

Registered number
SC659834

Scot Tech Army Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 March 2023

Scot Tech Army Limited**Registered number:** SC659834**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2023**

	Notes	2023	2022
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	547	330
Current assets			
Debtors	4	5,305	102,566
Cash at bank and in hand		5,126	71,274
		<u>10,431</u>	<u>173,840</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(29,492)	(207,176)
Net current liabilities		<u>(19,061)</u>	<u>(33,336)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(18,514)</u>	<u>(33,006)</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(101,132)	(101,132)
Net liabilities		<u>(119,646)</u>	<u>(134,138)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Profit and loss account		(119,646)	(134,138)
Shareholders' funds		<u>(119,646)</u>	<u>(134,138)</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Director

Approved by the board on 11 July 2023

Scot Tech Army Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	over 3 years
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Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 April 2022	330
Additions	<u>461</u>
At 31 March 2023	<u>791</u>
Depreciation	
Charge for the year	<u>244</u>
At 31 March 2023	<u>244</u>
Net book value	
At 31 March 2023	<u>547</u>
At 31 March 2022	330

4 Debtors	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	3,600	93,750
Other debtors	<u>1,705</u>	<u>8,816</u>
	<u>5,305</u>	<u>102,566</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
	£	£

Trade creditors	-	202
Taxation and social security costs	8,626	4,068
Other creditors	20,866	202,906
	<u>29,492</u>	<u>207,176</u>

The balance sheet deficit relates to a Director’s Loan provided to the company in FY2021-22. This loan was provided on an interest-free basis and with the agreement that it would not be repaid until the company was in a position to do so from operating income without a need to reduce the volume of operational activity undertaken in the delivery of technology support services to the company's clients.

The company has a small amount of accruals and deferred revenue, which has reduced significantly from that in FY2021-22. All of these accruals and deferred revenue will be written off in FY2022-23.

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2023	2022
	£	£
Other creditors	<u>101,132</u>	<u>101,132</u>

7 Other information

Scot Tech Army Limited is a private company limited by guarantee and incorporated in Scotland. Its registered office is:

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Ground Floor Orchard Brae House
30 Queensferry Road
Edinburgh
EH4 2HS

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