

**GW DECORATORS LTD  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023**

D Napier Accountancy  
ACCA  
Office 2, 30/2 Eskbank Office Complex  
Hardengreen Industrial Estate  
Dalkeith  
EH22 3NX

**GW Decorators Ltd**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 30 September 2023**

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**GW Decorators Ltd**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As At 30 September 2023**

Registered number: SC710408

		<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
Tangible Assets	<b>4</b>		265		522
			<u>265</u>		<u>522</u>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Debtors	<b>5</b>	19,167		3,154	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>8,813</u>		<u>15,463</u>	
		27,980		18,617	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	<b>6</b>	<u>(13,706 )</u>		<u>(17,616 )</u>	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>			<u>14,274</u>		<u>1,001</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			<u>14,539</u>		<u>1,523</u>
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year</b>	<b>7</b>		<u>-</u>		<u>(279 )</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			<u>14,539</u>		<u>1,244</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	<b>9</b>		10		10
Profit and Loss Account			<u>14,529</u>		<u>1,234</u>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			<u>14,539</u>		<u>1,244</u>

**GW Decorators Ltd**  
**Balance Sheet (continued)**  
**As At 30 September 2023**

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For the year ending 30 September 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr Gordon Winnik

Director

11th January 2024

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

**GW Decorators Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 30 September 2023**

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**1. General Information**

GW Decorators Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC710408. The registered office is Office 2, 30/2 Eskbank Office Complex, Hardengreen Industrial Estate, Dalkeith, Midlothian, EH22 3NX.

**2. Accounting Policies**

**2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

**2.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment	10-33% Straight Line
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**2.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts**

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

**2.5. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

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**GW Decorators Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 30 September 2023**

**2.5. Taxation - continued**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**3. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 3 (2022: 3)

**4. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Computer Equipment £</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
As at 1 October 2022	779
As at 30 September 2023	779
<b>Depreciation</b>	
As at 1 October 2022	257
Provided during the period	257
As at 30 September 2023	514
<b>Net Book Value</b>	
As at 30 September 2023	265
As at 1 October 2022	522

**5. Debtors**

	<b>2023 £</b>	<b>2022 £</b>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	-	2,056
Other debtors	100	-
VAT	1,974	-
Other taxes and social security	16,968	1,098
Directors' loan accounts	125	-
	<u>19,167</u>	<u>3,154</u>

**GW Decorators Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 30 September 2023**

**6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	325	435
Trade creditors	1	-
Corporation tax	13,380	13,485
VAT	-	3,064
Other creditors	-	43
Directors' loan accounts	-	589
	<u>13,706</u>	<u>17,616</u>

**7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	279
	<u>-</u>	<u>279</u>

**8. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Not later than one year	325	435
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	279
	<u>325</u>	<u>714</u>
	<u>325</u>	<u>714</u>

**9. Share Capital**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.