

CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023
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CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

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CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Notes	2023 £	£	2022 £	£
Current assets					
Stocks	4	977,156		766,859	
Debtors	5	3,399		25,800	
Cash at bank and in hand		698		15,945	
		<u>981,253</u>		<u>808,604</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(1,219,398)</u>		<u>(978,422)</u>	
Net current liabilities			<u>(238,145)</u>		<u>(169,818)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			<u>(238,146)</u>		<u>(169,819)</u>
Total equity			<u>(238,145)</u>		<u>(169,818)</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 / 11 / 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr M Orr
Director

Company Registration No. SC606575

CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2021	1	(102,562)	(102,561)
Year ended 31 March 2022:			
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(67,257)	(67,257)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 31 March 2022	1	(169,819)	(169,818)
Year ended 31 March 2023:			
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(68,327)	(68,327)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 31 March 2023	1	(238,146)	(238,145)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Cresswell Street Glasgow Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 4 Melville Crescent, Edinburgh, United Kingdom, EH3 7JA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position': Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues': Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- Section 26 'Share based Payment': Share-based payment expense charged to profit or loss, reconciliation of opening and closing number and weighted average exercise price of share options, how the fair value of options granted was measured, measurement and carrying amount of liabilities for cash-settled share-based payments, explanation of modifications to arrangements;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures': Compensation for key management personnel.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of The Wemyss Development Company Limited. These consolidated financial statements are available from its registered office, 4 Melville Crescent, Edinburgh, Midlothian, EH3 7JA.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements. The net current liabilities position in the current year is due to the group undertakings of £1,213,682 (2022 - £966,076). Whilst these amount are repayable on demand, the directors have received confirmation from the other group companies that there is no intention that they will be recalled in such a way that would prevent Cresswell Street Glasgow Limited from meeting its obligations as the fall due.

1.3 Stocks

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Stock valuation

The carrying value of stock is considered annually for impairment. The cost held within stock and expected costs to complete is compared to forecast selling price to ensure stock is carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was none (2022 - none).

Directors are remunerated for their services through other group companies.

4 Stocks

	2023 £	2022 £
Development in progress	977,156	766,859

CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

5 Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	1,350	-
Other debtors	2,049	25,800
	<u>3,399</u>	<u>25,800</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	816	7,946
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,213,682	966,076
Other creditors	4,900	4,400
	<u>1,219,398</u>	<u>978,422</u>

Amounts owed to group undertakings incur interest at 4% and are repayable on demand.

7 Called up share capital

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Number	Number	£	£
Ordinary share capital				
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

CRESSWELL STREET GLASGOW LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

8 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Irvine Spowart.

The auditor was Johnston Carmichael LLP.

9 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

The company has taken advantage of exemptions under Financial Reporting Standard 102 s.33.1A not to disclose transactions with group undertakings within The Wemyss Development Company Limited as it is a subsidiary whose results are included in publicly available consolidated accounts.

10 Parent company

The company's immediate parent is Wemyss Properties Limited, a company registered in Scotland. The directors have determined that the company's ultimate controlling party is Wemyss Development Company Limited, a company registered in Scotland.