impact on net assets if FRS 17 pens	sion liability wer	e recognised				
					31 December 2003 £m	31 December 2002 £m
Fair value of scheme assets					142.0	101.4
Present value of scheme liabilities					(167.8)	(153.9)
Deficit in scheme Related deferred tax					(25.8) 7 <u>.7</u>	(52.5) 15.8
Net FRS 17 pension liability Add back SSAP 24 pension (asset)/lia	ability				(18.1) (2.0)	(36.7) 13.5
Impact on net assets if FRS 17 pension	on liability recogn	nised			(20.1)	(23.2)
Net assets as currently stated					123.1	144.2
Net assets including pension liability	7				103.0	121.0
Profit and loss reserves if FRS 17 pe	ension liability w	ere recognised				
Profit and loss reserve as currently s Net FRS 17 pension liability					31 December 2003 £m 5.4 (18.1)	31 December 2002 £m 26.4 (36.7)
(Deduct)/add back SSAP 24 pension ((asset)/liability				(2.0)	13.5_
Profit and loss reserve if FRS 17 pen	sion liability reco	gnised			(14.7)	3.2
Amounts to be charged to profit and	l loss account un	der FRS 17				
	Defined benefit schemes year ended 31 December 2003 £m	Other schemes year ended 31 December 2003 £m	Total year ended 31 December 2003 £m	Defined benefit schemes year ended 31 December 2002 £m	Other schemes year ended 31 December 2002 £m	Total year ended 31 December 2002 £m
Current service cost	6.8	0.3	7.1	7.0	0.4	7.4
Past service cost	0.2		0.2	1.1	· · ·	1.1
Total charge to operating profit	7.0	0.3	7.3	8.1	0.4	8.5
Expected return on assets	(7.8)	•	(7.8)	(9.8)	•	(9.8)
Interest on liabilities	8.4		8.4	8.0		8.0
Total finance income	0.6		0.6	(1.8)		(1.8)
Total profit and loss account charge	7.6	0.3	7.9	6.3	0.4	6.7

8	Pension commitments (continued)		
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
	Amounts to be included in statement of recognised gains	2003 £m	2002 £m
	and losses under FRS 17	жш	* 111
	Gain/(loss) on assets	11.6	(34.5)
	Experience gain/(loss) on liabilities	7.0	(1.3)
	Loss on change of assumptions	(7.3)	•
	Total actuarial gain/(loss)	11.3	(35.8)
	Total actuarial gam/doss/	11.3	(00.0)
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2003	2002
	Analysis of actuarial gains and losses	%	%
	Actual returns less expected returns on assets as % of scheme assets	8.2%	(34.0%)
	Experience gains and losses on liabilities as % of scheme liabilities	4.1%	(0.8%)
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2003	2002
	Analysis of movement in deficit	£'m	£'m
	Deficit at 1 January	(52.5)	(11.6)
	Contributions paid	23.0	1.2
	Current service cost	(6.8)	(7.0)
	Past service cost	(0.2)	(1.1)
	Finance income	(0.6)	1.8
	Actuarial profit/(loss)	11.3	(35.8)
	Deficit at 31 December	(25.8)	(52.5)
9	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
	Tualiant of profit of drafting activities	Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2003	2002
		£'000	£'000
	a) The charge/(credit) based on the results for the year is as follows:		
	Taxation based on the profit for the year		
	Corporation tax payable at 30.0%	8,790	
	Double tax relief	(4)	-
	Group relief payments	2,887	17,239
	Under provision for prior years Overseas tax suffered	420 4	
	Total current tax charge (see 9 b) below)	12,097	17,239
	Deferred tax		<u> </u>
	Deterred tax		
	Timing differences, origination and reversal	1,148	(1,938)
	Adjustment to estimated recoverability of deferred tax assets arising in earlier periods	(502)	
	Total deferred tax (see 9 c) below)	646	(1,938)
			
