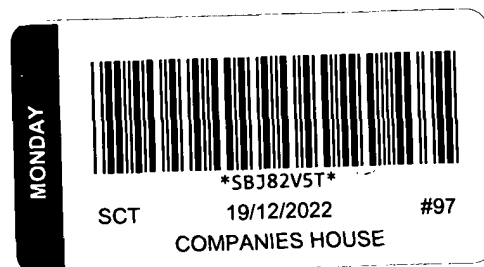




**NUMBER 1 ALBA CLAIMS LIMITED**  
**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**



**NUMBER 1 ALBA CLAIMS LIMITED**

**CONTENTS**

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	<b>Page</b>
Balance sheet	1
Notes to the financial statements	2 - 5

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# NUMBER 1 ALBA CLAIMS LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	3	17,791		472	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,280		12,785	
		<u>22,071</u>		<u>13,257</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	4	<u>(16,100)</u>		<u>(10,496)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>5,971</u>		<u>2,761</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	5		100		100
Profit and loss reserves	6		<u>5,871</u>		<u>2,661</u>
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>5,971</u>		<u>2,761</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12.12.22 and are signed on its behalf by:



.....  
B Farquhar  
Director

Company Registration No. SC568524

# NUMBER 1 ALBA CLAIMS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022**

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### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **Company information**

Number 1 Alba Claims Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 1 Rutland Court, Edinburgh, United Kingdom, EH3 8EY.

#### **1.1 Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### **1.2 Going concern**

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least twelve months from signing these financial statements. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### **1.3 Turnover**

Turnover represents amounts chargeable to clients for professional services provided during the year (excluding Value Added Tax).

Turnover from advice and service fees represents the consideration receivable for services provided to clients during the year. Turnover on engagements that are unbilled at the balance sheet date is recognised by reference to the assessment of the fair value of the services provided at the balance sheet date as a proportion of the total value of the engagement. This includes all client engagement other than those unbilled amounts where the right to receive consideration is contingent on factors outside the control of the firm.

#### **1.4 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### **1.5 Financial instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NUMBER 1 ALBA CLAIMS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

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#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### 1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

##### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

# NUMBER 1 ALBA CLAIMS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total	-	-

### 3 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Corporation tax recoverable	-	472
Other debtors	17,791	-
	17,791	472

### 4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	16,100	-
Taxation and social security	-	426
Other creditors	-	10,070
	16,100	10,496

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

# NUMBER 1 ALBA CLAIMS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

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**5 Called up share capital**

	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Number	Number	£	£
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**6 Profit and loss reserves**

Cumulative profit and loss net of distribution to owners.

**7 Audit report information**

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Barry Masson and the auditor was Johnston Carmichael LLP.

**8 Ultimate controlling party**

The directors consider the ultimate parent undertaking to be Anderson Strathern LLP, a company incorporated in Scotland.

Anderson Strathern LLP is the immediate parent, and is the company for which consolidated accounts including Number 1 Alba Claims Limited are prepared. The consolidated accounts of Anderson Strathern LLP are available from its registered office, 1 Rutland Court, Edinburgh, EH3 8EY.