# Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland LLP

Annual report and financial statements Registered number SO303183 30 April 2017

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# Members' report

The members present their members' report and financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017.

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the LLP during the year was property investment.

#### Results for the year and allocation to members

The profit for the financial year before members' remuneration and profit shares was £190,000 (2016: £181,000).

#### Members

The members who held office during the year and to the date of the signing of the financial statements were as follows:

Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland Commercial Limited

Mactaggart & Mickel Limited Retirement Benefits Scheme

# Policy with respect to members' drawings and subscription and repayments of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members

Any distribution or withdrawal of capital shall be distributed to the Members pro rata to the amount of their Capital Contributions.

The net profits brought out in the financial statements for each financial year shall be allocated in those financial statements to the respective members pro rata to the amount of their respective capital contributions.

The LLP shall after the finalisation of the financial statements in respect of a given financial year, divide the net profits in proportion to members capital and allocate to each member's current account that member's share of the net profits for that financial year (to the extent they have not already been divided and allocated) together with any unallocated net profits (as the case may be) in respect of previous financial years.

The LLP may at any time during a financial year make such allocations to the members on account of the anticipated net profits for that financial year as the LLP Board may resolve.

Withdrawals from the current accounts of the respective members may not be made by one member unless a withdrawal is also made by the other member at the same time, and such that the proportions withdrawn by the respective members on that occasion (out of the total sum withdrawn by both members on that occasion) shall be pro rata to the amount of their respective capital contributions.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

The members who held office at the date of approval of this members' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the LLP's auditor is unaware; and each member has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a member to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the LLP's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Anditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the members

Andrew Mickel

Director of Designated Member

Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland Commercial Ltd

1 Atlantic Quay 1 Robertson Street Glasgow G2 8JB

16 November 2017

# Statement of members' responsibilities in respect of the Members' Report and the financial statements

The members are responsible for preparing the Members' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the LLP financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice Applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under Regulation 8 of the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulation 2008, the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the LLP's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Regulation 6 of the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the LLP and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# kpmg

We have audited the financial statements of Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland LLP for the year ended 30 April 2017 set out on pages 5 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the LLP's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the LLP's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the LLP and the LLP's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of members and auditor

As explained more fully in the Members' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate</a>.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the LLP's affairs as at 30 April 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Members' Report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements.

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements and from reading the Members' report:

- we have not identified material misstatements in that report; and
- in our opinion, that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of members' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the members were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the members' report.

**Hugh Harvie (Senior Statutory Auditor)** 

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

319 St Vincent Street, Glasgow, G2 5AS

**22.**November 2017

# Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 April 2017

year and year content of the property of the p	Note	2017 £000	2016 £000
Turnover Cost of sales		195 (4)	204 (22)
Gross profit Administrative expenses		191 (1)	182
Operating profit and profit on ordinary activities before taxation  Tax on profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2 3	190	181
Profit for the financial year before members' remuneration and profit shares Members' remuneration charged as an expense		190 (190)	181 (181)
Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members		-	

The LLP's turnover and expenses all relate to continuing operations.

There has been no other comprehensive income other than the result (2016: result) for the year; accordingly no Statement of comprehensive income is presented.

2016 £000 2,229
(42)
2,187
2,187
2,187
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These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime.

The LLP is applying Small Entities of Financial Reporting Standard regime under FRS 102 Section 1A.

These financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 17 November 2017 and are signed on their behalf by:

E J Monaghan 4

Director of Designated Member

Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland Commercial Ltd

Registered number SO303183

# Statement of changes in members' equity

	2017 Members' capital £000	2017 Profit and loss account £000	2017 Total equity £000	2016 Members' Capital £000	2016 Profit and Loss account £000	2016 Total Equity £000
Balance at 1 May	2,187	=	2,187	2,187	-	2,187
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period Profit or loss for the financial year		190	190	-	181	181
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	-	190	190	-	181	181
Members remuneration		(190)	(190)	-	(181)	(181)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-	(190)	(190)	-	(181)	(181)
Balance at 30 April	2,187	<del>-</del>	2,187	2,187		2,187

#### Notes

#### (forming part of the financial statements)

#### 1 Accounting policies

Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland LLP (the "LLP") is a limited liability partnership limited by members' capital and incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Section 1A Small Entities of Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2014. The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £1,000.