	Total tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	12,743	15,301

9 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities (cont'd)

b) Circumstances affecting the current tax charge

The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 30% (2002 - 30%). The current tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate for the reasons in the reconciliation below:

	Year ended 31 December 2003 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2002 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	81,709	59,370
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard rate	24,513	17,811
Factors affecting the tax charge: Disallowable expenses Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Group relief received for nil consideration UK dividends received Tax overprovided in previous years Other timing differences Total current tax charge (see 9 a) above)	1,296 (2,590) (12,429) (555) 420 1,442 12,097	1,296 (3,206) (600) - 1,938 17,239
c) Deferred tax Deferred tax is provided at 30% (2002 - 30%) in the financial statement	ats as follows:	
Included in debtors (see note 15)	(19,608)	(14,993)
Capital allowance pool in excess of book value of qualifying assets Short term timing differences	(12,732) (6,876) (19,608)	(9,559) (5,434) (14,993)
Deferred tax asset	(19,608)	(14,993)
Analysis of movement in asset:		£'000
At 1 January 2003 Charged to the profit and loss account (see note 9 a) above) Transfer from ipc electric (services) Ltd		(14,993) 646 (5,261)
At 31 December 2003		(19,608)

	31 December 2003 £'000	Year ended 31 December 2002
		2002
	CIAAA	
	£'000	£'000
	90,000	160,000
Publishing		
		Total
£'000	£'000	£'000
0.T. 0.00	01 455	*0.510
37,036	21,477	58,513
37,036	21,477	58,513
23,789	4,310	28,099
-	-	-
1,852	1,074_	2,926_
25,641	5,384	31,025
11,395_	16,093_	27,488
13,247_	17,167	30,414
Plant &	Fixtures	
		Total
£'000	£'000	£'000
	24,519	82,435
	1,824	8,623
(1,185)		(1,185)
63,530	26,343	89,873
46,592	17,573	64,165
5,445	2,150	7,595
(1,157)		$\underline{\qquad (1,157)}$
50,880_	19,723	70,603
12,650	6,620	19,270
11,324	6,946	18,270
	rights £'000 37,036 37,036 37,036 23,789 1,852 25,641 11,395 13,247 Plant & equipment £'000 57,916 6,799 (1,185) 63,530 46,592 5,445 (1,157) 50,880 12,650	rights £'000 Goodwill £'000 37,036 21,477 37,036 21,477 23,789 4,310 1,852 1,074 25,641 5,384 11,395 16,093 13,247 17,167 Plant & Fixtures £ fittings £'000 £'000 57,916 24,519 6,799 1,824 (1,185) - 63,530 26,343 46,592 17,573 5,445 2,150 (1,157) - 50,880 19,723

for the year ended 31 December 2003

13 Fixed asset investments

Shares in subsidiary undertakings and joint ventures	31 December 2003 £'000	31 December 2002 £'000
Cost Provisions	117,373 (41,418)	117,373 (41,418)
Net Book Value	<u>75,955</u>	75,955

Interests in the share capital of subsidiary undertakings relate to IPC Magazines (Overseas) Limited and dormant companies all of which are wholly owned. The dormant companies hold certain publishing rights to magazines published by the company.

The principal function of IPC Magazines (Overseas) Limited is to hold shares in overseas publishing undertakings.

IPC Magazines (Overseas) Limited has a 50% economic interest in Avantages SAS, whose principal activity is magazine publishing and is incorporated in France. IPC Magazine (Overseas) Limited also holds a 100% share of the capital of IPC Media Australia Holdings Pty Limited (formerly IPC Magazines Australia Holdings Pty Limited). IPC Media Australia Holdings Pty Limited is a holding company for magazine publishing interests in New Zealand and Australia and is incorporated in Australia.

