



Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 May 2023

Roderick Gunkel & Associates Ltd
Chartered Accountants
Orchardlea
Callander
FK17 8BG

Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Accountants' Report	<u>2</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>7</u>

Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd

Company Information

Directors	Martin Bosi
Registered office	363 High Street Edinburgh EH1 1PW
Bankers	Royal Bank of Scotland 30 Nicolson Street Edinburgh EH8 9DL
Accountants	Roderick Gunkel & Associates Ltd Chartered Accountants Orchardlea Callander FK17 8BG

**Chartered Accountants' Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory
Accounts of
Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd
for the Year Ended 31 May 2023**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd for the year ended 31 May 2023 as set out on pages 3 to 7 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd, as a body, in this report.

This is in accordance with the requirements of such bodies as the ACCA, ICAS and ICAEW, to the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd. You consider that Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

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Roderick Gunkel & Associates Ltd
Chartered Accountants
Orchardlea
Callander
FK17 8BG

20 September 2023

Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd
(Registration number: SC653991)
Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	900	650
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	101,148	87,189
Cash at bank and in hand		168,929	124,066
		270,077	211,255
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(154,696)	(171,145)
Net current assets		115,381	40,110
Total assets less current liabilities		116,281	40,760
Provisions for liabilities		(171)	(123)
Net assets		116,110	40,637
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	100	100
Retained earnings		116,010	40,537
Shareholders' funds		116,110	40,637

For the financial year ending 31 May 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 20 September 2023

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Martin Bosi
Director

Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2023

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is:
363 High Street
Edinburgh
EH1 1PW

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 20 September 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2023

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures, fittings, equipment	20-50% p.a reducing balance basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2023

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2022 - 1).

4 Profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	2023	2022
	£	£
Depreciation expense	208	257

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 June 2022	1,238	1,238
Additions	457	457
At 31 May 2023	1,695	1,695
Depreciation		
At 1 June 2022	588	588
Charge for the year	207	207
At 31 May 2023	795	795
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2023	900	900
At 31 May 2022	650	650

6 Stocks

	2023	2022
	£	£
Stock for sale and business use	101,148	87,189

Royal Mile Jewellers Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2023

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	122,810	147,649
Taxation and social security		25,286	23,416
Accruals and deferred income		1,300	80
Other creditors		5,300	-
		<u>154,696</u>	<u>171,145</u>

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2023		2022	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

9 Loans and borrowings

	2023 £	2022 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Director current account	<u>122,810</u>	<u>147,649</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.