Annual report and unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2023

COMPANIES HOUSE

Limited liability partnership information

Designated members

Currie House Devlopements Limited

Sonich Developments Limited Whiteburn Holdings Limited Whiteburn Projects Limited

Limited liability partnership number S0306641

Registered office

Clock Tower 1 Jackson's Entry Edinburgh **EH8 8PJ**

Accountants

Saffery LLP Edinburgh Quay 133 Fountainbridge Edinburgh

EH3 9BA

Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

36 St Andrew Square

Edinburgh EH2 2AD

Solicitors

Burness Paull LLP 50 Lothian Road Edinburgh **EH3 9BA**

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Members' report For the year ended 31 May 2023

The members present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2023.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the limited liability partnership is that of property investment.

Members' drawings, contributions and repayments

The members' drawing policy allows each member to draw a proportion of their profit share, subject to the cash requirements of the business.

A member's capital requirement is linked to their share of profit and the financing requirement of the limited liability partnership. There is no opportunity for appreciation of the capital subscribed. Just as incoming members introduce their capital at "par", so the retiring members are repaid their capital at "par".

Designated members

The designated members who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Currie House Developments Limited Sonich Developments Limited Whiteburn Holdings Limited Whiteburn Projects Limited

Approved by the members on .

Hand signed on behalf by:

John Shepher

Director of designated Member Whiteburn Holdings Limited

Members' responsibilities statement For the year ended 31 May 2023

The members are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law).

Under company law (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the limited liability partnership and of the profit or loss of the limited liability partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the limited liability partnership will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the limited liability partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the limited liability partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008). They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the limited liability partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Chartered Accountants' report to the Members on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Whiteburn Viewforth LLP for the year ended 31 May 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Whiteburn Viewforth LLP for the year ended 31 May 2023 which comprise the income statement, the statement of financial position, the reconciliation of members' interests and the related notes from the limited liability partnership's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the limited liability partnership's members of Whiteburn Viewforth LLP, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 22 March 2019. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Whiteburn Viewforth LLP and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the limited liability partnership's members of Whiteburn Viewforth LLP, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Whiteburn Viewforth LLP and its members as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Whiteburn Viewforth LLP has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Whiteburn Viewforth LLP. You consider that Whiteburn Viewforth LLP is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Whiteburn Viewforth LLP. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Saffery LLP

Chartered Accountants

Setting Cly

13 February 2024

Edinburgh Quay 133 Fountainbridge Edinburgh EH3 9BA

Income statement For the year ended 31 May 2023

	2023 £	2022 £
·	-	-
Administrative expenses	(41,440)	(33,663)
Interest receivable and similar income	39,339	19,505
Loss for the financial year before members'	· ·	
remuneration and profit shares	(2,101)	(14,158)
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	2,101	14,158
		
Result for the financial year available for		
discretionary division among members	-	•
	·································	

The income statement has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

Statement of financial position As at 31 May 2023

			2023		2022
	Ņotes	£	£	£	1
Fixed assets					
Investments	4		707,535		707,535
Current assets				•	
Debtors	6	21,934		19,931	
Cash at bank and in hand		631		534	
		22,565		20,465	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(4,100)		(2,000)	
one year	,	(4,100)		(2,000)	
Net current assets			18,465		18,465
Total assets less current liabilities and n attributable to members	iet assets		726,000		726,000
					==-
Represented by:					
Members' other interests					
Members' capital classified as equity			726,000		726,000
			736,000		726,000
			726,000 		726,000
Total members' interests					
Amounts due from members			(21,934)		(19,833)
Members' other interests			726,000		726,000
					
			704,066	•	706,167
				•	

Statement of financial position (continued) As at 31 May 2023

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 the limited liability partnership was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small limited liability partnerships.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act (as applied to limited liability partnerships) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to limited liability partnerships subject to the small limited liability partnerships regime.

The financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on \(\subseteq \

John Shepherd

Director of designated member Whiteburn Holdings Limited

Limited Liability Partnership Registration No. S0306641

Reconciliation of members' interests For the year ended 31 May 2023

Current financial year	Equity	Debt		Total	
	Members' other interests			Members' interests	
	Members' capital (classified as equity)	amounts	Total	Total 2023	
	£		£	£	
Amounts due from members		(19,833)			
Members' interests at 1 June 2022	726,000	(19,833)	(19,833)	706,167	
Members' allocation of losses		(2,101)	(2,101)	(2,101)	
Members' interests after loss and remuneration fo		***	م ما		
the year	726,000	(21,934)	(21,934)	704,066	
Members' interests at 31 May 2023	726,000 	(21,934)	(21,934)	704,066 	
Amounts due to members		· -			
Amounts due from members, included in debtors		(21,934)			
		(21,934)			

Reconciliation of members' interests (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2023

Prior financial year	Equity Members' other interests	Debt Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors		Total Members' interests	
	Members' capital (classified as equity)	amounts	Total	Total 2022	
	£		£	£	
Amounts due from members		(5,675)			
Members' interests at 1 June 2021 Members' remuneration charged as an expense, including employment costs and retirement	-	(5,675)	(5,675)	(5,675)	
benefit costs	-	(14,158)	(14,158)	(14,158)	
Result for the financial year available for discretionary division among members	. <u>-</u>			-	
Members' interests after loss and remuneration for the year	or -	(19,833)	(19,833)	(19,833)	
Introduced by members	726,000 ———	-		726,000	
Members' interests at 31 May 2022	726,000 ———	(19,833) =====	(19,833) ———	706,167	
Amounts due to members		-			
Amounts due from members, included in debtors		(19,833)			
		(19,833) ———			

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 May 2023

1 Accounting policies

Limited liability partnership information

Whiteburn Viewforth LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Clock Tower, 1 Jackson's Entry, Edinburgh, EH8 8PJ.

The limited liability partnership's principal activities are disclosed in the Members' Report.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships" issued in December 2021, together with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the limited liability partnership. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Members' participating interests

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with section 22 of FRS 102. A member's participation rights including amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as liabilities unless the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members, in which case they are classified as equity.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and, where such an amount relates to current year profits, they are recognised within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense' in arriving at the relevant year's result. Undivided amounts that are classified as equity are shown within 'Members' other interests'. Amounts recoverable from members are presented as debtors and shown as amounts due from members within members' interests.

Where there exists an asset and liability component in respect of an individual member's participation rights, they are presented on a gross basis unless the LLP has both a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it intends either to settle on a net basis or to settle and realise these amounts simultaneously, in which case they are presented net.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2023

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Financial instruments

The limited liability partnership has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the limited liability partnership's statement of financial position when the limited liability partnership becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the limited liability partnership transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the limited liability partnership after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2023

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as fair value through profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the limited liability partnership's obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.6 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the limited liability partnership is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.7 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2023

2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the limited liability partnership's accounting policies, the members are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average number of persons (excluding members) employed by the partnership during the year was:

		2023 Number	2022 Number
	Total	- :	
4	Fixed asset investments	2023 £	2022 £
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests Loans to group undertakings and participating interests	62,966 644,569 ——— 707,535	102,306 605,229
	•	707,535 	/U/,335 ————

5 Associates

These financial statements are separate limited liability partnership financial statements for 31 May 2022.

Details of the limited liability partnership's associates at 31 May 2023 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Class of shares held
Whiteburn Viewforth Development Limited	Scotland	Ordinary

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2023

6	Debtors		
		2023	2022
	Amounts falling due within one year:	É	£
	Amounts owed by members	21,934	19,833
	Other debtors	<u>-</u>	98
		21,934	19,931
			===
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2023	2022
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,000	-
	Amounts owed to related parties	2,100	2,000
		4,100	2,000
		· 	

8 Loans and other debts due to members

In the event of a winding up the amounts included in "Loans and other debts due to members" will rank equally with unsecured creditors.