IPC Media Limited has a joint venture interest in European Magazines Limited by virtue of its 50% ownership of the company's £100 issued share capital. This interest is included within fixed asset investments at its original cost of £50. European Magazines Limited's principal activity is magazine publishing. European Magazines Limited made a profit before tax of £4,207,000 for the year ended 31 December 2003 (year ended 31 December 2002 · £5,347,000) and had total shareholders' funds of £2,061,000 (31 December 2002 · £2,135,000). The year end for European Magazines Limited is 31 December. European Magazines Limited is incorporated in England and Wales.

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate value of the company's investments is not worth less than the aggregate amount shown above.

14 Stocks

	31 December 2003 £'000	31 December 2002 £'000
Raw materials and consumables	<u>4,831</u>	4,439

	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	29,935	28,560
Amounts owed by group undertakings	127,418	93,244
Amounts owed by joint ventures	435	108
Other debtors	3,180	1,521
Corporation tax	-	572
Prepayments and accrued income	3,652	4,230
Deferred tax asset (see note 9 c) above)	19,608	14,993
	184,228	143,228
	31 December	31 Decembe
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,856	4,856
Creditors	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade creditors	46,694	
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	46,694 45,855	60,510
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures	45,855	60,510 128
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures Accruals and deferred income	45,855 - 14,519	60,510 129 13,685
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures Accruals and deferred income Other creditors	45,855 - 14,519 6,419	60,510 129 13,685
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures Accruals and deferred income Other creditors Corporation tax	45,855 - 14,519 6,419 3,724	60,510 126 13,685 8,945
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures Accruals and deferred income Other creditors Corporation tax Taxation and social security	45,855 - 14,519 6,419 3,724 3,791	60,510 128 13,685 8,949 2,640
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures Accruals and deferred income Other creditors Corporation tax Taxation and social security Group relief payable	45,855 - 14,519 6,419 3,724	60,510 128 13,682 8,949 2,646
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures Accruals and deferred income Other creditors Corporation tax	45,855 - 14,519 6,419 3,724 3,791 5,706	41,784 60,510 128 13,682 8,949 2,646 17,239
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to joint ventures Accruals and deferred income Other creditors Corporation tax Taxation and social security Group relief payable	45,855 14,519 6,419 3,724 3,791 5,706 90,000	60,510 128 13,682 8,949 2,646 17,239

for the year ended 31 December 2003

17	Called	up share	capital
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Authorised	31 December 2003 £'000	31 December 2002 £'000
3,230,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	3,230	3,230
Called up, allotted and fully paid 2,580,500 ordinary shares of £1 each	2,580	2,580

18 Reconciliations of movements in shareholders' funds and movement in reserves

	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Share redemption account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2003 Loss for the year	2,580	112,887	2,318	26,389 (21,034)	144,174 (21,034)
At 31 December 2003	2,580	112,887	2,318	5,355	123,140

19 Operating lease commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable land and buildings operating leases are as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Leases which expire:		
Within one year	7	251
Between two to five years	5,406	4,204
After five years	26_	22
	5,439	4,477

20 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 from disclosing transactions with fellow members of the group where 90% of the voting rights are controlled within the group.

There were no material related party transactions during the year other than those set out below or disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements.

Joint ventures

During the year the group sold goods and provided management and other services to European Magazines Limited. The total value of these transactions was £11.7m (2002 - £10.2m). As at 31 December 2003 the company was owed £0.2m by European Magazines Limited (31 December 2002 - £0.1m due to European Magazines Limited).

The company also charged royalties totalling £0.4m (2002 - £0.4m) to Avantages SAS and as at 31 December 2003 the company was owed £0.2m (31 December 2002 - £0.1m) by Avantages SAS.

The directors are satisfied that all related party transactions were carried out on an arm's length basis.

for the year ended 31 December 2003

21 Parent undertakings

The immediate parent undertaking is IPC Magazines Holdings Limited.

Time Warner Holdings Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Time Warner Holdings Limited is registered in England and Wales and copies of its financial statements may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies in Cardiff.

Time Warner Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America, is the ultimate parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of Time Warner Inc.'s financial statements can be obtained from One Time Warner Center, New York, NY 10019, USA.