Under section 1A small entities of FRS 102 the Company is not required to prepare a cash flow statement.

#### Members' participation rights

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with FRS 102.11 *Basic Financial Instruments*. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the profit and loss account in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as liabilities in the balance sheet. Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the profit and loss account and are equity appropriations in the balance sheet.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the balance sheet within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the profit and loss account within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the balance sheet within 'Members' other interests'.

#### Accounting Estimates and Judgement

Judgements made by the members', in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 10.

## Going Concern

After reviewing The LLP's forecasts and projections, the members have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The LLP has confirmation that the intercompany loan will not be called in with 1 year. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### Turnover

Turnover, all of which is derived wholly from operations within the United Kingdom, represents income from the letting of commercial property.

# Notes (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Investment properties are recognised initially at cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition

i. investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are held at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in profit or loss in the period that they arise: and

ii. no depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties applying the fair value model.

If a reliable measure is not available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, this item is thereafter accounted for as tangible fixed assets in accordance with section 17 until a reliable measure of fair value becomes available.

#### **Basic Financial Instruments**

#### Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

# 2 Expenses and auditor's remuneration

Operating profit is stated after charging:	2017 £000	2016 £000
Auditor's remuneration: Audit of these financial statements	1	1

The Company has no employees and therefore does not incur staff costs. The directors received no remuneration for services to the Company.

#### 3 Taxation

As members are personally liable for taxation on their share of the profits of the LLP there is no corporation or deferred tax charge.

#### Notes (continued)

#### 4 Investment properties

Commercial Investment Properties £000

At beginning and end of year

2,229

The LLP's investment properties are measured based on valuation by external third parties. The historical cost and fair value of these investment properties at 30 April 2017 was £2,229,000. If the investment properties were disposed of at their fair value, no charge for taxation would arise.

#### 5 Debtors

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Other debtors	78	98
6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
Other creditors Amounts owed to members	£000 12 90	£000 15 270
	102	285

## 7 Related party transactions

As a member of Mactaggart and Mickel Group, the Company is exempt from the requirements of FRS102.33 to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Mactaggart and Mickel Group Limited. Transactions with other related parties are summarised below:

A balance of £33,000 (2016: £216,000) remains due to Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland Commercial Limited at 30 April 2017. The LLP entered into transactions with Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland Commercial Limited totalling £1,000 (2016: £9,000) in the year while the remainder of the balance relates to profit distributable for the year.

A balance of £57,000 (2016: £54,000) remains due to Mactaggart & Mickel Limited Retirements Benefit Scheme at 30 April 2017. The balance relates to profit distributable for the year.

#### 8 Operating leases

Leases as lessor

Investment property is let under operating leases. The future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable leases are as follows:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Less than one year Between one and five years	195	212 195
·	195	407

#### Notes (continued)

#### 9 Financial Instruments

#### 9 (a) Carrying amount of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and liabilities include:

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and liabilities include:		
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
- Investment property	2,229	2,229
Assets measured at amortised cost		
- Cash and cash equivalents	172	145
- Trade and other receivables	78	98
Liabilities measured at amortised cost		
- Trade and other creditors	102	285

#### 9 (b) Financial instruments measured at fair value

The fair value of investment properties are measured based on valuation by external third parties. Any gains or losses arising from the change in fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account.

## 10 Accounting Estimates & Judgements

#### Key sources of uncertainty

The LLP makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting estimate will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year are outlined below.

# Fair value of investment properties

In determining the fair value of investment property the LLP uses the market value for existing use as provided by external third parties. The valuation of freehold property is inherently difficult due to the individual nature and circumstances of each property. The Members are of the opinion that the investment property is being held at fair value at £2,229,000.

#### 11 Ultimate parent company

The LLP is a subsidiary undertaking of Mactaggart & Mickel Anniesland Commercial Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Mactaggart & Mickel Group Limited.

The largest group in which the results of the LLP are consolidated is that headed by Mactaggart & Mickel Group Limited, incorporated in Scotland. No other group financial statements include the results of the LLP. The consolidated financial statements of the group are available to the public and may be obtained from its registered office at 1 Atlantic Quay, 1 Robertson Street, Glasgow, G2 8JB.